## Ford Motor (China) Company

# SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 流程分析

Version <1.0>

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Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

# 修改历史

版本	日期	说明
1.0.0	2017-11-20	初版,完成文档架构,填写文档内容
1.0.1	2017-11-24	增加流程图

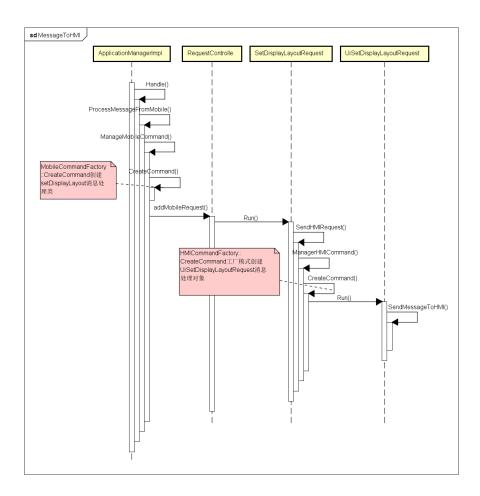
Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	·

# 景

1	1 消息发送流程		
2	ME	SSAGEFROMMOBILE 消息处理	2
	2.1	Handle	
	2.1	ProcessMessageFromMobile	
	2.3	ManageMobileCommand	
	2.4	RequestController	
3	REC	QUESTCONTROLLER	4
4		TDISPLAYLAYOUTREQUEST	
	4.1	通过 SendHMIRequest 转发	
	4.2	SendHMIRequest	
	4.3	ManageHMICommand	
	4.4	UiSetDisplayLayoutRequest::Run	
	4.5	监视数据	
5	SE1	「DISPLAYLAYOUT 不同参数数据监视	8
	5.1	参数为 DEFAULT	8
	5.2	参数为 MEDIA	
	5.3	参数为 GRAPHIC_WITH_TEXT	10
6	结论	}	11

Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

### 1 消息发送流程



## 2 MessageFromMobile 消息处理

#### 2.1 Handle

```
ProcessMessageFromMobile (const impl::MessageFromMobile message) {
   LOG4CXX_AUTO_TRACE(logger_);

if (!message) {
   LOG4CXX_ERROR(logger_, "Null-pointer message received.");
   return;
   }
   sync_primitives::AutoLock lock(stopping_flag_lock_);
   if (is_stopping_) {
      LOG4CXX_INFO(logger_, "Application manager is stopping");
      return;
   }
   ProcessMessageFromMobile(message);
}
```



Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

#### 2.2 ProcessMessageFromMobile

```
void ApplicationManagerImpl::ProcessMessageFromMobile(
    const utils::SharedPtr<Message> message) {
  LOG4CXX_AUTO_TRACE(logger_);
#ifdef TELEMETRY_MONITOR
 AMTelemetryObserver::MessageMetricSharedPtr metric(
     new AMTelemetryObserver::MessageMetric());
  metric->begin = date_time::DateTime::getCurrentTime();
#endif // TELEMETRY_MONITOR
  smart_objects::SmartObjectSPtr so_from_mobile(new smart_objects::SmartObject);
  if (!so_from_mobile) {
    LOG4CXX_ERROR(logger_, "Null pointer");
    return;
  if (!ConvertMessageToSO(*message, *so_from_mobile)) {
    LOG4CXX_ERROR(logger_, "Cannot create smart object from message");
    return:
#ifdef TELEMETRY_MONITOR
 metric->message = so from mobile;
#endif // TELEMETRY MONITOR
  if (!ManageMobileCommand(so_from_mobile, commands::Command::ORIGIN_MOBILE)) {
    LOG4CXX_ERROR(logger_, "Received command didn't run successfully");
#ifdef TELEMETRY_MONITOR
  metric->end = date_time::DateTime::getCurrentTime();
  if (metric_observer_) {
    metric_observer_->OnMessage(metric);
#endif // TELEMETRY_MONITOR
}
```

#### 2.3 ManageMobileCommand

```
bool ApplicationManagerImpl::ManageMobileCommand(
   const commands::MessageSharedPtr message,
    commands::CommandOrigin origin) {
 LOG4CXX_AUTO_TRACE(logger_);
 if (!message) {
    LOG4CXX_WARN(logger_, "Null-pointer message received.");
    return false;
 if (IsLowVoltage()) {
   LOG4CXX_WARN(logger_, "Low Voltage is active");
   return false;
#ifdef DEBUG
 MessageHelper::PrintSmartObject(*message).
#endif
                            MobileCommandFactory::CreateCommand 工厂模式根据
 LOG4CXX_DEBUG(logger_, "T RPC 定义的 TD 和消息来源创建对应 RPC 消息处理对象
  utils::SharedPtr<commands::Command> command(
     MobileCommandFactory::CreateCommand(message, origin));
```

Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

#### 2.4 RequestController

setDisplayLayout 的请求类型会将 command 加入到请求控制器(RequestController)中进行处理

## 3 RequestController

setDisplayLayout 请求被加入到 RequestController 中,通过 request\_ptr->Run();调用内部处理模块

Project Name: sdl\_coreVersion: <1.0>SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析Date: <20/11/2017><document identifier>

```
|void RequestController::Worker::threadMain() {
  LOG4CXX_AUTO_TRACE(logger_);
 AutoLock auto_lock(thread_lock_);
  while (!stop_flag_) {
    // Try to pick a request
    AutoLock auto_lock(request_controller_->mobile_request_list_lock_);
    while ((request controller ->pool state != TPoolState::STOPPED) &&
           (request_controller_->mobile_request_list_.empty())) {
      // Wait until there is a task in the queue
      // Unlock mutex while wait, then lock it back when signaled
      LOG4CXX_INFO(logger_, "Unlocking and waiting");
      request controller ->cond var .Wait(auto lock);
      LOG4CXX_INFO(logger_, "Signaled and locking");
    }
    // If the thread was shutdown, return from here
    if (request_controller_->pool_state_ == TPoolState::STOPPED) {
      break;
    }
    if (request_controller_->mobile_request_list_.empty()) {
      LOG4CXX_WARN(logger_, "Mobile request list is empty");
      break:
    }
   RequestPtr request ptr( request controller ->mobile request list .front());
   request_controller_->mobile_request_list_.pop_front();
    bool init_res = request_ptr->Init(); // to setup specific
                                                          // default timeout
    const uint32_t timeout_in_mseconds = request_ptr->default_timeout();
    RequestInfoPtr request_info_ptr(new MobileRequestInfo(request_ptr,
                                                          timeout in mseconds));
    request_controller_->waiting_for_response_.Add(request_info_ptr);
    LOG4CXX_DEBUG(logger_, "timeout in mseconds" << timeout in mseconds);
    if (0 != timeout in mseconds) {
      request_controller_->UpdateTimer();
    } else {
      LOG4CXX_DEBUG(logger_, "Default timeout was set to 0. "
                     "RequestController will not track timeout "
                    "of this request.");
    }
    AutoUnlock unlock(auto lock);
    // execute
    if ((false == request_controller_->IsLowVoltage()) &&
        request_ptr->CheckPermissions() && init_res) {
      LOG4CXX_DEBUG(logger_, "Execute MobileRequest corr_id = "
                                      t_info_ptr->requestId()
      request_ptr->Run()调用 RPC 内部处理函数
                                      timeout: " << timeout_in_mseconds);
      request_ptr->Run();
  }
}
```

进行许可

Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

#### 4 SetDisplayLayoutRequest

#### 4.1 通过 SendHMIRequest 转发

#### 4.2 SendHMIRequest

```
uint32_t CommandRequestImpl::SendHMIRequest(
   const hmi_apis::FunctionID::eType& function_id,
   const smart_objects::SmartObject* msg_params,
   bool use_events) {
 smart_objects::SmartObjectSPtr result = new smart_objects::SmartObject;
 const uint32_t hmi_correlation_id =
     ApplicationManagerImpl::instance()->GetNextHMICorrelationID();
 if (use events) {
   LOG4CXX_DEBUG(logger_,
                  "subscribe_on_event " << function_id << " "
                                        << hmi correlation_id);
   subscribe_on_event(function_id, hmi_correlation_id);
 }
 smart_objects::SmartObject& request = *result;
 request[strings::params][strings::message_type] = MessageType::kRequest;
 request[strings::params][strings::function_id] = function_id;
 request[strings::params][strings::correlation_id] = hmi_correlation_id;
 request[strings::params][strings::protocol_version] =
      CommandImpl::protocol version;
 request[strings::params][strings::protocol_type] =
     CommandImpl::hmi_protocol_type_;
 if (msg_params) {
   request[strings::msg_params] = *msg_params;
  if (!ApplicationManagerImpl::instance()->ManageHMICommand(result)) {
   LOG4CXX_ERROR(logger_, "Unable to send request");
   SendResponse(false, mobile apis::Result::OUT OF MEMORY);
 return hmi_correlation_id;
```

进行许可

Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

#### 4.3 ManageHMICommand

```
bool ApplicationManagerImpl::ManageHMICommand(
   const commands::MessageSharedPtr message) {
  LOGACXX_AUTO_TRACE(logger_);
 if (!message) {
   LOG4CXX_WARN(logger_, "Null-pointer message received.");
   return false;
 if (IsLowVoltage()) {
   LOG4CXX_WARN(logger_, "Low Voltage is active");
   return false;
                               HMICommandFactory::CreateCommand工厂模
 MessageHelper::PrintSmartObje 式根据RPC定义的ID创建对应RPC消息处理对象
  CommandSharedPtr command = HMICommandFactory::CreateCommand(message);
 if (!command) {
   LOG4CXX_WARN(logger_, "Failed to create command from smart object");
   return false;
                    此处command 为UiSetDisplayLayoutRequest类型
  int32 t message type =
     (*(message.get()))[strings::params][strings::message_type].asInt();
  // Init before adding to request controller to be able to set request timeout
  if (command->Init()) {
   if (kRequest == message_type) {
     LOG4CXX_DEBUG(logger_, "ManageHMICommand");
     request_ctrl_.addHMIRequest(command);
                    command->Run进行内部处理
   command->Run();
   if (kResponse == message_type) {
     const uint32_t correlation_id =
         (*(message.get()))[strings::params][strings::correlation_id].asUInt();
     request_ctrl_.OnHMIResponse(correlation_id);
   return true;
  return false;
```

#### 4.4 UiSetDisplayLayoutRequest::Run

```
void UiSetDisplayLayoutRequest::Run() {
  LOG4CXX_AUTO_TRACE(logger_);
  SendRequest();
}
```

#### 4.5 监视数据

```
void RequestToHMI::SendRequest() {
    (*message_)[strings::params][strings::protocol_type] = hmi_protocol_type_;
    (*message_)[strings::params][strings::protocol_version] = protocol_version_;
    ApplicationManagerImpl::instance()->SendMessageToHMI(message_);
}
```

监视上图 message 的内容,详情见第5节。

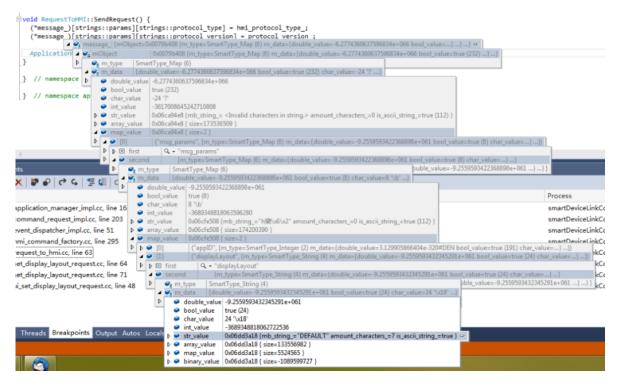


Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

## 5 setDisplayLayout 不同参数数据监视

#### 5.1 参数为 DEFAULT

```
"request": {
    "name": "SetDisplayLayout",
    "correlationID": 101,
    "parameters": {
        "displayLayout": "DEFAULT"
      }
    }
}
Encrypt Payload
CANCEL OK
```



重点关注 mb\_string\_ = "DEFAULT"。



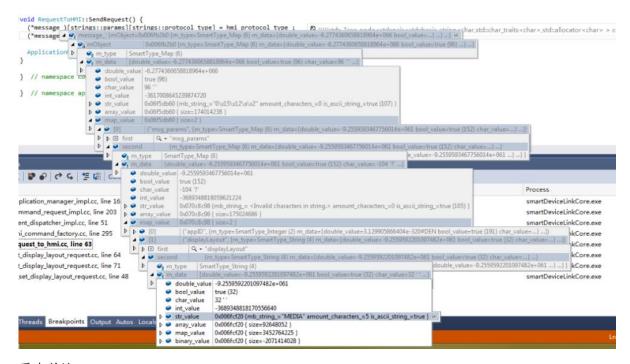
Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	·

#### 5.2 参数为 MEDIA

```
request": {
    "name": "SetDisplayLayout",
    "correlationID": 102,
    "parameters": {
        "displayLayout": "MEDIA"
     }
}

Encrypt Payload

CANCEL OK
```

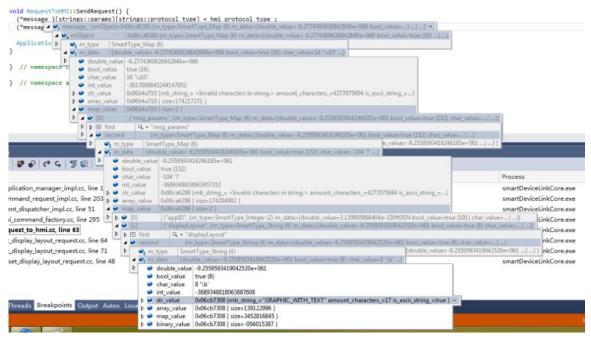


重点关注 mb\_string\_ = "MEDIA"。

Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	

#### 5.3 参数为 GRAPHIC\_WITH\_TEXT

```
"request": {
    "name": "SetDisplayLayout",
    "correlationID": 103,
    "parameters": {
        "displayLayout":
"GRAPHIC_WITH_TEXT"
      }
    }
}
Encrypt Payload
CANCEL OK
```



重点关注 mb\_string\_ = "GRAPHIC\_WITH\_TEXT"。

选择其他参数,发送给 HMI 的数据也类似

Project Name: sdl_core	Version: <1.0>
SDL 中 SetDisplayLayout 协议流程分析	Date: <20/11/2017>
<document identifier=""></document>	•

### 6 结论

通过流程分析,发现 setDisplayLayout 的 RPC 在 SDL 中并无特殊处理,而且选择不同的参数,发送给 HMI 侧的数据都与之匹配。

因此,setDisplayLayout 在 HMI 表现出来的问题与 SDL 内部无关。