Algorithm 1: find local extremum

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Data: minimum valid slope T, minimum detect local count C, buffer
              size L, sequence X_1, ..., X_N
    Result: local extremum E
 1 Initialize count \leftarrow 0;
 2 Initialize E \leftarrow 0;
 3 for i \leftarrow 1 to L-1 do
        if N-i-2 < 0 then break;
         D_1 \leftarrow X_N - X_{N-i};
        \begin{array}{l} D_2 \leftarrow X_N - X_{N-i-1}; \\ D_3 \leftarrow X_N - X_{N-i-2}; \\ \text{if } E == 0 \text{ then} \qquad /* \text{ local extremum E not updated yet. */} \end{array}
 6
 7
 8
              if \min\{D_3, D_2, D_1\} > T or \max\{D_3, D_2, D_1\} < -T then
10
                E \leftarrow D_1;
              continue;
11
         if 0 < E < D_1 or D_1 < E < 0 then
12
              E \leftarrow D_1;
13
              count \leftarrow 0;
14
15
              count \leftarrow count + 1;
16
         \mathbf{if} \ count > C \ \mathbf{then} \ \ /* \ \mathsf{Conditions} \ \mathsf{satisfied} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{C} \ \mathsf{times}. \ */
17
18
             break;
19 end
20 return E
```