

WebAssign
CH14-HW02-FALL2010 (Homework)

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 PHYS 272-FALL 2012, Fall 2012
 Instructor: Virendra Saxena

Current Score : 15 / 15 **Due :** Tuesday, September 4 2012 11:59 PM EDT

1. 1/1 points | [Previous Answers](#)

MI3 14.4.X.028

What is the electric field at a location $\vec{b} = \langle -0.5, -0.4, 0 \rangle$ m, due to a particle with charge $+4$ nC located at the origin?

$\vec{E} =$ N/C

- [Read the eBook](#)
- [Section 14.4](#)

2. 6/6 points | [Previous Answers](#)

MI3 14.4.P.041

You want to create an electric field $\vec{E} = \langle 0, 3 \times 10^4, 0 \rangle$ N/C at location $\langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$.

Where would you place a proton to produce this field at the origin?

\langle \rangle , \langle \rangle , \langle \rangle , \rangle m

Instead of a proton, where would you place an electron to produce this field at the origin?

\langle \rangle , \langle \rangle , \langle \rangle , \rangle m

(Hint: This problem will be much easier if you draw a diagram.)

- [Read the eBook](#)
- [Section 14.4](#)

3. 4/4 points | [Previous Answers](#)

MI3 14.4.P.042

A π^- ("pi-minus") particle, which has charge $-e$, is at location $\langle 5.00 \times 10^{-9}, -5.00 \times 10^{-9}, -2.00 \times 10^{-9} \rangle$ m. What is the electric field at location $\langle -5.00 \times 10^{-9}, 2.00 \times 10^{-9}, 4.00 \times 10^{-9} \rangle$ m, due to the π^- particle?

$\vec{E} =$ newton/coulomb

An antiproton (same mass as the proton, charge $-e$) is at the observation location. What is the force on the antiproton, due to the π^- ?

$\vec{F} =$ newton

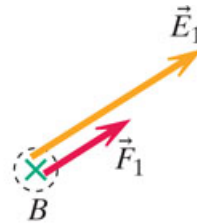
- [Read the eBook](#)
- [Section 14.4](#)

4. 4/4 points | [Previous Answers](#)

MI3 14.4.X.032

Lithium nucleus affected by an electric field

A proton at location A makes an electric field \vec{E}_1 at location B . A different proton, placed at location B , experiences a force \vec{F}_1 .



If $|\vec{E}_1| = 700 \text{ N/C}$, what is $|\vec{F}_1|$?

$|\vec{F}_1| =$ N

Now the proton at B is removed and replaced by a lithium nucleus, containing three protons and four neutrons. The proton at location A remains in place.

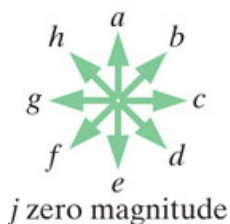
What is the magnitude of the electric force on the lithium nucleus?

$|\vec{F}_{\text{on Li}}| =$ N

Now the Lithium nucleus is removed, and an electron is placed at location B . The proton at location A remains in place. What is the magnitude of the electric force on the electron?

$|\vec{F}_{\text{on e}^-}| =$ N

Which arrow below best indicates the direction of the force on the electron due to the electric field?



- [Read the eBook](#)
- [Section 14.4](#)

