

**WebAssign**  
**CH 7.3 - 2 (Homework)**

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 MA 265 Spring 2013, section 132, Spring 2013  
 Instructor: Alexandre Eremenko

**Current Score :** 20 / 20      **Due :** Thursday, April 18 2013 11:40 PM EDT

**The due date for this assignment is past.** Your work can be viewed below, but no changes can be made.

**Important!** Before you view the answer key, decide whether or not you plan to request an extension. Your Instructor may *not* grant you an extension if you have viewed the answer key. Automatic extensions are not granted if you have viewed the answer key.

[Request Extension](#) [View Key](#)

 1. 5/5 points | [Previous Answers](#)

KolmanLinAlg9 7.3.018.

Diagonalize the given matrix and find an orthogonal matrix  $P$  such that  $P^{-1}AP$  is diagonal. (Let  $D$  denote the diagonal matrix. Enter each matrix in the form  $[[\text{row 1}], [\text{row 2}], \dots]$ , where each row is a comma-separated list.)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(D, P) = ($$


 2. 5/5 points | [Previous Answers](#)

KolmanLinAlg9 7.3.019.

Diagonalize the given matrix and find an orthogonal matrix  $P$  such that  $P^{-1}AP$  is diagonal. (Let  $D$  denote the diagonal matrix. Enter each matrix in the form  $[[\text{row 1}], [\text{row 2}], \dots]$ , where each row is a comma-separated list.)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -5 & -5 \\ -5 & 0 & -5 \\ -5 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(D, P) = ($$


 3. 5/5 points | [Previous Answers](#)

KolmanLinAlg9 7.3.020.

Diagonalize the given matrix and find an orthogonal matrix  $P$  such that  $P^{-1}AP$  is diagonal. (Let  $D$  denote the diagonal matrix. Enter each matrix in the form  $[[\text{row 1}], [\text{row 2}], \dots]$ , where each row is a comma-separated list.)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(D, P) = ($$



4. 5/5 points | [Previous Answers](#)

KolmanLinAlg9 7.3.022.

Diagonalize the given matrix.

$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	2	0
0	0	0	2

