

Chapter 10 Pre-Test

TAKE QUIZ

REVIEW

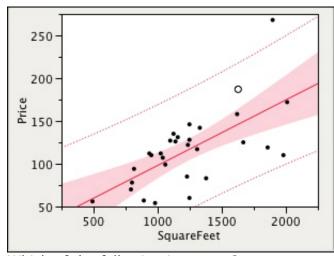
STUDY PLAN

LEARN!

Your response has been submitted successfully.

Points Awarded	10
Points Missed	0
Percentage	100%

 Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is a plot of the regression line:



Which of the following is correct?

- A. The fitted line minimizes the sum of the squared vertical deviations between the predicted and actual values.
- **B.** The fitted line minimizes the sum of the squared horizontal deviations between the observed and predicted values.
- **C.** The least-squares line minimizes the sum of squares of the fitted values.
- **D.** The least-squares line minimizes the square of the summed residuals.

Correct

Points Earned: 1/1

Your Response: A

2. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is some information about the fit of the linear model:

Parameter Estimates							
Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
Intercept	21.398438	21.53829	0.99	0.3290	-22.72076	65.517632	
SquareFeet	0.0765892	0.016646	4.60	<.0001*	0.0424921	0.1106863	

Which of the following is correct?

- **A.** The price is estimated to increase \$77 for every additional square foot.
- **B.** The price is estimated to increase \$21 for every additional square foot.
- **C.** The price is estimated to increase \$4.6 for every additional square foot.
- **D.** The price is estimated to increase \$16 for every additional square foot.

Correct

✓ Points Earned: 1/1
Your Response: A

3. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is some information about the fit of the linear model:

Parameter Estimates							
Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
Intercept	21.398438	21.53829	0.99	0.3290	-22.72076	65.517632	
SquareFeet	0.0765892	0.016646	4.60	<.0001*	0.0424921	0.1106863	

Which of the following is correct?

- A. Ninety-five percent of homes sell for between \$42,000 and \$110,000.
- **B.** The smallest house sold for about \$21,000.
- C. The estimated increase in price for each additional square foot is between about \$42 and \$110.
- **D.** The estimated price for the smallest home is less than about \$66,000.

Correct

Points Earned: 1/1

Your Response: C

4. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is some information about the fit of the linear model:

Parameter Estimates							
Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
Intercept	21.398438	21.53829	0.99	0.3290	-22.72076	65.517632	
SquareFeet	0.0765892	0.016646	4.60	<.0001*	0.0424921	0.1106863	

Which of the following is the fitted regression line?

- **A.** SquareFeet = 21.3 + 0.077(Price)
- **B.** SquareFeet = 0.077

- **C.** Price = 21.4 + 0.077(SquareFeet)
- **D.** Price = 0.077(intercept) + 0.017

Correct

✓ Points Earned: 1/1
Your Response: C

5. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is some information about the fit of the linear model:

Parameter Estimates						
Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t	Lower 95%	Upper 95%
Intercept	21.398438	21.53829	0.99	0.3290	-22.72076	65.517632
SquareFeet	0.0765892	0.016646	4.60	<.0001*	0.0424921	0.1106863

The null hypothesis tested by the line labeled "SquareFeet" is:

- **A.** the homes do not vary in their square footage.
- **B.** the average selling price does not depend on the square footage.
- **C.** the average home has a selling price that does not depend on the square footage.
- **D.** the price per square foot is \$76.

Correct

Points Earned: 1/1
Your Response: B

6. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is some information about the fit of the linear model:

Summary of Fit	
RSquare	0.430554
RSquare Adj	0.410217
Root Mean Square Error	33.84516
Mean of Response	116.3333
Observations (or Sum Wgts)	30

Which of the following is correct?

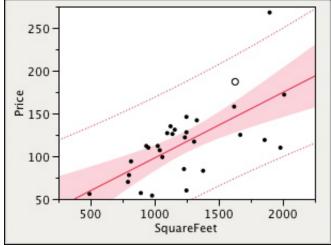
- **A.** The mean selling price is about \$34,000.
- **B.** The correlation between price and square footage is about 0.43.
- **C.** The standard deviation about the regression line is about \$34,000.
- **D.** The margin of error is about \$34,000.

Correct

✓ Points Earned: 1/1

Your Response: C

7. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is a plot of the regression line:



The residual for the point indicated by a circle is about

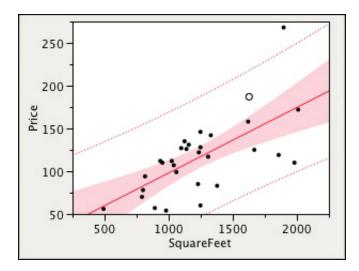
- **A.** 187.
- **B.** 1600.
- **C.** 150.
- **D.** 40.

Correct

Points Earned: 1/1

Your Response: D

8. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is a plot of the regression line:



Which of the following is correct?

- A. Exactly half of the fitted values will be above and half below the fitted line.
- **B.** The spread of the points about the line should increase as the line goes up, and decrease as the line goes down.
- **C.** About 95% of individual points should be within the shaded region.
- **D.** The points are assumed to be approximately Normally distributed about the regression line.

Correct

Points Earned: 1/1 Your Response: D

9. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is some information about the fit of the linear model:

Parameter Estimates							
Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
Intercept	21.398438	21.53829	0.99	0.3290	-22.72076	65.517632	
SquareFeet	0.0765892	0.016646	4.60	<.0001*	0.0424921	0.1106863	

The estimated selling price of a home with 2000 square feet is:

- **A.** \$175,000.
- **B.** \$153,000.
- **C.** \$43,000.
- **D.** \$197,000.

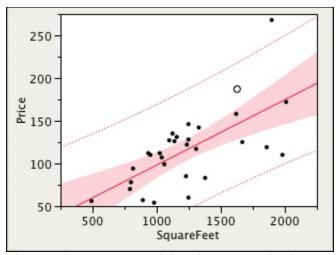
Correct



🥒 Points Earned: 1/1

Your Response: A

10. Larger homes tend to sell for more than smaller homes, but what, exactly, is the relationship between size and price? A sample of 30 homes that were recently sold was obtained along with the selling price (\$1000s) and area (square feet). Here is a plot of the regression line:



The prediction interval for the price of a home that is about 1500 square feet is

- A. (66, 206) thousands of dollars.
- B. (120,150) thousands of dollars.
- C. (66, 135) thousands of dollars.
- **D.** (135,150) thousands of dollars.

Correct

Points Earned: 1/1

Your Response: A

VIEW STUDY PLAN