

# WebAssign

## CH16-HW01-FALL2010 (Homework)

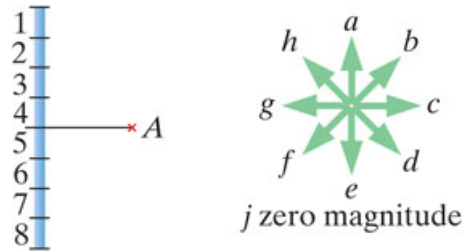
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 PHYS 272-FALL 2012, Fall 2012  
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Current Score : 22.5 / 22.5 Due : Tuesday, September 11 2012 11:58 PM EDT

1. 8.5/8.5 points | [Previous Answers](#)

MI3 16.2.X.019

A plastic rod 1.4 m long is rubbed all over with wool, and acquires a charge of  $-7\text{e-}08$  coulombs. We choose the center of the rod to be the origin of our coordinate system, with the x-axis extending to the right, the y-axis extending up, and the z-axis out of the page. In order to calculate the electric field at location  $A = \langle 0.7, 0, 0 \rangle$  m, we divide the rod into 8 pieces, and approximate each piece as a point charge located at the center of the piece.



(a) What is the length of one of these pieces?

m

(b) What is the location of the center of piece number 2?

$\langle$   ,  ,   $\rangle$  m.

(c) How much charge is on piece number 2? (Remember that the charge is negative.)

coulombs

(d) Approximating piece 2 as a point charge, what is the electric field at location A due only to piece 2?

$\vec{E}_2 = \langle$   ,  ,   $\rangle$  N/C

(e) To get the net electric field at location A, we would need to calculate  $\vec{E}$  due each of the 8 pieces, and add up these contributions. If we did that, which arrow above would best represent the direction of the net electric field at location A?

- Read the eBook
- [Section 16.2](#)

2. 4/4 points | [Previous Answers](#)

MI3 16.2.X.020

A thin plastic rod of length 2.3 m is rubbed all over with wool, and acquires a charge of 98 nC, distributed uniformly over its surface. Calculate the magnitude of the electric field due to the rod at a location 9 cm from the midpoint of the rod. Do the calculation two ways, first using the exact formula for a rod of any length, and second using the approximate formula for a long rod.

(a) exact formula

$$E = \boxed{8495.7616} \checkmark \text{ N/C}$$

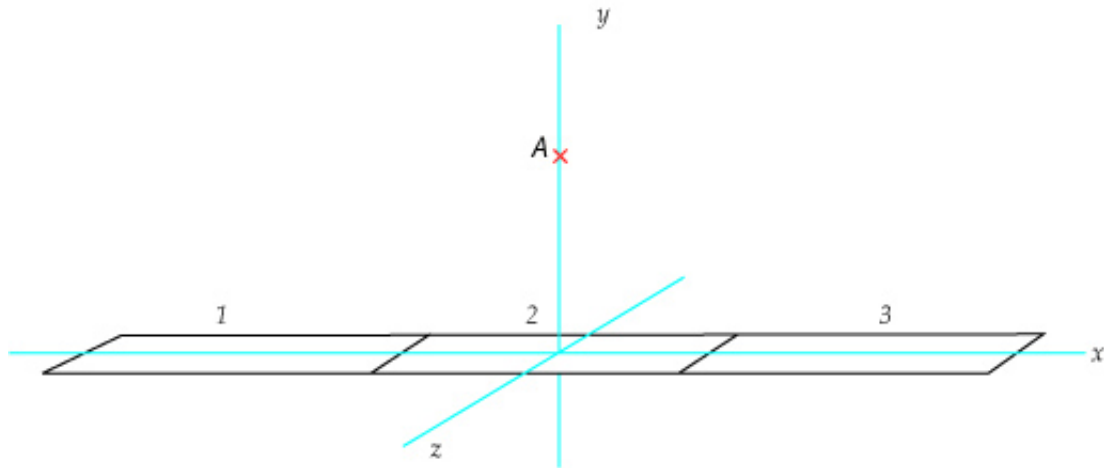
(b) approximate formula

$$E = \boxed{8521.74} \checkmark \text{ N/C}$$

- [Read the eBook](#)
- [Section 16.2](#)

3. 10/10 points | [Previous Answers](#)

MI3 16.C.P.069.alt02



A strip of invisible tape 0.14 m long by 0.019 m wide is charged uniformly with a total net charge of 4 nC (nano =  $1\text{e-}9$ ) and is suspended horizontally, so it lies along the x axis, with its center at the origin, as shown in the diagram.

Calculate the approximate electric field at location  $\langle 0, 0.03, 0 \rangle$  m (location A) due to the strip of tape. Do this by dividing the strip into three equal sections, as shown in the diagram, and approximating each section as a point charge.

What is the approximate electric field at A due to piece #1?

$$\vec{E}_1 \approx$$



Flash Player version 10 or higher is required for this question.

You can [get Flash Player free from Adobe's website](#).

$\checkmark$  N/C

What is the approximate electric field at A due to piece #2?

$$\vec{E}_2 \approx$$



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You can [get Flash Player free from Adobe's website](#).

✓ N/C

What is the approximate electric field at A due to piece #3?

$$\vec{E}_3 \approx$$



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✓ N/C

What is the approximate net electric field at A?

$$\vec{E}_{net} \approx$$



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✓ N/C

What could you do to improve the accuracy of your calculation?

- ☒ Divide the tape into more pieces.
- ☐ Divide the tape into fewer pieces.
- ☐ Use three pieces but give many more significant figures in the answer.



- *Read the eBook*
- [Section 16.1](#)