Neodymium LF-MB-MF Transducer

KeyFeatures

100,5 dB SPL 1W / 1m average sensitivity 65 mm (2,52 in) Interleaved Sandwich Voice coil (ISV) 300W AES power handling

Neodymium magnet assembly

 $\label{lem:all-control} AIC \ (Active Impedance Control) secondary \ voice \ coil for superior intelligibility, very low distortion and inductance linearization$

Suitable for two way high quality applications

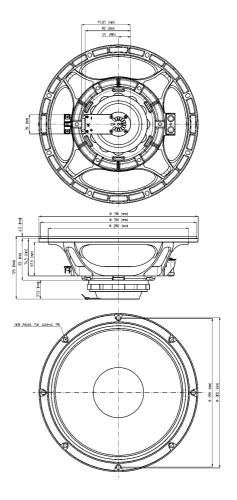


The 12NDA520 is a 12" mid-low transducer created for compact reflex 2-way enclosures and designed to be coupled with typical 1" and 1.4" compression drivers. It can also be used in midlow applications on modern line-array systems. Its features and design characteristics make it extremely defined in mid-range frequencies and offer a significant and consistent bottom-end, making the product also suitable for monitoring applications. The 12NDA520 incorporates our proprietary Active Impedance Control technology (AIC), consisting of an additional coil fixed on the pole piece and connected in parallel to the moving coil. The magnetic field generated by this coil has the following effects: 1) Impedance linearization 2) Acoustic and electric phase linearization 3) Significant increase of sensitivity and total SPL 4) Total harmonic distortion reduction 5) Constant power transfer By not absorbing the moving coil's electromagnetic energy, AIC offers substantial advantages relating to the quality of sound. The neodymium magnet assembly developed by Eighteen Sound engineers assures high flux concentration, low power compression and excellent heat exchange since the external magnet configuration is considerably more efficient than traditional under-pole magnet topology. This results in high levels of force factor and power handling with an optimum power to weight ratio. The curvilinear cone, created from a high damping wood pulp, has been designed to achieve the best possible linearity within its intended frequency range. The 12NDA520 employs our Interleaved Sandwich $\label{thm:condition} \mbox{Voice coil (ISV) technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas former carries windings on both the $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas fiberglas for $$ (15V)$ technology in which a high strength fiberglas fiber$ outer and inner surfaces to achieve a mass balanced coil. The final result is an extremely linear motor assembly with a reduced tendency for eccentric behavior when driven hard. A proprietary humidity-block cone treatment makes the transducer suitable for outdoor use in adverse weather conditions. In addition, a special coating applied to both the top and back plates makes the 12NDA520 far more resistant to the corrosive effects of salts and oxidization.

Models

Model	Code	Information
12NDA520	12NDA520	







12NDA520

Neodymium LF-MB-MF Transducer



General Specifications

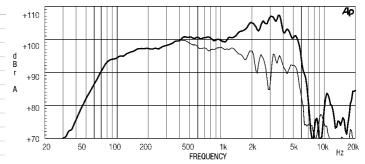
Nominal Diameter	300mm (12 in)
Rated Impedance	8 Ohm
AES Power	300W
Program Power	450W
Peak Power	900W
Sensitivity	100,5dB
Frequency Range	55 - 6000 Hz
Power Compression @-10dB	0,7 dB
Power Compression @-3dB	2,5 dB
Power Compression @Full Power	3,9 dB
Max Recomm. Frequency	2000 Hz
Recomm. Enclosure Volume	35 ÷ 80 lt. (12 ÷ 28 cuft)
Minimum Impedance	6,5 Ohm at 25°C
Max Peak To Peak Excursion	22 mm (0,87 in)
Voice Coil Diameter	65 mm (2,5 in)
Voice Coil Winding Material	aluminum
Suspension	Triple roll, polycotton
Cone	curvilinear, paper

Thiele Small Parameters

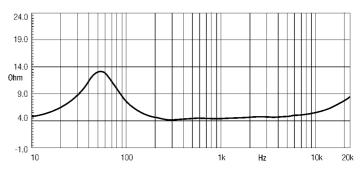
Fs	50 Hz
Re	5,2 Ohm
Sd	0,0531 sq.mt. (82,31 sq.in.)
Qms	5,5
Qes	0,284
Qts	0,27
Vas	111 lt. (3,9 cuft)
Mms	36 gr. (0,08 lb)
BL	14,4 Tm
Linear Mathematical Xmax	± 4 mm (±0,16 in)
Le (1kHz)	0,03 mH (AIC on) - 0,57mH (AIC off)
Ref. Efficiency 1W@1m (half space)	98,9 dB

Mounting information

Overall diameter	315 mm (12,4 in)	
N. of mounting holes and bolt	8	
Mounting holes diameter	7,15 mm (0,28 in)	
Bolt circle diameter	296-300 mm (11,65-11,8 in)	
Front mount baffle cutout ø	282 mm (11,1 in)	
Rear mount baffle cutout ø	282 mm (11,1 in)	
Total depth	125 mm (4,92 in)	
Flange and gasket thickness	11,5 mm (0,45 in)	
Net weight	2,2 kg (4,86 lb)	
Shipping weight	3 kg (6,62 lb)	
CardBoard Packaging dimensions	332 x 332 x 184mm (13,07 x 13,07 x 7,24 in)	



FREQUENCY RESPONSE CURVE OF 12ND A520 MADE ON 50 LIT. ENCLOSURE TUNED 60HZ INFREE FIELD (4PI) ENVIRONMENT. ENCLOSURE CLOSES THE REAR OF THE DRIVER. THE THIN LINE REPRESENTS 45 DEG. OFF AXIS FREQUENCY RESPONSE



FREE AIR IMPEDANCE MAGNITUDE CURVE - AIC ON

Notes

1) AES power is determined according to AES2-1984 (r2003) standard

2) Program power rating is measured in a 50 lit enclosure tuned at 60Hz, using a 60 -2000 Hz band limited pink noise test signal with 50% duty cycle, applied for 2 hours.

3) The peak power rating represents the maximum permitted instantaneous peak power level over a maximum period of 10ms which will be with stood by the loudspeaker without damage.

4) Sensitivity represents the averaged value of acoustic output as measured on the forward central axis of cone, at distance 1m from the baffle panel, when connected to 2,83V sine wave test signal swept between 100Hz and 500Hz with the test specimen mounted in the same enclosure as given for (1) above.

5) Frequency range is given as the band of frequencies delineated by the lower and upper limits where the output level drops by 10 dB below the rated sensitivity in half space environment.

6) Power compression represents the loss of sensitivity for the specified power, measured from 50-500 Hz, after a 5 min pink noise preconditioning test at the specified power.

7) Linear Math. Xmax is calculated as (Hvc-Hg)/2 + Hg/4 where Hvc is the coil depth and Hg is the gap depth.

