7-DQN

August 13, 2025

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[1]: import random
    import gymnasium as gym
    import numpy as np
    import collections
    from tqdm import tqdm
    import torch
    import torch.nn.functional as F
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import rl_utils
[2]: class ReplayBuffer:
        def __init__(self, capacity):
             self.buffer = collections.deque(maxlen=capacity) # ,
        def add(self, state, action, reward, next_state, done): #
             self.buffer.append((state, action, reward, next_state, done))
        def sample(self, batch_size): # buffer , batch_size
             transitions = random.sample(self.buffer, batch_size)
             state, action, reward, next_state, done = zip(*transitions)
             return np.array(state), action, reward, np.array(next_state), done
        def size(self): # buffer
            return len(self.buffer)
[3]: class Qnet(torch.nn.Module):
         111
                 Q '''
        def __init__(self, state_dim, hidden_dim, action_dim):
             super(Qnet, self).__init__()
             self.fc1 = torch.nn.Linear(state_dim, hidden_dim)
             self.fc2 = torch.nn.Linear(hidden_dim, action_dim)
        def forward(self, x):
            x = F.relu(self.fc1(x)) #
                                          ReLU
             return self.fc2(x)
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[4]: class DQN:
         ''' DQN '''
         def __init__(self, state_dim, hidden_dim, action_dim, learning_rate, gamma,
                      epsilon, target_update, device):
             self.action_dim = action_dim
             self.q_net = Qnet(state_dim, hidden_dim,
                               self.action_dim).to(device) # Q
             self.target_q_net = Qnet(state_dim, hidden_dim,
                                      self.action_dim).to(device)
             # Adam
             self.optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(self.q_net.parameters(),
                                               lr=learning rate)
             self.gamma = gamma #
             self.epsilon = epsilon # epsilon-
             self.target_update = target_update #
             self.count = 0 # ,
             self.device = device
         def take_action(self, state): # epsilon-
             if np.random.random() < self.epsilon:</pre>
                 action = np.random.randint(self.action_dim)
             else:
                 state = torch.tensor([state], dtype=torch.float).to(self.device)
                 action = self.q_net(state).argmax().item()
             return action
         def update(self, transition_dict):
             states = torch.tensor(transition_dict['states'],
                                   dtype=torch.float).to(self.device)
             actions = torch.tensor(transition_dict['actions']).view(-1, 1).to(
                 self.device)
             rewards = torch.tensor(transition_dict['rewards'],
                                    dtype=torch.float).view(-1, 1).to(self.device)
            next_states = torch.tensor(transition_dict['next_states'],
                                        dtype=torch.float).to(self.device)
             dones = torch.tensor(transition_dict['dones'],
                                  dtype=torch.float).view(-1, 1).to(self.device)
             q_values = self.q_net(states).gather(1, actions) # Q
             max_next_q_values = self.target_q_net(next_states).max(1)[0].view(
             q_targets = rewards + self.gamma * max_next_q_values * (1 - dones
                                                                       # TD
             dqn_loss = torch.mean(F.mse_loss(q_values, q_targets))
             self.optimizer.zero_grad() # PyTorch
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dqn_loss.backward() #
self.optimizer.step()

if self.count % self.target_update == 0:
    self.target_q_net.load_state_dict(
        self.q_net.state_dict()) #
self.count += 1
```

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[6]: #
    lr = 2e-3
    num episodes = 500
    hidden_dim = 128
    gamma = 0.98
    epsilon = 0.01
    target_update = 10
    buffer_size = 10000
    minimal_size = 500
    batch_size = 64
    device = torch.device("cuda") if torch.cuda.is_available() else torch.

device("cpu")

    # 1
              CartPole-v1 seed
    env_name = 'CartPole-v1'
     # 2
              seed
    env = gym.make(env_name)
    random.seed(0)
    np.random.seed(0)
    torch.manual_seed(0)
    # 3 reset
    state, _ = env.reset(seed=0) # Gymnasium reset (state, info)
    replay_buffer = ReplayBuffer(buffer_size)
    state_dim = env.observation_space.shape[0]
    action_dim = env.action_space.n
    agent = DQN(state_dim, hidden_dim, action_dim, lr, gamma, epsilon,
                target_update, device)
    return_list = []
    for i in range(10):
        with tqdm(total=int(num_episodes / 10), desc='Iteration %d' % i) as pbar:
             for i_episode in range(int(num_episodes / 10)):
                episode_return = 0
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state, = env.reset()
            state, _ = env.reset()
            done = False
            while not done:
                action = agent.take_action(state)
                # Gymnasium step (next_state, reward, terminated, ___
 \hookrightarrow truncated, info)
                next_state, reward, terminated, truncated, _ = env.step(action)
                  terminated truncated
                                            done
                done = terminated or truncated
                replay_buffer.add(state, action, reward, next_state, done)
                state = next_state
                episode_return += reward
                if replay_buffer.size() > minimal_size:
                    b_s, b_a, b_r, b_ns, b_d = replay_buffer.sample(batch_size)
                    transition_dict = {
                        'states': b_s,
                        'actions': b a,
                        'next_states': b_ns,
                        'rewards': b r,
                        'dones': b_d
                    }
                    agent.update(transition_dict)
            return_list.append(episode_return)
            if (i_episode + 1) % 10 == 0:
                pbar.set_postfix({
                    'episode': '%d' % (num_episodes / 10 * i + i_episode + 1),
                    'return': '%.3f' % np.mean(return_list[-10:])
                })
            pbar.update(1)
# Iteration 0: 100%/
                         | 50/50 [00:00<00:00, 764.86it/s, episode=50,
# return=9.300]
# Iteration 1: 100%/
                         | 50/50 [00:04<00:00, 10.66it/s, episode=100,
# return=12.300]
# Iteration 2: 100%/
                         | 50/50 [00:24<00:00, 2.05it/s, episode=150,
# return=123.000]
# Iteration 3: 100%/
                        | 50/50 [01:25<00:00, 1.71s/it, episode=200,
# return=153.600]
                         | 50/50 [01:30<00:00, 1.80s/it, episode=250,
# Iteration 4: 100%/
# return=180.500]
# Iteration 5: 100%/
                         | 50/50 [01:24<00:00, 1.68s/it, episode=300,
# return=185.000]
# Iteration 6: 100%/
                         | 50/50 [01:32<00:00, 1.85s/it, episode=350,
# return=193.900]
# Iteration 7: 100%/
                         | 50/50 [01:31<00:00, 1.84s/it, episode=400,
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# return=196.600]
     # Iteration 8: 100%/
                              | 50/50 [01:33<00:00, 1.88s/it, episode=450,
     # return=193.800]
     # Iteration 9: 100%/
                              | 50/50 [01:34<00:00, 1.88s/it, episode=500,
     # return=200.0007
    Iteration 0:
                                | 0/50 [00:00<?,
                   0%1
    ?it/s]C:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_16088\725080296.py:24:
    UserWarning: Creating a tensor from a list of numpy.ndarrays is extremely slow.
    Please consider converting the list to a single numpy.ndarray with numpy.array()
    before converting to a tensor. (Triggered internally at
    C:\cb\pytorch_100000000000\work\torch\csrc\utils\tensor_new.cpp:281.)
      state = torch.tensor([state], dtype=torch.float).to(self.device)
                            | 50/50 [00:00<00:00, 184.56it/s, episode=50,
    Iteration 0: 100%
    return=9.000]
    Iteration 1: 100%
                            | 50/50 [00:00<00:00, 52.78it/s, episode=100,
    return=14.500]
                            | 50/50 [00:04<00:00, 10.76it/s, episode=150,
    Iteration 2: 100%
    return=117.500]
    Iteration 3: 100%
                           | 50/50 [00:14<00:00, 3.51it/s, episode=200,
    return=179.300]
    Iteration 4: 100%
                           | 50/50 [00:14<00:00, 3.37it/s, episode=250,
    return=180.400]
    Iteration 5: 100%
                           | 50/50 [00:17<00:00, 2.92it/s, episode=300,
    return=276.500]
    Iteration 6: 100%
                            | 50/50 [00:22<00:00, 2.18it/s, episode=350,
    return=302.100]
    Iteration 7: 100%
                            | 50/50 [00:25<00:00, 1.93it/s, episode=400,
    return=314.800]
                            | 50/50 [00:29<00:00, 1.70it/s, episode=450,
    Iteration 8: 100%
    return=380.700]
    Iteration 9: 100%
                            | 50/50 [00:21<00:00, 2.29it/s, episode=500,
    return=245.100]
[7]: episodes_list = list(range(len(return_list)))
     plt.plot(episodes_list, return_list)
     plt.xlabel('Episodes')
     plt.ylabel('Returns')
     plt.title('DQN on {}'.format(env_name))
     plt.show()
     mv_return = rl_utils.moving_average(return_list, 9)
     plt.plot(episodes_list, mv_return)
     plt.xlabel('Episodes')
     plt.ylabel('Returns')
     plt.title('DQN on {}'.format(env_name))
     plt.show()
```



