# **Zizhao Wang**

Contact zizhao.wang@utexas.edu, 734-747-4206 Website https://wangzizhao.github.io/Google scholar https://tinyurl.com/zizhaowangscholar Research focus

LLM Post-Training, World Models, Reinforcement Learning, Causal Reasoning

#### **Skills**

- large language model (LLM), generative AI (genAI): post-training (reinforcement learning such as PPO, GRPO), generative AI agents, reasoning, safety, tool use
- · decision making: model-based RL, offline RL, hierarchical RL, imitation learning, planning
- · autonomous driving: motion prediction
- development: Python, machine learning frameworks (PyTorch, TensorFlow, Transformers), distributed training (deepspeed), efficient training (PEFT, LoRA), deployment (vLLM), simulation (Mujoco)
- deep learning: representation learning, generalization and robustness, interpretability and explainability, probabilistic graphical models

# Education

2020 - 25 PhD, Electrical and Computer Engineering, GPA: 4.00/4.00 University of Texas at Austin Expected graduation: 2025/12

2018 - 19 MS, Computer Science, GPA: 4.00/4.00 Columbia University 2016 - 18 BS, Computer Engineering, GPA: 3.96/4.00 University of Michigan 2014 - 18 BS, Electrical and Computer Engineering, GPA: 3.72/4.00 Shanghai Jiao Tong University

# **Work Experience**

## 2025/03 Student Researcher

Google

- Designed an adversarial reinforcement learning post-training framework that enhance LLM agent security again prompt injections, by co-training two LLMs: an attacker that learns to create diverse prompt injections and an agent that learns to defend against them.
- Implemented the data collection pipeline with vLLM and parallel simulation environments for fast LLM agent rollout inference.
- Fine-tuned the LLM model with the GRPO algorithm, implemented with Transformer, deepspeed, and LoRA for fast and memory-efficient training.
- Reduced the attack success rate by 21% and improve task success rate by 18% compared to the untrained model.

### 2024/06 Research Intern

Microsoft Research

- Designed an generative world model that can synthesize images of novel scenarios, by using object-centric representations and disentangled representations.
- Enhanced the generalization of **reinforcement learning** policies by 30%, when learning with generated out-of-distribution data.

#### 2024/01 Research Intern

**Honda Research Institute** 

- Developed a **motion prediction** algorithm for **autonomous driving** that, reduced prediction error by 48%, by applying **causal reasoning** to vehicle interactions.
- Sped up model training with distributed training and efficient CUDA implementations for sparse attention.

# Research Experience

### 2021 - 22 Causal World Model (ICML oral, AAAI oral)

**University of Texas at Austin** 

- Developed a **motion prediction** algorithm for **autonomous driving** that reduced prediction error by 48%, by applying **causal reasoning** to vehicle interactions.
- Built a novel **transformer**-based model for vehicle interaction reasoning, improving reasoning performance (vehicle interaction detection accuracy) by 10%.
- Sped up model training with distributed training and efficient CUDA implementations for sparse attention.

#### 2022 - 23 Unsupervised Skill Learning (NeurIPS)

**University of Texas at Austin** 

- Proposed a skill discovery method for structured decision-making tasks, where reusable skills are learned to induce interactions between state factors.
- Implemented a novel **hierarchical RL** algorithm for skill learning in PyTorch the high-level policy selects the interaction to induce and the low-level policy learns to induce it using primitive actions.
- Enhanced skill diversity and downstream task performance on long-horizon robotics tasks and structured decision-making tasks by 40%.

# 2018 - 19 Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (ICRA, IROS) Columbia University

- Proposed a skill discovery method for **structured decision-making** tasks, where reusable skills are learned to induce interactions between state factors.
- Implemented a novel **hierarchical RL** algorithm for skill learning in PyTorch the high-level policy selects the interaction to induce and the low-level policy learns to induce it using primitive actions.
- Enhanced skill diversity and downstream task performance on long-horizon robotics tasks and structured decision-making tasks by 40%.

# **Selected Publications**

See google scholar (https://tinyurl.com/zizhaowangscholar) for a complete list of publications.

- Adversarial Reinforcement Learning for LLM Agent Safety, In submission
   Z Wang, D Li, V Keshava, P Wallis, A Balashankar, P Stone, L Rutishauser.
- SkiLD: Unsupervised Skill Discovery Guided by Local Dependencies, NeurIPS 2024
   Z Wang\*, J Hu\*, C Chuck\*, S Chen, R Martín-Martín, A Zhang, S Niekum, P Stone.
- Building Minimal and Reusable Causal State Abstractions for Reinforcement Learning, AAAI 2024 (oral)
   Z Wang\*, C Wang, X Xiao, Y Zhu, and P Stone.
- ELDEN: Exploration via Local Dependencies, *NeurIPS 2023* **Z Wang\***, J Hu\*, R Martín-Martín, and P Stone.
- Causal Dynamics Learning for Task-Independent State Abstraction (Oral), ICML 2022 (oral)
   Z Wang, X Xiao, Z Xu, Y Zhu, and P Stone.
- Learning to Correct Mistakes: Backjumping in Long-horizon Task and Motion Planning, *CoRL 2022* Y Sung\*, **Z Wang**\*, and P Stone.
- From Agile Ground to Aerial Navigation: Learning from Learned Hallucination, IROS 2021
   Z Wang, X Xiao, A Nettekoven, K Umasankar, A Singh, S Bommakanti, U Topcu, and P Stone.
- APPLE: Adaptive Planner Parameter Learning from Evaluative Feedback, RAL 2021
   Z Wang, X Xiao, G Warnell, and P Stone.
- Maximizing BCI Human Feedback using Active Learning, IROS 2020
   Z Wang\*, J Shi\*, I Akinola\*, and P Allen.
- Accelerated Robot Learning via Human Brain Signals, ICRA 2020.
   I Akinola\*, Z Wang\*, J Shi, X He, P Lapborisuth, J Xu, D Watkins-Valls, P Sajda, and P Allen.