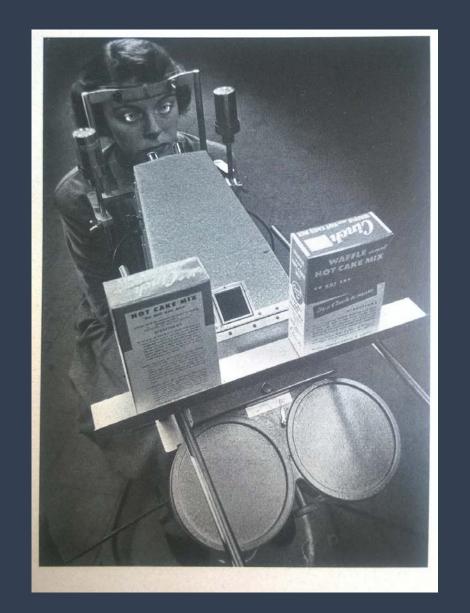


Start

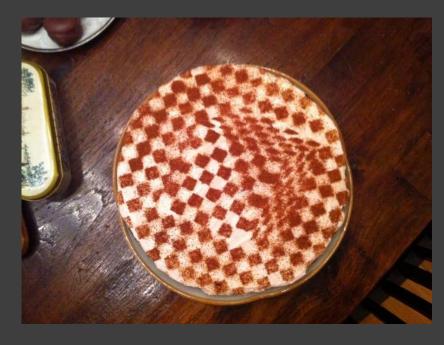
- AlternativeTurorialbox
- Today we will use 1 Eyetracker!
- Create account at sr-support



Today

- 1. Short: How does the Eyelink 1k+ work?
- 2. How to do gaze control in PTB & Psychopy?
- 3. Preparing EEG/ET coregistration in your experiment
- 4. Storing behavioral data in your eyetrack
- 5. Proper calibration
- 6. Converting .edf files: stupid (Matlab) & smart (R)
- 7. Preprocessing .edf files in R

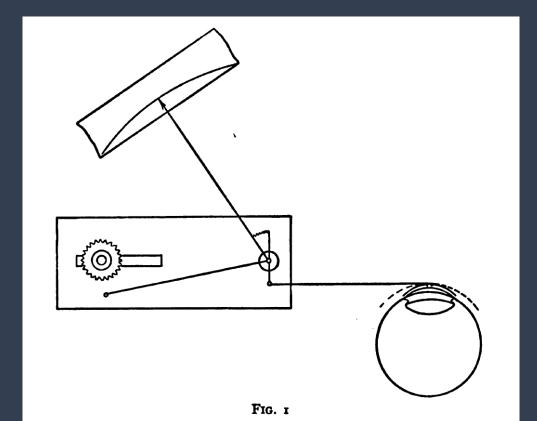
Eyelink



How does the EL1000+ work?



Huey (1908)

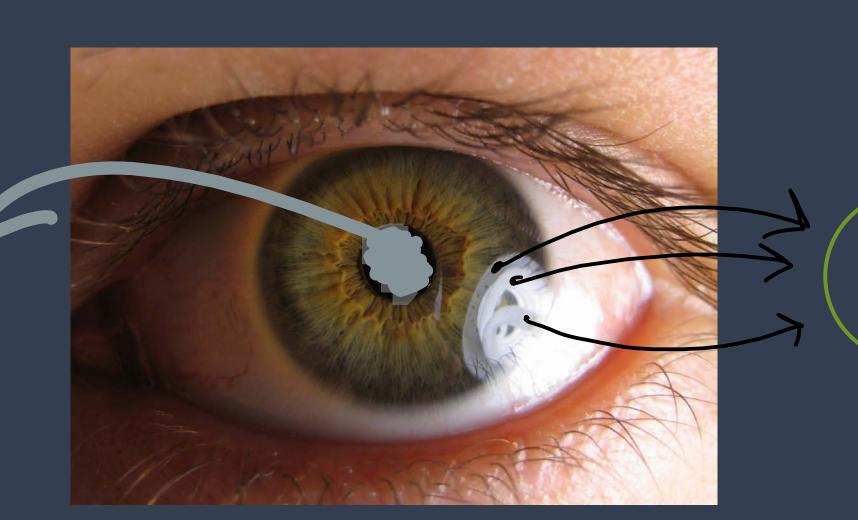


read. The apparatus seemed to work equally well under all the various conditions, even when the speed reached an average of twelve words per second. In order to

- Infrared based eyetracker
- Infrared light is emitted to the eye
- The lens records the eye from another angle
- EL-host-PC detects pupil and Purkinje image

Purkinje images

Purkinje

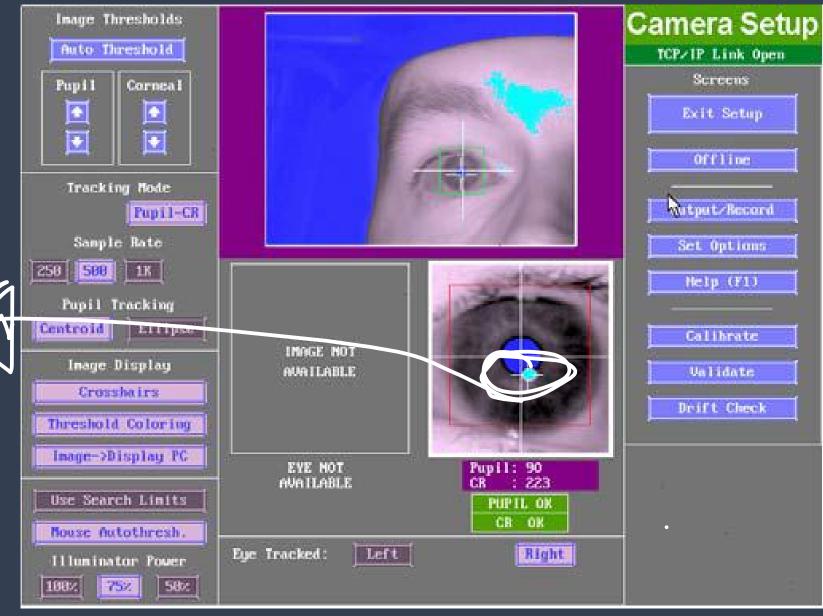


pupil

Calibration

Cornea reflection = 1st purkinje image





calibration

- Calibration creates constellation-dependent coordinate system
- Validation takes similar measurements and checks how much the screen position differs from the system's prediction

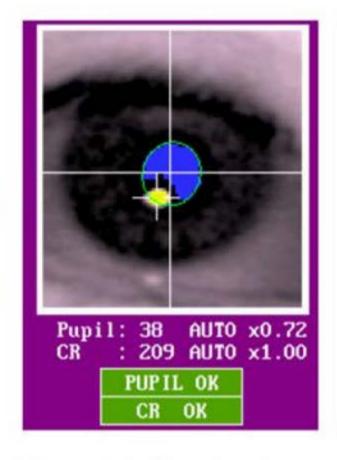
Check setup

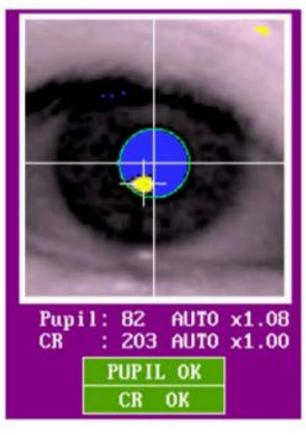
- When looking straight, subjects should look at top 25% of screen
- Eye-to-monitor distance should be >=1.75*monitor width
- Distance tracker<->Eye 40-70cm (ideally 50-55)
- Tracker's top as close as possible to screens bottom
- Tracker should be centered horizontally wrt screen
- Illuminator: usually @75%

Good calibration

- Usually, centering the tracked eye is best (use big knob) Click on the tracked eye and make sure the eyelink thinks about it as "right" or "left"
- Tune lense manually
- Click ,a' for auto-threshold
- Assure that pupil and CR are well filled and (best case) nothing else is highlighted in the same colors.
- Try to improve things by manually adjusting thresholds with UP/DOWN and +/-
- Have subject look in all corners of the screen and see if the above settings still look good

Good







Threshold bias too low

Properly thresholded

Threshold bias too high

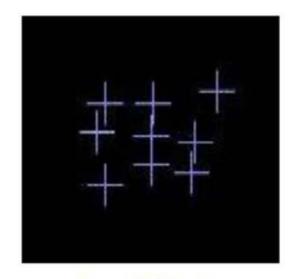
Cali-Vali

- 9-13 point calibration are most precise
- Grid should be horizontally and vertically parallel (approx.)

• If not: redo setup



Good Calibration



Poor Calibration

Glasses gone wild

- Problem: Glasses reflect IR-light -> tracker thinks ist CR-reflection
- Try this:
 - Ask subject to move chin forward
 - Adjust table height
 - Move camera closer to subject (min distance: 40cm!)
 - Lower position using big knob
 - Adjust angle of camera
 - Increase illumination



- Two modes of tracking pupil
- Ellipse interpolates parts of pupil that are occluded
- Centroid uses center of mass

- Centroid: Usually best, less noise
- Ellipse: Good for people with low eyelids and tiny glasses

Ellipse VS Centroid

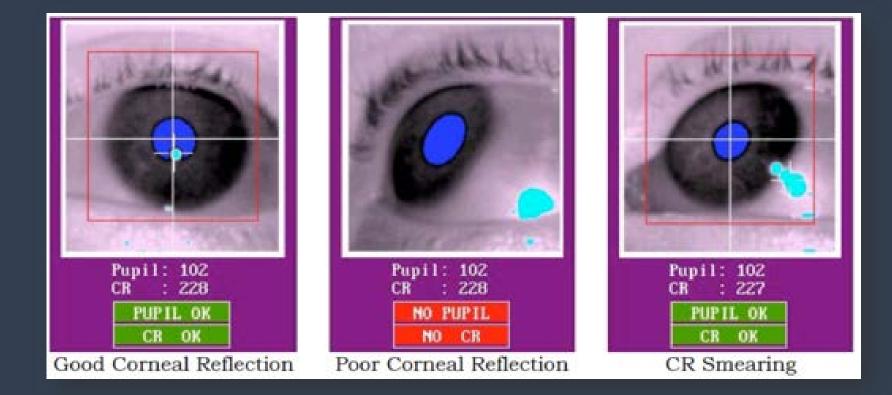






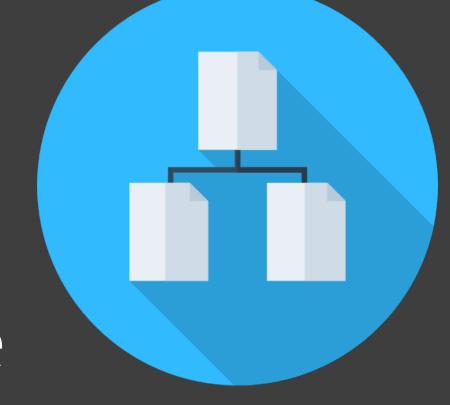
CR smearing

- Usually happens when looking at top corners
- Increase distance or lower threshold





Experiments



Software structure

Matlab / python

Install this (to record)



- SR Developer's pack
- Psychtoolbox comes with Eyelink toolbox
- Psychopy comes with *too outdated* Eyelink module
 - See my readme on github for how to update (don't use pip!)
- My set of high-level Eyelink functions
 - github.com/wanjam/wm_utilities/Eyelink

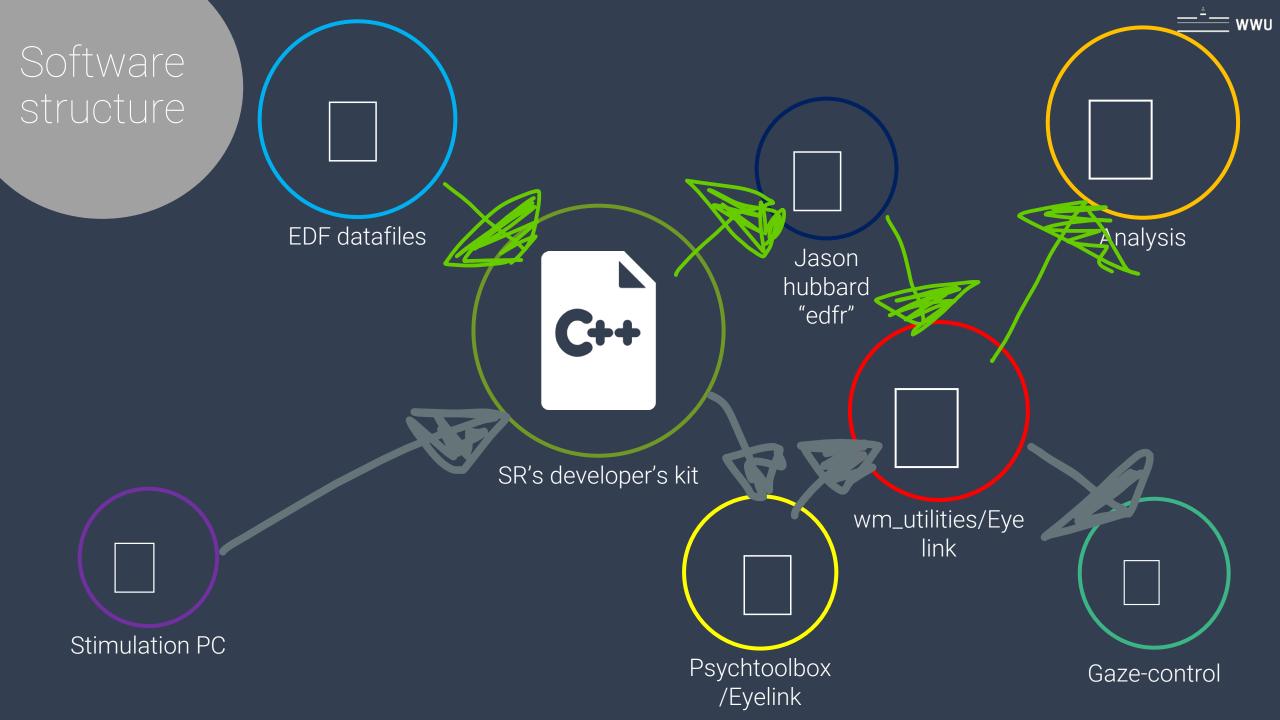
Install this (to analyze)

<u>==</u> wwı

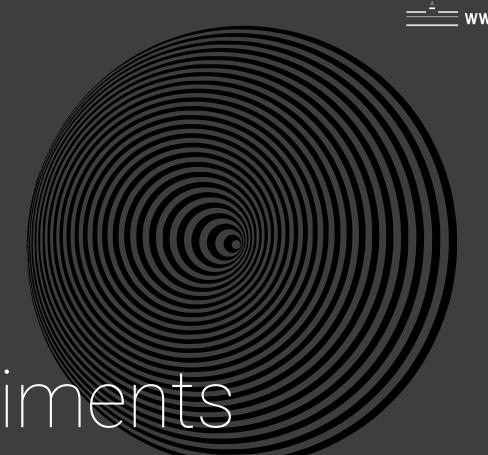
- SR Developer's pack
- Matlab:
 - Coregister EEG/ET: Olaf Dimigen's <EYE-EEG>
 - Eeglab plugin manager is outdated. Use github: olafdimigen/eye-eeg
- R:
 - Parse edf files: Jason Hubbard's <edfr>
 - devtools::install_github('jashubbard/edfr')
 - Massage data: Hedderik van Rijn's <pR>, my <wmR>
 - devtools::install_github('wanjam/wm_utilities/helper-funs/wmR')
 - devtools::install_github('hedderik/pR')

SR-dev kit

- SR research provides a "developer's kit"
- Newest version always in forum
- Ubuntu: PPA (read instructions *very* careful)
- Windows/Mac: zip/dmg
- Core of everything (written in C++) → install!
- Have a look: sr-support.com



Experiments



Functions for Experiments



Readme online! https://github.com/wanjam/wm_utilities/Eyelink

included here with SR-Research's permission. For the most recent version check their support forum.

[™] Usage

Note that this is probably quite specific to our lab. Use this in any other lab at your own risk.

Matlab

The Matlab code consists of five simple functions: EyelinkStart.m, EyelinkStop.m, EyelinkRecalibration.m, EyelinkgGetGaze.m, and EyelinkAvoidWrongTriggers.m

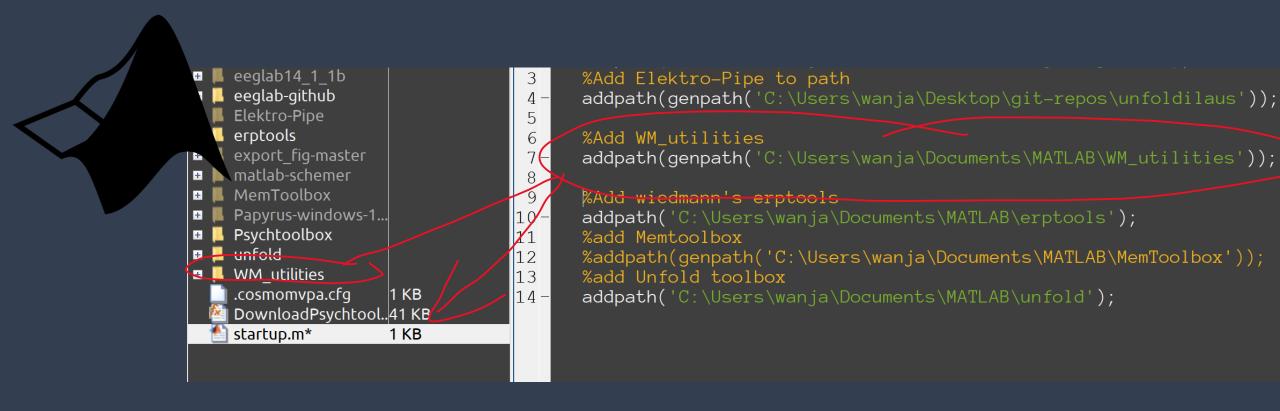
A typical workflow in Psychtoolbox would look like this:

1. Start your Experiment with the typical settings until you open a window. Typically, you'll have a line like this: wPtr = Screen('Openwindow', P.PresentScreen, [0.5, 0.5, 0.5],[],[],[],[],1);



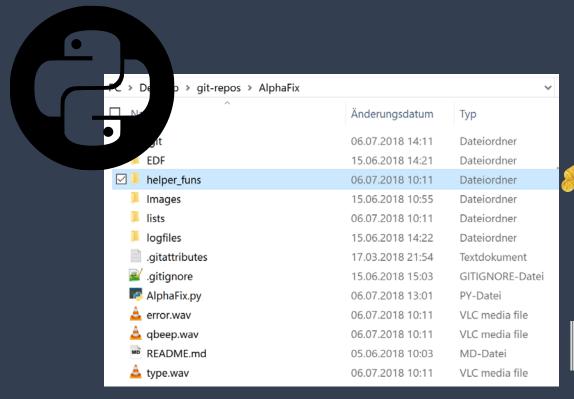
wm_ utilities

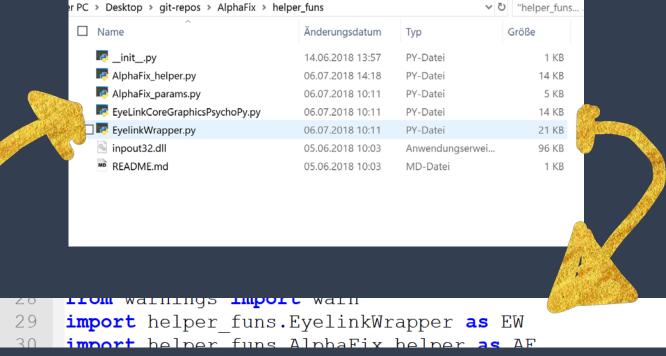
I'll only talk about Matlab – Same functions for Python!



wm_ utilities

I'll only talk about Matlab – Same functions for Python!





Connect

```
    [P, wPtr] = EyelinkStart(P, wPtr, "filename")
    doc EyelinkStart
    P = your structure with parameters
        can be empty, can contain extra config stuff
    Always back assign P!
```

- Starts and configures connection between EL and PC
- Opens a file to write to
- Defines sampling rate and what to store
- Defines locations of calibration points
- Nulls the TTL port
- Runs an initial calibration



Recalibrate

EyelinkRecalibration (P)

Recalibrates the Eyetracker

Useful when:

- Break
- Subject moved a lot and eye is lost

Control Fixation

[didrecal, FixationOnset, hsmvd] =
EyelinkControlFixation(P, Tmin, Tmax, loc,
maxDegDeviation, eyelinkconnected, pixperdeg, dorecal,
I goreblinks)

Highest possible level in wm_utilities

- Takes a target location (loc)
- Subject has <Tmax> seconds to look at the target
- Subject has to look at target for <Tmin> seconds
- If not: start a recalibration (If you want that)
- Do you want to ignore blinks?

Get Gaze

[x, y, hsmvd] = EyelinkGet Gaze(P, Ignoreblinks, Over SamplingBehavior, target XY, FixLenDeg, eyelinkconnected, pixperdeg)

Lower level: Just get the gaze position and check whether that differs from the last position.

- Checks if the Eyetracker has a new sample available
- If so, return the (x, y) pixel coordinate pair of the current gaze
- In addition, check if the current gaze differs more than <FixLenDeg> degree from targetXY. If so, <hsmvd> is true (1).

Behavioral data

```
message] = EyelinkSendTabMsg(varargin)
```

stores behavioral data coregistered with time and ttl into the .edf file

- Takes as many input arguments as you want
- Converts everything to strings
- Concatenates everything tab-delimited
- Prepends a "<"
- Sends <message> to .edf file

EyelinkStop (P, eyelinkconnected)

Finishes recording and puts Eyelink to standby

- Stops the recording
- Copies the final file from the EL-host PC to the stimulation PC
- Then puts the Eyelink to standby

Status Notifier

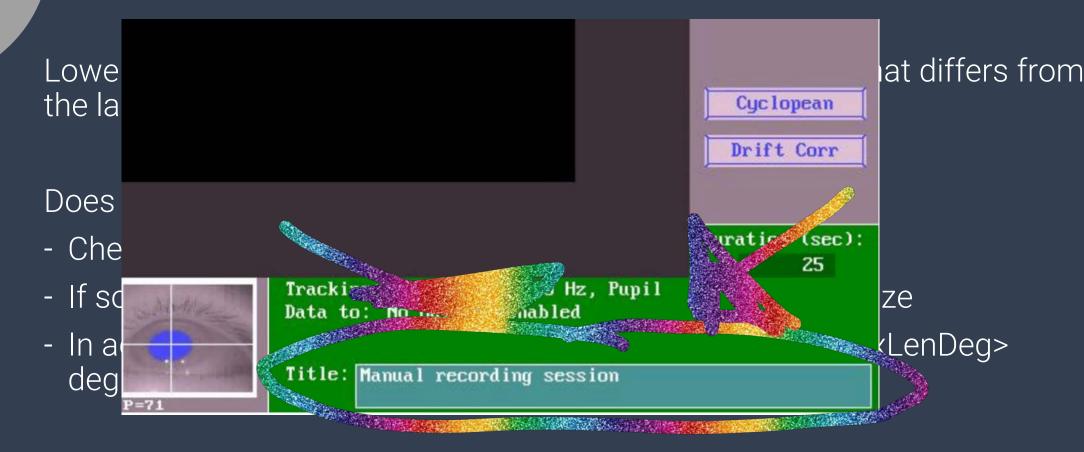
EyelinkNotify (message, eyelinkconnected)

Lower level: Just get the gaze position and check whether that differs from the last position.

- Checks if the Eyetracker has a new sample available
- If so, return the (x, y) pixel coordinate pair of the current gaze
- In addition, check if the current gaze differs more than <FixLenDeg> degree from targetXY. If so, <hsmvd> is true (1).

Status Notifier

EyelinkNotify (message, eyelinkconnected)





EyelinkAvoidWrongTriggers

Prevents EEG-trigger-mess
Should be at the top of your <u>non-eyetracking</u> experiment

- Checks if the Eyelink-host pc is turned on
- Throws an error if that's the case



Parameters

,eyelinkconnected' = boolean – if false, all functions are dummies Dummymode doesn't always work for me, but it's worth trying DIY



Implement Gaze control

DIY

- Open a terminal and run >ptb3 matlab
- Go to /home/tutorialbox/Documents/MATLAB/Tutorial/Task
- Start the experiment once by running
 - >TutorialExperiment.m

DIY

- Add code to start and stop the Eyelink
- Display "Ruebezahl" as status message, right after EyelinkStart
- Display the current trial number as status message
- Recalibrate after each break.
- Control that subjects look at the fixation symbol.
- Send "triggers" (i.e., messages) after all relevant flips.
- Store the resulting behavioral data in the .edf
- If time: try to make the target's position gaze-dependent



Analyze



Preprocessing



- Coregistration with EEG data:
 - Fixation Related Potentials → follow EYE-EEG/Elektro-Pipe
- Pupil Dilation
- Saccades
- Fixations
- Gazepaths
- ...

→ Most stuff possible after following this template...

Parse Matlab

- edf2asc : binary available in the terminal (from the devpack)
- EYE-EEG
 - parseyelink(file.asc) \leftarrow converts .asc to .mat
 - pop_i mporteyetracker(*EEG, file.asc*) ← coregistration
- Elektro-Pipe
 - func_i mport Eye combines all three and plots quality
 - Called by prep01_preproc

Parse R

- Jason Hubbard's edfr uses the devpack's C++ code directly
 - No need for edf2asc
 - Most sophisticated package for parsing (afaik)
 - edf.all (), edf.recordings (), edf.events ()
 - = ET-data, Header, TTL

- Open Rstudio in the VirtualBox
- You'll find a file called tutorial_preprocEDF.R
- Let's first walk through that...

- Challenge:
 - Set the output time vector relative to fixation onset
 - Go to line 213. Try to add more info (as added in the experiment)
 - Add the new info to all necessary lines.