#### CODEBOOK

The title of each do file specifies which tables can be replicated using the corresponding do file.

There are 3 datasets containing some overlapping information. We use all data available and thus work with unbalanced datasets. The "Comprehensive Sample" dataset contains all data for all years. The "ASPO Sample" dataset contain only the countries for which we have information about wildcat drilling and discoveries. The "LongRunAverages" dataset was obtained by collapsing the data into averages for the period 1960-2003.

Variables have the same names across dataset. Below we explain how we obtained each variable.

# PANEL INDICATORS

- 1) year the year corresponding to the data
- 2) decade the decade of the data
- 3) numcode numerical indicator for the country
- 4) code3 3 letter code indicating the country

#### OIL DATA

Source: The Association for the Study of Peak Oil and Gas (ASPO)

- 1) oilreserves oil reserves in thousand million barrels
- 2) oilpop oil reserves per capita in million barrels per 1000 persons
- 3) logoilres log of oil reserves per capita (zeroes were replaces by min positive value of oilpop)
  - 4) Llogoilres one year lag of logoilres
  - 5) valoilres value of oil reserves (oilpop\*crude oil price)
- 6) logvaloilres logarithm of oil reserves per capita/100 (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 7) Llogvaloilres one year lag of logvaloilres
  - 8) logvalprod log of value of oil production/100 (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 9) newdiscovery aspo new discoveries in thousand million barrels
  - 10) discoveryaspoPC new discovery per capita (million barrels per 1000 persons)
- 11) logdiscoveryaspo log new discovery per capita/100 (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 12) valdisc value of new discovery per capita
- 13) logvaldisc log value of new discovery per capita/100 (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 14) endowment oil initial endowment in thousand million barrels
  - 15) wildcat number of wildcats drilled

Source: BP Statistical Review of World Energy June 2010

- 1) crude 1990P crude oil price dollars per barrel (in 1990 USD)
- 2) Lcrude1990P one year lag of crude1990P

#### Combined sources:

- 1) oilpop\_public oil reserves per capita (sources: BP Statistical Review of World Energy June 2010 (BP) and Oil & Gas Journal (OGJ))
  - 2) oilreserves\_public oil reserves per capita from public data (BP and OGJ)
- 3) logoilres\_public log of oilreserves\_public/100 (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 4) oilreserves\_full oil reserves per capita from all sources (ASPO, BP and OGJ)
  - 5) logoilres\_full log of oilreserves\_full /100 (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 6) valoilres public value of oil reserves from public data (BP and OGJ)
- 7) logvaloilres\_public log of value of oil reserves from public data (BP and OGJ) (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
- 8) logvaloilres\_full log of value oil reserves per capita from all sources (ASPO, BP and OGJ) (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
- 9) oilpop\_impute oil reserves per capita we imputed rate of growth from public oil data on ASPO data to get longer panel
- 10) logoilres\_impute log of the above (oilpop\_impute) (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 11) valoilres\_impute value of oilpop\_impute (multiply by crude oil price
  - 12) logvaloilres\_impute log of valoilres\_impute (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
- 13) logvalprod\_impute we imputed rate of growth from public oil (source BP and World Bank) data on ASPO data to get longer panel for oil production (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)

### **CONFLICT DATA**

Source: Gleditsch's revision of the Correlates of War (Gleditsch-COW, version1.52)

- 1) incidence 2COW dummy for war (1 if war, 0 otherwise)
- 2) Lincidence2COW one year lag of incidence2COW
- 3) onset2COWCS indicator of war onset defined according to Collier and Hoeffler (2004) (i.e. onset is coded as "1" for all country-years in which a peace-war transition took place, zero during years of peace, and is coded as missing for ongoing wars.)
- 4) dincidence2COW change in war status before and after discovery
- 5) d2incidence2COW change in war status before to two years after
- 6) d3incidence2COW change in war status before to three years after
- 7) d3 6incidence2COW change in war status before to 3-to-6 years after
- 8) d7\_10incidence2COW change in war status before to 7-to-10 years after
- 9) d3yrsCOW change in war status before to 1-to-3 years after
- 10) d5yrsCOW - change in war status before to 1-to-5 years after

Source: UCDP/PRIO Armed Conflict dataset (UCDP/PRIO, version 4-2009)

- 1) incidence U dummy for war (1 if war, 0 otherwise)
- 2) LincidenceU one year lag of incidenceU
- 3) onsetUCS indicator of war onset defined according to Collier and Hoeffler (2004) (i.e. onset is coded as "1" for all country-years in which a peace-war transition took place, zero during years of peace, and is coded as missing for ongoing wars.)
- 4) dincidenceU change in war status before and after discovery
- 5) d2incidenceU change in war status before to two years after
- 6) d3incidenceU change in war status before to three years after

- 7) d3\_6incidenceU change in war status before to 3-to-6 years after
- 8) d7\_10incidenceU change in war status before to 7-to-10 years after
- 9) d3yrsU change in war status before to 1-to-3 years after
- 10) d5yrsU - change in war status before to 1-to-5 years after

# Source: Fearon and Laitin (2003)

- 1) Fearon\_war dummy for war (1 if war, 0 otherwise)
- 2) onset\_FearonCS indicator of war onset defined according to Collier and Hoeffler (2004) (i.e. onset is coded as "1" for all country-years in which a peace-war transition took place, zero during years of peace, and is coded as missing for ongoing wars.)
- 3) dFearon\_war change in war status before and after discovery
- 4) d3\_6Fearon\_war change in war status before to 3-to-6 years after

## Source: Sambanis (2004)

- 1) Sambanis\_war dummy for war (1 if war, 0 otherwise)
- 2) onset\_SambanisCS indicator of war onset defined according to Collier and Hoeffler (2004) (i.e. onset is coded as "1" for all country-years in which a peace-war transition took place, zero during years of peace, and is coded as missing for ongoing wars.)
- 3) dSambanis\_war change in war status before and after discovery
- 4) d3\_6Sambanis\_war change in war status before to 3-to-6 years after

# Source: The Center for Systemic Peace (CSP)

- 1) coup number military coup attempts
- 2) dcoup change in coup attempts before to after discovery
- 3) d2coup change in coup attempts before to two years after
- 4) d3coup change in coup attempts before to three years after
- 5) d3\_6coup change in coup attempts before to 3-to-6 years after
- 6) d7\_10coup change in coup attempts before to 7-to-10 years after
- 7) d3yrsCOUP change in coup attempts before to 1-to-3 years after
- 8) d5yrsCOUP - change in coup attempts before to 1-to-5 years after

## Source: Powel and Thyne, 2011

- 1) any\_coup number of coup attempts
- 2) dany coup change in coup attempts before to after discovery
- 3) d3\_6any\_coup change in coup attempts before to 3-to-6 years after

#### Source: Archigos dataset

- 1) periregular percent leadership transitions over the following 20 years
- 2) no\_transition zeroes in "periregular" variable corresponding to no transitions taking place over the following 20 years.

## Source: Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI)

- 1) milexp\_pergdpSIPRI –defense burden (i.e. military spending as a fraction of GDP)
- 2) logmilexgdpSIPRI log milexp pergdpSIPRI (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
- 3) dmilexpSIPRI change in defense burden before and after discovery
- 4) d2milexpSIPRI change in defense burden before to two years after

- 5) d3milexpSIPRI change in defense burden before to three years after
- 6) d3\_6milexpSIPRI change in defense burden before to 3-to-6 years after
- 7) d7\_10milexpSIPRI change in defense burden before to 7-to-10 years after
- 8) d3yrsSIPRI change in defense burden before to 1-to-3 years after
- 9) d5yrsSIPRI - change in defense burden before to 1-to-5 years after

#### **OTHER**

- 1) pop\_maddison population in thousands (Source: Maddison's Statistics on World Population)
  - 2) logpop\_M log population/100
  - 3) Llogpop\_M one year lag of logpop\_M
  - 4) logpopdens log population density/100
  - 5) Llogpopdens one year lag of logpopdens
  - 6) logGDP\_M log GDP per capita/100 (Source: Maddison's Statistics on World Population)
  - 7) LlogGDP\_M one year lag of logGDP\_M
  - 8) ecgrowth annual economic growth based on GDP per capita (in 1990 USD)
  - 9) Lecgrowth one year lag of ecgrowth
  - 10) democracy democracy index obtained from polity2 index (source: Polity IV)
  - 11) Ldemocracy one year lag of democracy
  - 12) x dem democracy index (source: Polity IV using Vreeland, 2008 definition)
  - 13) religion\_fractionalization self-explanatory (source: Alesina et al, 2003)
  - 14) ethnic fractionalization self-explanatory (source: Alesina et al, 2003)
  - 15) language\_fractionalization self-explanatory (source: Alesina et al, 2003)
  - 16) efrac ethnic fractionalization (source: Campos, Saleh, and Kuzeyev, 2011)
  - 17) Ifrac language fractionalization (source: Campos, Saleh, and Kuzeyev, 2011)
  - 18) rfrac religious fractionalization (source: Campos, Saleh, and Kuzeyev, 2011)
  - 19) ETHPOL reynal ethnic polarization (source: Montalvo and Reynal-Querol, 2005)
  - 20) ETHFRAC\_reynal ethnic fractionalization (source: Montalvo and Reynal-Querol, 2005)
  - 21) RELPOL\_reynal religious polarization (source: Montalvo and Reynal-Querol, 2005)
- 22) RELFRAC\_reynal religious fractionalization (source: Montalvo and Reynal-Querol, 2005)
  - 23) mountain share of mountainous land (source: Gerrard, 2000)
  - 24) logmountain log of variable "mountain" (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
- 25) leg\_british legal british origin dummy (source: Easterly's Global Development Network Growth Database)
  - 26) rule\_law96 rule of law measured in 1996 (source: World Bank Governance Indicators)
  - 27) land\_area land area (source: CIA World Factbook)
  - 28) smallregion index of region (18 regions) (source: UN classification)
  - 29) largeregion index of region (6 regions) (source: UN classification)
- 30) out\_regdisaster out of region disaster (disaster= geological, hygralogical and meteorological disasters) (source: Emergency Disaster Database EM-DAT)
- 31) logoutreg log of variable "out\_regdisaster"/100 (zeroes were replaces by min positive value)
  - 32) unexpdisc\_log unexpected discovery (see text for explanations)
- 33) lowincsample dummy equal to 1 for countries classified as low income according World Bank (October 2008)

- 34) opec dummy equal to 1 for countries in OPEC (the following information was use to code this variable: OPEC was created at the Baghdad Conference 1960, by Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and Venezuela; later joined by nine others: Qatar (1961); Indonesia (1962); Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab Jamahiriya (1962); United Arab Emirates (1967); Algeria (1969); Nigeria (1971); Ecuador (1973) suspended its membership from December 1992-October 2007; Angola (2007) and Gabon (1975-1994)
  - 35) africa dummy for countries in Africa
  - 36) asia dummy for countries in Asia
  - 37) oceania dummy for countries in Oceania
  - 38) southam- dummy for countries in Latin America and Caribbean