下一代RAG引擎 一一技术挑战与实现

演讲人: 张颖峰

InfiniFlow/ 创始人







极客邦科技 2024 年会议规划

促进软件开发及相关领域知识与创新的传播





01 下一代RAG引擎

02

数据抽取模型

03 混合搜索

04

高级RAG

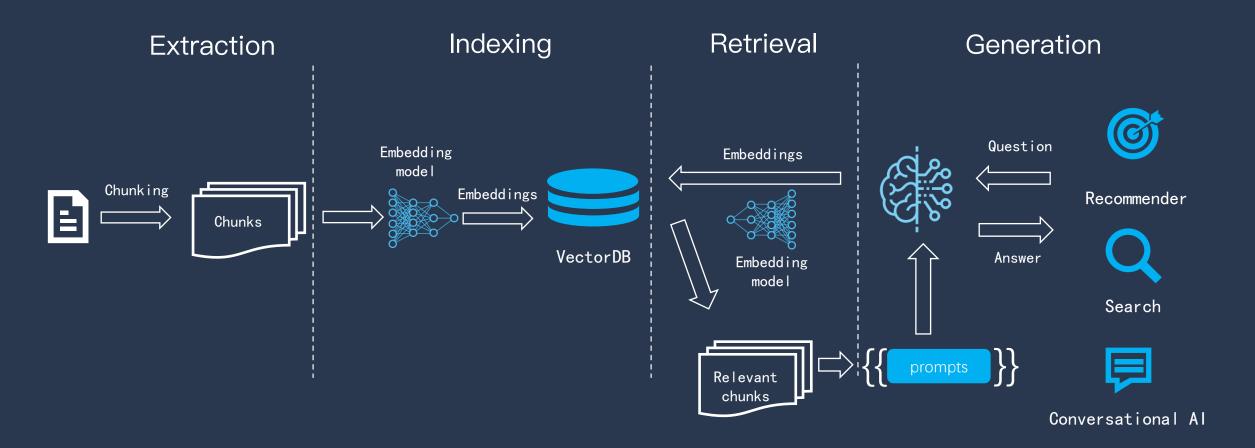


下一代RAG引擎





┗ RAG 架构模式





当前 RAG 面临的挑战

■ 挑战一: 向量的召回无法满足要求

■ 挑战二:文档结构复杂,数据太乱, Garbage In, Garbage Out

■ 挑战三: 问题和答案所在文档关联不大,很难通过问题找到正确文档



下一代 RAG 架构 问题和答案之间存在语义鸿沟 Garbage In, Garbage Out 数据抽取模型 文档布局模型 表格布局模型 知识图谱构建 Embedding模型 offline online 向量索引 **Tensor Reranker** 稀疏向量索引 问题 Embedding 模型 Al Native Database 答案和引用生成 查询改写模型 向量召回无法满足要求



Infinity + RAGFlow = Infiniflow

Indexing Retrieval Extraction Document Query rewriting model Document structure Clusterina recognition model Reranking model Table structure Knowledge graph Retrieval Augmentation recognition model construction model ... **RAGFlow** Document semantic Document parsing pre-processing

Generation







数据抽取模型



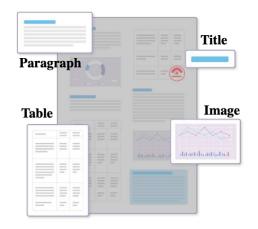


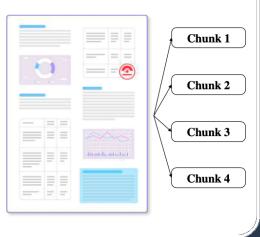
┪ 概要

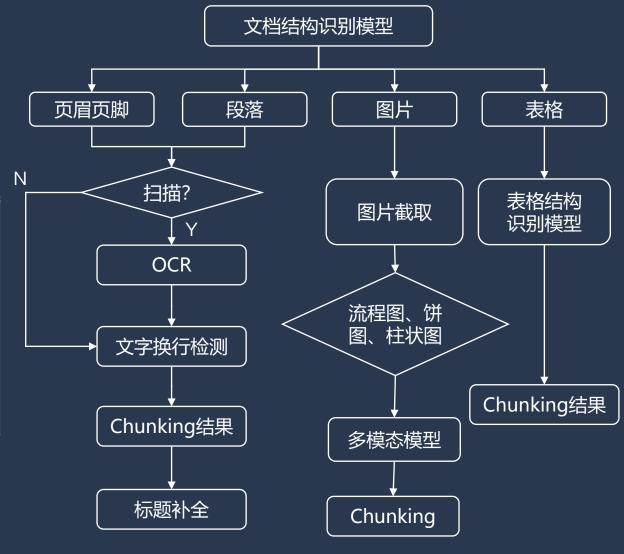


Documents

Document Parsing & Chunking

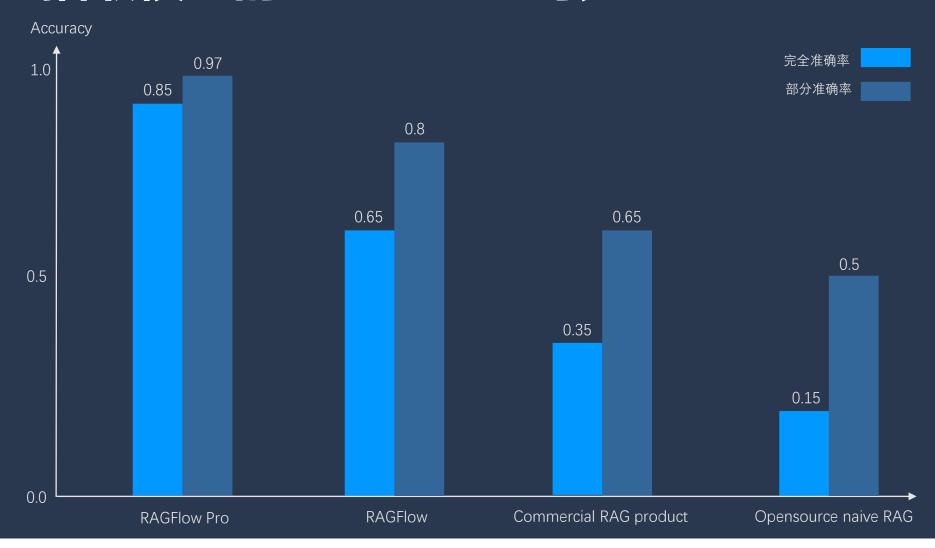








┓ 調整抽取模型的 RAGFlow 对比





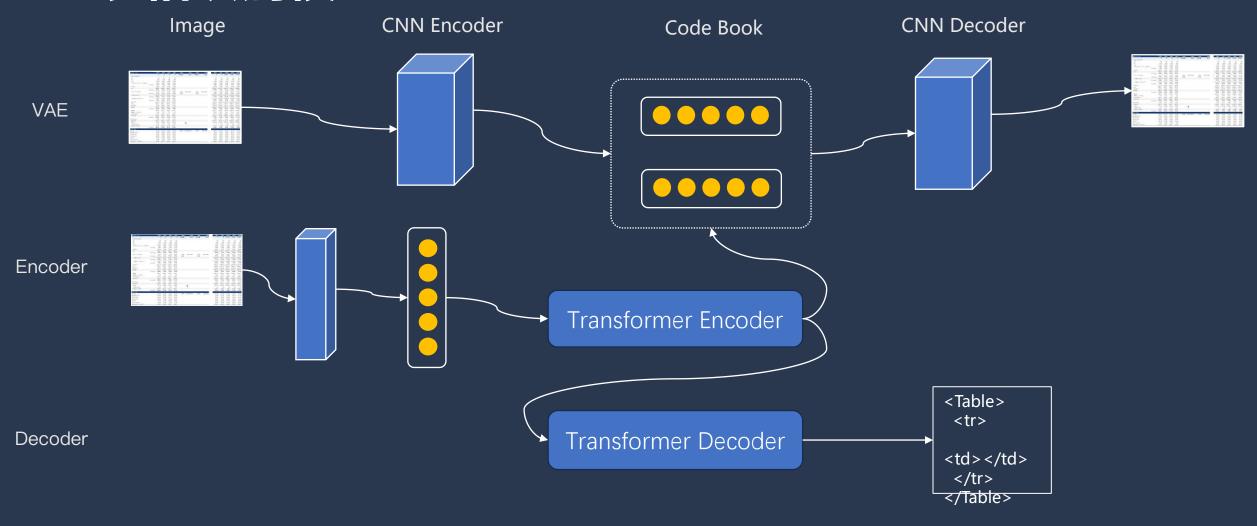
表格识别模型

板块	申万一级行业	20200 2	20200 4	202102	20210 4
制造	电力设备	14.37%	8.96%	15.63%	7.80%
	机械设备	3.03%	4.13%	4.54%	1.03%
	汽车	1.68%	2.45%	4.18%	1.33%
	公用事业	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.32%
	环保	1.98%	0.96%	0.00%	2.67%
	国防军工	0.00%	7.42%	2.16%	6.08%
	综合	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
消费	纺织服饰	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	家用电器	0.00%	1.06%	0.00%	0.90%
	农林牧渔	3.56%	0.00%	4.68%	4.10%
	轻工制造	2.95%	2.06%	0.86%	0.00%
	商贸零售	2.69%	1.25%	3.64%	0.15%
	食品饮料	7.90%	4.22%	0.83%	10.08%
	社会服务	1.53%	0.30%	1.03%	0.00%
	美容护理	0.00%	0.00%	2.20%	0.35%
医药	医药生物	15.64%	12.52%	9.55%	5,98%
科技	传媒	3.44%	0.00%	0.00%	2.50%
	电子	11.32%	9.25%	17.68%	11.48%
	计算机	11.21%	8.33%	2.62%	1.80%
	通信	2.70%	2.08%	0.00%	0.00%
金融	房地产	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.70%
	非银金融	2.88%	8.31%	2.23%	9.34%
	银行	0.00%	4.18%	9.73%	0.36%
周期	煤炭	0.00%	0.00%	2.57%	0.00%
	石油石化	0.00%	1.15%	3.00%	0.00%
	钢铁	0.00%	3.45%	3.13%	3.46%
	基础化工	5.56%	3.37%	2.64%	9.78%
	建筑材料	3.09%	5.49%	4.20%	0.00%
	有色金属	2.50%	5.10%	2.09%	4.37%
	建筑装饰	0.00%	1.30%	0.00%	3.63%
	交通运输	1.97%	2.68%	0.84%	6.79%

- 单元格边界判定
- 表头信息判定
- 单元格合并判定
- 表格跨页判定

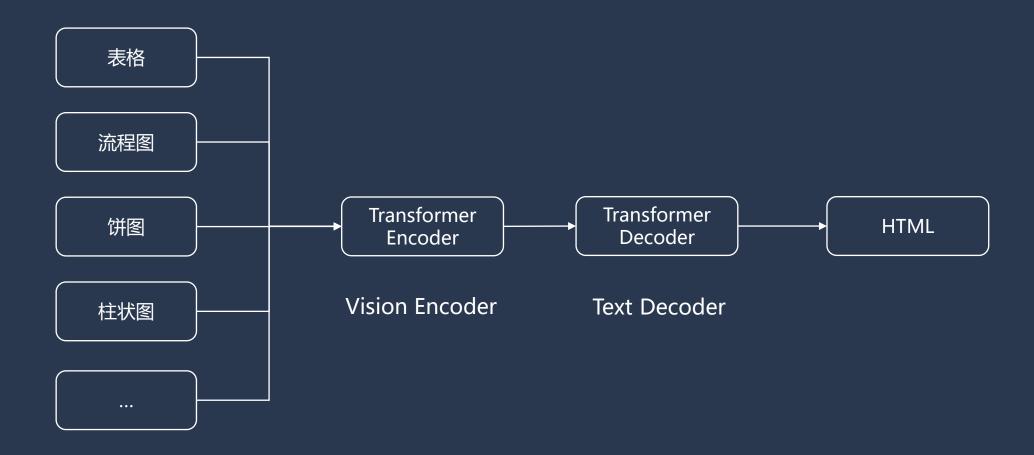


▶ 表格识别模型



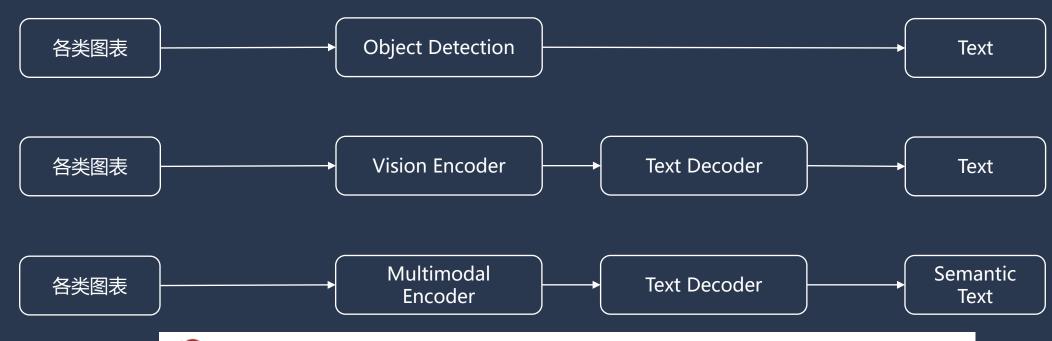


文档"大"模型





"雕花"还是多模态LLM?



CharXiv: Charting Gaps in Realistic Chart
Understanding in Multimodal LLMs

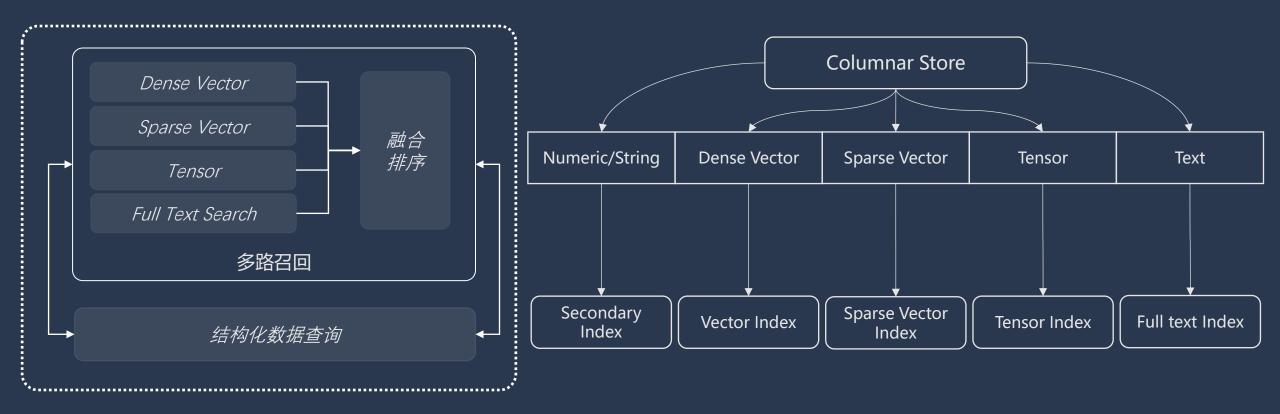


混合搜索



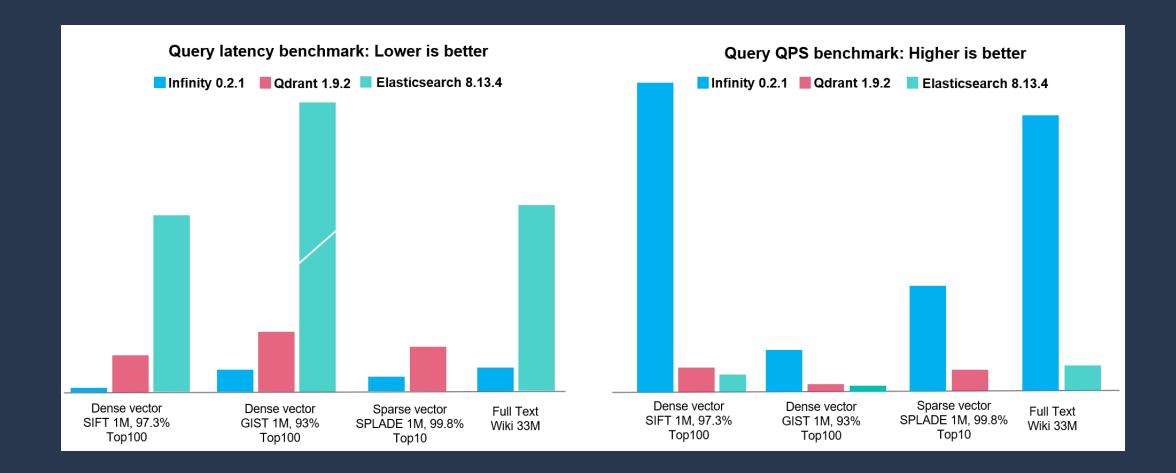


Indexing Database



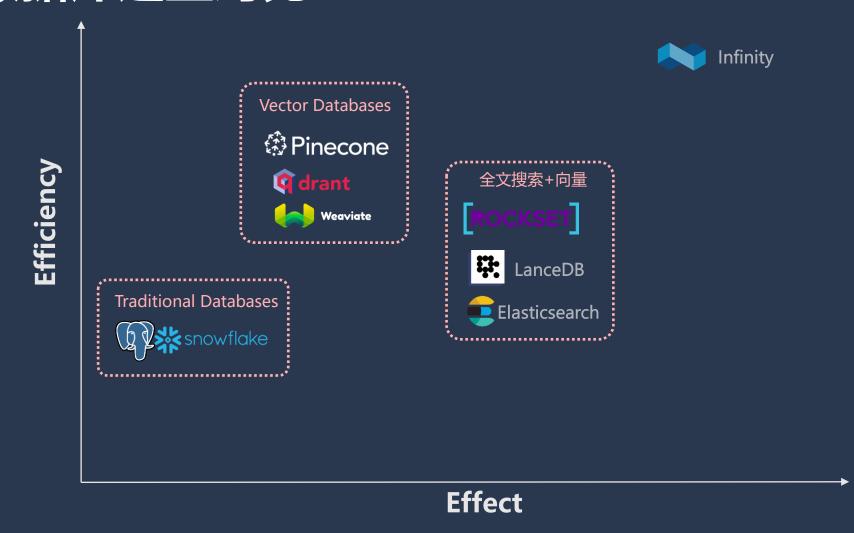


Benchmark



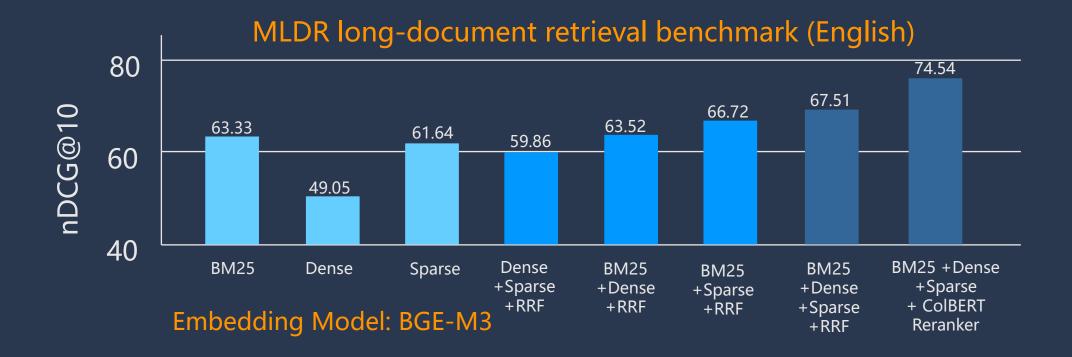


RAG数据库选型对比





┗ 几路召回?



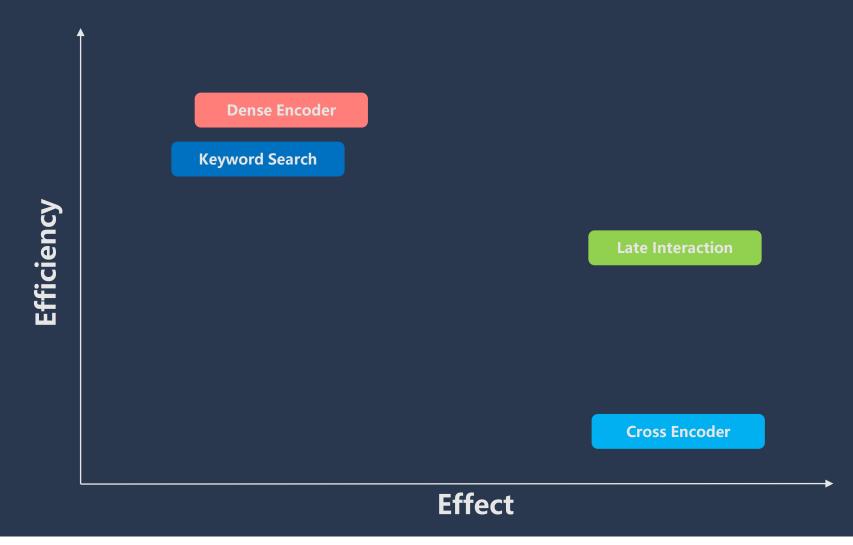


┪ 排序模型

Similarity Score Score MLP MaxSim MaxSim MaxSim Offline Indexing Transformer **Document Passage Document Passage Document Passage**

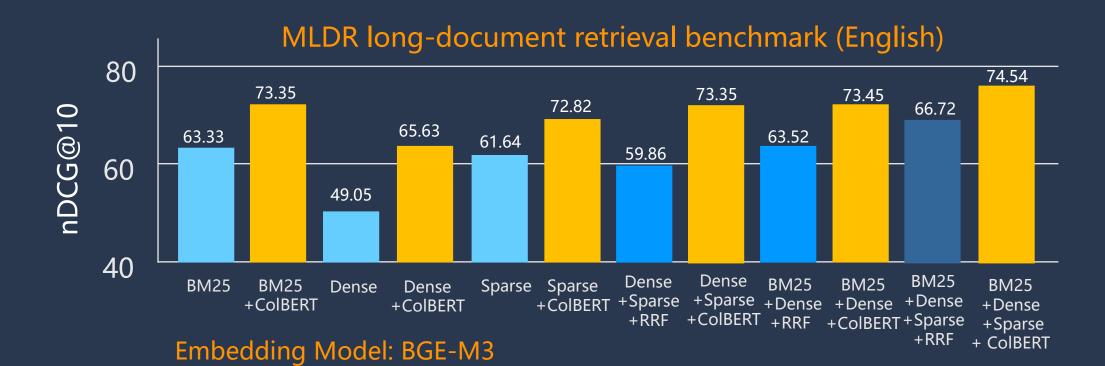


ColBERT的收益



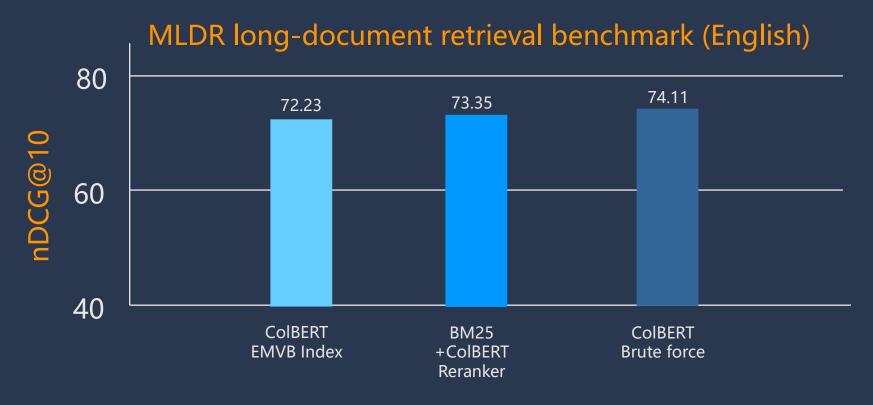


ColBERT的收益





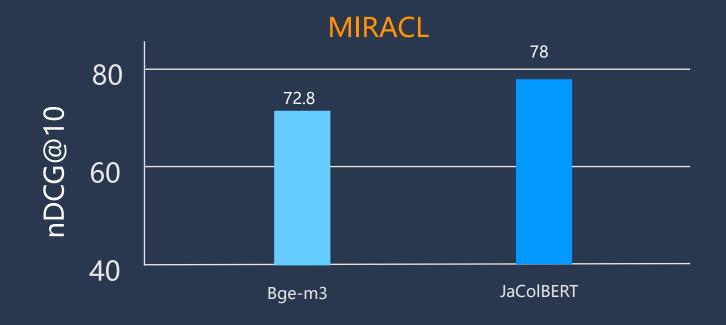
ColBERT ranker 还是 reranker?



Embedding Model: BGE-M3



™ 延迟交互是 RAG的未来

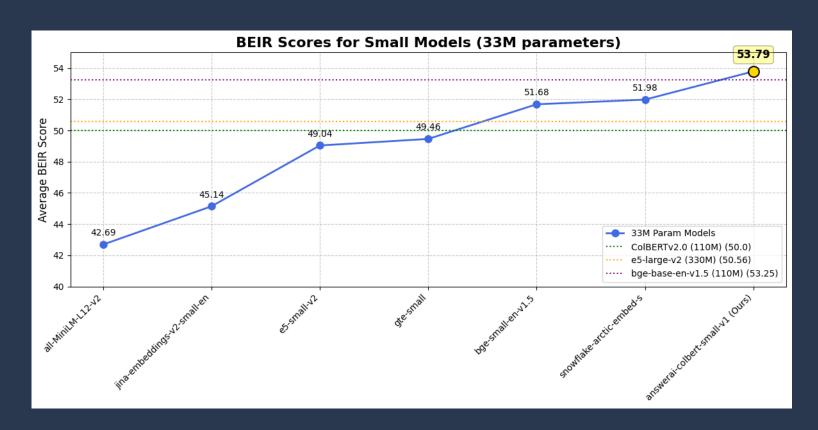


JaColBERT



型延迟交互是 RAG的未来

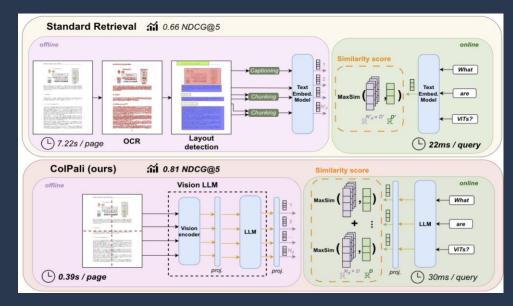
answerai–colbert–small–v1 基于JaColBERT 33M参数

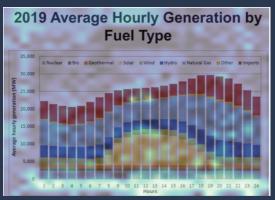


- 超过 BGE 110M
- 每个Token 96维
- Binary量化后每个Token 12 byte

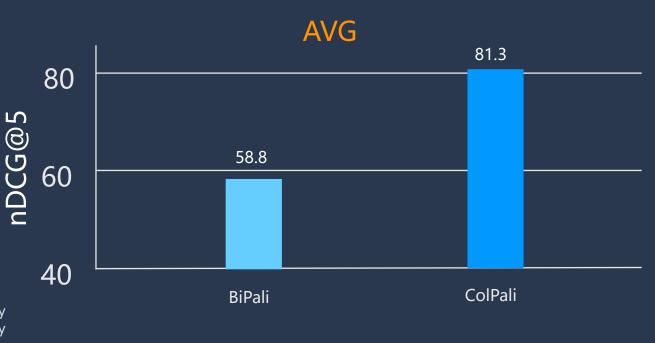


型延迟交互是 RAG的未来





Query: Which hour of the day had the highest overall electricity generation in 2019?



ColPali



高级RAG

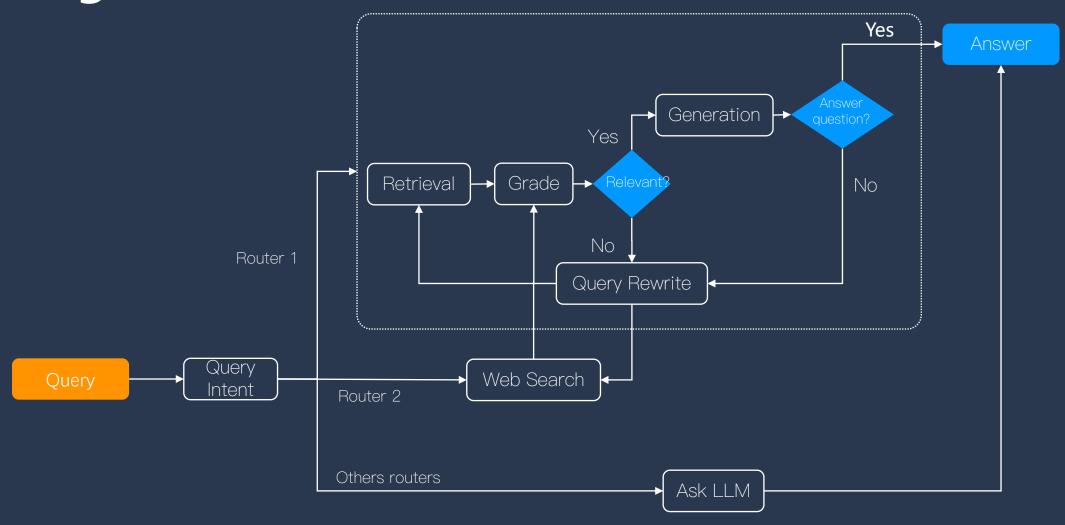






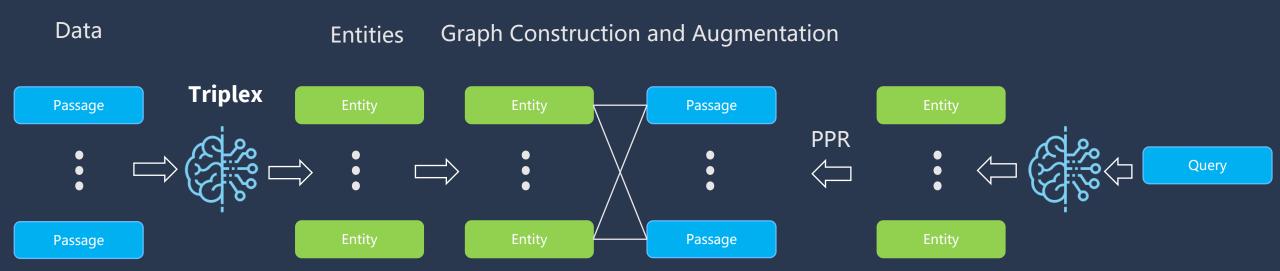


■ Agentic RAG——复杂问答



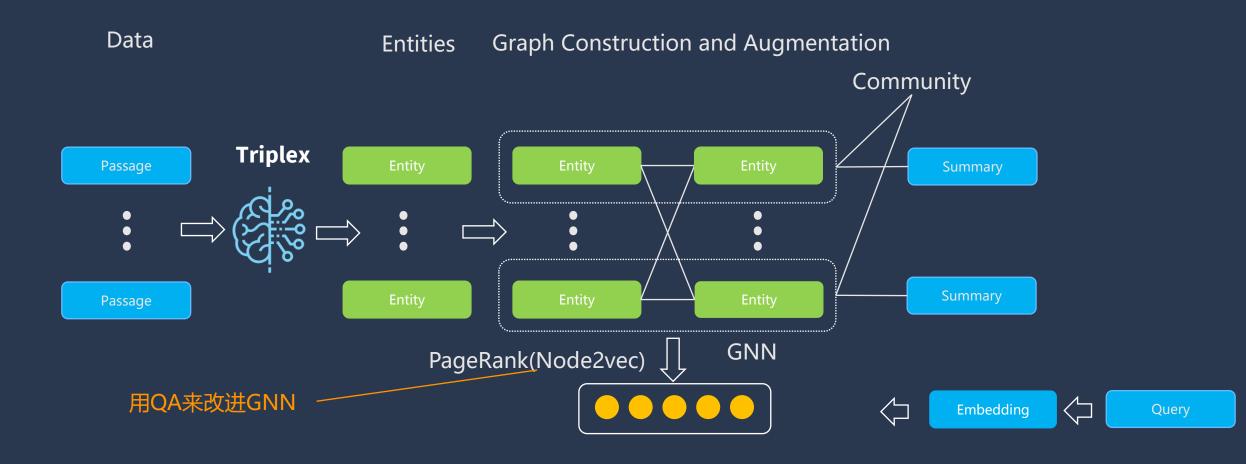


1 知识图谱





知识图谱





▼下一代RAG平台







极客邦科技 2024 年会议规划

促进软件开发及相关领域知识与创新的传播



THANKS

智能未来,探索 AI 无限可能

Intelligent Future, Exploring the Boundless Possibilities of Al



https://github.com/infiniflow/ragflow https://github.com/infiniflow/infinity



