Name: WAQAR RIASAT ALI Section: E Roll num: 2023F - BSE -221

# **LAB NO 11**

# PROJECTION AND DATA MODELING IN MONGODB

# **OBJECTIVE:**

- To learn and implement projection in mongoDB.
- To learn and implement different types of data models in mongoDB.

## **LAB TASKS:**

1. Study the following scenarios and suggest how the database should be modeled whether embedded or referenced? Support you answer with reasons.

## **Scenario 1: Blogging Platform**

You are designing a MongoDB schema for a blogging platform. Each blog post can have multiple comments.

#### **Scenario 2: E-commerce Website**

You are building a database for an e-commerce website. Each product can have multiple reviews

## Scenario 3: Geographic Data

You are working on a system that stores geographic data, including countries, regions, and cities.

### **Scenario 4: Messaging App**

You are developing a messaging application. Each conversation can have multiple messages.

#### Scenario 1: Blogging Platform

- Model: Embedded
- **Reason:** Each blog post contains its own comments. Comments are tightly coupled with posts and are rarely accessed independently.

## **Scenario 2: E-commerce Website**

- Model: Embedded
- **Reason:** Reviews are generally read along with the product. Embedding reviews improves read performance.

#### Scenario 3: Geographic Data

- Model: Referenced
- **Reason:** Countries, regions, and cities are individual entities with many-to-one relationships. These are better normalized to avoid data duplication.

## **Scenario 4: Messaging App**

- Model: Embedded
- Reason: Messages belong to a conversation and are typically loaded together. Embedding supports fast retrieval.

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2. Create collections for scenarios in task#1 and insert documents (as per your answer in task#1).

## **Blogging Platform (Embedded)**

## E-commerce Website (Embedded)

## **Geographic Data (Referenced)**

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```
// Create the 'countries' collection
db.createCollection("countries")

// Insert a sample country
db.countries.insertOne({
    name: "Pakistan",
    code: "pK"
}

// Create the 'regions' collection
db.createCollection("regions")

// Insert a sample region, referencing the country
const pakistan = db.countries.findOne({name: "Pakistan"})
db.regions.insertOne({
    name: "Punjab",
    country_id: pakistan._id // Reference to the Pakistan document
})

// Create the 'cities' collection
db.createCollection("cities")

// Insert a sample city, referencing the region
const punjab = db.regions.findOne({name: "Punjab"})
db.cities.insertOne({
    name: "Lahore",
    region_id: punjab._id // Reference to the Punjab document
}

acknowledged: true,
insertedId: ObjectId('684808c81bfd40751850eb6b')
```

## Messaging App (Embedded)

3. Apply retrieval operation in the collections created above, and show how the data is retrieved in referenced model as compared to embedded model (utilize projection).

# **Embedded Model (Blogging Platform):**

## Referenced Model (Geographic Data):

```
// Retrieve city information along with its region and country
              $lookup: {
  from: "regions",
  localField: "region_id",
  foreignField: "_id",
                        as: "region"
                      $unwind: "$region"
                     $lookup: {
                         from: "countries",
localField: "region.country_id",
foreignField: "_id",
                     }
                      $unwind: "$country"
                      $project: { //Projection to shape the output
  "city_name": "$name",
  "region_name": "$region.name",
  "country_name": "$country.name",
  "id".
                         "_id": 0
                      }
               ]).pretty()
Е
   {
      city_name: 'Lahore',
region_name: 'Punjab',
country_name: 'Pakistan'
      city_name: 'Lahore',
region_name: 'Punjab',
country_name: 'Pakistan'
```

4. Explore and implement \$elematch and \$regex methods and embed them in your program (in any of the above scenarios).

5. Answer the following questions: • What have you learned from the lab tasks? • What was the most challenging task and how did you overcome that challenge?

## What have you learned from the lab task?

- Select specific fields for efficient queries.
- Embedding vs. referencing trade-offs (read speed vs. data normalization).
- Querying array elements with multiple criteria.
- Flexible pattern matching in strings.
- Joining collections and reshaping data.
- Adapting examples to a specific culture (Pakistan).

### What was the most challenging task and how did you overcome it?

- Deciding between embedding and referencing, mastering aggregation.
- Analyzed relationships, weighed trade-offs, practiced aggregation framework, consulted documentation.