

Thesis Tytple

 ${\it Masterarbeit\ im\ Fach\ Informatik}$ ${\it Master's\ Thesis\ in\ Computer\ Science}$ ${\it von\ /\ by}$

Author Name

angefertigt unter der Leitung von / supervised by

betreut von / advised by

begutachtet von / reviewers

Saarbrücken, August 2015

Eidesstattliche Erklärung

Ich erkläre hiermit an Eides Statt, dass ich die vorliegende Arbeit selbstständig verfasst und keine anderen als die angegebenen Quellen und Hilfsmittel verwendet habe.

Statement in Lieu of an Oath

I hereby confirm that I have written this thesis on my own and that I have not used any other media or materials than the ones referred to in this thesis.

Einverständniserklärung

Ich bin damit einverstanden, dass meine (bestandene) Arbeit in beiden Versionen in die Bibliothek der Informatik aufgenommen und damit veröffentlicht wird.

Declaration of Consent

I agree to make both versions of my thesis (with a passing grade) accessible to the public by having them added to the library of the Computer Science Department.

Abstract

Stereoscopic and automultiscopic displays suffer from crosstalk. An effect which greatly reduces image quality, viewer comfort and distort the perception of depth. Previously, only a limited work has been done on understanding the relation between crosstalk and the perceived depth with respect to the nature of the stimuli. Moreover most of the previous work is carried on simple monochromatic scenes. Since the human visual system uses numerous other cues than disparity to estimate the depth of an object in a stereo scene, monochromatic scenes are poor choice for understanding the above mentioned relation. Moreover, the model for depth resolution via disparity as provided by the current literature fails to justify why and how the perceived depth is affected by the crosstalk. In this work, we improved and performed more generalized experimentation to see how the depth perception is affected by the crosstalk for different kinds of stimuli. Based on the result of these experiments, we derived a model for human visual system's resolution of depth from disparity that accurately measures the depth of a stimulus as perceived by the human in presence of cross-talk. Finally some improved algorithms for removal/compensation of crosstalk in automultiscopic are developed.

Acknowledgements

Contents

A	bstra	$\operatorname{\mathbf{ct}}$	V
A	ckno	wledgements	vii
\mathbf{C}	onter	ats .	xi
$\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{i}}$	ist of	Figures	xv
$\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{i}}$	ist of	Tables	vii
1	Intr	oduction	1
	1.1	Preliminaries	1
	1.2	Contributions of this Thesis	1
	1.3	Structure	1
	1.4	List of Commonly used abbreviations	1
2	Rel	evant Background	3
	2.1	Depth Perception	3
	2.2	Stereopsis in HVS	5
	2.3	Crosstalk	5
	2.4	Stereoscopic/Automultiscopic Screens and its cross-talk	5
		2.4.1 CRT Screens	5
		2.4.2 LCD Screens	5
		2.4.3 Anaglyph Stereo	5
		2.4.4 Active/Time Sequential Stereo	5
		2.4.5 Passive/ Space Multiplexed Stereo	5
		2.4.6 Automultiscopic Screens	5
	2.5	Crosstalk Quality Metrics	5
	2.6	Lightfields	5

xii CONTENTS

3	Rela	ated V	Vork		7
	3.1	Effects	s of Cross	stalk on Perceived Depth	8
		3.1.1	Thirsins	s's work	8
		3.1.2	Systema	atic Distortion	8
		3.1.3	Visibilit	y Threshold and Fusion Limit	8
	3.2	Migiga	ation/Cor	mpensation of Cross-talk	8
		3.2.1	Stereosc	copic Screens	8
			3.2.1.1	Subtractive Approaches	8
			3.2.1.2	Perceptual Optimization	8
			3.2.1.3	Temporal Approach	8
		3.2.2	Automu	ıltiscopic Screens	8
			3.2.2.1	Inverse Filtering	8
			3.2.2.2	Subtractive Reduction	8
			3.2.2.3	Sub-pixel Optimization	8
			3.2.2.4	Low Pass Filtering	8
4	C	4	•		0
4	4.1	tribut Crosst		m riments	9 10
	4.1	4.1.1			10
		4.1.2			10
		4.1.2	_		
		4.1.3			10
				7 I	10
			4.1.3.2 4.1.3.3		1010
			4.1.3.4		10
			4.1.3.5		10
		4.1.4			10
			4.1.4.1		10
			4.1.4.2	· -	10
			4.1.4.3		10
			4.1.4.4		10
			4.1.4.5	Results	10
		4.1.5	Conclus		10

CONTENTS	xiii

	4.2	HVS	depth from disparity Model	10
		4.2.1	Different Hypothesis and their Outcome	10
		4.2.2	Future Work	10
	4.3	Cross-	talk Mitigation	10
		4.3.1	Proposed Optimizations	10
		4.3.2	Unsharp Masking in View Domain	10
		4.3.3	Iterative Subtraction	10
5	App	plicatio	ons	11
	5.1	Depth	Adjustment for Depth Critical viewing Applications	11
	5.2	Efficie	ent Preprocessing for Crosstalkfree Images	11
6	Cor	nclusio	${f n}$	13
	6.1	Summ	nary	13
	6.2	Future	e Work	13
	6.3	Open	Questions	13
$\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{i}}$	ibliog	graphy		15
In	dex			16

List of Figures

	2.1	HVS Depth Cue	3 .																										4
--	-----	---------------	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

List of Tables

Introduction

1.1 Preliminaries

Discuss General idea behind crosstalk and why is it so bad. How it affects the depth and what current literature think about it.

1.2 Contributions of this Thesis

Experimentation, mitigation, HVS model.

test

1.3 Structure

1.4 List of Commonly used abbreviations

Relevant Background

2.1 Depth Perception

Depth perception is the ability of the Human Visual System to visualize the three dimensional world as well as measuring the distance of an object based on two dimensional images obtained from the eyes. Depth perception is imperative for performing basic everyday tasks such as avoiding obstacles without bumping into them or interacting with the world with relative ease. In animals (specially predators), it is critical to estimate the distance of a prey for an efficient attack. Depth sensation is the term used for animals as it is not known whether they sense the depth in the same way as humans do or not[3].

Human visual system uses several monocular and binocular cues to determine the depth of objects in the view. These cues can be categorized into two categories i.e. cues extracted from a single image (Monocular Cues) and cues extracted from two images (Binocular cues)[2][3]. Figure 2.1 gives an outlook of the depth cues used by the HVS. These cues are then dynamically weighted according to their robustness by the HVS in order to estimate a depth value for each object in the view [1].

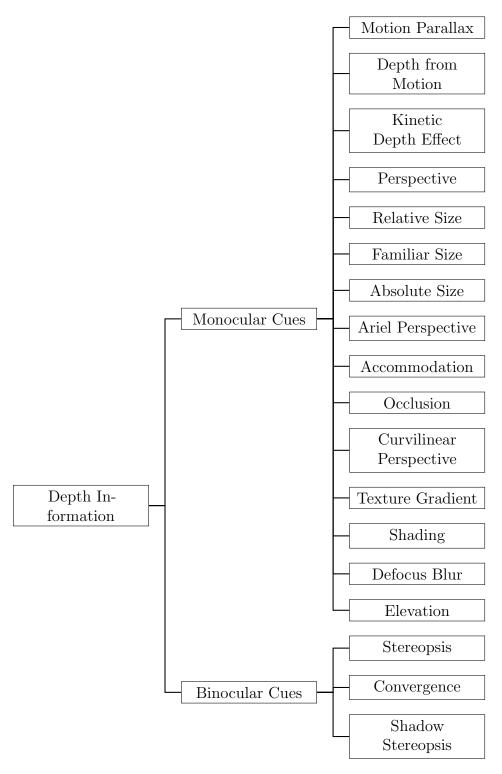


FIGURE 2.1: HVS Depth Cues

2.2 Stereopsis in HVS

2.3 Crosstalk

Definitions and Factors contributing to Crosstalk Effects on viewers 70% thing etc.

- 2.4 Stereoscopic/Automultiscopic Screens and its cross-talk
- 2.4.1 CRT Screens
- 2.4.2 LCD Screens
- 2.4.3 Anaglyph Stereo
- 2.4.4 Active/Time Sequential Stereo
- 2.4.5 Passive/ Space Multiplexed Stereo
- 2.4.6 Automultiscopic Screens
- 2.5 Crosstalk Quality Metrics
- 2.6 Lightfields

Related Work

3.1 Effects of Crosstalk on 1	Perceived	Depth
-------------------------------	-----------	-------

- 3.1.1 Thirsins's work
- 3.1.2 Systematic Distortion
- 3.1.3 Visibility Threshold and Fusion Limit
- 3.2 Migigation/Compensation of Cross-talk
- 3.2.1 Stereoscopic Screens
- 3.2.1.1 Subtractive Approaches
- 3.2.1.2 Perceptual Optimization
- 3.2.1.3 Temporal Approach
- 3.2.2 Automultiscopic Screens
- 3.2.2.1 Inverse Filtering
- 3.2.2.2 Subtractive Reduction
- 3.2.2.3 Sub-pixel Optimization
- 3.2.2.4 Low Pass Filtering

Contribution

4.1 Crosstalk Experimen	nts
-------------------------	-----

- 4.1.1 Apparatus setup
- 4.1.2 Experimentation Procedure
- 4.1.3 Stereoscopic Experimentations
- 4.1.3.1 Initial Hypothesis
- 4.1.3.2 stimuli
- 4.1.3.3 Simulation of Cross-talk
- 4.1.3.4 Experimentation procedure
- 4.1.3.5 Results
- 4.1.4 Automultiscopic Experimentations
- 4.1.4.1 Initial Hypothesis
- 4.1.4.2 stimuli
- 4.1.4.3 Simulation of Cross-talk
- 4.1.4.4 Experimentation procedure

Applications

- 5.1 Depth Adjustment for Depth Critical viewing Applications
- 5.2 Efficient Preprocessing for Crosstalkfree Images

Conclusion

- 6.1 Summary
- 6.2 Future Work
- 6.3 Open Questions

Bibliography

- [1] Landy, M. S., Maloney, L. T., Johnston, E. B., and Young, M. Measurement and modeling of depth cue combination: In defense of weak fusion. *Vision research* 35, 3 (1995), 389–412.
- [2] REICHELT, S., HÄUSSLER, R., FÜTTERER, G., AND LEISTER, N. Depth cues in human visual perception and their realization in 3d displays. In *SPIE Defense, Security, and Sensing* (2010), International Society for Optics and Photonics, pp. 76900B–76900B.
- [3] WIKIPEDIA. Depth perception wikipedia, the free encyclopedia, 2015. [Online; accessed 20-August-2015].

Index

HVS, 3