Module 25: "Repository" (with Entity Framework)





Agenda

- Introductory Example: Products and Data Access
- ▶ Background: Entity Framework and IQueryable<T>
- Challenges
- Pattern: Repository
- ▶ 1. "Simple" Repository
- 2. Repository returning IQueryable<T>
- ▶ 3. Generic Repository Interface
- 4. Generic Repository Implementation
- Overview of Repository



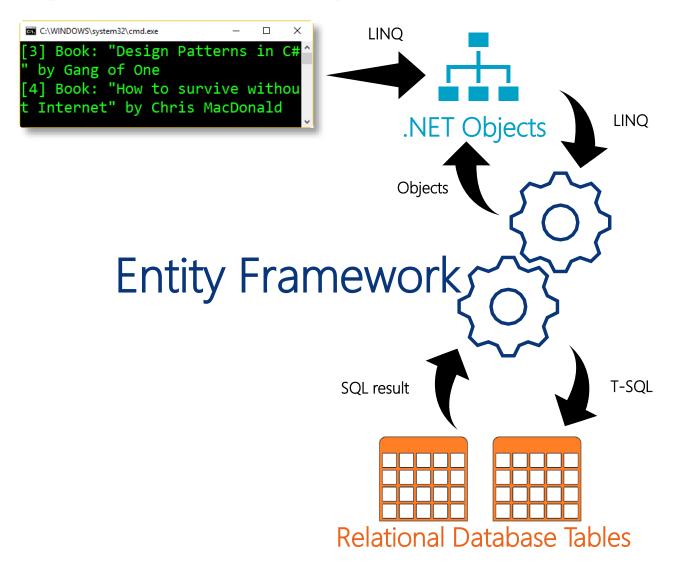
Introductory Example: Products and Data Access

```
public class Product
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public string Manufacturer { get; set; }
    public Category? Category { get; set; }
}
```

```
using (ProductsContext context = new ProductsContext())
{
   var query = context.Products.Where(p => p.Category == Category.Book);
   foreach (var product in query)
   {
       Console.WriteLine(product);
   }
}
```



Background: Entity Framework





Challenges

- How do we separate
 - Business logic
 - Data access logic?
- ▶ How can we make the business logic testable?
- What if we decide to employ another data source?



Pattern: Repository

 Mediates between the domain and data mapping layers using a collection-like interface for accessing domain objects

- Outline
 - Encapsulate data access
 - Separate the actual data source from business logic code
 - Ensure testability and maintainability of data-driven code
- Origin:
 - Martin Fowler (2003)
 - Eric Evans (2004)



1. "Simple" Repository

- Implement a specialized repository for each business object or entity
- Disregard any methods not used..! (YAGNI)

```
interface IProductRepository
{
    Product GetById( int id );
    IEnumerable<Product> GetAll();
    IEnumerable<Product> GetAllBooks();
    //void Add( Product product );
    //void Remove( Product product );
}
```

- ▶ Can implement interface for other data sources, e.g. unit tests
- But... What about GetAllNintendoProducts()?



Background: **IQueryable<T>**

Remember the Expression class?

```
public interface IQueryable : IEnumerable
{
    Type ElementType { get; }
    Expression Expression { get; }
    IQueryProvider Provider { get; }
}
```

```
public interface IQueryable<out T>
   : IEnumerable<T>, IEnumerable, IQueryable
{
}
```

• IQueryable<T> represents an "unevaluated" IEnumerable<T>



2. Repository returning **IQueryable<T>**

- Incredibly flexible and elegant
- Can efficiently be further queried...!

```
interface IProductRepository
{
    Product GetById( int id );
    IQueryable<Product> GetAll();
    IQueryable<Product> GetAll( Expression<Func<Product, bool>> filter );
    void Add( Product product );
    void Remove( Product product );
}
```

- ▶ In-memory implementations can use AsQueryable() extension
- <u>Beware</u>: Data access logic might drift into business logic



3. Generic Repository Interface

- Abstract element type to be any entity with an Id property
- ▶ Ensures a high degree of consistency and reusability

```
interface IRepository<T> where T : IEntity
{
    T GetById( int id );
    IQueryable<T> GetAll();
    IQueryable<T> GetAll( Expression<Func<T, bool>> filter );
    void Add( T product );
    void Remove( T product );
}

interface IEntity
{
    int Id { get; }
}
```

▶ IProductRepository can add Product-specific methods



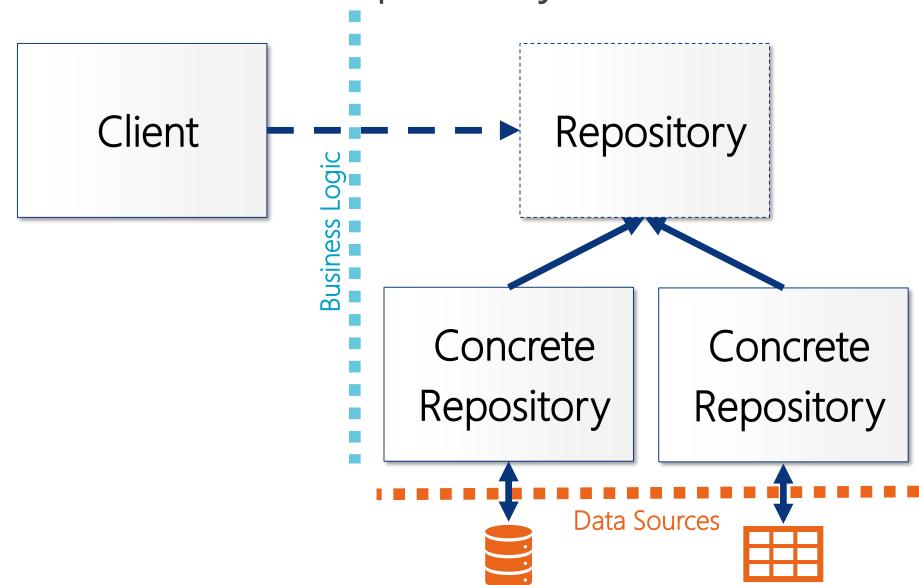
4 .Generic Repository Implementation

▶ IRepository<T> can be implemented generically for EF-contexts

```
class Repository<T> : IRepository<T> where T : class, IEntity
   private readonly DbContext context;
    public Repository( DbContext context ) {  context = context; }
    public T GetById( int id )
        => context.Set<T>().Single(p => p.Id == id);
    public IQueryable<T> GetAll( Expression<Func<T, bool>> filter )
        => context.Set<T>().Where(filter);
```



Overview of Repository Pattern





Overview of Repository Pattern

- Client
 - Queries and updates data through the Repository Interface
 - Only know the general Repository interface
- Repository
 - Interface or base class exposing data access logic in a persistence-independent description
- Concrete Repository
 - Concrete repository class implementing Repository interface
 - Implements persistence-dependent data access code for a specific concrete data source



Discussion

- Simple Repository
 - Implement a specialized repository for each business object
 - Disregard any methods not used! (YAGNI)
- ▶ IQueryable-based Repository
 - Flexible and efficient
 - Beware: Data access logic might drift into business logic
- Generic interfaces and implementation
 - High degree of consistency and reusability
- Note:
 - Can of course do generic interfaces and implementations based on IEnumerable<T> (and not IQueryable<T>), if preferred
- Unit of Work pattern for more complex situations





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