General imports

```
In []: 1 %matplotlib inline
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4 from PIL import Image
5 import numpy as np
6 import cv2
7 from skimage.metrics import mean_squared_error as mse
8 from skimage.metrics import structural_similarity as ssir
9 from scipy.signal import convolve2d as conv2
```

Auxiliary functions

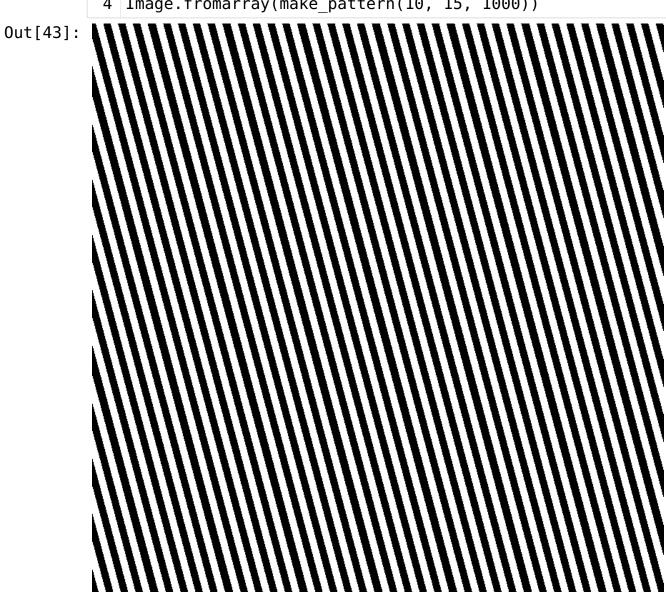
```
In [ ]:
            def render images(images):
                """Renders images
         2
         3
         4
                Args:
         5
                    images: dictionary with images
         6
         7
                # TODO: Develop function to render images. Make sure
         8
         9
                for img name, imgs in images.items():
        10
                     # plt.figure()
        11
                     plt.imshow(imgs)
        12
                     plt.title(img name)
        13
                     plt.show()
        14
        15
                pass
```

```
def load images(names, render=True):
In [ ]:
          1
          2
                 """Loads images from files and renders them, if neces
          3
          4
          5
                      names: list of image files to load
          6
                      render: flag that defines if image should be rendered
          7
          8
                 Returns:
          9
                      Dictionary with loaded images
         10
         11
         12
                 # TODO: Develop function to load images from files
                 img dic = {}
         13
         14
         15
                 for names list in names:
                      img read = Image.open(names list)
         16
                      img_read = img_read.convert('1')
img_dic[names_list] = img_read
         17
         18
         19
                 images = render images(img dic)
         20
         21
         22
                 return images
```

1 Fourier filtering

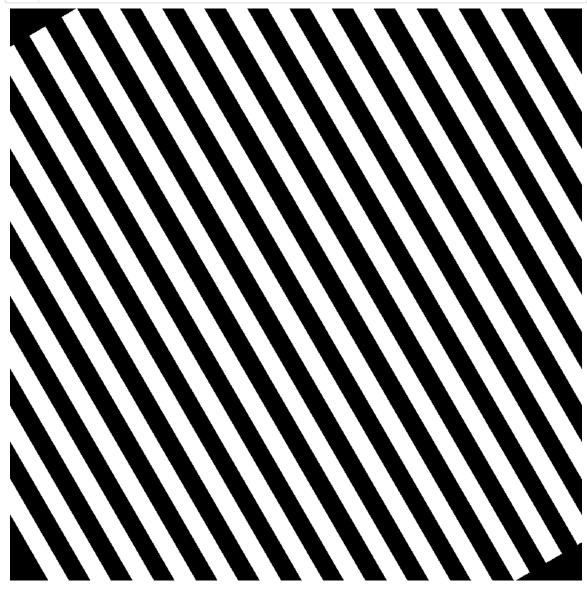
1.1 Preparation of dataset

```
In [ ]:
            def make pattern(dx, theta, shape):
                 """Generates image with periodic structure (`stripes
          2
          3
          4
                 Args:
          5
                     dx: stripe thickness
          6
                     theta: angle between stripes and x-axis
          7
                      shape: shape of resulting image
          8
          9
                 Returns:
         10
                     Image with required pattern as numpy array
         11
         12
         13
                 # TODO: Develop function to generate image with requi
         14
         15
                 # Generate empty matrix & line strips
         16
                 gen mat = np.zeros((shape, shape), np.uint8)
                 \overline{\text{lines}} = \text{np.linspace}(0, \text{shape}, \text{shape}//\text{dx}, \text{dtype=int})
         17
         18
                 for i in range(0, len(lines)-1, 2):
         19
         20
                     gen mat[:, lines[i]:lines[i+1]] = 255
         21
         22
                 pad = 200
         23
                 img = np.pad(gen mat, 100, mode='constant')
         24
                 img = np.array(Image.fromarray(img).rotate(theta))
         25
                 image = img[pad:-pad, pad:-pad]
         26
         27
                 return image
```

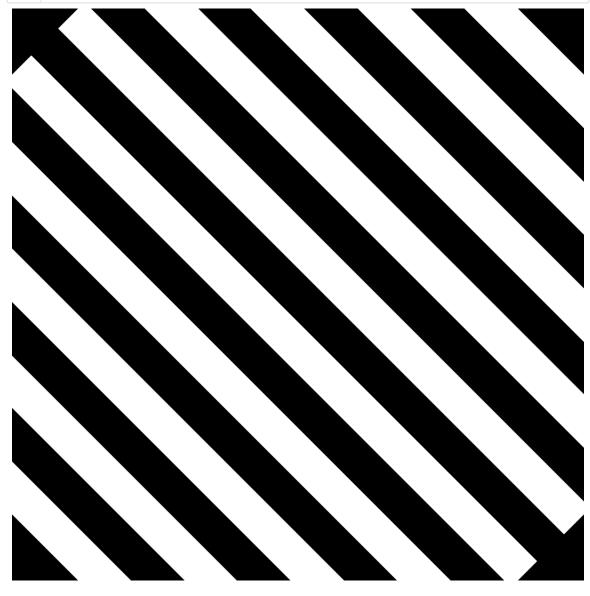


In []: 1 # 2nd
2 Image.fromarray(make_pattern(25, 30, 1000))

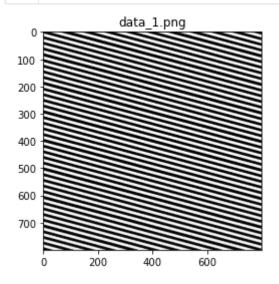
Out[44]:

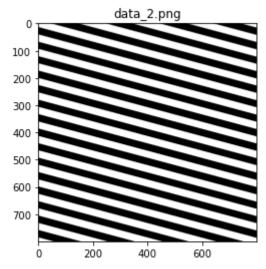


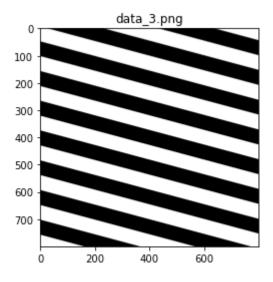
Out[45]:



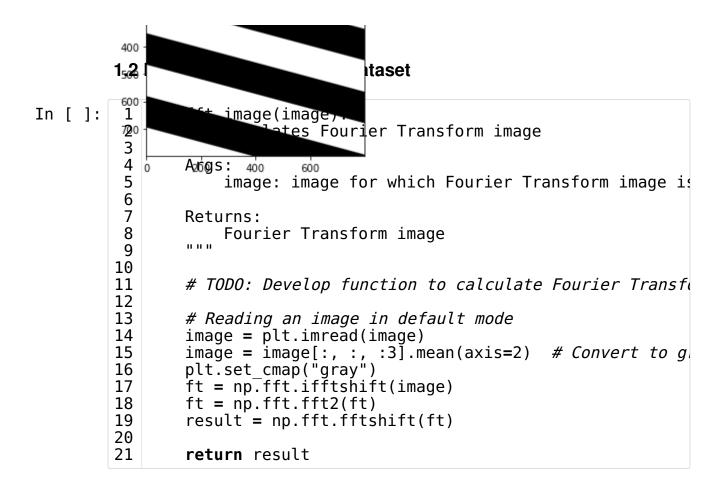
```
In [ ]:
          1 # 4th
          2 Image.fromarray(make pattern(100, 90, 1000))
Out[46]:
```











```
2 # Total: 4 Fourier Transform images
 3
 4 print(fft image('data/DSC 0229.JPG'))
 5 Image.open('data/DSC 0229.JPG')
[[-128139.33333333+2.27373675e-12j -6520.90476455+9.68318
055e+03i
    11850.95072477-3.16730217e+03j ... -12728.59548276-1.8
8877828e+03i
    11850.95072477+3.16730217e+03j -6520.90476455-9.68318
055e+03j]
[ -3064.87126203+3.62661958e+04j -3954.48010303-4.55682
057e+02j
    -7097.32670549-6.95142314e+03j ... -641.38633336+1.2
3469000e+04j
    -1428.75885317-1.31614898e+04j -15184.29840222+1.50421
411e+03j]
    8957.43627179-3.19055488e+03j -6796.82846489-1.05410
870e+02i
    -5235.34866509+5.76569141e+03j ...
                                         6071.37435483-3.6
5384614e+02j
   -12231.15865671-8.62153406e+02j -6309.99297768+1.10903
912e+04il
 [ -4734.01424578+5.83612563e+03j 6345.75265536-4.72080
393e+03j
     206.46375169-1.16310776e+04j ... -477.9882519 +1.1
1448012e+03j
    5849.97799613-7.59236619e+03j -489.51648344-8.21689
597e+03il
    8957.43627179+3.19055488e+03j -6309.99297768-1.10903
912e+04i
  -12231.15865671+8.62153406e+02j ...
                                         7841.55443192+6.3
0544649e+03i
    -5235.34866509-5.76569141e+03j -6796.82846489+1.05410
870e+02il
[ -3064.87126203-3.62661958e+04j -15184.29840222-1.50421
411e+03i
    -1428.75885317+1.31614898e+04j ... 5977.73505648-1.1
8209233e+04i
    -7097.32670549+6.95142314e+03j -3954.48010303+4.55682
057e+02j]]
```

In []: 1 # TODO: Calculate Fourier Transform image of captured pho







```
In [ ]: 1 print(fft image('data/DSC 0230.JPG'))
         2 Image.open('data/DSC 0230.JPG')
        [[-113922.66666667-3.86535248e-12j -4464.50466498+6.81584
        827e+03j
            10326.36309279-3.40199623e+03j ... -13940.72541512-3.7
        5443489e+03i
            10326.36309279+3.40199623e+03j -4464.50466498-6.81584
        827e+03il
        -8529.3850613 +3.32714908e+04j -1733.43538408+3.14310
        530e+03i
            -5594.26229391-5.46360023e+03j ... -2735.78432696+1.1
        8693194e+04j
            2009.49327538-1.37923007e+04j -15383.50770135-2.04412
        305e+03il
            7700.06505983+2.64833445e+03j -5359.09309315+7.42890
        770e+03i
            -2300.13854149+8.65915463e+03j ...
                                                 6464.15543025+1.5
        0789704e+03j
          -13281.16238174-1.15608319e+03j -6227.17269346+7.65842
        953e+03il
         [ -1017.76786755+9.16064986e+02j 4211.02351091-5.22870
        501e+03i
            -1814.76979744-1.37869245e+04j ...
                                                  309.23114891-1.9
        9402239e+03i
             5352.96346108-6.50219649e+03j 4228.07367833-1.01771
        745e+04il
        [ 7700.06505983-2.64833445e+03j -6227.17269346-7.65842
        953e+03i
           -13281.16238174+1.15608319e+03j ... 5764.23116356-2.9
        5217711e+03j
            -2300.13854149-8.65915463e+03j -5359.09309315-7.42890
        770e+03jl
        [ -8529.3850613 -3.32714908e+04j -15383.50770135+2.04412
        305e+03j
            2009.49327538+1.37923007e+04j ... -151.68610828-1.2
        1297159e+04i
            -5594.26229391+5.46360023e+03j -1733.43538408-3.14310
        530e+03ill
```

Out[84]:



```
In [ ]:
         1 print(fft image('data/DSC 0231.JPG'))
         2 Image.open('data/DSC 0231.JPG')
        [[-1.21246000e+05-6.59383659e-12j -9.80330307e+03+5.9250523
        9e+03i
           7.55165695e+03+7.83728035e+02j ... -1.49151082e+04-4.754
        83945e+03i
           7.55165695e+03-7.83728035e+02j -9.80330307e+03-5.9250523
        9e+03j]
         [-8.37901307e+03+3.05619213e+04j -1.12151406e+04+5.0086170
        4e+03i
          -6.54351041e+03-6.97573470e+03j ... -8.31262865e+01+2.912
        60664e+03j
          -2.85074701e+03-1.24424880e+04j -1.61614444e+04+1.6816180
        7e+03il
         [-1.23700731e+03+9.62551376e+01j -7.18244119e+03+1.0467811
        4e+04i
          -8.11477273e+03+9.88357024e+03j ... 1.13645746e+03-9.514
        22917e+03j
          -6.05531501e+03-2.69834331e+03j -8.72567383e+03+7.0830454
        0e+03j]
         [-1.01209470e+04-8.12228064e+03j 3.08606693e+03-2.3575531
        5e+03i
          -1.96857114e+03+3.08480041e+03j ... -3.37206124e+03-3.688
        15827e+03i
           7.17291047e+03-4.15318044e+03j 1.73043442e+03-7.3843444
        6e+03j1
         [-1.23700731e+03-9.62551376e+01j -8.72567383e+03-7.0830454
        0e+03j
          -6.05531501e+03+2.69834331e+03j ... 4.41001694e+03+4.277
        39302e+03j
          -8.11477273e+03-9.88357024e+03j -7.18244119e+03-1.0467811
        4e+04il
         [-8.37901307e+03-3.05619213e+04j -1.61614444e+04-1.6816180
        7e+03j
          -2.85074701e+03+1.24424880e+04j ... 5.73433987e+03-1.303
        89729e+04j
          -6.54351041e+03+6.97573470e+03j -1.12151406e+04-5.0086170
```

Out[85]:

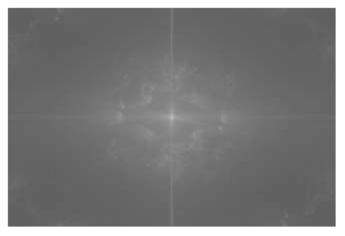


```
In [ ]: 1 print(fft image('data/DSC 0232.JPG'))
         2 | Image.open('data/DSC 0232.JPG')
        [[-135829.66666667-6.36646291e-12j -10197.14748988+8.35865
        054e+03i
              766.23890052-5.58874596e+02j ... -15411.85107728+1.3
        6177740e+03i
              766.23890052+5.58874596e+02j -10197.14748988-8.35865
        054e+03j]
        [ -14703.80577212+2.72753011e+04j -12883.49083657+3.53506
        258e+03i
            -7381.6564382 -3.81779654e+03j ... -6843.21618054+1.8
        2368801e+04j
            -8373.93509599-8.51082795e+03j -19041.68404944-3.90389
        440e+03il
         [ -3945.67071819-3.21152838e+03j -10007.58858312+9.81525
        468e+03j
            -6628.85685425+7.51146477e+03j ...
                                                 6523.61362586+8.6
        3506767e+03j
           -11985.43450268+2.29547133e+03j -15718.16177855+1.36399
        643e+04il
         [ -11949.75542457+8.34790189e+02j -8689.98555663-5.59177
        573e+03i
            -4635.42682061-1.20825017e+04j ...
                                                  780.24120704-4.1
        7277965e+03i
             3941.61204104-8.04741095e+03j 4394.53052215-7.59116
        734e+03j1
        [ -3945.67071819+3.21152838e+03j -15718.16177855-1.36399
        643e+04i
           -11985.43450268-2.29547133e+03j ...
                                                 5445.74073496+3.4
        5798787e+03i
            -6628.85685425-7.51146477e+03j -10007.58858312-9.81525
        468e+03il
         [ -14703.80577212-2.72753011e+04j -19041.68404944+3.90389
        440e+03j
            -8373.93509599+8.51082795e+03j ... 989.15190382-1.1
        3064032e+04i
            -7381.6564382 +3.81779654e+03j -12883.49083656-3.53506
```

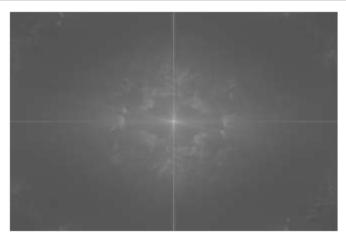
Out[86]:



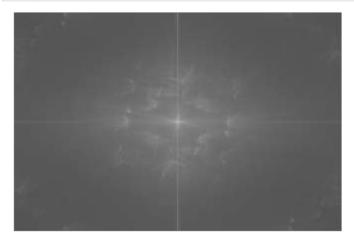
```
In []: # TODO: Display Fourier Transform image of captured photo
2 # Total: 4 images
3 ft = fft_image('data/DSC_0229.JPG')
4 plt.imshow(np.log(abs(ft)))
5 plt.axis("off")
6 plt.show()
```



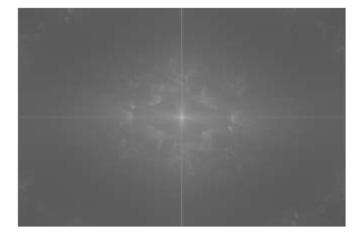
```
In [ ]: 1 ft = fft_image('data/DSC_0230.JPG')
2 plt.imshow(np.log(abs(ft)))
3 plt.axis("off")
4 plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: 1 ft = fft_image('data/DSC_0231.JPG')
2 plt.imshow(np.log(abs(ft)))
3 plt.axis("off")
4 plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: 1 ft = fft_image('data/DSC_0232.JPG')
2 plt.imshow(np.log(abs(ft)))
3 plt.axis("off")
4 plt.show()
```

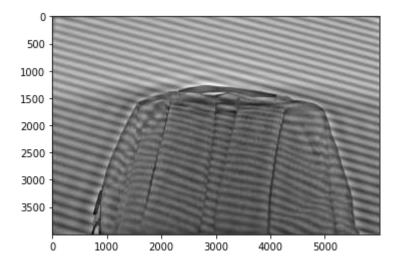


In $[\]:\ 1$ # Differenct delta x and theta leads to the different br.

T0D0 : Qualitatively describe your observations of the changes to the Fourier spectrum as a function of Δx and θ

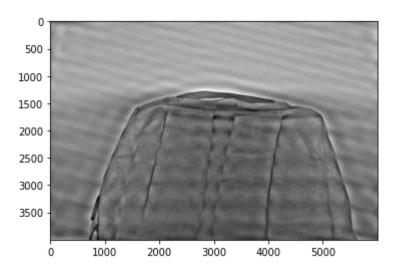
```
In [ ]:
             def fouirer filter(source):
                  """Filters image to get rid of `striped` illumination
           2
          3
           4
                  Args:
           5
                       source: original image with hardware overlayed `s
           6
                       theta: angle between stripes and x-axis
           7
                       shape: shape of resulting image
           8
           9
                  Returns:
          10
                       Filtered image
          11
         12
         13
                  # TODO: Develop function to filter image
         14
                  image = plt.imread(source)
                  image = image[:, :, :3].mean(axis=2)
plt.set_cmap("gray")
         15
         16
         17
                  ft = np.fft.fft2(image)
         18
                  fft = np.fft.fftshift(ft)
         19
         20
                  # Try to change this!!!
         21
                  pad = 16
         22
         23
                  x cut = fft.shape[0]//2 - pad, fft.shape[0]//2 + pad
                  y cut = fft.shape[1]//2 - pad, fft.shape[1]//2
         24
         25
                  \overline{chunk} = fft[x cut[0]:x cut[1], y cut[0]:y cut[1]]
         26
         27
                  fft[x cut[0]:x cut[1], y cut[0]:y cut[1]] = 0
         28
                  x_{cut} = fft.shape[0]//2 - pad, fft.shape[0]//2 + pad 
y_cut = fft.shape[1]//2+2, fft.shape[1]//2 + pad
         29
         30
                  \overline{\mathsf{chunk}} = \mathsf{fft}[\mathsf{x\_cut}[0]:\mathsf{x\_cut}[1], \mathsf{y\_cut}[0]:\mathsf{y\_cut}[1]]
         31
         32
                  fft[x cut[0]:x cut[1], y cut[0]:y cut[1]] = 0
          33
         34
                  fourier = np.fft.ifft2(np.fft.ifftshift(fft))
         35
                  image = np.real(fourier)
         36
          37
                  return image
```

Out[3]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f7ddbfe8a90>



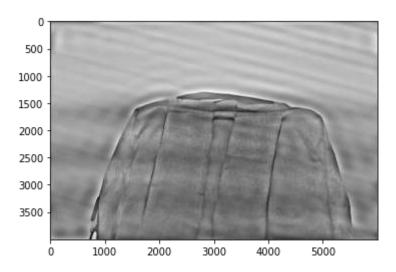
In []: 1 remove_2 = fouirer_filter('DSC_0230.JPG')
2 plt.imshow(remove_2, cmap = 'gray')

Out[4]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f7ddb2a5710>



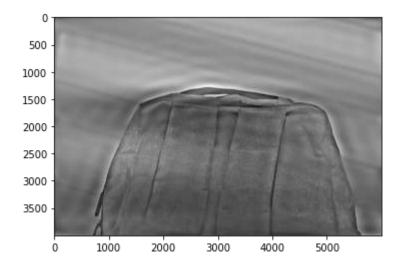
In []: 1 remove_3 = fouirer_filter('DSC_0231.JPG')
2 plt.imshow(remove_3, cmap = 'gray')

Out[5]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f7ddb2254d0>



In []: 1 remove_4 = fouirer_filter('DSC_0232.JPG')
2 plt.imshow(remove_4, cmap = 'gray')

Out[6]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f7ddb1a0190>

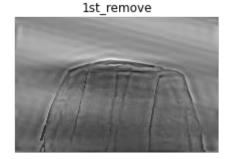


```
In [ ]:
          1 # TODO: Compare filtered images to thier originals using
           2 # Total: 4 comparisons
           3
           4 ref 1 = plt.imread('DSC 0229.JPG')
           5
             ref 1 = ref 1[:, :, :3].mean(axis=2)
           7
              ref 2 = plt.imread('DSC 0230.JPG')
           8
              ref 2 = ref 2[:, :, :3].mean(axis=2)
           9
          10 ref 3 = plt.imread('DSC 0231.JPG')
          11 | ref 3 = ref 3[:, :, :3].mean(axis=2)
         12
          13 ref 4 = plt.imread('DSC 0232.JPG')
         14 ref 4 = ref 4[:, :, :3].mean(axis=2)
          15
          16 \mid ssim 1 = ssim(ref 1, remove 1)
          17
             ssim 2 = ssim(ref 2, remove 2)
         18 ssim<sup>3</sup> = ssim(ref<sup>3</sup>, remove<sup>3</sup>)
          19
             ssim 4 = ssim(ref 4, remove 4)
         20
             print('{0:<8}({1:<12}| {2:<12}): {3:.8f}'.format('SSIM'
print('{0:<8}({1:<12}| {2:<12}): {3:.8f}'.format('SSIM'
print('{0:<8}({1:<12}| {2:<12}): {3:.8f}'.format('SSIM'</pre>
         21 print('{0:<8}({1:<12}|
         22
         23
          24 print('{0:<8}({1:<12}| {2:<12}): {3:.8f}'.format('SSIM',
                                                    ): 0.94804709
         SSIM
                   (Original 1
                                     Filtered 1
         SSIM
                   (Original 2
                                     Filtered 2
                                                    ): 0.71529326
                   (Original 3
                                     Filtered 3
         SSIM
                                                    ): 0.81875488
         SSIM
                   (Original 4
                                   | Filtered 4
                                                    ): 0.86953612
```

TODO: Qualitatively describe your observations and suggest a concept to eliminate the artifacts in the filtered images.

Ans: I found that the method that I use (remove only the center of FT) is not good enough. It would be great if can apply other removal function (e.g. sine) or remove other part of FT because the source code pattern has other parameter (e.g. theta). The result should be better but loose sharpness.

Out[30]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'recovered from Image J')





2 Bokeh deconvolution

2.1 Image recovery from software-originated Bokeh effect

Out[15]:



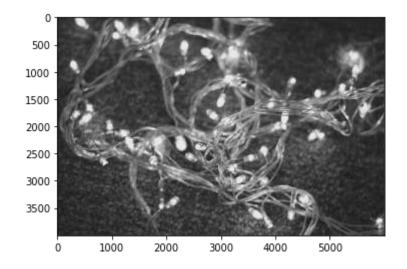
```
In [42]: 1 2 3 4
               def make_synthetic_psf(shape):
                    """Generates synthetic PSF of specified shape
                    Args:
            5
6
7
8
                         shape: shape of synthetic PSF
                         Synthetic PSF as numpy array
            9
           10
           11
                    # TODO: Place code for synthetic PSF generation into
                    psf = np.array([[0, 0, 1, 0, 0], [0, 1, 1, 1, 0],
           12
           13
                                         [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],

[0, 1, 1, 1, 0],

[0, 0, 1, 0, 0]], dtype="float64")/
           14
           15
           16
           17
           18
                     return psf
```

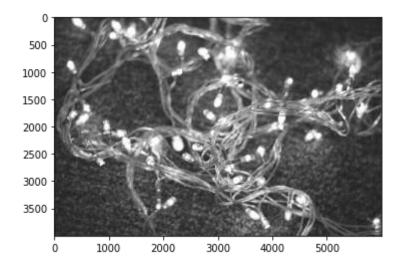
```
In [43]:
           1 # TODO: Calculate convolution of original photo of decord
              # TODO: Bokeh effect should be perceptible
           3
              # Total: 1 image
            4
           5
              from skimage import restoration
              bokeh_1 = Image.open("DSC_0421.JPG")
bokeh = bokeh_1.convert('1')
           8
           9
              psf = make synthetic psf(200)
              convo = conv2(bokeh, psf, 'same')
          10
          11
          rng = np.random.default_rng()
convo += 0.1 * convo.std() * rng.standard_normal(convo.st)
          14
          15 plt.imshow(convo, cmap = 'gray')
```

Out[43]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f7dc3dd1c90>

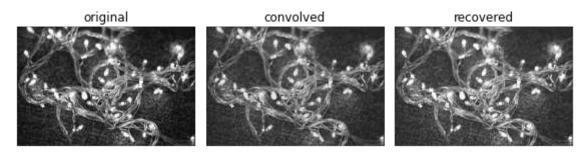


In [44]: 1 # TODO: Recover the original image from the convolved image
2 # Total: 1 image
3
4 deconvolved, _ = restoration.unsupervised_wiener(convo, plt.imshow(deconvolved)

Out[44]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f7dc3dc9690>



```
# TODO: Display the original image, the convolved Bokeh
In [45]:
          2
            # Total: a row of 3 images
          3
          4
            fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=3, figsize=(8, 5),
          5
            plt.gray()
          7
            orig = Image.open("DSC 0421.JPG")
          9
            orig = orig.convert('1")
         10
         11 | ax[0].imshow(orig)
         12
            ax[0].axis('off')
            ax[0].set title('original')
         13
         14
         15
            ax[1].imshow(convo, cmap = 'gray')
         16
            ax[1].axis('off')
         17
            ax[1].set title('convolved')
         18
         19 ax[2].imshow(deconvolved)
         20
            ax[2].axis('off')
         21 ax[2].set_title('recovered')
         22
         23 fig.tight layout()
         24
         25 plt.show()
```



TODO: Describe what the custom shape of the PSF did to the original image and what are the differences in the recovered and the original photos

Ans: The custom shape of psf is rhombus and when we apply to the original image, the picture is brightened. The difference between recovered and original images is sharpness. Recovered image leads to the loss in sharpness.

2.2 Image recovery from hardware-originated Bokeh effect

In []: 1 # TODO: Load and render the captured photo of decoration
2 # Total: 1 image
3 Image.open('DSC_0422.JPG')

Out[17]:



```
def recover_from_hw_Bokeh(image, psf):
In [ ]:
                """Recovers clean image from image with hardware-orig
         2
3
4
                Args:
         5
                    image: image with Bokeh-effect
                    psf: PSF of known shape (may required scaling or
         7
         8
                Returns:
         9
                    Clean image
        10
        11
        12
                # TODO: Place code for recovery of the clean image o
        13
        14
                return recovered image
        15
        16
            #### Using imageJ ####
```

I find FT and select only the white circle inside rhombus. The result will be shown in the next cell (loss sharpness).

```
In [29]:
          1 # TODO: Display the clean image side-by-side with original
           2 # Total: a row of 2 images
           fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=2, figsize=(8, 5),
           5
             plt.gray()
             bok_rec_ref = Image.open("DSC_0422.JPG")
           7
             bok rec ref = bok rec ref.convert('1')
           9
          10 bok rec rec = Image.open("recovered 1.png")
          11 bok rec rec = bok rec rec.convert('\overline{1}')
          12
          13
          14 ax[0].imshow(bok_rec_ref)
15 ax[0].axis('off')
          16 | ax[0].set title('original')
          17
          18 ax[1].imshow(bok_rec_rec)
19 ax[1].axis('off')
          20 ax[1].set title('recovered')
```

Out[29]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'recovered')

