

Introduction of ITR HW2

The goal of this assignment is to simulate how students can be assigned to courses based on some predefined conditions.

You will need to select or design data structures and algorithms based on everything you learned in this class to provide an optimal solution.



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Data Structure and Algorithm

I implement ArrayList to store the data of the students.

The reason is that the size of ArrayList is easy to resize.

Also, the sort() method in ArrayList helps me sort easily. I just need to implement and rewrite the methods.

```
private static Course[] simulate(Student[] students, Course[] courses) {  
    ArrayList<Student> sortList = new ArrayList<>(); //ArrayList for students with preference to sort  
    ArrayList<Student> blankList = new ArrayList<>(); //ArrayList for students with no preference  
  
    for(Student student : students){ //for loop go through students' data  
        if(student.preference.length==0) { //if student doesn't have any preference  
            blankList.add(student); //add into blankList  
            continue; //continue the loop looking for next one  
        }else{  
            sortList.add(student); //otherwise we add students with preference into sortList  
        }  
    }  
}
```




Data Structure and Algorithm

As for the algorithm,

by overriding the compare method of sort(), I can manipulate the function to compare according to the requirements.

```
Collections.sort(sortList, new Comparator<Student>(){
    public int compare(Student s1, Student s2)
    { // We sort the sortlist depends on two conditions,
      //if the years are the same then we compare student id (AESC order)
      if(Integer.compare(s2.year, s1.year) == 0) return Integer.compare(s1.id, s2.id);
      else return Integer.compare(s2.year, s1.year); //else we compare thier years(DESC order)
    }
}); Time complexity approximately :  $O(n \log n)$ 
Collections.sort(blankList, new Comparator<Student>(){
    public int compare(Student s1, Student s2)
    { // We sort the blankList depends on two conditions,
      //if the years are the same then we compare student id (AESC order)
      if(Integer.compare(s2.year, s1.year) == 0) return Integer.compare(s1.id, s2.id);
      else return Integer.compare(s2.year, s1.year); //else we compare thier years(DESC)
    }
});

sortList.addAll(blankList); //Finally, We concatenate two sorted arraylists
//which students with no preferences stay at the end of the arrayList
```



How it works ?...

1. Check whether students have preferences for the courses or not.
2. We separate them into two ArrayLists, one with preferences, and the other doesn't.
3. Sort two ArrayList independently, then we concatenate them together as a new ArrayList.
4. Loop through the sorted ArrayList and check each student's preferences once at a time.
5. If the first-preferred course is available, we add that student into the course candidates. Then we record the action which takes 1 candidate spot for the course.
6. If not, we check the student's next-preferred course and reassess there is still available spot. Add if there exists otherwise continue looking.
7. Repeat 5. and 6. for the rest of the students with preferences.
8. Finally, those with no preferences, we loop through the courses to find the rest of the spots for students to add.