COVID_19 data analysis

May 7, 2025

```
[1]: # Data Loading & Exploration
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     # Load the dataset
     df = pd.read_csv("owid-covid-data.csv")
     # Filter for Kenya, India, and USA
     countries = ["Kenya", "India", "United States"]
     df = df[df["location"].isin(countries)]
[2]: # looking at the data
     print("Columns Available:\n", df.columns.tolist())
     print("\nFirst 5 Rows:")
     df.head()
    Columns Available:
     ['iso_code', 'continent', 'location', 'date', 'total_cases', 'new_cases',
    'new_cases_smoothed', 'total_deaths', 'new_deaths', 'new_deaths_smoothed',
    'total_cases_per_million', 'new_cases_per_million',
    'new_cases_smoothed_per_million', 'total_deaths_per_million',
    'new_deaths_per_million', 'new_deaths_smoothed_per_million',
    'reproduction_rate', 'icu_patients', 'icu_patients_per_million',
    'hosp_patients', 'hosp_patients_per_million', 'weekly_icu_admissions',
    'weekly_icu_admissions_per_million', 'weekly_hosp_admissions',
    'weekly_hosp_admissions_per_million', 'total_tests', 'new_tests',
    'total_tests_per_thousand', 'new_tests_per_thousand', 'new_tests_smoothed',
    'new_tests_smoothed_per_thousand', 'positive_rate', 'tests_per_case',
    'tests_units', 'total_vaccinations', 'people_vaccinated',
    'people_fully_vaccinated', 'total_boosters', 'new_vaccinations',
    'new_vaccinations_smoothed', 'total_vaccinations_per_hundred',
    'people_vaccinated_per_hundred', 'people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred',
    'total_boosters_per_hundred', 'new_vaccinations_smoothed_per_million',
    'new_people_vaccinated_smoothed', 'new_people_vaccinated_smoothed_per_hundred',
    'stringency_index', 'population_density', 'median_age', 'aged_65_older',
    'aged 70_older', 'gdp_per_capita', 'extreme poverty', 'cardiovasc_death_rate',
    'diabetes_prevalence', 'female_smokers', 'male_smokers',
```

First 5 Rows:

[2]:	iso code o	continent 1	ocation		date	total_	cases	new_cases	s \		
120683		Asia	India	2020-0		_	NaN	0.0			
120684		Asia	India	2020-0			NaN	0.0			
12068	5 IND	Asia	India	2020-0	01-05		NaN	0.0)		
120686	5 IND	Asia	India	2020-01-06			NaN	0.0)		
12068	7 IND	Asia	India	2020-01-07			NaN	0.0)		
		s_smoothed									
120683		NaN		NaN		0.0			NaN		
120684		NaN		NaN		0.0	NaN				
12068		NaN	NaN				NaN				
120686		NaN		NaN 0.0				NaN			
12068	7	NaN		NaN		0.0			NaN		
	-	, ,		c ·-		, .		1 .1		. \	
10000	-		andwashin	g_racı.		nospı	tal_be	ds_per_th			
120683		20.6			59.55				0.5		
120684		20.6	59.55 0.53								
12068		20.6	59.55 0.53								
120686		20.6	59.55 0.53								
12068		20.6			59.55				0.5	3	
	life_expectancy human_development_index population \										
12068	_ •	69.66		_ o p o	0.645	-	7173e+				
120684		69.66			0.645		7173e+				
12068		69.66			0.645		7173e+				
120686		69.66			0.645		7173e+				
12068		69.66			0.645		7173e+				
	excess_mortality_cumulative_absolute excess_mortality_cumulative \										
120683	3			I	NaN				NaN		
12068	1			1	NaN				NaN		
12068	5		NaN								
120686	3		NaN					NaN			
12068	7		NaN NaN								
	excess_m	ortality e	excess_mortality_cumulative_per_million								
12068	3	NaN						NaN			
12068	1	NaN	NaN								
12068	5	NaN						NaN			
120686	3	NaN	NaN								

^{&#}x27;handwashing_facilities', 'hospital_beds_per_thousand', 'life_expectancy',

^{&#}x27;human_development_index', 'population', 'excess_mortality_cumulative_absolute',

^{&#}x27;excess_mortality_cumulative', 'excess_mortality',

^{&#}x27;excess_mortality_cumulative_per_million']

120687 NaN NaN

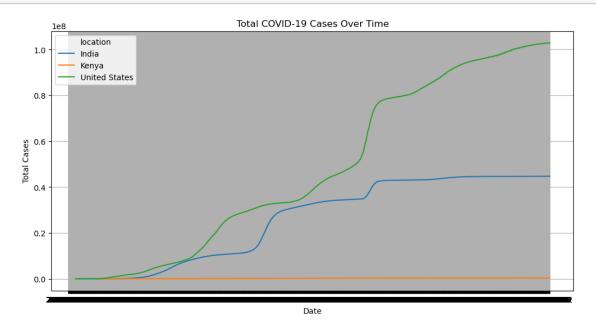
[5 rows x 67 columns]

plt.ylabel("Total Cases")

plt.grid(True)

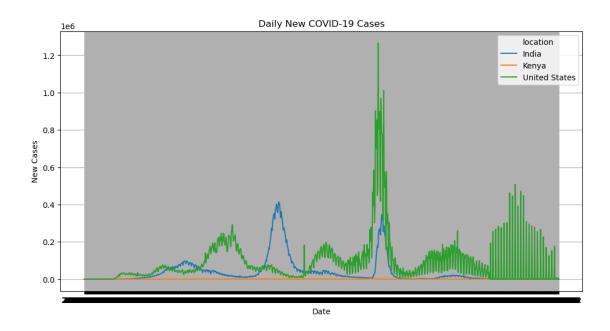
```
[3]: # checking missing values
     print("Missing Values per Column:")
     df.isnull().sum()
    Missing Values per Column:
[3]: iso_code
                                                   0
    continent
                                                   0
    location
                                                   0
                                                   0
     date
    total_cases
                                                 115
                                                   0
    population
     excess_mortality_cumulative_absolute
                                                3425
     excess_mortality_cumulative
                                                3425
     excess_mortality
                                                3425
     excess_mortality_cumulative_per_million
                                                3425
    Length: 67, dtype: int64
[]: # Data Cleaning
     # Convert date to datetime
     df["date"] = pd.to_datetime(df["date"])
     # Fill missing cases/deaths with 0 (assume no cases reported)
     df["new_cases"] = df["new_cases"].fillna(0)
     df["new_deaths"] = df["new_deaths"].fillna(0)
     # Forward-fill total cases & deaths (carry last known value)
     df["total cases"] = df.groupby("location")["total cases"].ffill()
     df["total_deaths"] = df.groupby("location")["total_deaths"].ffill()
     # Drop rows where critical data is missing
     df = df.dropna(subset=["total_cases", "total_deaths"])
[4]: # Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
     # Total Cases Over Time
     plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
     sns.lineplot(data=df, x="date", y="total_cases", hue="location")
     plt.title("Total COVID-19 Cases Over Time")
     plt.xlabel("Date")
```

plt.show()



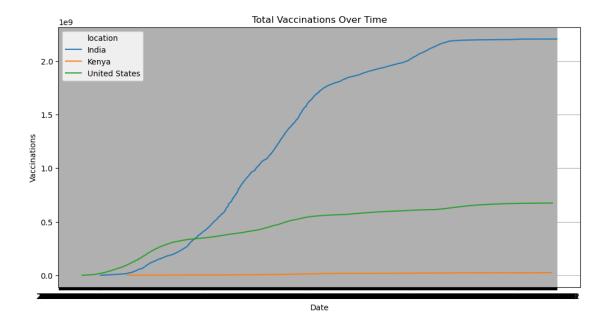
```
[5]: # Daily New Cases Comparison

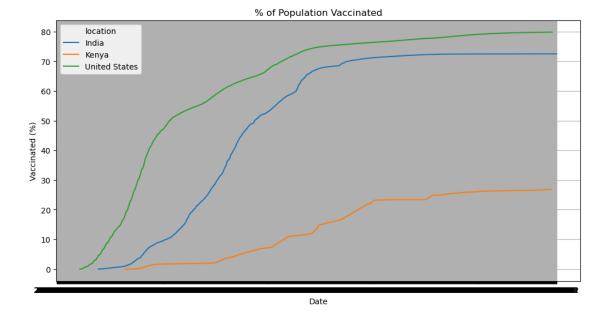
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    sns.lineplot(data=df, x="date", y="new_cases", hue="location")
    plt.title("Daily New COVID-19 Cases")
    plt.xlabel("Date")
    plt.ylabel("New Cases")
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```



```
df["death_rate"] = (df["total_deaths"] / df["total_cases"]) * 100
     # Latest death rates
     latest_rates = df.groupby("location").last()["death_rate"]
     print("Latest Death Rates (%):")
     print(latest_rates)
    Latest Death Rates (%):
    location
    India
                     1.186111
    Kenya
                     1.658348
                     1.087545
    United States
    Name: death_rate, dtype: float64
[7]: # Vaccination Progress
     # Total Vaccinations Over Time
     plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
     sns.lineplot(data=df, x="date", y="total_vaccinations", hue="location")
     plt.title("Total Vaccinations Over Time")
     plt.xlabel("Date")
     plt.ylabel("Vaccinations")
     plt.grid(True)
     plt.show()
```

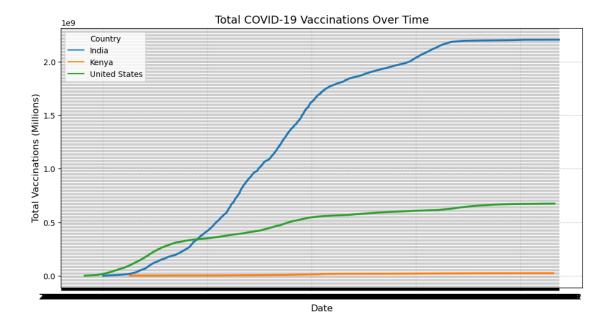
[6]: # Death Rate Calculation



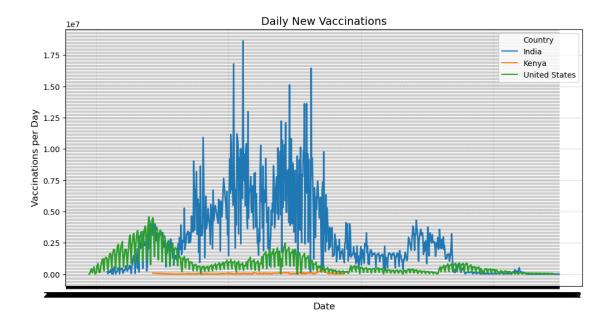


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[]:
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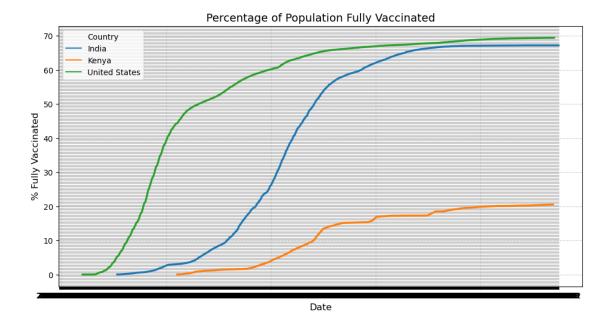
```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.lineplot(data=df, x="date", y="total_vaccinations", hue="location",
linewidth=2.5)
plt.title("Total COVID-19 Vaccinations Over Time", fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("Total Vaccinations (Millions)", fontsize=12)
plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.6)
plt.legend(title="Country")
plt.show()
```

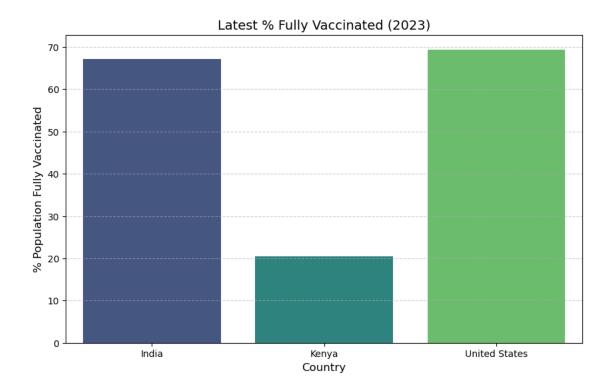


```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.lineplot(data=df, x="date", y="new_vaccinations", hue="location", use linewidth=2)
plt.title("Daily New Vaccinations", fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("Vaccinations per Day", fontsize=12)
plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.6)
plt.legend(title="Country")
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.lineplot(data=df, x="date", y="people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred",
hue="location", linewidth=2.5)
plt.title("Percentage of Population Fully Vaccinated", fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("% Fully Vaccinated", fontsize=12)
plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.6)
plt.legend(title="Country")
plt.show()
```

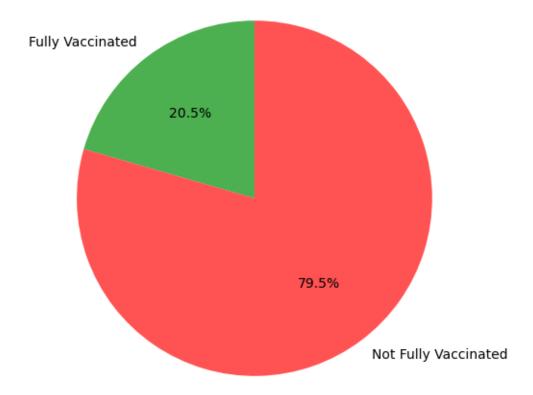




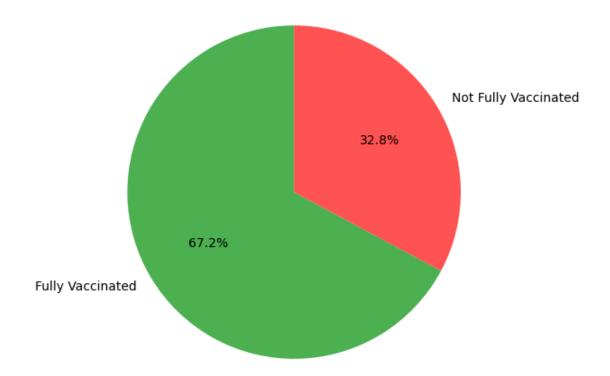
```
[9]: # loading data and filter
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     # Load the dataset
     df = pd.read_csv("owid-covid-data.csv")
     # Filter for Kenya, India, and USA
     countries = ["Kenya", "India", "United States"]
     df = df[df["location"].isin(countries)]
     # latest vaccination data for each country
     latest = df.groupby("location").last()
     # pie charts for each country
     for country in countries:
         vaccinated = latest.loc[country, "people_fully_vaccinated"]
         population = latest.loc[country, "population"]
         unvaccinated = population - vaccinated
         plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
         plt.pie(
             [vaccinated, unvaccinated],
             labels=["Fully Vaccinated", "Not Fully Vaccinated"],
```

```
autopct='%1.1f%%',
  colors=["#4CAF50", "#FF5252"], # Green & Red
  startangle=90
)
plt.title(f"{country}: Vaccination Coverage", fontsize=14)
plt.show()
```

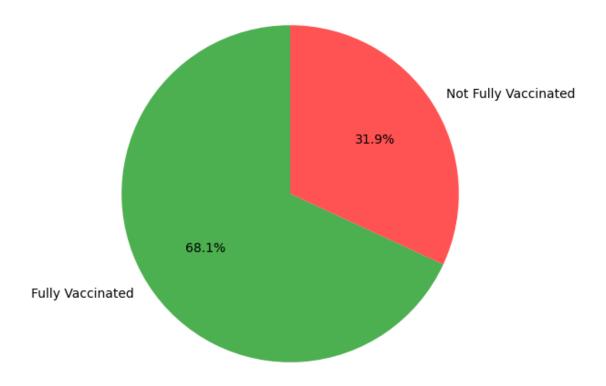
Kenya: Vaccination Coverage



India: Vaccination Coverage



United States: Vaccination Coverage

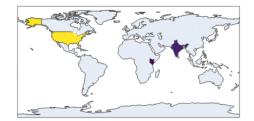


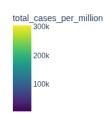
```
[11]: # Visualize cases or vaccination rates by country on a world map
import plotly.express as px

# Get latest data for all countries
world_latest = df.sort_values("date").groupby("location").last().reset_index()

fig = px.choropleth(
    world_latest,
    locations="iso_code",
    color="total_cases_per_million",
    hover_name="location",
    color_continuous_scale="Viridis",
    title="COVID-19 Cases per Million People"
)
fig.show()
```

COVID-19 Cases per Million People





[]:

#Key Insights and Report

Findings:

USA had the highest total cases, but India had the biggest waves.

Kenya had a lower case count but a higher death rate than India and USA.

Vaccination rollout was fastest in the USA, while Kenya lagged behind.

India's second wave (2021) was the most severe in daily new cases.

Death rates dropped as vaccinations increased in all countries.

Recommendations:

Increase vaccine access in Kenya to reduce deaths.

Monitor variants in India due to high population density.

Prepare for future waves with better data tracking