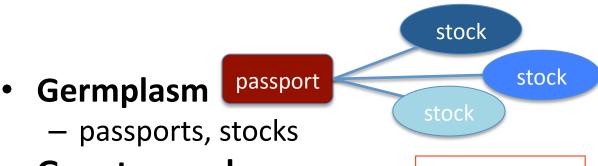
# Gramene Diversity Module

technical details

Genevieve DeClerck
10/5/2010, Gramene phone meeting

## What is stored in Gramene Diversity



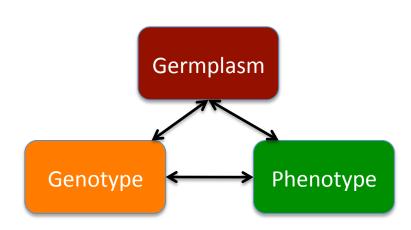
- Genotype values
  - SNPs, Insertion/Deletions

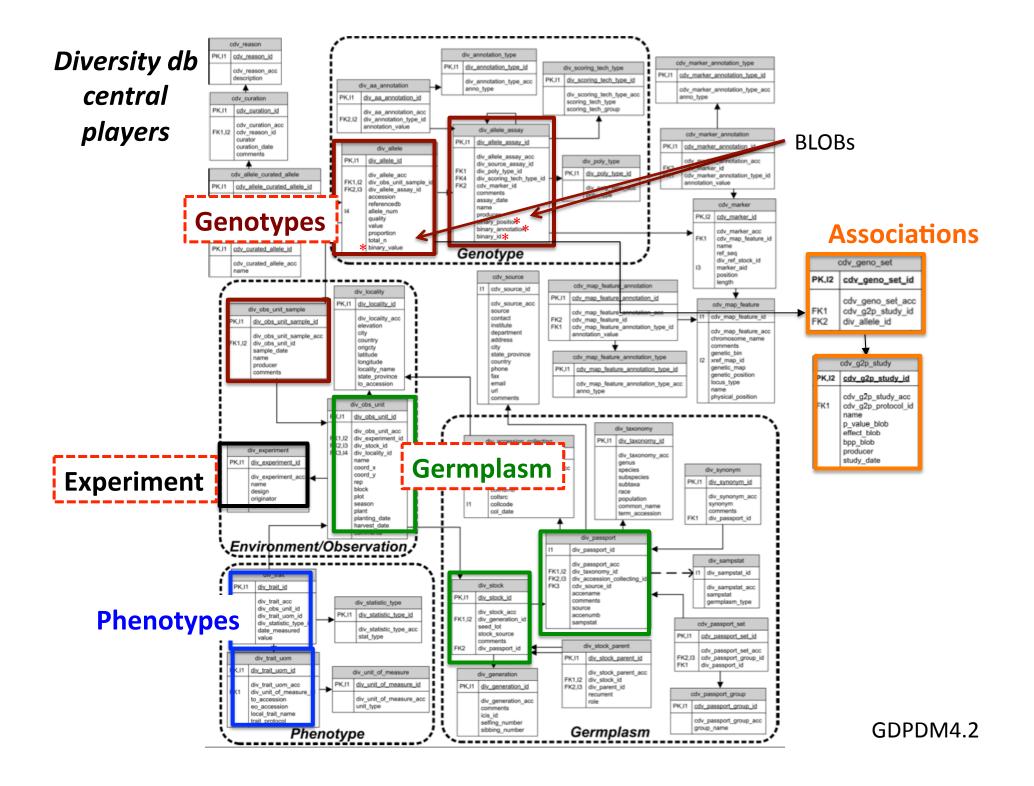
TTACACCTG---GATNN
TTACACGTGATTGATNN
TTACACCTGATTCATNN

Phenotype measurements



- values (raw, mean, stddev), ontological terms, units of measure, field & replicate information
- Association mapping data
  - geno <-> pheno
- Experiment information
  - publication, meta data





### **Germplasm loading scripts**

Germplasm descriptions from data contributor/pub

reformat

name, ID, type, source, taxID, notes

input: .tab file

#### insert\_new\_passports.pl

merge in new accession name/accession ID pairs

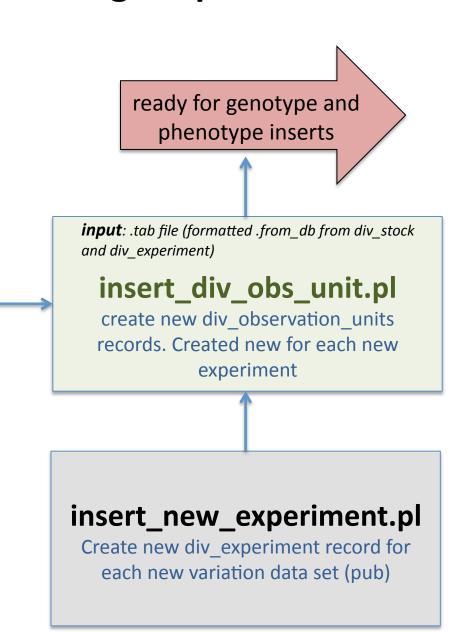
output: .from db file

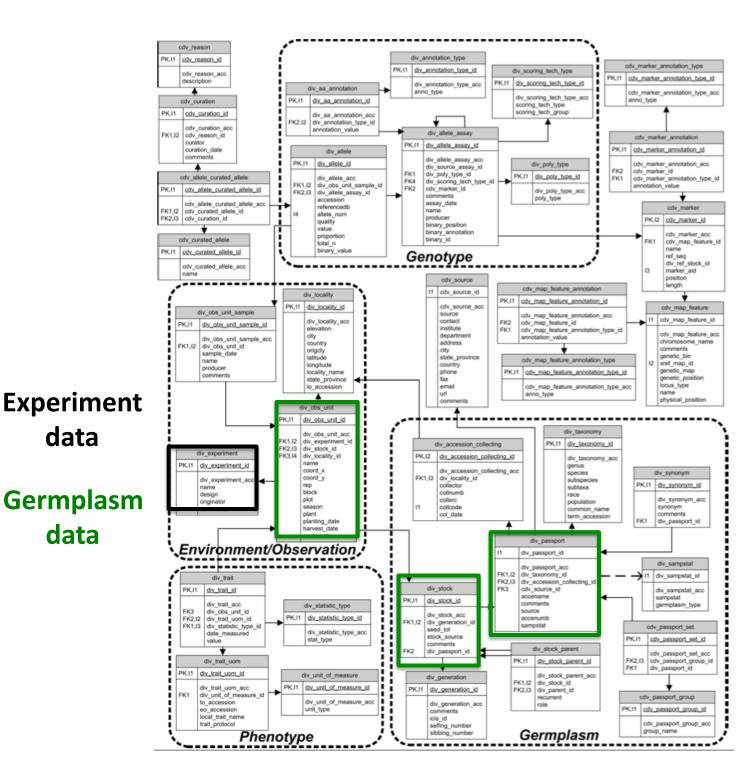
input: .tab file (formatted .from\_db from div\_passport)

#### insert\_new\_stocks.pl

merge in new seed stock records. Usually need to be created new.

output: .from db file



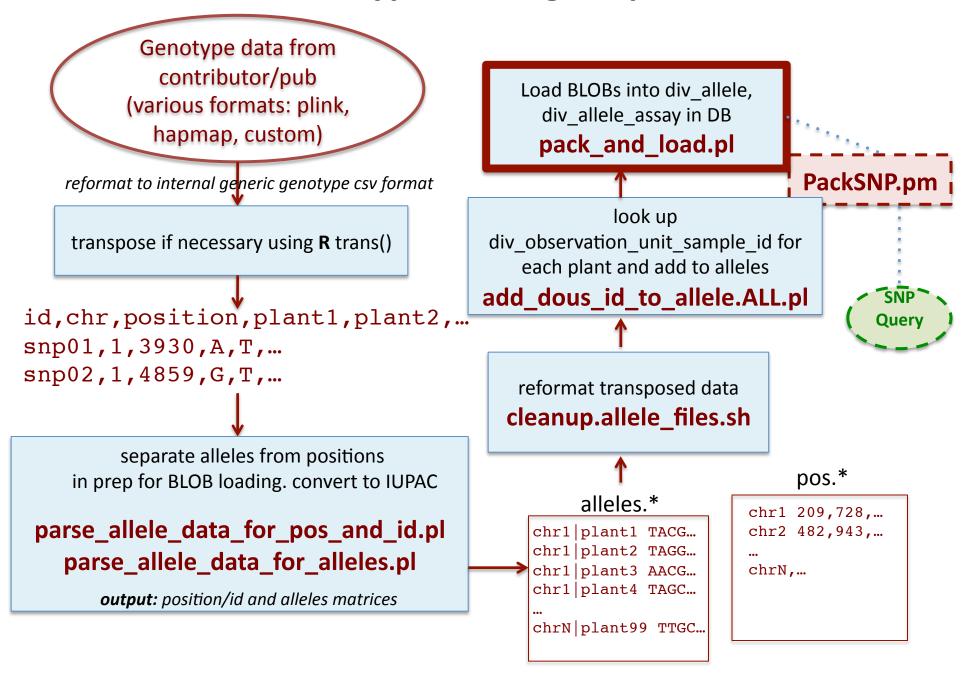


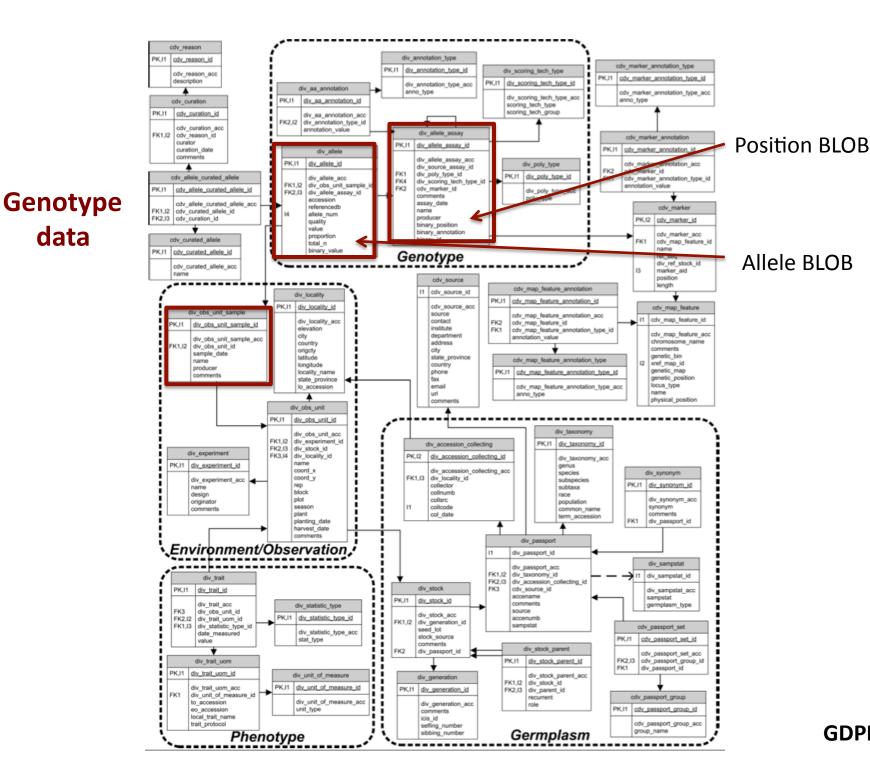
data

data

**GDPDM** 

## **Genotype loading scripts**





**GDPDM** 

data

#### **GDPDM BLOBs**

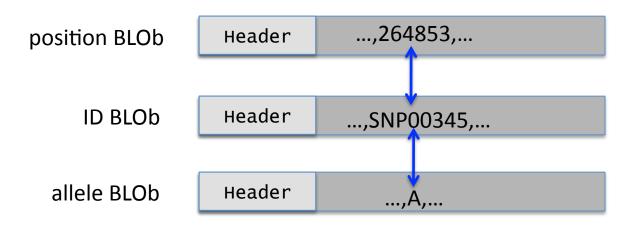


Header

The BLOb header contains information about the data held in the Data part of the BLOb. e.g. chromsome#, genome version, plant accession (allele BLOb only), ...

Data

The data in the a BLOb is ordered. The position of each binary data element relates to binary data positions in the other related BLObs.



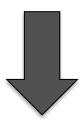
**BLOB** = **B**inary Large **Ob**ject (binary DB data type)

# Genotype data in database compressed by several orders of magnitude

For example,

100,000 SNPs x 100 maize lines

[100,000 position data points and 100,000,000 allele call data points]



Compress data into GDPDM BLOBs

100,000 SNPs x 10 chromosomes = 10 position database records
100 maize lines x 10 chromosomes = 1000 allele call database records

100,100,000 records 1010 records

The number of db records is reduced by 106

This vastly reduces query time when mining large genotype and germplasm datasets in GDPDM

## Diversity docs

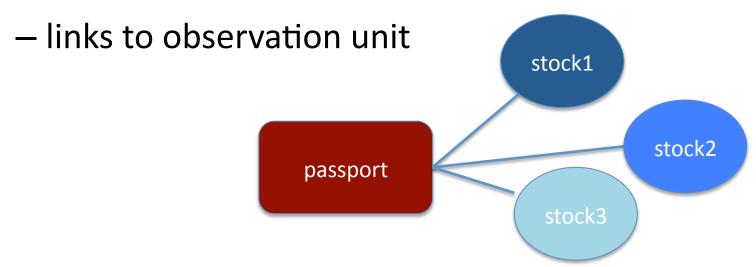
- Gwiki (<a href="http://gwiki.gramene.org/">http://gwiki.gramene.org/</a>...)
  - Main
    - Category:Diversity
  - DB Loading
    - Insert Germplasm Data into GDPDM
    - Insert Genotype Data in GDPDM
    - IUPAC nucleotide codes
  - Data plan for release #32
    - Build32 Planning#Diversity

## To do

- Release 32 (data):
  - Finish loading arabi Atwell data set (finalize pheno, insert associations)
  - Phenotype data from Karthik
  - Rice "1536" pheno data (2 traits)
  - Sorghum, wheat data better visibility
  - Briana Gross data (Wash U)
  - Data from EnsemblGenomes
    - <a href="http://gwiki.gramene.org/Diversity/EnsVar\_Databases">http://gwiki.gramene.org/Diversity/EnsVar\_Databases</a>
- Association data GDPDM pipeline
- Interface phenotype, association data
- Consolidate/refine code, add to /usr/local/gramene/lib
- Continue documentation on Gwiki

# Germplasm

- passport: unique seed bank accession
  - unique pair: accession name & accession ID
- stock: instance of a passport used in a diversity experiment
  - seed lot, source



#### Packing SNP data in GDPDM

Example: allele, ID, and position BLOBs for 3 maize lines (B73, B79, CML103), on chromosome 9

