

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

FOUNDATION LEVEL CURRICULUM DESIGNS

FOR

LEARNERS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

- 1. COMMUNICATION, SOCIAL AND PRE-LITERACY SKILLS
- 2. ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING SKILLS AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
- 3. SENSORY MOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES
- 4. ORIENTATION AND MOBILITY SKILLS
- 5. PRE-NUMERACY ACTIVITIES



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

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FOREWORD

The Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF) outlines the vision and mission for the curriculum reforms. The Vision of the Competence Based Curriculum is to develop an engaged, empowered and ethical citizen while the mission is to nurture the potential of every learner.

The Competency Based Curriculum addresses seven core competences, namely; communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn, and self-efficacy. It provides a variety of opportunities for identification and nurturing of learner's potentials and talents in preparation for life and the world of work.

The foundation level curriculum designs have been developed to enable implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum for learners with special needs who may not follow the regular curriculum. The designs contain; the National Goals of Education, level, general and specific learning outcomes. They also suggest a variety of learning experiences, assessment modes, resources, community service learning and non-formal activities. They further link each sub-strand to core competencies, values, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PC).

It is hoped that these curriculum designs will assist teachers and other stakeholders to support learners with special needs at foundation level to achieve their full potential.

Fred Matiang'i, PhD, EGH Cabinet Secretary Ministry of Education

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INTRODUCTION

Kenya recognizes the right of learners with special needs to access appropriate education which is geared towards actualizing every learner's potential. Consequently the Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) has endeavored to provide an all-inclusive curriculum that is responsive to the needs of all learners by making special provision through adaptation of the regular curriculum. However, some learners with special needs may not follow the regular curriculum even with adaptation due to severity of their impairments and require some specialized skills which are offered by the curriculum at the foundation level. Learners in this category include those with mental disability, deafblindness, severe autism, severe cerebral palsy, multiple impairments and profound disabilities.

The foundation level curriculum covers the following learning areas:

- 1) Communication, Social and Pre-Literacy Skills
- 2) Activities of Daily Living Skills and Religious Education
- 3) Orientation and Mobility
- 4) Sensory Motor and Creative Activities
- 5) Pre-numeracy Activities

LEARNING AREAS TIME ALLOCATION

	Learning Area	Lessons Per Week
1	Communication, Social and Pre-Literacy Skills	5
2	Activities of Daily Living Skills and Religious Education	5
3	Orientation and Mobility	3
4	Sensory Motor and Creative Activities	5
5	Pre-numeracy Activities	2
	Total Lessons Per Week	20

NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and mutual respect for harmonious co-existence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education should instill social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in community and national development.

b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare a learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should provide the learner with necessary competences for technological and industrial development in tandem with changing global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

4 Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Constitution. It should be geared towards developing a self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities for shared responsibility and accountability through service learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instill in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should therefore enable the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also facilitate the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psychological well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare for sustainable development.

LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of foundation level the learner should be able to:

- a) Demonstrate basic literacy and numeracy skills for learning;
- b) Communicate appropriately using verbal and or non-verbal models in varied contexts;
- c) Demonstrate appropriate etiquette in social relations;
- d) Apply basic creativity and critical thinking skills in problem solving;
- e) Explore the immediate environment for learning and enjoyment;
- f) Practice hygiene, nutrition and sanitation to promote health and wellbeing;
- g) Demonstrate the acquisition of emotional, physical, spiritual aesthetic and moral development for balanced living;
- h) Demonstrate appreciation of the country's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious co-existence;
- i) Apply digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment.

COMMUNICATION, SOCIAL AND PRE-LITERACY SKILLS

Essence Statement

Communication, social and pre-literacy skills play an integral role in acquisition of knowledge, skills and attitudes in all learning areas. Communication skills enhance social interaction and also provide a foundation for pre-literacy skills. A deliberate initiative should thus be applied through a multi-sensory approach to enhance verbal and or non-verbal communication.

General Learning Outcomes for Communication, Social and Pre-Literacy Skills

By the end of foundation level, the learner should be able to:

- a. apply skills that lay foundation for acquisition of verbal and or non-verbal communication ability;
- b. use cues, signs and common signals in communication for effective social interaction;
- c. respond to multi-sensory stimuli within the environment for receptive communication;
- d. use verbal and or nonverbal skills for expressive communication;
- e. demonstrate appropriate use of augmentative and alternative communication in supplementing speech to enhance interaction;
- f. apply appropriate use of social skills for effective social interaction;
- g. apply pre-requisite skills for reading and writing to enable effective communication and sound social interaction.

Curriculum Designs for Communication, Social and Pre-Literacy Skills

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
1.0 Communication Readiness			Experiences	Question
	1.1 Settling down and body positioning for communication Core-Competent down in readiness	•	 Learners could be held by the hand, prompted and guided to their sitting position using assistive devices and singing games. Learners could be assisted to locate their seat by having pictures, names, photos, or special objects mounted on their seats. Learners could use songs, games, rhymes related to settling and body positioning in the class through verbal and or nonverbal communication channels. Social stories could be used to enable learners appreciate the importance of settling down. will be achieved as the learner is 	1. Where is your seat?

Link to PCIs: Self awareness will be as learners as learners identify their pl names, or special objects mounted on seats, Environmental Awareness is achieved learners identify features within the cl Diversity: Recognizing neighbours in	Responsibility and respects will be achieved as learners take care of their seats and respect other learners' space. as assroom. class.
Links to other subject(s): Orientatio mobility, sensory motor and creative a	
readiness for communication at home	
Suggested Resources: Photos, seats,	name cards, objects of reference, recorded music,

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below Expectations
Learner is able to settle down and position self appropriately. Additionally, the learner can pay attention in readiness to learn.	Learner is able to settle down and position self appropriately.	Learner is able to settle down and position self appropriately with support.	Learner has significant difficulties settling down and positioning self appropriately.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Le Experiences	earning	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Communication Readiness	1.2 Establishing and Sustaining Eye Contact	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Acquire a range of eye contact expressions to communicate; b. Respond appropriately to eye contact expressions for effective communication; c. Sustain eye contact for efficient communication.	various ey expression variety of recognise means of communic. • Learners c and promp contact ex express me class and i. • Learners c and promp incorporat	ns through a media to them as a cation. could be guided oted to use eye pressions to essages as a in pairs. could be guided oted to the gestures eye contact in	1. What can you see on my face?
	maintain eye cont	e to be developed: Communicate act during communication.			
	Digital literacy wi	Education for sustainable Development: will be achieved as learners observe a variety of eye contact expressions. Link to Values: learners will acquire respect as they communicate maintaining eye contact.			as they
Links to other subject(s): Sensory-motor and Creative Activities. Assessment modes			odes: observation	and questioning.	

Suggested Resources: Pictures, Realia, technological devices

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to establish	Learner is able to establish and	Learner is able to establish and	Learner has difficulties establishing and
and sustain eye contact in	sustain eye contact in the classroom.	sustain eye contact with prompts	sustaining eye contacts.
and outside the		and cues.	
classroom.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Communication Readiness	1.3 Establishing and Sustaining attention	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. attend to verbal and or non-verbal tasks for a specific period of time to demonstrate communication readiness; b. respond to instructions/questions through verbal and or non-verbal communication channels to indicate attention	 Learners to listen to verbal expressions and repeat/respond to them. Learners to observe gestures, cues and signals and respond to them for given periods of time. Learners could follow instructions given in performing specific activities. learners could answer questions from simple 	1. What am I doing?

Non-Formal Activity: Learners could be supported to attend to domestic tasks at h parents and siblings Suggested Resources: Realia, ICT devices, pictures, objects in the classroom, objected reference			
Links to other subject(s): All subjects		Assessment modes questioning.	s: observation and
Link to PCIs: Life Skills: Effective Communication achieved as learners pay attention to others during communication.		Link to Values: le sense of Responsib practice taking inst	ility as they
Core-Competence to be developed: Communication learners Respond to instructions and questions.	on and	collaboration will b	e achieved as
	ex	pries/events perienced.	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to establish and	Learner is able to establish and	Learner is able to establish and	Learner has significant difficulties
sustain attention. In addition,	sustain attention.	sustain attention intermittently.	establishing and sustaining attention.
the learner is able to			
concentrate.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Lear	rning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Communication Readiness	1.4 Oral Motor Stimulation Activities	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a. recognize speech organs (tongue, lips, teeth, jaw, nos chin, mouth, neck) that are essential for communication b. carry out oral motor stimulation activities for communication readiness; c. demonstrate appreciation of oral motor activities for effective speech production.		 Learners could observe various speech organs using mirrors, realia, pictures and videos. Learners could imitate oral motor stimulation activities (blowing, sucking, chewing, imitating tongue movement) as demonstrated by the teacher. Learner to engage in oral motor stimulation activities in pairs or in groups. 	1. What do you do with your mouth?
	Core-Competence to be developed: Communication and Collaboration will be achieved as learners imitate oral motor activities in pairs.				
	Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: Se develop communication		If Confidence will be acquired as learners ation abilities.	
	Links to other su subjects	ubject(s): all	Modes of assessmen	t modes: observation and qu	nestioning

Non-Formal Activities: Learners could practice in oral-stimulation activities during play and at
home.
Suggested Resources: Mirrors, Realia videos and Pictures

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to perform the oral motor stimulation activities such as chewing, sucking, blowing and imitating tongue movement independently. In addition, they exhibit creativity in performing more complex oral motor activities such as whistling, gargling, rolling the tongues	Learner is able to perform oral motor stimulation activities such as chewing, sucking, blowing and imitating tongue movement independently.	Learner is able to perform oral motor stimulation activities such as chewing, sucking, blowing and imitating tongue movement with assistance.	Learner has significant difficulties performing oral motor stimulation activities such as chewing, sucking, blowing and imitating tongue.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
2.0 Recognizing multi-sensory			Experiences	Question(s)
stimuli within the environment	2.1 Discriminating between stimuli through different sensory channels	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. respond to different sounds within the	Learners could listen to different sounds in the environment. 1.	What can you see/hear/feel/s mell/taste?

c d	immediate envauditory discrimation to discrimination identify differ shapes and obvisual discrimation differentiate valuation for olfactory discrimination distinguish valuation for gustatory differentiation appreciate differentiation app	imination; ferent tactile ctile t; ent colours, jects for ination; aried smells t; rious tastes ; ferent li in the vironment	 Learners could manipulate objects of different textures and shapes. Learners could observe pictures and objects of different colour shapes and sizes Learners could smell different safe substances Learner could taste different food substances 	
Core-Competence to be different sensory stimuli of between different sensory	communication a	nd collaboration	•	
Link to PCIs: ESD: Envi awareness is achieved as environment to discrimina stimuli.	explore the		es: learners acquire a sense t with the environment.	e of responsibility

Link other subjects: Sensory-motor and creative activities and effective communication,	Modes of assessment: observation and questioning			
Non-Formal Activity: Learner could be assisted by parents and sibling to distinguish var sensory stimuli out of school.				
Suggested Resources: Sources of sound, shapes of different size and colour, fruits, salt, sugar, lemon, pepper, rough and smooth surfaces, foodstuffs, perfumes.				

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to discriminate various sensory stimuli within immediate and other environments.	Learner is able discriminate various sensory stimuli within immediate environment.	Learner is able discriminate various sensory stimuli within immediate environment with assistance	Learner has difficulties discriminating various sensory stimuli within immediate environment

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
	2.2 Locating different places in the immediate	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. recognize different places in	Learners could mention distinct features that identify their classroom.	How do you recognize various places in the
	environment	the immediate environment using different sensory		1

Recognizing Multi- sensory stimuli within the environment	through various sensory channels.	channels for environmental awareness; b. locate different places by using different sensory channels for orientation; c. appreciate different location in the immediate environment for mobility.	 Learners could visit key areas in the school compound Learners could be assisted to identify land marks and clues that lead to these key areas. 	school compound?
	Link to PCIs: Ed Development: En	ce to be developed: self efficacy we e. In will be achieved as learners associated as a learners as a learners associated as a learners associated as a learners as a lear		timuli.
	Links to other subject: Sensory-motor and creative activities Orientation and mobility Suggested non-formal activity: learner to accompany parents and siblings to social places. Suggested Resources: Realia, guides, wheel chairs, walkers, white canes, clues and landmarks, teacher aide.			

Learner is able to recognize different places in the immediate environment using different sensory channels and can assist other. Learner is able to recognize different places in the environment using different sensory channels with assistance Learner is able to recognize different places in the immediate environment using different sensory channels Learner is able to recognize different places in the immediate environment using different sensory channels sensory channels	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
chamers.	Learner is able to recognize different places in the immediate environment using different sensory	Learner is able to recognize different places in the immediate environment	Learner is able to recognize different places in the immediate environment	recognizing different places in the immediate

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experiences	Question

2.0 Recognizing Multi-sensory stimuli within the Environment	2.3 Identifying significant others within the immediate environment using various sensory channels	By the end of the solearner should be all a. use various sen to identify sign within the immenvironment for interaction; b. relate with sign for socialization	nsory channels nificant others nediate or social	•	Learner to be guided to identify significant others through names, signs symbols and pictures/ touch. Learner could be given photographs/ objects of reference and asked to identify the significant others using various sensory channels. Learner could use shading, sorting and matching games to identify significant others Learners could be guided to play ICT drag and drop games to identify significant others	What is your friend's/teacher's/ Brother's/sister's/ mother's/father's? .
	Core-Competence to in sorting, matching, si	-		llaborati	on will be achieved as	learners participate
	Link to PCIs: ESD: S will be enhanced as leadifferent people in the	arners identify	.Link to Values as learners inter		vork and Responsibilit mes.	y will be developed

	Links to other subject(s): Sensory-motor and creative activities. ADL	Mode of Assessment: questioning and observation.		
	Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: Learners to be helped to identify significant their home environment.			
Suggested Resources: Pictures, Realia, Picture Cut outs				

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identifying parents, siblings, teachers, other relatives and workers in school	Learner is able to identify parents, siblings and teachers	Learner is able to identify parents, siblings and teachers with assistance	Learner has difficulties in identifying parents, siblings and teachers.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Learning experiences	Key inquiry questions

3.0 Verbal and or nonverbal expressive Communication Skills 3.1Naming self and others	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. respond to own name for self identity; b. recognise their identity tags and or signs for effective communication c. identify own gender for self awareness; d. identify classmates by name and gender for social interaction; e. appreciate naming self and others for communication.	 Learners could state or sign own name as guided by the teacher. Learners could respond when their name is called out /signed. Learners could be guided to state own gender. Learners could be guided to identify classmates by name and gender. Learners could use singing games related to own names and gender. 	What is your/friend's/teacher's name?
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Core-competence to be development:

- Communication and collaboration will be developed as the learners name and identify others
 Self-efficacy to be developed as learners identify own name and gender

Links to PCI's: Life skills: Self Awareness to be	Link to values: Interpersonal relationships to be			
achieved as learners say their names and those of	enhanced as learners identify and name others.			
others.				
Links to other subject(s): ADL and language activities	Modes of Assessment: Questioning, listening and			
in	observation.			
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning: learners to be assisted to name others in their home environment.				
Suggested Resources: Realia, Photographs, Names Tree.				

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify self, classmates and other peers outside the class by name and gender.	Learner is able to identify self and classmates by name and gender.	Learner is able to identify self by name and gender but cannot name others.	Learner can only say own name

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experiences	Question(s)

Verbal and non verbal expressive communication	objects through sin	ging games	manipulate objects in the classroom using verbal and or non-verbal modes elearners could be guided to point or gesture to different objects in the class in the neir names, ours and or non- manipulate objects in the classroom learners could be guided to point or gesture to different objects in the class Learners to identify objects in the classroom Learners could engage in singing games to name		
	Link to PCIs and Values: ESD: Environmental awareness is achieved as learner identifies and names items in the environment Links to other subject(s): Activities of Link to Values: Responsibility: Awareness of objects in the classroom is pre-requisite for taking responsibility over them. Suggested assessment: Observation and oral questions				
	environment.			learners to be guided to name item	ns within home

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify objects in the classroom and outside the class by their names, texture, shape and colour through verbal and or non- verbal modes	Learner is able to identify objects in the classroom by their names, texture, shape and colour through verbal and or non-verbal modes	Learner is able to name only a few objects in the classroom by their names, shape and colour through verbal and or non-verbal modes	Learner is able to name a few objects in the classroom with assistance.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
Verbal and or non verbal expressive communication	3.3 Story telling	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. tell stories using verbal and or non verbal communication skills for enjoyment; b. appreciate stories from other peers for socialisation; c. use teachings from the	 Learners could narrate a simple pictorial story Learner could re-tell stories Learners to tell own stories Learners to identify characters in the stories Learners could identify the good behaviour from the characters in the stories 	Tell us what you did in the morning.
verbal expressive communica	3.3 Story telling	a. tell stories using verbal and or non verbal communication skills for enjoyment; b. appreciate stories from other peers for socialisation;	 simple pictorial story Learner could re-tell stories Learners to tell own stories Learners to identify characters in the stories Learners could identify the good behaviour from the 	у

Core-Competence to be developed								
Communication and collaboration will	Communication and collaboration will be developed as the learner tells stories.							
Link to PCIs: Life skills Link toValues: Moral Education to be enhanced the identifying good behaviours from the stories								
Links to other subject(s): Religious Activities, language activities in lower primary, Environmental Studie Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: Learners be accorded opportunities to listen to stories at home as well as tell their own stories.								
				Suggested Resources: Pictorial stories, videos.				

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to tell different	Learner is able to tell a story	•	,
stories.		a logical plot	directed stories(pictorial stories)

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes)	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
	3.4 Reciting and or	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:	Learners could observe and say what they see in a	Sing a song

3.0 Verbal and or non verbal expressive communication	Pantomiming simple poems	 a. say/sign familiar wo in a poem; b. recite and or pantomir simple poems for self expression; c. enjoy reciting and pantome poems. 	poem • Learners could feel and name objects related to a poem
	Link to PCIs: Est enhanced as learn through poems. Links to other su	d listen to simple poems. SD: Life skills will be hers express themselves abject(s): Activities of Daily activities in lower primary	Links to Values: Moral Education and responsibility may be realized through teachings from poems. Assessment modes: observation and questioning

Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning:
Learners to be accorded opportunity to recite poems in family and community gatherings
Suggested Resources: objects of reference, pictures, videos

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to recite a	Learner is able to recite one	Learner is able to recite a poem	Learner is not able to recite a poem
variety of poems independently.	poem independently	with assistance	even with assistance

Strand 3.0 Verbal	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
and or non verbal expressive communica tion	3.5 Singing	By the end of the sub- strand, the learner should be able to: a. say and or sign words in different songs in readiness to sing and or pantomime; b. sing a variety of songs including the national anthem using verbal and or non-verbal channels to enhance oral communication;	 Learners could say/sign words of a song Learners could repeat lines of a song after the teacher Learners could practice singing varied songs using verbal and or non-verbal communication channels Learners could be shown pictures of children singing the Kenya National Anthem 	Which song do you like to sing?

c. enjoy singing song self fulfilment. Core-Competence to be developed: Communicating individually and in groups.	• Learners could practice singing the 1 st stanza of the Kenya National Anthem through verbal and or non-verbal communication channels ation and collaboration may be developed as learners sing	
Link to PCIs Citizenship may be cultivated as leaners sing the Kenya National Anthem:	Link to values: Patriotism, Respect and Responsibility in nationhood may be enhanced through singing the national anthem	
Links to other subject(s): All learning areas.	Mode of Assessment: questioning, observation, and listening	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support lear	rning: Learner can sing in family and community gatherings.	
Suggested Resources: Audio visual materials, Au	udio vibro-devices, pictures and relevant musical instruments.	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to sing	Learner is able to sing a song	Learner is able to sing only some	Learner has difficulties singing even
and dance to the song		lines of a song with prompts.	with prompts.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Sugges Experi	ted Learning ences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Verbal and or Non Verbal skills for Expressive Communica tion	3.6 Cues, Signals and Signs for communication	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. acquire a variety of cues, gestures and basic signals for communication; b. use appropriate cues, gestures, basic signs and signals in day to day communication.	str rea con • Le ges con • Le	arners could use ucture board and alia as cues to aid mmunication arners could imitate stures that facilitate mmunication arners could practice ing gestures, signs and es through role play	How do you ask for something without speaking?
Cue	es and signs to communica	reloped: Self efficacy can be achie ate. Per partial oration can be achieved as learners		•	-
		anced as learners acquire ability for non verbal skills for communication		Link to Values: Resp Respect to be cultivate the nonverbal skills ap	ed as learners use
Link to other	subjects: Orientation and	d mobility Mode of	of Assess	ment: Questioning and	observation.
	ggested Non-formal activities out of school.	ities to support learning: Learners	to be enc	couraged to use cues, sig	gnals and signs

Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Learner is able to use cues, gestures and signals to communicate and additionally use more complex cues, gestures and signals with ease.	Learner is able to use cues, gestures and signals to communicate	Learner is able to use cues, gestures and signals to communicate with assistance	Learner has significant difficulties in using cues, signs and signals

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Verbal and or non verbal skills for expressive communicat ion	3.7 Physical directing and Gestures	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. acquire physical and gesturing skills for expressive; communication b. use physical directing and gestures to show different objects and places within the immediate environment; c. use physical directing and gestures to respond to questions or instructions;	 Learners could respond to questions and or instructions by using gestures and physical directing. Learners could express needs through gestures and physical directing. Learners could show objects or places within the environment through gestures and physical directing. Learners could in pairs practise showing objects and pictures using gestures and physical directing while observing safety 	• Where is your seat/bag/book?

d. observe care when gestures and physic directing for safety	
Core-competencies to be development: Communication and collaboration as well as Self-Ithrough physical directing and gestures.	Efficacy will be enhanced as learners communicate
Links to PCIs : ESD: Safety and Security skills will b developed as learners acquire enhanced communication ability.	
Links to other subject(s): All learning areas.	Mode of Assessment: Questioning and Observation
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning: physical directing and gestures while out of school.	Learners to be encouraged to express themselves through
Suggested Resources: Objects in class, mounted picts	ires, identifiers, objects of reference, realia

Exceeding expectations Meeting expectations Approaching expectations Below expectations	
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Learner is able to express self by	Learner is able to express self	The learner requires prompts and	Learner has significant difficulties
use of gestures and physical directing and further direct	by use of gestures and physical directing.	assistance to express self by use of gestures and physical directing.	using gestures and physical directing for self expression.
others to do the same	directing.	gestures and physical directing.	directing for self expression.

Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
 the Learner could be guided to identify pictures/symbols on the AAC core word board. Learners could be guided to use the core word board to express themselves. 	What can you see on the board?
	 the Learner could be guided to identify pictures/symbols on the AAC core word board. Learners could be guided to use the core word board to express themselves. Learners with visual impairments could be guided to manipulate and feel embossed or tactile pictures to express themselves

Core competence to be developed: Self efficacy may be acquired as learners use core word boards to express themselves while communication and collaboration may be achieved as learners interact by use of core- word boards.

Link to PCIs: Life skills: Self-assertiveness can be developed	Link to values: Sharing and responsibility to others may
as learners use core word boards in communication	be enhanced.
Link to other subjects: Sensory-motor and Creative Activities, ADL, orientation and mobility	Mode of Assessment: Questioning and observation
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning: Learners to be encouraged to express themselves through coreword boards while out school.	Suggested resources: AAC core- word boards

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner is able to communicate using coreword boards appropriately as well as other alternative aided communication	Learner is able to communicate using coreword boards appropriately	Learner is able to communicate using core-word boards with assistance	Learner has difficulties in communicating using core boards even with assistance.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question

Augmentative and Alternative aided communication	4.2 Theme boards	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. recognize pictures and symbols representing themes in augmentative and alternative aided communication b. use theme boards for communication c. appreciate the importance of theme boards in communication	pile Le the ne Le the wire co Le im us en In pr an di In us	earners could be shown ctures that represent a theme carner to be guided to use eme boards to express eds earners to be guided to use e core wordboard along the theme board to mmunicate. Earners with visual apairments to be guided to e theme boards with abossed / tactile pictures. pairs learners could actice identifying pictures d symbols related to efferent themes. pairs, learners to practice ing core word board and eme board in conversations	What can you see on the board?
_	ngs while comr	oped: Self efficacy may be achieve munication and collaboration will be		-	-
Link to PCIs: Life skills: Self-assertiveness can be developed as learners use theme boards in communication. Link to values: Sharing and responsibility to others may be enhanced.					l responsibility to
Link to other s	ubjects: All L	earning areas.		Mode of Assessment: ques observation.	tioning and

Suggested	Non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested resources: AAC core- word
Learners to	be encouraged to express themselves through core-word	boards, and theme boards.
boards and	theme boards while out of school.	

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner is able to communicate using theme boards appropriately as well as other alternative aided communication modes.	Learner is able to communicate using theme boards appropriately	Learner is able to communicate using theme boards with assistance	Learner has difficulties in communicating using theme boards even with assistance.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
Augmentative and Alternative aided	4.3 Partner Assisted Scanning	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to:	Learners could Observe, listen and or feel verbal and or nonverbal	What do you like/wish/ need/mean?
communication		a. use self-formulated signals for expression	communication cues from the teacher	

	b. accept use of self formulated signals to communicate	 Learners could for signals for self expressions Learners could be to identify pictures/symbols core word board board. 	e guided on the or theme	
Core competence to be developed: Sel partner assisted scanning while Communiof self-formulated signals.				
	Link to PCIs: Life skills: Assertiveness may be developed as learner expresses needs and feelings through self-formulated signals with partner assistance.			
Link to other subjects: Sensory-motor	Link to other subjects: Sensory-motor and creative activities and ADL			
Suggested Non-formal activity to supple Learners to be encouraged to express the formulated signals with partner assistant theme boards while out of school.	boards, and them	rces: AAC core- word e boards with Assisting		
Assessment Rubrics				
Exceeding Expectation Meeting Expec	ctation Approac	ching Expectation	Below Expectation	

Learner is able to	Learner is able to communicate	Learner attempts to	Learner has significant
communicate using self-	using self-formulated signals	communicate using self	difficulties in
formulated signals with	with partner assistance	formulated signals with partner	communication using self
minimal partner		assistance.	formulated signals with
assistance in a variety of			partner assistance.
settings			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Ou	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
		By the end of the subthe learner should be a a. use verbal or non communication in give information themselves; b. identify images a symbols that communicate diffinformation about the passport; c. use the passport to communicate information about themselves their regular indivinceds; d. appreciate the uscommunication pror telling about shis/her needs.	guided to give information about self that could be used in developing the communication passport Learners could be guided to familiarize themselves with the content in the passport. Learners to be guided on where to keep the passport where and when to use the passport. Learners to be encouraged to use	Tell us about yourself s the learner is
	hrough using a passport.			
tells about self through to ensure his/her safety	,		Link to Values: responsibility of lead personal information will be enhanced.	ed.
Link to other subject	s: All learning areas		Mode of Assessment: Question and	observation

Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning: Learner to be	Suggested Resources: laminated passports
encouraged to have the passport with him/her at all times when	
interacting with people out of school.	

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner is able to explain information about self from the communication passport	Learner is able to communicate using passport correctly	Learner is able to communicate using passport with assistance	Learner has difficulties to communicate using the passport even when assisted

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
4.0 Augmentative and Alternative Aided Communicatio n	4.5 Structure Boards	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. identify different objects/shapes on a structure board for communicating different activities or needs; b. respond appropriately on touching different objects/shapes on the structure boards for communicating needs and activities;	 learners could be assisted to identify objects/ shapes in a structure board Learner could be assisted to relate objects and shapes to the structure board to specific activities In pairs learners could practice using objects and shapes to express themselves 	What is the next activity after circle time/assem bly/?

	n-formal activity to support use structure boards for com		Suggested Resources: Structure	boards
			Observation and questioning	
Link to other	subjects: All learning areas.		Mode of Assessment:	
	Life skills: Self-awareness and arner identifies own needs and		Link to Value: Responsibility menhanced as learner uses structur guide changing over from one acanother.	re boards to
communication	n and collaboration will be ac	chieved as the learners practice	arner uses the structure board while use of structure board in pairs	
	d. ac	se structure board for hanging over to different ctivities; cknowledge the use of tructure boards in day to day ommunication.		

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner is able to communicate using structure boards and can further arrange pictures and symbols in a structure board.	Learner is able to communicate using structure boards.	Learner is able to communicate using structure boards with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in communicating using structure boards even with assistance.

Strand and Sub-Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Augmentative and Alternative aided communication	4.6 Picture Exchange Communication System (PECS)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. recognize pictures used to communicate needs and feelings; b. use pictures to express needs and feelings; c. appreciate the importance of using PECS in communication.	 Learners could be assisted to say what the pictures mean. Learners could be guided to use PECS to communicate feelings and needs. In pairs, learners could practise using PECS to communicate. 	What does this picture show/mea n?

Core competence to be developed: Self efficacy may be achieved as learner uses PECS to communicate their needs and feelings while communication and collaboration will be enhanced as they work in pairs. Learning to learn may be enhanced as the learner interprets pictures.				
Link to PCIs: Life skills: Assertiveness and effective communication may be achieved as learner uses PECS to express self.	Link to Values: Self Responsibility may be enhanced as learner expresses personal needs and feelings.			
Link to other subjects: All learning areas	Mode of Assessment: questioning and observation.			
Suggested Non- formal activity to support learning: Learners could be encouraged to use Picture Exchange communication system to express their needs and feelings out of school.	Suggested Resources. Pictures depicting varied feeling and needs.			

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to generate symbols	Learner is able to communicate	Learner is able to communicate	Learner has difficulties in
and use them to communicate	using PECS independently.	using PECS with assistance.	communicating using PECS
feelings and needs in the Pictures			even with assistance.
Exchange System.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcom	es	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
5.0 Social Skills	5.1 Greetings and bidding farewell Core-Competence to play of greetings and b	-	ays g al and nnels and l ways nd ed.	 Learners could imitate various ways of greeting and bidding farewell. Learners could practise greetings and bidding farewell in pairs Learners could sing and recite poems related to greetings and bidding farewell using verbal and or non verbal communication channels 	How do you greet and bid farewell?
				to Values: Respect may be enhanciate each other in greetings and b	
	Links to other subject(s): ADL, Language activities in lower primary		Mode	de of Assessment: listening and observation	
		al Activity to support learning ouraged to use appropriate way	_	eeting and bidding farewell out of	school.

Suggested Resources: I	Suggested Resources: Pictures and Videos					
Assessment Rubric						
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations			
Learner is able to use creativity in expressing greetings and bidding farewell through use of appropriate varied words and signs in different social contexts	Learner is able to use appropriate verbal and or non verbal communication channels to express greetings and bid farewell	Learner is able to use appropriate verbal and or non verbal communication channels to express greetings or bid farewell with assistance	Learner is not able to express greetings or bid farewell even with assistance.			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Suggested Learning outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key inquiry question
SOCIAL SKILLS	5.2 Making Requests	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. identify appropriate words and or signs used for making requests in different contexts; b. use appropriate words and or signs when making request in different social contexts; c. use appropriate body language when making requests in different contexts; d. appreciate the importance of	 Practice making requests using words and or signs in pairs and in groups. Imitate saying and making signs for expressing requests. Use singing and or pantomimes to practice making requests. Display pictures/symbols related to making requests for reference 	How do you ask for permission to go out?
		using socially accepted words and or signs when making request.		

Core competence to be developed: communication and collaboration may be developed as learners role play making requests

Self-efficacy may be achieved in making requests for personal needs.

Link to PCIs: Life skills: Assertiveness may be acquired as the learner express requests of wishes and needs.	Link to values: Respect for others may be developed as learners make requests appropriately.
Link to other subjects: All learning areas.	Mode of Assessment: Listening and observation
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: learners to be encouraged to make request appropriately in out of school contexts.	Suggested resources: Videos

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner demonstrates creativity in using socially acceptable words to make requests in	Learner uses socially acceptable words and or signs to make requests in different contexts	Learner can only make requests when guided.	Learner is not able to make requests even with assistance.
different social contexts			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Sugg	gested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Social skills	_	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. recognize familiar words and or signs used to express appreciation or giving thanks; b. use appropriate words and or signs in showing appreciation or giving thanks; c. demonstrate expressions of appreciation and giving thanks in pairs and in groups; d. appreciate the need to give thanks for effective social interaction. tence to be developed: Communication and give thanks while Self – efficacyman	s a a e e e I til a a til a a til e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	• •	-
	Link to PCIs	: Life skills: social interaction may be		Link to Values: Respect for other	rs may be
	enhanced as l others.	earners express appreciation and thanks	to	developed as learners show apprecent thanks.	ciation and give
	Links to other subject(s): All learning areas Mode of Assessment: Listening and obser				
	Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: Learners may be encouraged to always express appreciation and give thanks where necessary.				

	Suggested Resources:	Pictures, symbols, Realia, videos	

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner is able to demonstrate creativity in using appropriate words and or signs to express thanks and appreciation	Learner is able to use appropriate words and or signs to show appreciation or give thanks	Learner requires assistance or prompts in using appropriate words and or signals to show appreciation and give thanks	Learner exhibits difficulties in using appropriate words and or signs to show appreciation and give thanks even with assist

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
Social Skills	5.4 Sharing	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. recognise familiar words /signals and symbols related to sharing for harmonious social interaction;	 Learner could view videos of children sharing things earners to observe signals and symbols listen to words related to sharing o Learners could practise sharing things in pairs and in groups Learners could practise sharing items through singing games and pantomimes in pairs or in groups 	1. What do you do when you have two pencils or two oranges and your friend has none?

	on-Formal Activity to support learning	devices, Objects of reference, play materials	, ICT
	er subject(s): ADL, Pre numeracy igious Activities	Mode of Assessment: observation and questioning	
	earners gain attitude of sharing with	Link to Values: sharing and empathy may be develor as learners practice sharing items.	oped
share items e		elf efficacy can be developed as learners gain ability to state of the	0
_	-	Learner could be encouraged to share personal items and collaboration may be developed as learners share	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Y . 11 . 1	T : 11 / C 1	Y 1 1 1 1 1	T 1
Learner is able to share	Learner is able to freely	Learners only shares those items	Learner does not share
things freely with	share items with	they do not value	Items at all with classmates
classmates and others in the	classmates		
school environment			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
Social Skills	5.6 Turn Taking	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. recognise words and or signals that indicate time to take turns for smooth participation in an activity; b. take turns when performing an activity for effective social interaction; c. appreciate the need to take turns in group or paired activities for fair participation.	 Learners could be guided in recognising others in a group. Learners could practise carrying out a task individually. Learners could practise stopping an activity on signal. Learner could practise waiting to let others carry out a task. Practise attending to a task throughout the period of his/her turn. Learners could be guided to play computer games involving turn taking. 	How do you all wash your hands from one water point?

Core-Competence to be developed: Communication and Collaboration may be developed as learners practice turn taking in given activities.

Self-efficacy may be developed as learners gain ability to patiently wait for own turn.

Digital literacy to be enhanced as learners play computer games

Link to PCIs: citizenship: Social Cohesion may be	Values: Honesty and fair play may be achieved as
developed as learners gain appreciation for turn taking in carrying out social activities	learners gain patience in turn taking and thus value for others.
Links to other subject(s):All Learning areas	Mode of Assessment: Observation and questioning

Suggested non-Formal Activity:

Learners could be encouraged to take turns in group activities out of school

Suggested Resources: Realia, signaling equipment (e.g. bell), ICT devices

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to demonstrate patience to let others take turns in varied group activities contexts	Learner is able to take turns in an activity on signal and attends to the task to the end without interrupting others	Learner requires assistance to take turns in group activities.	Learner resists waiting for own turn in a group activity.

Strand.	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
Social skills	5.7 Imitating tasks	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. identify steps of a task in sequence for efficient imitation; b. repeat distinct steps of a demonstrated task in sequence for effective imitation; c. enjoy participating in performing tasks in an orderly manner for harmonious social interaction.	 Learners to observe/feel whole process of a demonstrated task. Learners could imitate performance of distinct successive steps of whole task. Learners could imitate performance of whole task from beginning to end in sequential steps. Learners could watch computer games involving imitation. 	Can you see and repeat what the teacher is doing?

Core competence to be developed: Communication and Collaboration may be achieved as learners imitate tasks while self-efficacy may be achieved as learners gain ability to attend to a task from beginning to end. Digital literacy may be achieved through computer games involving imitation.

Link to PCIs: Life skills: Social interaction may be achieved as learners imitating sequential steps of a task.	Link to Values: Responsibility may be enhanced as the learner imitates appropriate behavior.
Link to other subjects: Activities of daily living (ADL) and Sensory Motor and Creative Activities	Mode of assessment: observation and questioning
Suggested non Formal activity to support learning: learner may be engaged in activities requiring imitation of others out of school.	Suggested Resources : pictures/symbols showing performance of different steps in a task.

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner is able to imitate a given task and other tasks.	Learner is able to imitate a given task.	Learner is able to imitate a task but misses out some steps or fails to follow the sequence.	Learner has difficulties in imitating distinct steps in performing a task

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
6.0 Interpersonal Relationships	6.1 Safe and Unsafe relationships	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. distinguish between good and bad peers; b. identify things they do with good friends; c. value the importance of having good friends for safe living.	 Learners could be guided to talk about what they do with friends in school and at home Learners could watch video on what bad friends do and what good friends do. Learners could listen to a story related to safe and un safe relationship. Learners could tell a story related to unsafe relationships. Learners could role play episodes on good or bad relationships Learners say what they can do when approached by a stranger 	What do you do with peers/ friends?

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Learners could sing songs and recite poems in praise of friends collaboration may be developed as learners engage in talks about red as the learner is sensitized about implications of safe. Digital		
Link to PCIs: Life Skills, Citizenship, Social cohesion, may be achieved as learner distinguishes between safe and un safe relationships. Link to Values: Integrity, honesty and respect may be developed a learners engage in safe relationships.			
Links to other subject(s): ADL Mode of Assessment: observation, questioning			
Suggested non-Formal Activity to support learning: learner could be encouraged to engage with safe friends	Suggested resources: pictures, ICT devices.		

Assessment Rubric				
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations	
Learner is able to distinguish between good and bad friends in diverse contexts	Learner is able to differentiate good friends from bad friends in the immediate environment	Learners can only distinguish between good and bad friends when guided	Learner has difficulties distinguishing between good and friends even when guided	

Ī	Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
					questions

7.0 Social	7.1 Expressing	By the end of the sub strand, the	Learners could observe	How can you
Skills	feelings	a. associate different body expressions with specific feelings; b. demonstrate ability to match feelings to situations; c. show appropriate response to feelings of others.		tell when somebody is happy or sad?
	_	<u>-</u>	d collaboration will be enhanced as learn loped as learners watch video animation	-
	cultivated as learne others.	zenship: Social Cohesion may be rs get sensitive to the feelings of may develop as learners get elings of others.	Link to Value: love for the neighbour may be developed as learners get to associate feelings with different circumstances.	
	Link to other subj Religious activities	ects: Activities of daily living and	Mode of Assessment: observation and	d questioning.
		nal Activity to support learning: d to respond appropriately to feeling	s of others in different situations out of	school

Suggested Resources: animations, videos, pictures, charts communication boards, calendar system, structure
boards

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Demonstrates empathy and sympathy for others.	learner is able to tell and respond to feelings of others appropriately	Learner requires assistance to tell and respond to other people's feelings appropriately	Learner has difficulties telling and responding to other people's feelings appropriately even with assistance.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Sugges	ted learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Pre-reading and Pre-writing Skills	8.2 Pre-writing activities	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. acquire finger dexterity in readiness for writing; b. Identify writing tools and materials as pre-requisite for writing; c. Scribble freely on a given surface to enhance efficient manipulation of materials; d. Colour within a given outline for enjoyment as pre-requisite skill for writing; e. Acquire book handling skills in readiness for writing; f. Care for writing materials.	 mo' and Lea wri pen and Lea scri suri Lea cold Lea pos pag Lea cold 	arners could play finger vement games on sand, air on their working surface. The arners could manipulate ting materials such as acil, paper, crayons, stylus chalk arners could be guided to abble freely on different faces arners could be guided to our within given outlines. The arner could be guided to ition a book and turn tess appropriately. The appropriately are could perform ouring and scribbling twities on computer.	What do you use your fingers for?
	Self-efficacy may	e to be development: be achieved as learners acquire mastery of handling books along with manipulating wrs. Digital literacy is enhanced as learners perform colouring and scribbling activities on			
		SD: Literacy readiness is enhanced re requisite skills in writing.	as	Links to Values: Personal materials may be enhanced	•

	practice good care for writing tools and materials
Links to other subject(s):	Mode of Assessment: questioning and
Sensory motor and creative activities; language activities.	observation
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning: learner to activities involving finger dexterity at home including playing colouring may be encouraged as leisure time activity at home.	with sand assorted small objects. Scribbling and
Suggested Resources: Pictures, realia, colour crayons, chalk,	sand ICT devices

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Exceeding expectations The learner is able to play finger dexterity games, manipulate writing tools and materials, scribble freely, colour within a given outline and handle a book appropriately. Additionally the learner can track lines on a page.	Meeting expectations The learner is able to play finger dexterity games, manipulate writing tools and materials, scribble freely, colour within a given outline and handle a book appropriately.	Approaching expectations The learner is able to play finger dexterity, games manipulate writing tools and materials, scribble freely, colour within a given outline and handle a book appropriately with assistance.	Below expectations The learners has significant difficulties playing finger dexterity games, manipulating writing tools, materials, scribbling freely and colouring within a given outline and handling a book.
can track lines on a page.			

ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING SKILLS AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Essence statement:

Activities of daily living skills enable the learner to develop personal care skills for independent living explore the environment and manage behaviour. Additionally, religious education activities enable the learner to acquire knowledge of God, appreciate God's creation and develop desired values

Learning Outcomes for Activities of Daily Living Skills and Religious Education

By the end of foundation level, the learner should be able to:

- a) identify personal items for independent living;
- b) apply hygienic skills for healthy living;
- c) apply acceptable skills for appropriate use of the toilet;
- d) communicate to god at all times to recognize his existence and supremacy;
- e) use appropriate feeding skills for independent living;
- f) exhibit moral values and acceptable social skills for harmonious coexistence;
- g) use appropriate skills for dressing with minimal support;
- h) care for the environment as god's creation in order to preserve it.

Curriculum Designs for Activities of Daily Living Skills and Religious Education

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Personal items	1.1 Personal Clothes	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify own clothes using various sensory modalities for appropriate selection; b) select own clothes for the intended use; c) appreciate personal clothes for personal hygiene.	 Learners could be guided to observe, feel, smell, and manipulate, different types of clothes, through use of realia, demonstrations, pictures, video clips and charts of various clothes. Learners could use different sensory modalities such as sight, touch, smell to select personal clothes. The learners could sing songs or recite simple rhymes related to identification of personal clothes. 	1. What clothes do you put on?

Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achieved as learners distinguish their own clothes from those of others.

Communication and collaboration will be achieved as learners practice identification of clothes in pairs and in group.

Link to PCIs and values – Health Education – personal	Link to values: Responsibility will be achieved as learners select
hygiene will be achieved as learners select and	personal clothes.
appreciate own clothes.	

Link to other subjects - Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Numeracy & Literacy, Communication& Social Skills, Sensory Integration.	Suggested community service activities: Identify personal clothes at home.
Suggested non-formal activity: Identifying personal clothes outside the school environment with the support of parents or sibling.	Suggested assessment: Questioning, observation

Suggested Resources: shirts, shorts ,socks, inner-ware ,skirts, t-shirts ,blouses ,trousers, ,sweaters, coats, jackets ,shoes, school uniform, sorting baskets, video clips, animations, digital materials, pictures, charts, photos, objects of reference, structure boards, sorting boards, communication boards, objects of reference.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
The learner is able to identify personal clothes and those of others.	The learner is able to identify personal clothes.	The learner is able to identify personal clothes with prompts.	The learner has difficulties in identifying personal clothes.

Suanus	Sub-sti alius	Learning varconics		Learning Experiences	inquiry questions	
1.0 Personal items	1.2 Bathing items	By the end of the sub str learner should be able to a) recognize different be items for appropriate b) sort out various personal had to appreciate the impor- maintaining personal hygiene	e use onal hose of ygiene tance of	 Learners could be guided to identify bathing items through naming, pointing, touching and smelling individually or in groups. Learners could sort out personal bathing items from those of others. Learners could sing songs or recite rhymes related to identification of bathing items. 	What do you do when you are dirty?	
-	•	-		e learners identify items used to n ling items in pair and in groups	naintain personal.	
	alth Education: personal identify and sort out			values: Responsible and respect. It to use their own item and respect		
Link to other subj Integration	Link to other subjects: Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Numeracy &Literacy, Communication and Social Skills, Sensory Integration					
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Differentiating own bathing items from those of other family members at home. Suggested assessment: questioning, observable of the family members at home.				rvation		
	Suggested Resources : Soap , basin, sponge, towel, shampoo, water, bathing area, videos, animations, communication boards, objects of reference, pictures, digital materials, teacher aide, occupational therapist.					

Assessment Rubric					
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations		
The learner is able to identify personal bathing items and those of others.	The learner is able to identify personal bathing items.	The learner is able to identify personal bathing items with prompts.	The learner has difficulties in identifying personal bathing items.		

Strand	Sub strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Personal items	1.3 Teeth brushing items	a) identify different types of materials used when brushing teeth b) differentiate own tooth brushing items from those of others c) appreciate the variety of materials used in teeth brushing for personal hygiene	 Learner could be guided to identify different teeth brushing materials by use of realia, demonstrations, pictures, charts and video clips showing teeth brushing items such as tooth brush, tooth paste and water. Learner could be guided to select personal teeth brushing items from those of others. Learner could play sorting games or drag and drop computer games. 	What do you do when your teeth are dirty?

Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achieved as learners identify their own teeth brushing materials, Communication and collaboration will be achieved as learners work in pairs and in group when identifying teeth brushing materials and playing computer games

Link to PCIs: Health Education: personal hygiene will be achieved as learns identify their teeth brushing materials and avoid sharing such.

Link to values: Responsibility and respect: these are achieved as learners get to identify their own teeth brushing materials and respect those of others.

Link to other subjects: Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Numeracy & Literacy, Communication and Social Skills.

Suggested non-formal activity: Learners could Participate	Suggested assessment: Questioning, observation
in dental programmes during open days.	

Suggested Resources: Toothbrush, toothpaste, salt, glass/cup, water, mirror ,sink, basin, videos, pictures, models and cut-outs, animations, communication boards, objects of reference, digital materials, teacher aide, occupational therapist.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
The learner is able to identify personal teeth brushing items and assist others to identify their own.	The learner is able to identify personal teeth brushing items	The learner is able to identify personal teeth brushing items with prompts	The learner has difficulties in identifying personal teeth brushing items

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Learning experiences	Key inquiry
				questions
1.0 Personal	1.4 Grooming	By the end of the Sub-strand, the	• Learners could be guided	1. What do you
Items	items	learner should be able to:a) identify items used in good grooming.b) classify own grooming items according to their use;	in identifying grooming items by use of realia, demonstrations, pictures, charts and videos showing grooming items such as nail cutters, combs, oil, mirror, hair	do look neat?

	-	brush, shoe polish and shoe brush • Learner could be guided to sort and group their grooming items according to use such as; those used for bathing, brushing teeth, combing hair, controlling drooling. • Learner could play a sorting game of grooming items or drag and drop computer game. s learners identify their own grooming items. pairs and in group when identifying grooming items	
Link to PCIs: Health Education: pe	ersonal hygiene will be achieved	Link to values: Responsibility and respect: these are	
as learns identify their grooming items and avoid sharing such item.		achieved as learners get to identify their own	
		grooming items and respect those of others.	
Link to other subjects: Hygiene &	Nutrition Activities, environmenta	activities, Communication and Social Skills.	
Suggested non-formal activity: Lea grooming items at home.	arners could identify personal	Suggested assessment: Questioning, observation	
Suggested Resources : Comb/hair brush, nail cutter, mirror, shoe-brush, pictures, photographs, charts, videos, models and cutouts, animations, communication boards, objects of reference, digital materials, teacher aide, occupational therapists.			

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
The learner is able to identify personal	The learner is able identify	The learner is able to identify	The learner has difficulties in
grooming items independently and those of	personal grooming items	personal grooming items with	identifying personal grooming
others.	independently.	prompts.	items.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Personal Items	1.5 School Items	By the end of the Substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different kinds of personal items used at school; b) group various personal school items according to their use; c) appreciate the variety of personal school items to enhance responsibility.	 Learner could be guided to Identify school items used at school through manipulation, observations and naming of various personal school items from pictures, videos, charts, models and realia. Individually or in pairs, learner could categorize various personal school items according to use. Learners could sing songs or recite simple rhymes related to personal school items 	1. Which items do you use in school?

Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achieved school. Communication and collaboration will be achieved as learner items used at school	
Link to PCIs: Self awareness will be achieved as learners identify personal school items appreciate them.	Link to values: Responsibility and respect: these are achieved as learners get to identify their items and respect those of others.
Link to other subjects: numeracy and literacy, environmental activit	ies, Communication and Social Skills.
Suggested non-formal activity: Learners could identify personal school items at home.	Suggested assessment: Questioning, observation
Suggested Resources : Books, bags, pencils, crayons, plasticine, lock persons, teacher aides, video clips, pictures, lunch box animations, comaterials, teacher aide, occupational therapist.	

Assessment Rubric				
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations	
The learner can identify personal school items independently and identify those of others.	The learner can identify personal school items independently.	The learner can identify personal school items with prompts.	The learner has difficulties in identifying personal school items.	

Strand	Sub strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 Personal Items	1.6 Storage of personal items	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different storage places for different items b) store different personal items in their appropriate storage places. c) appreciate the importance of proper storage of personal items for independent living	 Learners could be guided to identify various storage places for different items by showing them realia, pictures, videos, cues and landmarks. Learner could practice storing personal items in their appropriate storage places. Learners could sing songs related to storage of personal items. 	1. Where do you keep your personal items?

Core-competency: Learning to Learn will be achieved as learners discover different ways of storing personal items.				
Link to PCIs: Health Education: personal hygiene will be achieved as learners identify and store personal items appropriately.	Link to values: Responsibility and respect. Learners will acquire responsibility and respect of personal items and those of others.			
Link to other subjects: Communication and social skills, Hygiene and Nutrition activities, Environmental activities				
Suggested non-formal activity: The learner could assist parents to create order at home by storing personal items appropriately	Suggested assessment: questioning, observation.			

Suggested Resources: Boxes,drawers,bags,tins,suitcases,cupboards,wadrobes,baskets,basins, shelves and sorting baskets, pictures, models, animations, communication boards, objects of reference, digital materials, teacher aide, occupational therapists.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
The learner can identify and store personal items and those of others independently	The learner can identify storage places and store different personal items independently	The learner can identify storage places and store personal items with prompts	The learner has difficulties in identifying storage places and storing personal items

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
2.0 Personal Hygiene	2.1 Washing Hand	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify various steps used in washing hands for personal hygiene; b) wash hands following the appropriate steps; c) appreciate the importance of washing hands to promote hygiene.	 The learner could be guided in identifying various steps followed in washing hands by use of demonstrations, pictures, charts, videos and animations. Learners could practice washing hands following the appropriate steps that is, wetting of the hands, applying soap, rubbing, rinsing with clean water and drying Learners could sing songs or recite rhymes on washing hands 	What do you do when your hands get dirty?

Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achieved as to promote hygiene.	learners follow the appropriate steps in washing hands
Link to PCIs: Health education : personal hygiene: This will be achieved by having learners wash hands routinely to promote hygiene.	Link to values: The learners will acquire responsibility as they learn the appropriate time to wash their hands.

Link to other subjects: Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Numeracy & I	Literacy, Communication and Social Skills
Suggested non-formal activity: Learners could wash their hands at home with parents' assistance.	Suggested assessment: Questioning, observation
Suggested Resources: water ,sink, basin, soap, towel, videos, pictures, r objects of reference, digital materials, teacher aide, occupational therap.	

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to wash hands independently and assist others	Learner is able to wash hands independently	Learner is able to wash hands with prompts	Learner has difficulties in washing hands

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question
2.0 Personal	2.2 Brushing of	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should	Learner could be guided to identify the steps followed in brushing teeth by use of demonstrations, pictures,	1. How do you do when
Hygiene	teeth	be able to:	Videos. The steps include; opening the tooth paste tube's lid, holding the	your teeth get dirty?

a) identify the steps used in brushing of teeth for dental hygiene; b) brush teeth following appropriate steps for dental hygiene;. c) appreciate the importance of observing dental hygiene.	tooth brush, wetting the tooth brush, applying tooth paste on to the brush and brushing gently up and down, spitting out the paste after brushing, cleaning the tongue, rinsing several times. • Learners could practice brushing teeth using dummies and dolls • Individually learner to brush teeth appropriately following the correct procedure. • Learners could sing songs or recite rhymes on dental hygiene. • Learners could be encouraged to brush teeth regularly for personal hygiene.
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Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achieved a teeth.	as learners follow the appropriate steps in brushing their
Link to PCIs: Health education : personal hygiene: This will be achieved by having learners brush teeth routinely to promote dental hygiene.	Link to values: The learners will acquire r esponsibility of their dental health by routinely brushing their teeth.
Link to other subjects: Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Numeracy &	Literacy, Communication and Social Skills
Suggested non-formal activity: learners could participate in dental programmes during open days	Modes of Assessment: questioning, observation.

Suggested Resources: Toothbrush, toothpaste, salt, glass/cup, water ,mirror ,sink, towel basin, videos, pictures, models and cutouts, animations, communication boards, objects of reference, digital materials, teacher aide, occupational therapist.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner independently brush teeth by following the appropriate procedure and store the teeth brushing materials.	Learner is able to independently brush teeth by following the appropriate procedure.	Learner brushes teeth with prompts	Learner has difficulties in brushing teeth

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Personal Hygiene	2.3 Bathing	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify steps followed when taking a bath for personal cleanliness and health; b) bathe using the correct steps for independent living; c) appreciate the importance of taking bath regularly.	 Learners could be guided in identifying steps used in bathing through demonstrations, videos, pictures and charts showing the process of bathing. The steps include; undressing, wetting oneself, applying soap, scrubbing, rinsing and drying Learners could be guided to bathe dolls and dummies using the correct bathing procedure. 	What do you do when you get dirty?

	 Learners could bathe using the appropriate steps individually Learners could sing a song on the importance of bathing.
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Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achieved	ed as learners practice bathing using the right procedure.
Link to PCIs: Health Education: personal hygiene as learners routinely bathe appropriately.	Link to values: Responsibility is achieved as learners keep their body clean by bathing regularly.
Link to other subjects: Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Numeracy	& Literacy, Communication and Social Skills
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: The	Suggested mode of assessment: questioning,
learnercould follow correct procedures when bathing at home.	observation.
Suggested Resources : Soap, water, towel, sink/basin. scrubber/bru teacher-aide, dolls, dummies, bathrooms, videos, pictures, models of reference, digital materials, teacher aide, occupational therapist.	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to independently bathe using the correct steps and clear the bathing area	Learner is able to independently bathe using the correct procedure.	Learner is able to bathe with prompts	Learner has difficulties in bathing self

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Personal Hygiene	2.4 Caring for hair	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify items used in caring for the hair to enhance appropriate use; b) care for hair to enhance good grooming; c) appreciate the need to take care of the hair to promote personal hygiene.	 Learners could be guided in identifying various items used in caring for the hair through pictures, video clips, charts, objects of reference and communication boards. Learner to could be guided in caring for the hair through demonstrations using toys and dummies. The procedure involves: brushing hair, washing, drying, oiling hair and combing. 	What do you do when your gets dirty?

	 Learner could be guided to wash, dry, oil, and comb/brush own hair. 	
	 Learner could sing songs on hair-care 	

Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achieved procedure.	ved as learners practice caring for hair following the right
Link to PCIs: Health Education: personal hygiene will be	Link to values: Responsibility is achieved as learners
achieved as learners routinely care for their hair appropriately.	keep their hair clean and neat all the time.
Link to other subjects: Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Numerac	y & Literacy, Communication and Social Skills
Suggested non-formal activity: Learners to care for their own	Suggested mode of assessment: questioning,
hair while at home and assist siblings in caring for their hair.	observation.
Suggested Resources : Soap, shampoo, basin, comb, hair brush, to Resource persons and scissors, video clips, pictures, animations, c calendar systems, occupational therapy, digital materials.	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
The learner is able to independently care for own hair and assist others	The learner is able to independently care for own hair	The learner is able to care for own hair with prompts	The learner has difficulties in caring for own hair

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Personal	2.5 Washing	By the end of the sub-	Learners could be guided in	What do you
Hygiene	clothes	strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify items used in washing clothes to enhance appropriate use; b) wash clothes using the appropriate procedure to	 identifying items used in washing clothes by use of pictures, videos clips and realia. Learner could be guided in identifying various steps used in washing clothes through demonstrations, pictures, realia, video and charts showing the process of 	do when your clothes dirty?

	enhance durability; c) appreciate the importance of washing clothes for personal hygiene.	washing clothes. The washing process include: sorting, wetting clothes, soaping, rubbing or scrubbing, rinsing , drying and airing) • Learners could practise washing handkerchiefs following the correct steps. • Learners could sing songs or participate in singing games about washing clothes.	
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Core- Competency to be developed: Self –efficacy will be achi procedure.	eved as learners practice washing clothes using the right
Link to PCIs: Health Education: personal hygiene will be achieved as learners routinely wash items such as handkerchiefs independently.	Link to values: learners will acquire a sense of responsibility as they take care of their personal clothes by washing them.
Link to other subjects: Hygiene & Nutrition Activities, Commu	nication and Social Skills
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Learners could participate in laundry activities at home	Suggested assessment: questioning, observation.
Suggested Resources : fabrics, basins, water, buckets, soap, hang communication boards, objects of reference, digital materials, str	

Assessment Rub	rics			
Exceeding expec	tations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to individually wash clothes and assist Strand	own	Learner is able to individually individually wash own clothes d Specific Learning Outcomes	clothes with prompts	Learner has difficulties in washing own clothes Key Inquiry Question
2.0 Personal Hygiene	2.6 Control droolin		pictures, and charts. • Learner could be guided in managing drooling using various ways such as sitting appropriately, positioning of the head appropriately, swallowing of saliva, closin of the mouth, wiping saliva, jaws exercises. • Learner could be prompted to control drooling all the time	mouth?
Link to PCIs: H	ealth Educa	tion: personal hygiene will be different ways of controlling	Link to values: Responsibility: how to care for self by practicing manners.	learners will learn

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Self esteem: This will be achieved	as learners control drooling		
and maintain personal cleanliness.			
Link to other subjects: Hygiene &	R Nutrition Activities Comm	punication and Social Skills	
Link to other subjects. Hygiene c	x Nutrition Activities, Comm	iumcation and Social Skins	
Suggested community service ac	tivities:		
Suggested non-formal activity to	support learning: learners	Suggested assessment: ques	tions, observation
to be guided to exhibit appropriate	oral manners at all times		
Suggested Resources: resource pe	erson teacher aide hibs towe	els tissue naner calendar system	mirror bucket sweets
straws, adapted seats, handkerchie			
oral massaging machine, structure	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	infumention bourds, objects of re	referree, digital materials,
oral massaging machine, structure	oourd.		
Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to manage	Learner is able to manage	Learner is able to manage	Learner has difficulties
drooling independently and care	drooling independently.	drooling with prompts	111 1 11
for personal hygiene items.			incontrolling drooling.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested 1	Learning experiences.	Key Inquiry Question
2.0 Personal Hygiene	and signals in commu Self-efficacy will be ach Link to PCIs: Health	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different cues and signs used in communicating toileting needs; b) communicate toileting needs using appropriate cues and signals to avoid soiling self; c) appreciate the importance of communicating when in need of toileting for personal hygiene be developed: Communicating toileting needs. ieved as learners communicate education: Personal hygiene actice appropriate toileting	identify communithrough pictures boards, reference • Learner use approxignals in toileting • Learner ways of toileting ttion and Coll e effectively the e will be	s could mimic different communicating needs aboration will be achieved the need for toileting. Link to Values: Response	1. What do you do when you feel like going to the toilet? ed as learners use cues onsibility will be acquired the promptly the need for toileting

Non-Formal Activity Learners to be prompted to use	Suggested assessment: questioning,
appropriate ways to communicate toileting needs at home	observation
Suggested Resources: Communication board, video clips ar	d animation showing various signs and gestu

Assessment Rubrics

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Lerner is able to communicate need for toileting appropriately and prompt others	Lerner is able to communicate need for toileting appropriately	Lerner is able to communicate need for toileting with prompts	Learner has difficulties in communicating need for toileting

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Sugges	sted Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
3.0 Toileting	3.1 Toileting materials	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate materials for independent toileting; b) use various toileting materials appropriately for personal cleanliness; c) appreciate the need to use various toileting materials properly for personal hygiene.	ide ma der cha ma wa • Lea ma tou • Le pra toil du • Lea pre	arners could be guided to ntify various toileting terials through monstrations, pictures, realia, arts and videos clips. These terials include tissue paper, ter and soap. Arners could select toileting terials by naming, pointing, ching/feeling and smelling. Farners could be guided to ctice the use of various teting materials on dolls and mmies. Farners could engage in a tend play on appropriate use toileting materials.	1) What do you do after toileting?
	materials appro	1 0	-		
	be achieved wh	Health education-personal hygicalen learners use toileting material or personal cleanliness.		Link to values: Learners will when using toileting material	•
	Links to other	subject(s) Hygiene and nutrition	n activit	ies, Environmental activities: R	Religious education

and life skill activities	
Non-Formal Activity: Learners could be guided to identify and use various types of toileting materials appropriately at home.	Suggested Assessment: questions, Observations

Suggested Resources:

Toilet, pit-latrine, toilet paper, soap, water, towel, potty, small containers, buckets, resource persons, teacher aide, routine-chart, animations, video clips, checklists, communication boards, structure boards, objects of reference.

Assessment Rubrics

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify and use toileting materials appropriately and assist others.	Learner is able to identify and use toileting materials appropriately.	Learner is able to identify and use toileting materials with prompts	Learner has difficulties in identifying and using toileting materials.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
3.0 Toileting	3.2 Locating the toilet	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify cues and landmarks that give direction to the toilet for independent toileting;	Learner could be guided in identifying various cues and land marks that give direction to the toilet through videos, pictures cues, rails, signs and demonstrations.	1) Where do you go for short and long calls?

b) locate the toileting area for independent living; c) appreciate the importance of toileting at the right place.	 Learners could be guided to use various cues and land marks to locate the toileting area and facilities Learners could be guided to use various cues, landmarks to locate the toileting area. Learners could be prompted to locate and use the toileting area independently when need arises.
to identify landmarks and cues to the toilet. Sel	g to Learn will be achieved as learners explore the environment elf-Efficacy will be achieved as learners identify their way to the aboration will be achieved as learners assist one another to locate
Link to PCIs: Health education- personal hygachieved as learners locate and use toileting facappropriately.	
Links to other subject:Orientation & Mobility	ty. Hygiene and nutrition activities Environmental activities
Non-Formal Activity: Learners could be guid various toileting areas at home in the neighbor	
Suggested Resources:	
	dapted toilet chair, tim chart, calendar system, , teacher-aide, ations, pictures, digital materials, rails, communication board.

Assessment Rubrics	Assessment Rubrics		
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to locate the toilet independently and guide others	Learner is able to locate the toilet independently	Learner is able to locate the toilet with prompts	Learner has difficulties in locating the toilet

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questio
3.0 Toileting	3.3 Undressing for toileting	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the clothes to remove during toileting to avoid being nude; b) undress in readiness for toileting; c) appreciate the need for undressing before toileting for personal cleanliness.	 Learners could be guided to identify various clothes to be removed before toileting by showing pictures, videos, charts, dolls, dummies, photographs and demonstrations Learners could be guided to practice undressing dolls and dummies. Learners could be guided to undress appropriately when using the toilet. Learners could be involved in a game of undressing the dolls and dummies. 	What do you do when you want to use the toilet?

Link to PCIs and Values: Health Education: Personal hygiene	will Link to Values: learners will acqu
be developed as learners acquire the competence of undressing	value of caring for self and others
before toileting to avoid soiling self.	practice proper hygiene when toile
Life skill: Self esteem will be achieved as learners avoid soiling	self
during toileting by undressing appropriately.	
Links to other subject(s):	I
Hygiene and Nutrition Activities, Religious education and life s	kills activities
Non-Formal Activity to support learning: Learner to	Suggested Assessment: Oral and non-vo
undress appropriately before toileting at home and other places	question, observation
Suggested Resources:	<u> </u>

Assessment rubric

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to undress	Learner is able to undress	Learner is able to undress	Learner has as
appropriately before toileting and assists others	appropriately before toileting	appropriately before toileting with prompts	difficulties in undressing self before toiletng.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
3.0 Toileting	3.4 Positioning self in the toilet	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify various ways of positioning self in the toilet for appropriate toileting; b) position self appropriately in readiness for toileting; c) appreciate the need to position self appropriately when toileting for own comfort and safety.	 Learners could be guided to identify ways of positioning self during toileting through demonstrations video clips, pictures, communication boards and photographs. Learners could practice sitting on the toilet seat or potty, standing, squatting and bending appropriately for toileting Learners could be guided to appropriately position self during toileting Learners could be guided in a game of positioning self for toileting on adapted toilet seats and potties. 	1. What do you do in the toilet?

Link to PCIs	Link to values: Responsibility is acqui
Health education: personal hygiene will be achieved as	learners practice good toileting habits.
1 , 5	
learners acquire skills for appropriate toileting	
Links to other subject(s):	1
Hygiene and nutritional activities. Orientation and mobility	
Non-Formal Activity: Learners to position themselves in the	Suggested Assessment: Oral and non-v
toilet appropriately at home, places and other places.	questioning, observation

Assessment Rubric				
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations	
Learner is able to Position self appropriately when toileting and assist others	Learner is able to Position self appropriately when toileting	Learner is able to Position self appropriately when toileting with prompts	Learner has difficulties in Positioning self appropriately when toileting	

Link to PCIs: Health education- personal hygiene is achieved as learners routinely clean themselves appropriately after toileting,	Link to Values: Learners develop a sense of responsibility as they practice proper hygiene after toileting
Links to other subject(s): Hygiene and nutrition activities. Religious education and life skills.	Environmental activities
Non-Formal Activity to support learning: Learners will be guided to clean themselves at home and other places.	Suggested Assessment: Oral and non-verbal question, observations
Suggested Resources: Toilet paper, water, soap, dummies, dolls, ob communication boards, structure boards, teacher aides	bjects of reference, pictures, animations, videos,

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to clean self independently after toileting and assists others	Learner is able to clean self independently after toileting	Learner is able to clean self after toileting with prompts	Learner has difficulties in cleaning self after toileting.

ou anu	оио-эн анч	Specific Learning Outcomes	Dug	gesteu Dearning Dapertences	Question(s)	
3.0 Toileting	3.6 Cleaning the toilet after use	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify various ways of cleaning the toilet to maintain environmental hygiene; b) clean the toilet after use to maintain environmental hygiene; c) appreciate the importance of keeping the toilet clean to promote hygiene.	•	Learners could be guided to identify various ways of cleaning the toilet after use by showing them pictures, video clips, animations and demonstrations of various ways of cleaning the toilet. These include flushing, emptying potty, pouring water and rinsing potty. Learners could be guided to practice cleaning of toilet using various ways. Individually the learner should use the appropriate ways to clean the toilet after use. Learners could sing songs and recite rhymes on keeping the toilet clean.	What do you do after using the toilet?	
	Core-Competence	e to be developed: Communication and	d colla	boration	1	
	Link to PCIs: He	Health education- personal hygiene will Link to Values: Learn			ers will acquire a sense of	
	achieve as learners	s use the toilet appropriately.		responsibility as they clean the toilet.		
	Links to other su	bject(s): Hygiene and nutrition activitie	s. Env	rironmental activities		
	Non-Formal Acti use at home and in	vity: Learner to keep the toilet clean af n public places.	ter	Suggested Assessment: Oral and not questions, observations	n-verbal	
	potty, bucket, mor			lly available cleaning materials, small on g cleaning of the toilet, teacher aides,		

Assessment Rubrics				
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectations	Below expectations	
Learner is able to cleans toilet appropriately after use and assists others	Learner is able to cleans toilet appropriately after use	Learner is able to cleans toilet appropriately after use with prompts	Learner has difficulties in cleaning the toilet after use.	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
3.0Toileting	3.7 Dressing up after toileting Core-Competence dressing up appropri	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the procedure of dressing up after toileting for good grooming; b) dress up appropriately after toileting for independent living; c) appreciate the need for dressing up after toileting.	 The learners could be guided to identify the steps in dressing up after toileting by use of videos, animations, pictures and demonstrations. The steps include pulling up trousers, short, or pant; wrapping, straightening or lowering dress and fastening Learners could practice dressing up after toileting using dolls, dummies Learners could play dressing up games 	• What do you do after toileting?

Self efficacy will be achieved as learners dress up appropriately after toileting		
Link to PCIs		Link to Values: Learners will acquire a sense of responsibility as they dress up after toileting
Links to other subject(s): Hygiene and nutrition activi	ties	
Environmental activities		
Suggested non-formal activities to support learning Learner could guided to dress up appropriately after using the toilet at home and other places	Suggested As verbal, observ	sessment: Oral questions and non- vations
Suggested Resources: Pictures, charts, electronic learning aids, resource persons, aides	, clothes, dolls,	diapers, cloths fasteners, teacher

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to dress self appropriately after toileting and assist others	Learner is able to dress self appropriately after toileting	Learner is able to dress self appropriately after toileting with prompts	Learner has difficulties in dressing self appropriately after toileting

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0Toileting	3.8 Toileting Routine	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) learner to recognize appropriate toileting routine for personal hygiene; b) learner to follow toileting routine appropriately for hygiene and health; c) aappreciate the need to follow toileting routine for hygiene and health.	 Learners could be guided to recognize toileting routine by use of videos, animations, signs, pictures, communication board, cues and prompts that enhance toileting routine. This could be done through timing individual learners, observation after meals, use of checklist and calendar system, charts, use of communication boards and objects of reference. Learners could practice the use of cues, verbal and non- verbal signs to enhance toileting routine The learners should respond to cues and signs that enhance toileting routine Learners could sing songs and recite rhymes on toileting routine 	1. When do you go to the toilet?
	-	nce to be developed achieved as learners follow toil	eting routine appropriately	,

Link to PCIs: Health Education – personal Hygiene	Link to Values: Learners will acquire a sense of responsibility as they take care of toileting needs.
Links to other subject(s): Personal Hygiene is achieved	as learners practice appropriate toileting routine
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: The learner could use the toilet appropriately at home and other places whenever need arises.	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and non-verbal, observations
Suggested Resources: observation checklist, calendar syssigns, videos, photographs pictures showing toileting rout.	

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to follow the toileting routine independently and prompts others.	Learner is able to follow the toileting routine independently	Learner is able to follow the toileting routine with prompts	Learner has difficulties in following the toileting routine

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
4.0 Prayer	4.1 Simple prayers	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify short prayers used in different activities to create awareness of God; b) pray appropriately on different occasions using short prayers for spiritual growth; c) appreciate the need for short prayers for different activities to promote spirituality.	 Learner to be guided in identifying short prayers for different activities by use of videos, audios, depicting moments of prayer and demonstrations of prayers. Learners to be guided to observe or manipulate tactile diagrams/pictures, video clips, charts and demonstrations of people praying for different activities. Learners could be taken through simple stories about prayers from the Holy books. Learners could be guided in reciting short prayers for different activities or occasions. 	1. When do you pray?
		nce to be developed arn is achieved when learners pray appropri	riately in different occasions.	

Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: Learners acquire values of			
Citizenship-Social cohesion is achieved as learners participate in communal prayers.	Kindness, care and responsibility as they pray for themselves and others.			
Links to other subject(s): Communication and social sk	Links to other subject(s): Communication and social skills, Environmental activities			
Religious education and life skills activities				
Suggested Non formal activities to support Learning:	oport Learning: Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and no			
Learners could visit places of worship and participate in religious activities.	verbal, observations			
Suggested Resources: Religious books, charts with prayer moments of prayer, videos, resource persons, teacher aided people praying, communication board, structure board, obtaining the communication board.	es, picture, cut-outs, places of worship and models of			

Assessment Rubric					
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectations	Below expectations		
Learner is able to pray independently and lead others	Learner is able to pray independently	Learner is able to pray independently with prompts	Learner has difficulties in praying.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
4.0 Prayer	4.2 Prayer songs Core-Competence	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify songs which are sang to worship God; b) sing simple prayer songs to worship God; c) respond positively to tunes, rhythms and gestures of prayer songs.	guided to identify various prayer songs by use of videos, pictures of prayer songs, and demonstrations	1. How do you communicate to God?
		d Collaboration are achieved as lea		s and in groups.
		tism and social cohesion are R	ink to Values: esponsibility, Care and love arearners through prayer songs	e cultivated in

Links to other subject(s): Environmental activities, Religious education and life skill acti Communication and social skills		
Suggested Non-formal Activity; Learner could participate in religious activities at home and in the community	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and non-verbal, observations	
Suggested Resources: Resource persons, teacher aides, drums. Pictures and videos of prayer songs, shakers, keyboards, trumpets, communication boards, structure boards, objects of reference, occupational therapists		

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to sing prayer songs independently and lead others	Learner is able to sing prayer songs independently	Learner is able to sing prayer songs independently with prompts	Learner has difficulties in Singing prayer songs

Suanu	Sub-strainu	opecine Learning Outcomes	ouggested Learning Dapertences	Key inquiry
				Question
4.0 Prayer	4.3 Prayer routine	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) recognize various prayer times in order to comply with daily prayer routine; b) pray consistently for various activities to develop prayer routine; c) appreciate the need for prayer to promote spiritual growth.	 Learners could be guided to recognize appropriate prayer time by use of various cues/ signs, pictures, videos and calendar system Learner(s) could be guided to say simple prayers routinely such as during meals, morning prayers, evening prayers Learners to be guided to recite simple routine prayers The learners could join the school community during prayer times and participate 	1. When do you pray?
	Core-Competence to be developed Communication and collaboration is achieved as lear		ners recite prayers in pairs and in gropus.	
	Link to PCIs Citizenship-1		Link to values: responsibility, care, love and will be nurtured through prayer.	

Religious education and life skill activities. Comm	· 10 · 1 1 · 11 · 12 ·	
Religious education and life skill activities. Communication and Social skills, Environmental Activités		
Suggested Non formal activity:	Suggested assessment	
Learner to participate in community worship	Oral and verbal questions, observations.	

Stranu	Sub-su anu	Specific Dearning Outcomes	Experiences	ixey inquiry Question(s)		
5.0 Feeding	5.1 Cooking and dining area	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify cooking and dining area for easy access; b) locate the cooking and dining area for ease of access; c) appreciate the importance of the cooking and dining area when feeding.	 Learners could be guided to identify the cooking and dining area by use of realia, pictures and videos. Learners could be guided to locate the cooking and dining area using cues, signals and landmarks. In groups learners could be taken for a walk to the cooking and dining area to familiarize with the various cues and landmarks. Learners could recite rhymes on cooking and dining area. 	 Where do we cook food? Where do we eat food from? 		
	Core-Competence to be developed Critical thinking and problem solving skills will be developed as learners identify cooking and dining areas using cues and landmarks.					
	security will be	sustainable development-safety and enhanced as learners learn to observe ocating the cooking and dining area larks.	d their safe movement.			
	Links to other	subjects:				

Suggested non formal activity:	Suggested assessment: Oral and verbal questions
	observation.
Learners to assist parents in setting and clearing the	
dining table.	
C	1:4:1
1 ,	ng kitchen and dining areas, dining table, sufurias, stove
chairs, cutlery, utensils, teacher's aide, object of refer	ence, communication board

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify cooking and dining area independently and use them safely	Learner is able to identify cooking and dining area independently	Learner is able to identify cooking and dining area with prompts	Learner has difficulties in identifying kitchen and dining area.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
5.0 Feeding	5.2 Edible and non-edible items	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different food stuffs for consumption; b) differentiate between edible and non-edible items to ensure personal health and safety; c) value the various edible items to promote personal health.	 Learner could be guided to identify various food stuffs by use of realia, pictures, video clips and animations. Learners could be guided to manipulate, point at, smell and observe various items in the classroom to distinguish the edible from the non edible. Learners could be guided in categorizing various items into edibles and non-edibles Learners could play a guessing game on edible and non-edible items. 	1. What do you eat?
	Core-Competence Self –efficacy will b	to be developed e achieved as learners group edible an	nd non- edible items	

Link to PCIs and Values:		Links to values: Responsibility
Education for Sustainable Development-safety is achieve learn to avoid eating non-edible items	d as learners	as the learners identify what edible and avoid eating what not edible
Links to other subject(s):		
Orientation and mobility, Environmental Activities		
Suggested Non formal activity: learner could visit	Suggested A	Assessment: Questioning and
2 - 8 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	Observation	

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify and classify different items into edible and non edible and guide others	Learner is able to identify and classify different items into edible and non edible	Learner is able to identify and classify different items into edible and non edible items with prompts	Learner has difficulties in Identifying edible and non edible items

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experiences	Question
5.0 Feeding	5.3 Communicating need for food	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify cues, signs and gestures that are used to express need for food; b) communicate the need for food using various cues and signs for independent feeding; c) appreciate the importance of communicating need for food.	 Learners could be guided to identify various cues, signs and gestures used to express the need for food by use of relevant pictures videos communication board and demonstrations. Learners could practice the use of various cues, signs and gestures to communicate need for food. Learner could be guided to imitate and demonstrate various ways of communicating the need for food. 	1. What do you do when you feel hungry?

Core-Competence to be developed Learning to learn is achieved as learners practice the use of g	estures, signs, cues appropriately to
communicate the need for food.	
Self-efficacy is achieved as learners use gestures, signs and	ues appropriately to communicate the need for
food.	
Link to PCIs:	Links to values: Responsibility is acquired
	as learners learn to communicate the need
	for food.
Links to other subject(s): Communication and social skills education and life skill activities	Hygiene and nutritional activities, Religious
	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions
education and life skill activities Suggested Non formal activity:	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and Observation
education and life skill activities Suggested Non formal activity: Learner to use appropriate ways of communicating the need	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and Observation
education and life skill activities Suggested Non formal activity:	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and Observation
education and life skill activities Suggested Non formal activity: Learner to use appropriate ways of communicating the need	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and Observation
education and life skill activities Suggested Non formal activity: Learner to use appropriate ways of communicating the need food in different situations	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions and Observation

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to communicate need for food and reach out for the food.	Learner is able to communicate need for food.	Learner is able to communicate need for food with prompts	Learner has difficulties in communicating need for food

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
5.0 Feeding	5.4 Feeding skills	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify various feeding skills for independent living; b) use appropriate feeding skills during meals; c) appreciate the need to use appropriate feeding skills for independent living.	 Learners could be guided to identify various feeding skills using realia, prompts, demonstrations, pictures and video clips showing appropriate feeding skills. The skills include swallowing, holding cup/plate, chewing, scooping, positioning, and hand-mouth coordination. Learners could be prompted to use appropriate feeding skills during meals. Learners could recite rhymes and sing songs on feeding skills. 	1. How do you eat?

Core-Competence to be developed

Learning to learn will achieved as learners practice appropriate feeding skills.

Self-efficacy is attained as learners exhibit appropriate skills when feeding.

Link to PCIs:

Links to values: the learners acquire responsibility of feeding themselves independently.

Links to other subject(s):

Communication and Social skills, Environmental activities, Hygiene and nutrition activities, Religious education and life skill activities.

Suggested non Formal:

Suggested Assessment: questions, observation

Learner to be guided by parents and siblings to display appropriate feeding skills at home.

Suggested Resources – Utensils, food, table, water, soap, basin, pictures, photos, mats, chairs, teacher aide, resource person, animations, structure boards, objects of reference and communication boards.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to use feeding skills appropriately and assist others.	Learner is able to use feeding skills appropriately.	Learner is able to use feeding skills with prompt.	Learner has difficulties in using the appropriate feeding skills.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
5.0 Feeding	5.5 Feeding etiquette	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate habits when feeding; b) exhibit appropriate feeding habits during meals; c) appreciate the importance of observing feeding etiquette during meals.	 Learners could be guided to identify appropriate feeding manners by use of demonstrations, videos and pictures showing feeding etiquette. These include; maintaining appropriate posture, chewing appropriately, not talking or laughing with food in the mouth, not scooping from others' plates, scooping enough food, avoiding over reaching or over eating. Learners could be guided through prompts and demonstrations to practice appropriate feeding etiquette during meals. Learners could be guided to imitate appropriate mannerisms in feeding. Learners could be prompted to exhibit appropriate manners when feeding all the time. 	1. How do you eat your food?

Core-Competence to be developed	
Learning to Learn is achieved as learners practice appropr	riate feeding etiquette during meals.
Self efficacy is attained as learners demonstrate appropria	ite feeding etiquette.
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: cooperation
	acquired as learn attain skills
	learning to live together.
Links to other subjects: Hygiene and nutrition activities,	, Religious education and life skill activities
Communication and social skills.	
Suggested Non formal activity:	
Learner to interact with peers and siblings during meals a	nd observe appropriate feeding manners.
Suggested Assessment: Questioning, Observations	
Suggested resources: pictures or photographs on appropri	riate feeding manners, food, cutlery, utensil

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to exhibit appropriate feeding manners and prompt others	Learner is able to exhibit appropriate feeding manners	Learner is able to exhibit appropriate feeding manners with prompts	Learner has difficulties in exhibiting appropriate feeding manners

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
5.0 Feeding	5.6 Feeding Routine	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) recognize various cues that signal meal time to enhance routine feeding; b) respond appropriately to cues that signal meal time; c) appreciate the need to adhere to feeding routine for independent and harmonious living.	 Learners could be guided to recognize various cues and signs that signal meal time by use of demonstrations, communication board, meal charts, bliss symbols, pictures and videos. Learners could be guided to respond appropriately to relevant cues, gestures, verbal and non verbal signs that signal meal time. Adhere appropriately to various meal time signals. 	1. How do you know that it is time for meals?

		Learne meal ti	ers sing songs related to me.
Core-Competence	e to be developed		
Learning to Learn	is achieved as learners respond app	propriately to	meal time signal and cues.
Self-efficacy is a	chieved as learners identify and resp	oond to the sig	gnal and cues for meal time.
	ue education- Independent living is	attained as	Link to Values: Responsibility is acquired as learners feed themselves and observe table etiquette.
Links to other su			
Hygiene and nutri skills.	tion activities, Religious education	and life skill	activities, Communication and social
Suggested Non I	Formal Activity to support Learni	ng:	
Learner to observe	e meal time routine at home		
Suggested Assess	ment: questioning, Observation.		
tactile diagrams, v		, eating places	ommunication boards, photos, signs, s, picture cut-outs, video clips, cups,

Assessment Rubric			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to respond to cues that signal meal time appropriately and alert others.	Learner is able to respond to cues that signal meal time appropriately.	Learner is able to respond to cues that signal meal time with prompts.	Learner has difficulties in responding to cues that signal meal time.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcome	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
6.0 Dressing and undressing	6.1 Undressing	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate ways of undressing independently; b) use appropriate steps to undress self independently; c) appreciate the need to undress appropriately for independent living.	 Learners could be guided to identify steps in undressing by use of realia, demonstrations, video clips and animations. The steps include unfastening shoes, removing shoes, unfastening clothes, taking off clothes. Learners could be guided through the process of undressing using dummies and toys. Learners could be guided to undress and remove shoes individually. Learner could sing songs and recite rhymes related to steps in un-dressing. 	What do you do with your uniforms after a school day?
	Core-Competen	ce to be developed	1	1
	Learning to lear	n is attained as learners apply various wa	ays of undressing and removing shoes	S.
	Self-efficacy is a	ttained as learners undress and remove sh	noes at the appropriate time.	

Communication and collaboration are achieved as learners in pairs or in groups practice undressing and removing of shoes.

Link to PCIs:

Life-skills - Independent living is attained as learners are able to undress and remove shoes independently.

Links to Values: responsibility is acquired as learners acquire skills of undressing independently.

Links to other subjects:

Communication and Social skills, Environmental activities, Religious education and life skills activities

Suggested Non Formal Activity:

Learner could undress and remove shoes at the appropriate time at home and other places.

Suggested Assessment: questions, observation

Suggested resources:

Shirts, blouses, trousers, inner wear/under wear, socks, shoes, zippers,, buttons, press-studs, velcro, laces, charts, visual aids, programmed texts, electronic learning aids, dolls, dummies, animations, communication and structure board, objects of reference, lacing and buttoning boards, teacher aides.

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to undress and remove shoes independently and assist others.	Learner is able to undress and remove shoes independently.	Learner is able to undress and remove shoes with prompts.	Learner has difficulties in undressing and removing shoes.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
6.0 Dressing and undressing	6.2 Dressing up	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate dressing skills for good grooming; b) use appropriate skills when dressing for independent living; c) appreciate the need to dress appropriately for independent living.	 Learners could be guided in identifying dressing skills by use of realia, demonstrations, video clips and animations. The skills include; identification of right and wrong sides of clothes, positioning clothes, putting on of various clothes and fastening clothes. Learners could be guided to practice 	What types of clothes do you put on?

	dressing skills on dummies and dolls. • Learners could be guided to dress		
	appropriately.		
	• Learners to sing songs and recite		
	rhymes related to dressing up.		
Core competencies to be developed:			
Communication and collaboration is achieved as s dressing up.	songs sing songs and recite poems related to		
Self efficacy is attained as learners acquire skills f	for independent dressing.		
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: learners acquire the		
Life-skills- Independent living is attained when learners are able to dress independently.	responsibility of dressing themselves.		
Links to other subjects:			
Communication and Social skills, Environmental activities.	activities, Religious education and life skills		
Suggested non formal Activity to Support learn	ning:		
Learner to dress up appropriately at home and other places			
Suggested Assessment: Questions, observation			

Suggested resources:

Shirts, blouses, trousers, inner wares/under wares, socks, shoes, zippers,, buttons, pres-studs, Velcro, laces, charts, visual aids, programmed texts, electronic learning aids, dolls and dummies, lacing boards, buttoning boards, objects of reference, communication and structure boards.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to dress up appropriately and assist others in dressing	Learner is able to dress up appropriately.	Learner is able to dress up appropriately with prompts	Learner has difficulties in dressing

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
6.0 Dressing and undressing	6.3 Putting on shoes	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different types of footwear used for comfort and safety; b) put on shoes appropriately for own comfort and safety;	 Learners could be guided to identify different types of footwear by use of realia pictures, charts, videos and animations. Learners could be guided to follow the right procedure of putting on 	What do you wear on your feet?

	c) appreciate the need of putting on shoes for comfort and safety.	dummie Learner to corre shoes, is left shoe the foot Individu put on s appropr Learner songs ir	s could be guided ctly position dentify right and e, slipping in of and fastening. ually, learner to hoes		
Core-Competence	•				
communication and	collaboration will be achieved as lea	arners practice p	utting on shoes in p	airs	
Learning to learn wi	ll be achieved as learners acquire sk	tills in putting di	fferent types of foo	twear.	
Self-efficacy is attain	ned as learners put on shoes at the a	ppropriate time			
Link to PCIs: Heal shoes comfort and sa	th education. safety is attained as leafety.	earners put on	Link to Value: le sense of responsib care of their feet b	oility as they take	
Links to other subj	ects:				
Communication and	Communication and Social skills, Environmental activities				

Suggested Nor	ı Formal	Activity:
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Learner to be prompted to put on shoes independently at home and in other places always.

Suggested Assessment: Questions, observation

Suggested resources: Shoes, adapted shoes, resource person, teacher aide, videos, slippers, sandals, boots pictures, charts, lacing board, structure board, objects of reference

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to put on shoes appropriately and assist others.	Learner is able to put on shoes appropriately.	Learner is able to put on shoes with prompts.	Learner has difficulties in putting on shoes.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experiences	Question
7.0 Our Environment	7.1 God's creation	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify living and non-living things within the environment; b) explore the environment to distinguish between	Learner could be guided to identify living and non-living things within the environment by use of realia, pictures, models, charts, video clips showing living and non living things.	What can you see outside our classroom?

	living and non-living things; c) appreciate god's creation within the environment.	to explore environme and manip and non-liv Learners conguided to so corner with models of non-living Learner conprovided was	ent, observe ulate living ving things. ould be set up a nature th samples and living and things. ould be vith drawings and non-living			
•	Core-Competence to be developed					
	Self efficacy is achieved as learners identify living and non-living things in their local environment.					
	Communication and collaboration will achieved as le environment.	arners work in g	groups in exploring the			
	Learning to learn will be attained as learners explore things	ne environment	to identify living and non-living.			
	Digital literacy is achieved as learners watch videos, ar	imations and pl	ay computer games.			
	Link to PCIs: Education for Sustainable Development-Awareness of tenvironment will be achieved as learners explore the ento identify living and non-living things.	he local ac	ink to Values: Responsibility is equired is as learner take of ving and non-living things.			

Links to other subjects:

Religious Education and Life skills Activities, Environmental Activities

Suggested Non Formal activity:

Learner to participate in environmental activities at home and in the community.

Suggested Assessment: Questioning, observation

Suggested resources: Pictures, drawings, models, charts, videos, realia, **c**rayons, nature corner, structure board, communication board and object of reference

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify living and non-living things in the environment and assist others.	Learner is able to identify living and non-living things in the environment.	Learner is able to identify living and non-living things in the environment with prompts.	Learner has difficulties in identifying living and non-living things in the environment.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
7.0 Our Environment	7.2 Care for the learning environment	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of caring for the environment; b) care for the learning environment to make it habitable; c) appreciate the need to keep the learning environment clean to promote hygiene.	 The learner could be guided to identify various ways of caring for the learning environment through demonstrations, videos and pictures. Learner could be guided to carry out various activities of keeping learning environment clean such as sweeping, collecting rubbish, disposal of garbage and watering plants. Learner could sing songs and recite rhymes on keeping the environment clean. 	1) How do you keep your learning environment clean?
	Self-efficacy is ac	•	ing environment clean. various ways of keeping the environn ved as learner work in groups when c	

Digital literacy is achieved as	learners watch videos.	, animations and p	lay computer games.
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Link to PCIs:	nk to Values:
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Education for Sustainable Development-Keeping our environment clean: this is attained as learners clean the learning environment.

Learners will acquire care, responsibility, and respect for the environment.

Links to other subjects:

Environmental Activities, Hygiene and nutrition activities

Suggested non Formal Activity:

Learner to participate in cleaning activities at home.

Suggested Assessment: questioning, observation.

Suggested resources:

Videos, pictures, dustbin, brooms, dustpans, rakes, brushes, mops, buckets, water and wheelbarrows, objects of reference, communication boards, structured boards and animations.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to care for the learning environment, guide others and participate in environmental days in the community.	Learner is able to care for the learning environment.	Learner is able to care for the learning environment with prompts.	Learner has difficulties in caring for the learning environment.

SENSORY MOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES

Essence Statement:

This learning area involves sensory integration skills, psychomotor and creative activities. Sensory integration equips the learner with skills of identification, organization and interpretation of sensory information. Psychomotor activities help the learner to develop gross and fine motor abilities while creative activities develop learner's skills of self expression, imagination and creativity.

General Learning Outcomes for Sensory Motor and Creative Activities

By the end of foundation level, the learner should be able to:

- a) explore the immediate environment using various sensory inputs;
- b) use sensory integration approach to explore the environment for learning;
- c) coordinate body movement in different activities for physical fitness and self fulfilment;
- d) perform creative activities for learning, self-expression, enjoyment and relaxation.

Curriculum Designs for Sensory Motor and Creative Activities

STRANDS	SUB – STRANDS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOME	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCE	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
1.0 Sensory perception	1.1 Auditory perception	By the end of sub strand the learner should be able to: a) identify various sounds from the environment for learning; b) identify sources of sounds for perception; c) listen to various sounds in the environment for differentiation; d) imitate different sounds in the environment for communication; e) appreciate sounds in the environment for enjoyment.	 Learners could be guided to identify environmental sounds. Learners could be guided to listen to recorded sounds and identify the sources. Learners could be guided to track and differentiate sources of sounds. In groups or pairs, learners could be guided to imitate sounds in the environment through role play. Learners imitate and differentiate different sounds in the environment. 	What sounds can you hear from the surroundings?
	_	ill be developed through identi	ification of sources, of sounds in th	e environment
	Link to PCIs a	and values: Life Skills	Link to Values: Patience is devel attention to sounds.	oped through paying

Self-awareness will be achieved as learners identify sound in the environment.	
Link to other subject: Orientation and Mob	oility, Communication Skills
Suggested non Formal Activity: learners to locating direction of sound and identify sounds at home.	Suggested assessment mode: Questioning, Observation.
Suggested Resources: Recorded sounds, music instruments, bell, m pictures, objects of reference, communication	noving vehicles, hooting sounds, animal sounds, birds sounds, n boards, structured boards.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to listen, identify sounds and their sources and imitate different sounds. In addition the learner is able to discriminate sounds in the environment.	Learner is able to listen, identify sounds and their sources and imitate different sounds.	Learner is able to listen, identify sounds and their sources and imitate different sounds with prompts.	Learner has difficulties in listening, identifying sounds and their sources and imitating different sounds.

STRAND	SUB- STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
1.0 Sensory perception	1.2 Visual perception	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify colour and shape of the objects in the environment for learning; b) manipulate colours, and shapes of objects in the environment for discrimination. c) track a moving object in the environment for perception. d) appreciate visual interaction with the environment for self-expression.	 Learners could be guided to identify and name colours, shapes and objects in the environment. Learners could be guided to sort and match colours and shapes of objects in the environment. In groups or pairs, learners track moving objects on the computer screen and in the environment. Learners appreciate the use of vision through interaction with the environment. 	What can you see around you?
	Core competence environment	to be developed: Self efficac	cy is achieved as learners In	iteract with the
	Link to PCIs: life	skills:	Link to Values: Response caring for the environment	sibility is achieved through nt
	Link to other sub	jects: Communication and Ac	etivities of the Daily Living	

Suggested Non formal activity: Learner to observe and sort out objects of different sizes, colours and shapes, and track moving objects at home and in the surroundings	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, Observation
Suggested Resources Objects of different, colour and shapes, pictures, cutouts, bl aide, objects of reference, communication boards.	ocks, bottles, sticks, tins, videos, teache

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching	Below expectations
		expectations	
Learner is able to identify and	Learner is able to identify and	Learner is able to identify	Learner has difficulties
discriminate objects according	discriminate objects according	and discriminate colour	in identifying and
to colour and shape as well as	to colour and shape as well as	and shape of objects as	discriminating colour
track moving objects in the	track a moving object in the	well as track a moving	and shape of objects
environment. In addition, the	environment.	object in the environment	and is unable to track a
learner is able to colour objects		with assistance.	moving object in the
correctly.			environment.

STRAND	SUB- STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
1.0 Sensory Perception	1.3 Tactile	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different textures and temperatures for learning; b) sort different objects according to texture and temperature for discrimination; c) appreciate the feel of texture of surfaces and temperature in the environment for safety.	 Learners could be guided to feel and identify different textures (rough and smooth) and temperatures (warm and cold). In pairs or groups, learners could sort different objects according to texture (Smooth and rough) and temperature (Warm and cold). Learners should interact with surfaces of different texture and temperature in the environment. 	How does it feel when you touch something?
		n and collaboration will be achie ling to texture and temperature.	eved as learners in groups or in p	airs sort objects and
		Heath Education-Safety is achie dle objects and surfaces different mperatures	-	in handling objects and
	Link to other	Subjects; Communication skill,	Activities of Daily Living	

Suggested non formal activity: Learner to	Suggested assessment: Questioning, Observation
practice handling objects and surfaces of different	
texture and temperature safely at home.	

Exceeding 6	expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify and sort different textures (smooth and rough) and temperatures (warm and cold). In addition learner can handle objects and surfaces of texture and temperature safely.		Learner is able to identify and sort different textures (smooth and rough) and temperatures (warm and cold).	Learner is able to identify and sort different textures (smooth and rough) and temperatures (warm and cold).with assistant	difficulties in identifying and
STRAND	SUB-STRANDS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUURY QUESTION
1.0 Sensory Perception	1.4 Gustatory perception	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different tastes for learning; b) classify items according to taste for differentiation; c) appreciate pleasant taste for enjoyment.	 Learners could be guided to identify different tastes. (Sweet and salty). Learners could be guided to classify items according to different tastes. (Sweet and salty). Learners could be guided to select foods with pleasant tastes. 	How does the food you like to eat taste?

Core competence; Self-efficacy is achieved as learners identify different tastes of foods.			
Link to PCI; Life Skills: self-esteem is attained as learners make good choices of food according to taste.	Links to values: Responsibility is attained as learners recognize different tastes of foods and make informed choices.		
Link to other subjects: Activities of Daily Living, Communication skills'			
Suggested Non formal: Learner tastes different kinds of food stuff at home.	Suggested Assessment: Checklist Observation		
Suggested Resources Foodstuff, fruits, juices, soda, sugar, salt, sweets, so	cones, cakes.		

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below
			expectations
Learner can identify and classify different tastes (sweet and salty). In addition can identify sour taste.	Learner is able to identify and classify foods according to taste (sweet and salty).	Learner is able to identify and classify foods according to taste (sweet and salty).with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in identifying and classifying foods according to taste (sweet and salty).

STRAND	SUB- STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
1.0 Sensory Perception	1.5 Olfactory perception Core competen	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify different smells in the environment for learning; b) sort out items according to smells for discrimination; c) appreciate pleasant smells in the environment for learning. cy to be developed: self-efficacy scents and odours	 Learners could be guided to identify different smells in the environment. Learners could be guided to distinguish between good and bad smells. Individually or in pairs, learners to be guided to appreciate pleasant smell. 	1. What can you smell?
	Link to PCIs: Health education – safety will be observed by avoiding areas with unpleasant smells. Link to values: learners will attain smell tolerance			will attain smell
	Link to other subjects: Orientation and Mobility, Communication, ADL Suggested non-formal activity: learner to be assisted by parents to identify various food items, perfumes, soaps and lotion by smell. Suggested assessment: Questioning, Observation			
	Suggested Reso Foodstuff, fruits	purces, perfumes, rations, soap, garbage	pits, urinal, toilet.	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to identify and classify different smells (pleasant and unpleasant). In addition the learner can identify objects according to their smell.	Learner is able to identify and classify different smells (pleasant and unpleasant).	Learner is able to identify and classify different smells (pleasant and unpleasant) with assistance	Learner has difficulties in identifying and classifying different smells (pleasant and unpleasant)

STRAND	SUB-	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
	STRANDS	OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTIONS
2.0 Sensory Integration	2.1 Eye- hand co-ordination	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify eye- hand coordination activities for learning; b) perform eye-hand coordination activities in manipulating the environment; c) appreciate the use of eye hand co- ordination in learning and exploring of the environment.	 Learners could be guided to identify eye-hand coordination activities through demonstrations videos, animations and pictures. These activities include sorting modelling, pegging, buttoning beading, threading, constructing towers using blocks and lacing. Learners could be guided to perform eye-hand coordination activities. Through play, in pairs and groups learner could practice performing eye-hand coordination activities. 	1. What do you do with your hands?

Core competency to be developed: self efficacy is achieved as learners apply eye - and coordination in daily activities		
Link to PCIs: life skill:	Link to values:	
Link to other subjects: Orientation and Mobility, Activities of Daily Living		
Suggested Non formal Activity: : Learners to be involved in cleaning the environment	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, Observation	
Suggested Resources Beads, assorted seeds, peg boards, buttoning boards, racin	g boards, clay, plasticine, bocks	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to perform eye – hand coordination activities and assist others.	Learner is able to perform eye – hand coordination activities.	Learner is able to perform eye – hand coordination activities with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in performing eye – hand coordination activities.

STRAND	SUB-STRANDS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED L EXPERIENCES		KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 PSYCHOMO TOR ACTIVITIES	3.1 Loco-motor Activities	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify obstacle free space, appropriate distance and height for loco-motor activities to enhance safety; b) perform coordinated loco-motor activities for physical fitness; c) appreciate loco-motor activities for physical fitness, safety and enjoyment.	identify o appropriate height for through decided videos and perform compared free space.	could be guided to oordinated loco-ivities on an obstacle c. r groups, learners oordinated loco-	1. What do you do at break time?
	Core-Competence to be developed: Self efficacy will be developed as learners successively perform coordinated loco-motor activities. Communication and collaboration will be achieved as learners perform loco-motor activities in pairs and in groups. Digital Literacy will be achieved as learners watch videos and animations.				
	Link to PCIs and Values: ESD: Learners will observe safety when performing locomotors activities.			Links to Values: Cooperation is acquired as learners take turns in	

		performing coordinated loco-motor activities.				
Link to other subjects; Orientation and Mobility,	Link to other subjects; Orientation and Mobility, Activities of Daily living skills.					
Suggested Non formal activity; Learner: to participate in sports activities at home	Suggested as observation	sessment mode: Questioning,				
Suggested Resources Seats, standing bars, mats, parallel bars, sipping ropvideos, pictures animations, resource persons, teac	•					

Exceeding expectations M	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
*	1	Learner is able to perform locomotor activities with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in performing locomotor activities.

STRAND	SUB-STRANDS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION	
3.0 Psychomotor	3.2 Non loco-motor skills	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) perform co-ordinated non loco-motor activities for body balance; b) appreciate non loco-motor activities for relaxation and fitness.	 Learners could observe demonstrations of various non loco-motor activities such as stretching, bending, curling, twisting, pushing, and pulling. Learners could be guided to practice the non loco-motor activities in pairs. Learners could be involved in games which involve non loco-motor activities. 	1. How do you pick something from the ground?	
	Link to PCIs:	Links to values: The value of unity will be developed as learners cooperate in play.			
	Link to other subject(s): Orientation and Mobility				
	Suggested Non formal Activities: Learners to practice non loco-motor skills when performing tasks at home.		Suggested assessment mode: Questioning, Observation		
	Suggested Resources:	Videos, Pictures animations	, resource persons, teacher aides an	nd realia	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to perform non loco-motor activities Independently and assist others.	Learner is able to perform non loco-motor activities Independently.	Learner is able to perform non loco-motor activities with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in performing non locomotor activities.

STRAND	SUB-STRANDS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 Psychomotor	3.3 Manipulative skills • Catching • Throwing • Bouncing • Kicking • Skipping	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify materials and equipment used to develop manipulative skills in games and sports; b) perform sport activities to develop manipulative skills; c) appreciate the use of manipulative skills in sports and games.	 Learners could be guided to identify equipment and materials used to develop manipulative skills in sports through demonstrations, video clips realia and pictures. Learner could be guided to perform activities which help in developing manipulative skills such as catching, throwing, bouncing, kicking, and skipping. In pairs or groups learners to practice the manipulative skills 	1. What do you enjoy playing with?

Core-Competence to be developed : Self efficacy w manipulative skills.	ill be achieved as learners engage in games that inv
Communication and collaboration will be achieved a	learners participate in games and sports.
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: learners acquire the value of cooperation and respect.
Link to other subject: Sensory motor and creative ac	etivities, Activities of daily living skills.
Suggested non-formal activity: learner to perform manipulative skills when performing activities at home.	Suggested assessment modes: questioning, observation.
Suggested Resources: Balls, beanbags, frees bee, ten	quite and marbles

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to perform sport activities which develop manipulative skills independently and assist other.	Learner is able to perform sport activities which develop manipulative skills independently	Learner is able to perform sport activities which develop manipulative skills with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in performing sport activities which develop manipulative skills.

STRAND	SUB-STRANDS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
4.0 Creative Activities	4.1 Modelling	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify various materials used in modelling for learning; b) model using various materials for creativity and enjoyment; c) appreciate the importance of modelling in self-expression and enjoyment.	 Learners could be guided to identify various materials used in modelling. Learners could be guided to gather materials used in modelling. Individually, in pairs or groups, learners could be guided to practice modelling different items using various modelling materials. Learners could be guided to display and appreciate the modelled items. 	1. What do we use to make bricks, a pot, flower vase, earthen utensils?
	when modeling. Communication and	co be developed :Self Efficacy will collaboration will be achieved as le	•	•
	Imagination and cre	ativity: modelling items.		

Link to PCIs: Education for Sustainable Development: Environmental awareness will be attained as learners explore the environment when collecting modelling materials.	Links to Values: learners will learn how to cooperate in performing various activities.
Link to other subjects: Communication, social and preactivities.	literacy skills, Sensory motor and creative
Suggested non formal activity: Learner could be assisted by parents and siblings to collect and prepare modeling play in the surrounding.	Suggested assessment: Questioning, Observation

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to model complete item independently and assist others.	Learner is able to model complete item independently.	Learner is able to model complete item with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in modelling.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
4.0 Creative Activities	4.2 Scribbling, Colouring and Tracing	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify materials that are used in scribbling, colouring and tracing for learning; b) perform scribbling, colouring and tracing activities for creativity; c) appreciate colouring, scribbling and tracing for and enjoyment.	 Learner could be guided to identify materials used in scribbling, colouring and tracing through observing video clips animations, pictures and realia. Individually, in pairs or in groups, learners could be guided to scribble, colour and trace using a variety of materials. Learner could be guided to display and appreciate their work. 	What can you see on the classroom walls?
	scribbling, colouring	o be developed: Imagination and and tracing activities. attained as learner appreciate disp		-

Link to PCIs: Life skills: Creative thinking will be achieved by scribbling tracing and colouring.	Links to Values: Responsibility is acquired as learners take care of their finished items.	
Link to other subjects: Communication, socia	al and pre-literacy, pre-numeracy activities.	
Suggested Non Formal Activity: learner to practice scribbling, tracing and colouring at home.	Suggested assessment: Questioning, observation	
Suggested Resources: crayons, papers, manila paper ,pencils, rubbers, sharpeners, charcoal, ash, soil, sticks, drawing books, tracing materials, teacher aide, communication board, objects of reference, structure board.		

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to scribble, colour and trace independently in addition is able to come up with his own creative patterns.	Learner is able to scribble, colour and trace independently.	Learner is able to scribble, colour and trace with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in scribbling, colouring and tracing.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION	
4.0 Creative Activities	4.3 Painting and printing Core-Competence	a) identify materials used in painting and printing for learning; b) perform painting and printing activities for creativity; c) appreciate the importance of painting and printing for enjoyment and relaxation.	Learners could be guided to display and appreciate their work.	What can you see on my table? (paint, paint brushes, sponges, leaves, potatoes, carrots, and any other locally available materials)	
	work. Imagination and cactivities. Communication and cactivities. Link to PCIs: Lift be enhanced through	Imagination and creativity will be enhanced as learners creatively perform printing and painting			

ESD: Safety and security: Use safe materials			
Link to other subjects: Communication, social and pre-literacy skills, sensory motor and creative activities.			
Suggested non-formal activity: learners to watch television programs on arts and crafts at home.	Suggested assessment: Questioning, Observation.		
Suggested resources: colours, paints, paper, leaves	, palettes, paint brushes, banana stocks, teacher aide.		

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to paint and print independently. In addition the learner is able come up with systematic pattern.	Learner is able paint and print independently.	Learner is able to paint and print with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in painting and printing.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION	
4.0 Creative Activities	4.4 Making patterns	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify simple patterns in the environment for learning; b) make simple patterns for creativity; c) appreciate various patterns in the environment for enjoyment.	 Learners could be guided to identify simple patterns in the environment though observation and demonstration. Learners could watch live or audio visual demonstrations on making of patterns Learners could be guided to make simple patterns; Learners could be guided to display their work. 	What makes clothes beautiful?	
	Core-Competence to be developed: Self-efficacy will be achieved as learners engage in pattern making activities.				
	esteem will be enhance	Link to Pertinent Contemporary Issues: Self- esteem will be enhanced as learners appreciate their creativity in making patterns.		rill be enhanced as re materials.	
	Link to other subject	ts: Communication, Activities	s of Daily living and Numeracy		

Suggested non formal activities: learner could be assisted by parents and siblings to make pattern and display them at home.	Suggested assessment: Questioning, Observation
Suggested Resources Paper, colours, pencils, leaf, crayons, paint, paintir teacher aide	ng brushes, seeds, sand, banana stock, paper, scissors,

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to make patterns independently. In addition learner can make multiple patterns.	Learner is able to make patterns independently.	Learner is able to make patterns with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in making patterns.

STRAND	SUB-	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
	STRAND	OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTION
4.0 Creative Activities	4.5 Ornament making	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) identify different types of ornaments for learning;	Learners could be guided to identify different types of ornaments through demonstrations, video clips, realia, pictures and photos.	1. What do you use to decorate yourself?

Core-Competence ornaments.	b) identify materials used in making ornaments in the environment; c) make ornaments for creativity and enjoyment; d) appreciate the use of ornaments for decorative purposes.	 Learners could be guided to identify materials used in ornament making such as beads, seeds, strings, sand, glue using realia, pictures, photos and animations. Learners could be guided to make ornaments. Learners could be guided to display and appreciate, the ornaments made. n and Creativity will be developed as learners make
thinking will be do different types of a Link to other subsectivities, pre-num	oject(s): Activities of Daily Liv	Links to values: Respect- learners will develop appreciation of own and other people's culture. ing Skills. Communication, social and pre-literacy Suggested assessment: Questioning, Observation
learning: learner	to observe how different ents during ceremonies.	Suggested assessment. Questioning, Observation
Beads, seeds, paper animations, picture	er, pair of scissors, strings, sand	, glue, cloth, leather, teacher aide, video clips,

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to make ornaments independently. In addition can make patterns on the ornament.	Learner is able to make ornaments independently.	Learner is able to make ornaments with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in making ornaments.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
5.0 Music and Movement	5.1 Listening to music	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify environmental sounds for learning; b) listen to musical rhythms for sound discrimination; c) listen to music for enjoyment and entertainment; d) respond to familiar music for enjoyment e) appreciate music for enjoyment and relaxation.	 Learners could be guided to identify sources of the environmental sounds through listening to recorded sounds and or real sounds. Learners could be guided to listen and imitate various musical rhythms such as clapping, foot thumping, finger snapping, drumming and shakers. Learners could to listen to recorded familiar tunes or as sang by the teacher. Learner could be guided to respond appropriately to music through clapping, smiling, nodding and shaking. 	1. What sounds can you hear?

Core-Competence to be developed: Self-efficacy appropriately.	will be achieved as learners respond to musical
Communication and collaboration will be achieved	I as learners listen and respond to music in groups.
Link to PCIs: Life skills:	Links to values: Respect will be enhanced as learners listen to and appreciate music from different cultures.
Link to other subjects: Activities of Daily Living activities, pre-numeracy activities.	Skills. Communication, social and pre-literacy
Suggested Non formal activity to support learning: learner to listen and enjoy music and home and other settings.	Suggested assessments: Questioning, Observation
Suggested Resources Musical instruments, recorded music, videos, teach	ner aides, pictures, realia.

Exceeding expectations Meeting expectations Approaching expectations		Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to listen to music and respond	Learner is able to listen and respond to music.	Learner is able to listen music and response to it with	Learner has difficulties in listening
rhythmically.		assistance	to rhythms.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES		KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
5.0 Music and Movement	5.2 Singing Core-Competence	 Learners could be guided to sing familiar songs. Learners could be guided to sing familiar songs. Learners could be guided to learn a new song through listening to and imitation. Learners could be guided to learn a new song through listening to and imitation. Learners could practice singing the new song for enjoyment and relaxation. 		1. Which songs do you like singing?	
	songs.	e to be developed i magmanor	r und Grounvio	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	as rearriers rearrier
	Link to PCIs: self identify their talen	f-awareness will be achieved as t in music.		enhanced as learn	cooperation will be ers take specific
	Link to other subject(s): Activities of Daily Living Skills. Communication, social and pre-literacy activities, pre-numeracy activities.				
	Suggested Non formal activity: learner to sing at home and in places of worship. Suggested assessment: Observed assessment assessment as observed assessment as observed a			sessment: Observa	ation, questioning

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to sing familiar and new songs with accompaniment.	Learner is able to sing familiar and new songs.	Learner is able to sing familiar songs but not new songs.	Learner has difficulties in singing familiar and new songs.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
5.0: Music and Movement	5.3 Dancing	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) make different body movements for learning. b) dance to different rhythms for enjoyment. c) make formations and patterns while dancing for entertainment. d) appreciate dance for enjoyment and relaxation.	 Learners could be guided to make different body movements freely. Learners could be guided to dance to familiar and new rhythms through demonstrations and videos. Learner could practice dancing to rhythms in pairs or in groups. Learners could be guided to make simple formation and patterns while dancing such as 	What do you do when you hear music play?

	lin • In le	rcular and straight nes. n pairs or in groups arners to dance to
		miliar dance to miliar and new
		ythms.
Core-Competence to be developed: Imaginat	ion and Creativi	ity will be achieved as learners dance
freely and make formations and patterns.		
Collaboration and Communication will be achi	eved as learners	s dance in pairs and in groups.
Link to PCIs: Life skills: Creative and critical be attained as learners apply new ideas in danci	_	Links to values: cooperation will be enhanced through singing and dancing in pairs and in groups
Link to other subjects: Orientation and Mobil	ity, Communica	ation, social and pre-literacy skills.
Suggested Non formal Activity: learner to participate in dancing during events and ceremonies	Suggested as Observation	ssessment Questioning,
Suggested Resources Music instruments, videos, radio, phones, teach	er aide, CD and	l VCD players.

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
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Learner is able to dance to familiar and new rhythms and engage make formations and patterns. In addition the learner comes up with coordinated styles of dancing.	Learner is able to dance to familiar and new rhythms and engage make formations and patterns.	Learner is able to dance to familiar and new rhythms and make formation and patterns with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in dancing and making formations and patterns.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
5.0 Music and movement	5.4 Playing musical instruments	by the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify musical instruments for learning; b) play simple musical instrument for enjoyments; c) store musical instruments appropriately for durability and safety; d) Appreciate the use of musical instruments for entertainment.	 Learners could be guided to identify musical instruments through displays, demonstrations, video clips, realia, and pictures. Learners could be guided to play musical instruments. Learners could play musical instruments in pairs or in group. Learners could be guided to carefully store the musical instruments after use. 	1. Which musical instruments do you know?

Core-Competence to be developed: Imagination and musical instruments. Communication and collaboration will be achieved as	
Link to PCIs: Life skills: creative and critical	Links to values: cooperation will be acquired
thinking will be enhanced through manipulating and playing musical instruments.	as learners share music instrument and play them together.
Link to other subjects: Orientation and Mobility, Co	ommunication, social and pre-literacy skills
Suggested Non Formal activity: learner to play musical instruments in events and ceremonies	Suggested assessment: Observation, Questioning
Suggested resources	
Trumpets, tambourines, jingles, horns, videos, CD pl. drum, kayamba, teacher aides, bottles, whistles.	ayers, DVD players, radio, stringed instruments,

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Learner is able to play simple musical	Learner is able to play simple musical	Learner is able to play simple musical instruments.with	Learner has difficulties playing musical instruments.
instruments. In addition can sing along.	instruments.	assistance.	

ORIENTATION AND MOBILITY

Essence Statement

Orientation and mobility skills enable the learner to move independently and safely within the environment. The learner will be equipped with skills to use various parts of the body in exploring the environment; use assistive and corrective devices correctly, and attain appropriate body posture.

General Learning Outcomes for Orientation and Mobility

By the end of foundation level, the Learner should be able to:

- a. use parts of the body to explore and function in the environment;
- b. attain appropriate posture and balance for safe and effective movement in the environment;
- c. apply orientation skills to determine position in space and direction of movement;
- d. move safely in the environment for personal wellness;
- e. use mobility techniques, assistive and corrective devices correctly for independent movement in the environment.

Curriculum Designs for Orientation and Mobility

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Body Awareness	1.1 Parts of the body - Head, Eyes, Nose, Mouth and Ears	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify parts of the body (head, eyes, nose, mouth, ears) for self-awareness. b) locate the head, eyes, nose, mouth and ears for self-awareness c) appreciate self and others.	 Learners could be asked to shake, node or touch the head. In pairs, learners could point at or touch their peers eyes, ears, nose and mouth. Learners could point at the different parts of the head, on dolls, charts and pictures. Learners to sing songs and recite simple rhymes on the parts of the body. Learners could tell what they likes about their look. 	1. What can you see or feel on your friends head?

Link to PCI: Life skills: Self-Awareness will be realized as learners Identify their body Parts.	Link To Values : Responsibility will be acquire as learners value their body parts.
carriers racinary area sody randi	parto
Links to other Subjects: Activities of Daily living skills.	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to identify the head, eyes, nose, mouth, and ears correctly In addition the learners is also able to name or sign name other parts such as hair, teeth, tongue and lips.	Learner is able to identify the head, eyes, nose, mouth, and ears correctly.	Learner is able to identify the head, eyes, nose, mouth, and ears with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in identifying the head, eyes, nose, mouth, and ears.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Body Awareness	1.2 Parts of the body – the arms, hands and fingers)	By the end of the sub-strar the learner should be able a) identify the arms, hand and fingers as parts o the body used in mobility; b) locate the arms, hands and fingers for self awareness; c) appreciate self and others.	arms, hands and fingers through demonstrations, video clips, realia, charts and models of human body.	1. What do use to hold items?
Link to PCI: Life Identify their b	skills: Self-Awareness v ody Parts.	f efficacy will be achieved as lear vill be realized as learners ly living skills, Sensory motor Act	ners become awareness of their body Link To Values: Responsibility will be acquire as learners was parts.	alue their body
Suggested non on dolls and pie	 -Formal Activity: learner ctures at home.	to identify parts of the body	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, observation icine or clay and video clips, teacher aides	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
	expectations	expectations	

Learner is able to identify	Learner is able to	Learner is able to	Learner has difficulties in identifying
arms, hands and the fingers	identify arms, hands	identify arms, hands	arms, hands and fingers.
correctly. Additionally the	and fingers correctly.	and fingers with	
learner can identify other		assistance.	
parts of the arm not included			
in the list such as Shoulder,			
elbow, wrist, nails.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learn	ning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
1.0 Body awareness	1.3 Parts of the body - the legs, feet and toes.	By the end of the Substrand, the learner should be able to; a) identify the legs, feet and toes as parts of the body used in mobility: b) locate the legs, feet and toes for self awareness: c) appreciate self and others.	the legs, feet use of demony video clips, communicati body models • Learner could or sign name fingers • Learner could activities usin standing, wal kicking the b • learners could	on boards and human d be guided to name the leg, foot, and d be engaged in ng the legs such, lking, jumping and	1. what do you d with your legs?
		d: Self efficacy will be achieved a	s learners become aw		1. 11a 11 la
Parts.	r e skilis: Seit-Awarer	ness will be realized as learners lo	aentiry their body	Link To Values: Respons learners value their body	•
	Subjects: Activities	of Daily living skills, Sensory moto	or Activities.	,	· ·
Suggested no pictures at ho		arner to identify parts of the bod	y on dolls and	Suggested Assessment:	Questioning, observation
	sources: models, dol ucture boards.	ls, charts, pictures, plasticine or c	clay, and video clips, c	ommunication boards teac	her aides, occupational

Assessment Rubrics				
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation	
Learner is able to identify warm and cold temperatures or rough and smooth surfaces independently. Additionally learner can avoid injury and pain.	Learner is able to identify warm and cold temperatures or rough and smooth surfaces independently.	Learner is able to identify warm and cold temperatures or rough and smooth surfaces with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in identifying warm and cold temperatures or rough and smooth surfaces.	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Use of body parts in orientation and mobility	2.1 Use of the head, eyes, mouth, nose and ears in orientation and mobility	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a. recognize how the head, eyes, nose, mouth and ears are used in orientation and mobility; b. Use the head, eyes, nose, mouth and ears to find direction; c. Appreciate the use of the head, eyes, nose, mouth and ears in finding direction.	 Learners could be guided to use the head, nose, mouth and ears to locate different places. Learners could locate different directions and places using sight, smell or auditory senses. Learners could be guided to use visual, auditory or olfactory cues to move to different places. Learners could play hide and seek games. 	1. What can you hear/smell or see?

Core Competence to be developed: Learning to learn will be achieved as learners use the head, eyes, nose, mouth ,ears in mobility: Self-efficacy will be develop as learners confidently move in the environment

Link to PCI: Self-awareness and self-esteem will be attained as learners use	Link to Values: Care- learners will take care of the
different parts of the body to explore the environment.	environment
Links to Other Subjects: Activities of Daily living skills: Sensory motor Activities	

Suggested Non-Formal Activity: Learner to visit various places accompanied by	Suggested Assessment: questioning, observation.
siblings and parent.	
Suggested Resources: charts, pictures, dolls, teacher aides, realia, occupational thera	pists

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to use head, eyes, nose, mouth and ears in locating direction and different places. In addition, the learner can use visual, auditory and olfactory cues to move to various places in the school compound.	Learner is able to use eyes, mouth nose, ears in locating direction and different places.	Learner is able to use eyes, mouth nose, ears in locating direction and different places with prompts.	Learner can only attempt to locate direction using one sense with prompts and has significant difficulties in using other senses to locate places.

parts of the body in orientation and	2 Use of the ms, hands and agers in cientation and obility.	a. identify way arms, hands	ld be able to:	 Learners could be guided to identify how arms, hands and fingers are used to find direction through use of realia, demonstrations, video clips What do you do with you hands?
		By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. identify ways in which the arms, hands and fingers are used in orientation and mobility; b. use the arms, hands and fingers to explore the environment; c. appreciate the use of the arms, hands and fingers in keeping the environment clean.		 and animations. Learners could be guided to use the arms, hands and fingers to show direction and to explore the immediate environment. Learners could be asked to clap, shake hands, , pick objects and clean the environment.
=	be developed: Learning	-		use the arms, hands and fingers in keeping the environment nt.
learners use different environment.	reness and self-esteem t t parts of the body to ex	oplore the		are- Learners will take care of the environment.
	cts: Activities of Daily liv			
Suggested non-forma cleaning home enviro	al activity: learners to a conment.	ssist in	Sugge	ested Assessment: Observation, questioning

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to use arms, hands and fingers to find direction and manipulate the immediate environment. In addition the learner can identify items through touch.	Learner is able to use arms, hands and fingers to find direction and manipulate the immediate environment.	Learner is able to use arms, hands and fingers to find direction and manipulate the immediate environment with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in using arms, hands and fingers to find direction and manipulate the immediate environment.

Self efficacy will be achieved as learners acquire mobility skills.	
Link to PCI: Life skills; Self-awareness and self-esteem will be achieved as learners	Link To Values: responsibility will be achieved as
use their legs to move in the environment.	learners care for the environment.
Links to other Subjects: Activities of Daily living skills, Sensory motor Activities:	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to Support Learning: learner to move within the environment independently	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, observation

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
2.0 Use of body parts in orientation and mobility	2.3 Use of the legs, feet and toes in orientation and mobility	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways in which the legs, feet and toes are used in orientation and mobility; b) use the legs, feet and toes to move in the environment; c) appreciate the use of the arms, hands and fingers in orientation and mobility.	 Learners could be guided to identify how legs, feet and toes are used to move within the environment through use of realia, demonstrations, video clips and animations. Learners could be guided to move to various places in the environment. Learners could explore and move to various places within the environment. 	1. What do you do with your legs?

Assessment Rubrics					
Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation			
Learner is able to use the legs, feet and toes in	Learner is able to use the legs, feet and toes in movement with support	Learner has difficulties in using the legs, feet and toes in movement.			
	expectations Learner is able to use the legs, feet	expectations Learner is able to use the legs, feet and toes in movement with support			

2.0 Use of parts of the	STRAND 2.4 Use of the skin to	OUTCOMES By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:	EXPERIENCES Learners could be guided to identify ways in which the skin is used as testile sense argan.	QUESTION(S) 1. Why do you remove or put on sweaters?
body in orientation and mobility	explore the environment	 identify ways in which the skin is used as the tactile sense organ; use the skin to perceive different tactile sensations; appreciate use of skin to identify tactile stimuli. 	 is used as tactile sense organ. These may include feeling temperatures, textures, pain and injury. Learners could be guided to differentiate cold from warm temperatures and rough from smooth surfaces Learners could be guide to identify items through touch. Learners could play sorting games or drag and drop computer games 	Sweaters!

Core competence to developed: Self efficacy will be achieved as learners	
respond appropriately to tactile stimuli.	
Link To PCI: Self-esteem will be attained as learners appreciate the and care for	Link To Values: Responsibility will be attained as learners care for
the skin.	the body.
Health education: Personal hygiene will be achieved as learners maintain	
cleanliness of the skin.	
Links To Other Subjects: Activities of Daily living skills:	
Suggested non-formal activity: learner to avoid hot water and objects at home.	Suggested Assessment: Observation and questioning.
Suggested Resources: Realia, water bottles, surfaces of different textures, a source	ce of heat, ice cubes, sand, clay soil. feathers, computer, teacher
aides, occupational therapists	

Assessment Rubrics					
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation		
Learner is able to use the skin to perceive different tactile sensations and keep away from unsafe sensations.	Learner is able to use the skin to perceive different tactile sensations;	Learner is able use the skin to perceive different tactile sensations with support	Learner has difficulties in using the skin to perceive different tactile sensations.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes	Experiences	Question
3.0 Body Posture	3.1 Head posture	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a. maintain appropriate head posture for body balance; b. appreciate the importance of appropriate head posture in mobility.	 Learners could be involved in exercises to train appropriate head posture using special seats with head support, Straps, head rests and back rests. Learners could be encouraged to maintain appropriate head posture while sitting, standing and walking. Learners could play games that involve sitting, walking and standing upright. 	1. How do you feel when you bend your head for a long time?

Link to PCI: Parental engagement: Training learner on head posture by	Link To Values: Responsibility will be attained as learners maintain				
parents	appropriate posture.				
Links to other subjects: Sensory motor Activities:					
Suggested non-formal Activity: learner to be encouraged to maintain good	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, observation				
Suggested non-formal Activity: learner to be encouraged to maintain good head posture at home.	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, observation				

Assessment Rubrics					
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation		
Learner is able to maintain appropriate head posture independently and assist others.	Learner is able to maintain appropriate head posture independently.	Learner is able to maintain head support with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in maintaining head posture.		

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
3.0 Body posture	3.2 Standing posture	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate standing posture to maintain body balance; b) attain appropriate standing posture to maintain body balance; c) appreciate the importance of maintaining appropriate posture.	 Learners could be guided to identify appropriate standing posture through video clips, realia, human body models and toys. Learners could be engaged in activities that enhance. appropriate standing posture Learners could engage in games involving upright standing posture. 	1) How do you feel when your stand with your back bent?

Link To PCI: Health education: Physical fitness will be attained as learners exercise the body for upright standing posture.	Link To Values: Responsibility is achieved as learners take care of their body posture.
Links to other subjects: Sensory motor Activities	
Suggested non-formal activity: learner to maintain good posture with the help of parents at home	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, observation

Assessment Rubrics					
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation		
Learner is able to stand upright and move independently.	Learner is able to stand upright independently.	Learner is able to stand upright with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in standing upright.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
3.0 Body posture	3.3 Sitting Posture	By the end of the, sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. identify appropriate sitting position to maintain proper body posture; b. maintain appropriate sitting posture for balance; c. appreciate the importance of maintaining appropriate body posture.	 Learners could be guided to identify appropriate sitting posture through video clips, realia, human body, models and toys. Learners could be engaged in exercises that enhance appropriate sitting posture. Learners could engage in games involving upright sitting postures 	1. How do you feel when you sit with your body leaning one side?

STRANDS	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
3.0 Body posture	3.4 Maintain a straight line while walking (Line toeing)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify a straight line to walk on for line toeing; b) walk on a straight line for coordinated movement; c) appreciate of importance of walking straight for coordinated movement.	to identify a straight line on the ground through demonstration with straight lines, ropes or strings. • Learner could be guided to walk on a straight line drawn on the floor or straight rope. • Learner to exercise maintaining balance while walking on a straight line. • Learners to walk on straight lines in turns.	1. What makes you bump into other people or objects when walking?
		attain self-confidence and balance while w		ic iiic.
Link to PCI: Life skill: Self-est	eem is attained as learn	ers maintain appropriate posture.	Link To Values: Learners acquire a sens	se of responsibility.
Links to other su	ubjects: Sensory motor A	ctivities		
		rt learning: Parents to be involved in bing on to people and objects when	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, o	bservation
Suggested Resor	urces: Realia, white cand	e , boots and calipers, crutches, wheelcha	ir, ropes, teacher aide, occupational ther	rapist

Assessment R	ubrics						
expectations Learner is able to walk Lear		Meeting expectations Ap		App	proaching expectations	Below expectation	
		raight line independently straig		rner is able to walk on a ght line with stance	Learner has difficulties in walking on a straight line.		
Strand	Sub-strai	nd	Specific Learning Outcomes		Suggested Learning Experiences		Key Inquiry Question
3.0 Body posture	3.5 Bendi over skill mobility	s in	 the learner should be able a) identify the parts of the body to protect where bending over for safety during movement; c) appreciate the import of safe bending over during movement. 	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the parts of the body to protect when bending over for safety; b) bend over safely during movement; c) appreciate the importance of safe bending over		guided to e body to g bending e of video lls. e safe ers. safe and the	1. How do we pick objects from the ground?
practice safety precaution as they protect the forehead when bending			lance v	The state of the s	e responsible	when moving within the	
over. Links To Other Su	ıbjects: Senso	ory mo	tor Activities:				

uggested non-formal activity to support learning: Learner to be	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, observation	
rompted to observe safety in movement at home and in social		
laces.		
uggested Resources: realia, video clips, charts, dolls, desks, tables, c	hairs, classroom objects, mattresses, mats	

Assessment Rubrics				
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation	
Learner is able to protect the spine and forehead when bending over to pick objects from the ground.	Learner is able to bend over safely.	Learner is able to bend over with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in bending over.	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
			-	

Body posture	3.6 Shifting or transferring to various places	By the end of the sub- learner should be able a. identify areas of the environment; b. transfer safely from wheelchair to other and vice versa for c. appreciate the imposafe transfer from places.	e to: transfer in m er places access; portance of	 Learner could be guided to identify different areas of transfers or shifts through demonstrations, video clips and realia. These include shifting from wheelchair to bed, desk, seat, toilet seat, car seat and floor. Learners could practice safe transfers or shift in pairs. Learners to play games involving transfers and shifts to various places. 	1. How do you move from the wheelchair to the desk or bed or toilet seat?
_				actice transfer skills in different contexts.	L
Link To PC Learners at esteem.	Self-efficacy: learners attain independence in mobility which build Link To PCI: life skills-self esteem Learners attain independence in mobility which builds their self esteem. Links To Other Subjects: Activities of daily living skills.			es: cooperation will be attained as learners	assist one another.
Suggested non-formal activity: learner to make safe transfer or			Suggested As	ssessment: Question, observation	
shift at hor Suggested		os, wheelchairs, beds, table	 e, desks, mats	, toilet, seats, car seats, teacher aides, occu	pational therapists

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation

Learner is able to transfer	Learner is able to transfer	Learner is able to transfer from	Learner has difficulties in
from wheelchair to other	from wheelchair to other	wheelchair to other places with	transferring from
places independently and can	places independently.	assistance	wheelchair to other places.
also assist peers.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question	
4.0Position in space and direction of movement	4.1 Spatial Relations	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify position of objects in space in relation to self for orientation; b) position objects in relation to self for orientation; c) appreciate the relationship of self and objects in space.	 Learners could be guided to identify different positions in terms of front, behind, beside, and position of objects in terms of under, above and below. Learners could be guided to move to different position as instructed. Learners could be guided to move objects under, above or below. Learners to sing songs as they move to different positions and also move objects to various positions. 	1. Where is the teacher standing? (The teacher may stand at different position.)	
-		ning to learn will be enhanced as least discuss in pairs and in groups.	arners identify different positions in space.	Communication and	
Link to PCI: Life skills- effective communication will be developed as learners describe positions in relations to other and objects.			Link To Values: children to move in the en	nvironment responsibly.	
Links to other subjects: communication, social skills and pre-literacy					
Suggested non-forma in space in different se		to identify the position of objects	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, obs	ervation	

Suggested Resources: Realia, table, chairs, pictures, buildings, structures, classroom objects, teacher aides. occupational therapists, speech therapist, communication boards

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to identify all positions in relation to self and can assist others.	Learner is able to identify positions in relation to self (In front, behind, below, above, besides)	Learner is able to identify one or two positions in relation self.	Learner has difficulties in identifying positions in relation to self.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes	Experiences	

4.0 Positioning in space and direction of movement	4.2 Body Planes	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different directions in relation to the body for movement b) move to different directions from a reference point safely; c) appreciate the importance of moving safely to different directions from a reference point.	 Learners could be guided to move to particular directions from a reference point. Learners could sing songs or recite simple rhymes in
Self-efficacy – lea	rners will attain eem. Self-awarer	self-confidence when locating dire Li ness will be achieved as	tion will be achieved as learners tell positions verbally or non-verbally. ection. ink To Values: Responsibility: learners will learn to tell direction correctly.
Links To Other Su	ıbjects: Commur	ication, social and pre-literacy skil	ills.
Suggested non-formal activity:			Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observation
Suggested Resou	rces: Realia, Obj	ects, Structures, space, teacher aid	ide.

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation

Learner is able to identify	Learner is able to identify	Learner is able to identify	Learner has difficulties in
different directions in	different directions in	different directions in relation	identifying different
relation to the body and	relation to the body for	the body with prompts.	directions in relation to body
move freely.	movement.		for movement.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED	KEY INQUIRY
		OUTCOMES	LEARNING	QUESTION(S)
			EXPERIENCES	

5.0 Movement in	5.1 Safe movement in	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:	Learners could be guided to identify	1. What can you find within the
the environment	movement in the immediate environment	a) identify objects or places found in the immediate environment for safe movement; b) move safely in the immediate environment; c) appreciate safe movement in the immediate environment.	objects or places within the immediate environment by observing demonstrations, video and pictures. • Learners could be guided to move safely in the immediate environment. • Learners could play safe games related to movement in the immediate environment.	rind within the classroom?

Link To PCI: Life skill: Self-esteem is realized as the learner is enabled to move	Link To Values: Unity is enhanced as the learners move about
freely in the environment.	freely to interact with peers and other family members.
Links To Other Subjects: Sensory motor Activities: Movement as a Gross motor a	ectivity
Suggested Non-Formal Activity: Mingle with peers and siblings to play a game	Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observations
of hide and seek at home.	
Suggested Resources:	

Assessment Rub	rics					
Exceeding expec	tations	Meeting expectations	A	pproaching expectations	Below	expectation
Learner is able to the immediate enassist others.	vironment and SUB-	Learner is able to move safely in the immediate environment. SPECIFIC LEARNING	_		safely within the iate environment. KEY INQUIRY	
5.0 Movement in the environment	5.2 Safe Movement in the surrounding	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify places found in the surrounding area for safe movement; b) move safely in the surroundings; c) appreciate safe movement in the surroundings and make informed choices.	or	 Learners could be guide identify places found is surroundings through, demonstrations, video pictures and realia. Learners could be guide move safely to various in the surroundings. Learners could e encout to play freely games liand seek in the surroundings. 	n the ded to s places uraged ke hide	QUESTION 1. What do you find in the surroundings of the classroom?
collaboration will Link To PCI: Life s choices in their fr Links To Other Su Activities of Daily Suggested Non-F	Core Competence To Be Developed: Learning to learn will be acquired as learners explore the surrounding through movement. Communication and collaboration will be enhanced as learners interact with peers when moving in the surroundings. Link To PCI: Life skills will be acquired as learners get enabled to make choices in their free and safe movement within the surroundings Link To Values: Respect will be enhanced as learners interact and share the surrounding environment. Links To Other Subjects: Sensory motor Activities: Movement as a Gross motor activity. Activities of Daily Living Skills: moving to the toilet Suggested Non-Formal Activity To Support Learning: Learners could be Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observations					
	encouraged to play with their peers and siblings at home surroundings. Suggested Resources: Realia, white cane, boots and calipers, crutches, wheelchair, teacher aides, occupational therapists					

Assessment Rubrics

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to move freely and safely in the surroundings and is able to support others.	Learner is able to move freely and safely in the surroundings.	Learner is able to move freely and safely in the surroundings with assistance	Learner has difficulties moving freely and safely in the surroundings.

STRAND	SUB- STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARN ING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
5.0 Movement in the environment	5.3 Clues, Cues and land marks in the environment	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify clues, cues and landmarks for safe movement in the environment; b) use clues, cues and landmarks to move safely in the environment; c) identify risky places and objects for safe movement in the environment; d) appreciate the importance of clues, cues and landmarks in mobility.	 Learners could be guided identify, clues, cues and landmarks in the environment through demonstration are realia. Learners could be guided locate various clues, cues landmarks in the environment identify risky places and in the environment. Learners could move safe the environment using clues and landmarks while avoiding risky places and Learner could play games related to locating clues, and landmarks in pairs or groups. 	find on the way from the gate to the classroom? to and ment to objects ely in ues, ell objects s cues in

Link to PCI: Life skills will be enhanced as learners respond to clues, cues	Link to Values: Responsibility is enhanced as learners practice safe
and landmarks promptly.	movement within the surroundings.
Education for sustainable development as well as Safety and security	
education will be enhanced as learners identify and locate safe and	
unsafe places or objects.	
Links to other Subjects: Sensory motor Activities:	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to Support Learning: Encourage learners	Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observations
toldentify landmarks, clues and cues in the home environment as they	
play and interact.	
Suggested Resources:	

Assessment Rubrics						
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation			
Learner is able to use clues, cues and landmarks to move within the surroundings while avoiding risky places and objects and can assist others.	Learner is able to use clues, cues and landmarks to move within the surroundings while avoiding risky places and objects.	Learner is able to use clues, cues and landmarks to move within the surroundings while avoiding risky places and objects with assistance.	Learner has difficulty in using clues, cues and landmarks to move within the surroundings while avoiding risky places and objects.			

STRAND	SUB-STRANDS	SPECIFIC	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
		LEARNING	EXPERIENCES	QUESTION(S)
		OUTCOMES		

5.0 Movement in the environment	5.4 Accessing social places	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify social places for orientation and ease of access; b) access social places safely; c) appreciate the importance of social and cultural diversity.	 Learners could be guided to identify social places through video clips and pictures. Learners could be guided to visit social places in the surrounding such as church, market, and playground safely. Learners could sing songs and recite simple rhymes on social places. 	1. Which places do you visit with your parents away from home?			
markets, shops, hosp	Core competence to be developed: Learning to learn will be achieved as learners improve their exploration skills to social places (worship areas, markets, shops, hospitals, schools, stadia, cinema halls) Communication and collaboration will be enhanced as learners interact with peers when they access social places						
	Link To PCI: Citizenship: Social cohesion and Education for sustainable development will be enhanced as learners interact safely in social places						
Links To Other Subje	cts: Activities of Daily livir	ng Skills: Accessing social places					
Suggested non-form	al activity: visit social plac	es.	Suggested Assessment: Questioning a	and observations			
Suggested Resources	s: Video clips, white cane,	boots and calipers, crutches, wh	neelchair, magnifiers, social places.				

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation

Learner is able to safely visit social	Learner is able to	Learner is able to safely visit	Learner has difficulties in visiting
places and assist others.	safely visit social	social places with assistance.	social places safely.
	places.		

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
6.0 Mobility techniques	6.1 verbal and non-verbal prompts	By the end of the sub-strand, learner should be able to: a) identify verbal and non-verbal prompts used while initiate communication for mobil to respond appropriately to and non-verbal prompts used while initiating; communifor mobility; c) appreciate the use of presint mobility.	guided to identify verbal and non-verbal prompts used while initiating verbal sed cation guided to identify verbal prompts used while initiating communication for mobility, through demonstration, video clips and animation.	1. What do your parents do when they want you to come closer to them or go away?
		arning to learn is achieved as learners		•
	skill: Effective communi nize and respond to pro	cation is enhanced as learners pay mpts.	Link To Values: Unity and respect is enhanced wh play together through communication.	en learners interact and
Links to other Su	bjects: Sensory Motor	Activities: Gross and fine motor activ	ties Pre-literacy: Communication	

Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observations

Suggested Non-Formal Activity to Support Learning:

Learners could be encouraged to play and socialize together at home	
surroundings	
Suggested Resources: video clips animations white cape video structure	hoard, calendar hoxes, teacher aides, occupational therapist

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner can recognize and responds to verbal and non-verbal prompts used to initiate mobility. In addition, the learner can assist others respond to prompts.	Learner is able to recognize and responds to verbal and non-verbal prompts used to initiate mobility	Learner is able to recognize and responds to verbal and nonverbal prompts used to initiate mobility with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in recognizing and responding to verbal and non-verbal prompts used to initiate mobility.

STRAND	SUB-	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
	STRAND	OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTION(S)

Mobility	6.2 Search	By the end of the sub-strand, the	• 1 00	mars could be guided to	1. Which items have you
techniques	techniques	learner should be able to: a) identify search techniques used in orientation and mobility; b) use search techniques in orientation and mobility to locate items; c) appreciate the use of search techniques in locating items and objects in the environment.	ider used obje and dem real • Lea use tech find miss • Lea ence gam sear	rners could be guided to various search niques to locate items, dropped objects and sed shorelines. rners could be ouraged to participate in es that involve ching for items.	lost and later found?
		d: <u>Learning to learn</u> will be achieved as lea self-confidence when using search technic			ng search techniques. <u>Seil-eilicacy</u>
Link To PCI: Life sk lost items through		s enhanced when learners find misplaced ues.		To Values: Responsibility is entheir misplaced or lost items t	nhanced when learners are able to hrough search techniques
Links to other sub	jects: Sensory m	otor Activities: Gross and fine motor activ	vities (bend	ling and tapping, gripping, wa	lking)
		arners could be encouraged to t rack path nes at home surroundings.	ways to	Suggested Assessment: Que	estioning and observations
Suggested Resour	ces: realia, obje	cts, path ways, white canes, video clips, tea	acher aides	occupational therapists	

Suggested Assessment: Rubrics			

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to use	Learner is able to use	Learner is able to use	Learner has difficulties in using
appropriate search	appropriate search techniques	appropriate search techniques to	appropriate search techniques
techniques to locate items	to locate items.	locate items. with assistance	to locate items.
and in addition assist others.			

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGES' EXPERIE		LEARNING ES			NQUIRY CION(S)
Mobility technique	6.3 Upper and lower body protection	By the end of the sub-s learner should be able t a) identify ways of pro upper and lower bo movement in the environment; b) protect upper and lo while moving in the environment; c) role plays upper and body protection wh in the environment.	to: otecting dy for safe ower body e d lower ile moving	•	Learners coul state ways of and lower par when moving demonstration pictures and r Learners show practicing ski upper and low moving in the Learners coul involving pro and lower boom and lower boom state ways of the process of the	protecting ts of the b sing ns, videos, ealia. Ild be guid lls of protection environment d play gar tection of	ded in ecting while nent mes	1. How do you avoid knocking or bumping into objects along a path?
enhanced as I	earners attain self-confid	earning to learn will be achiev dence and protect their upper	and lower boo	ly pa	rts while moving.			
		uire enhanced self-awareness ower body parts for safe move		m or	nce they can	as learner	•	onsibility will be realized neir upper and lower ving.

ducation for sustainable development as well as Safety and security education will be realized once					
learners acquire skills for upper and lower body protection in	learners acquire skills for upper and lower body protection in movement.				
Links To Other Subjects: Activities of daily living: Safety					
Sensory motor: Gross and fine motor activities: upper and lov	ver body protection.				
Suggested Non-Formal: Identify safe and unsafe places at	Suggested Assessment: questioning and observations				
nome surroundings.					
Suggested Resources: Realia, white canes, obstacles, low doo	rs, video clips, teacher aides, occupational therapists				

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to protect upper and lower body parts while moving in the environment as well as other body parts.	Learner is able to protect upper and lower body parts while moving in the environment.	Learner is able to protect upper and lower body parts while moving in the environment with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in protecting upper and lower body parts while moving in the environment.

STRAND	SUB-	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
	STRAND	OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTION
Mobility techniques	6.4 Sighted guide techniques	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the steps involved in sighted guide; techniques for safe movement in the environment;	• Learners could be shown how to initiate contact, hold the hand above the elbow with firm but gentle grip and move half a step behind the guide using demonstrations, videos and realia.	How do you hold hands when moving about?

		b) use sighted guide to move safely in the environment;c) appreciate the role of sighted guide in safe movement.	•	Learners should move around with a sighted guide safely. Learner should recognize the importance of sighted guide when moving in pairs.	
Core Competence To Be Developed: Learning to learn will be achieved as le collaboration will be enhanced as learners responds to tapping during interactions. Link To PCI: Life skill: Self awareness will be enhanced as learners practice soliciting and declining help for safe movement					
	r Subjects: Sensory gross motor activitie				
	n-Formal Activity To sports and games	Support Learning: Visit social place	and	Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observations	
Suggested Res	sources: path, pictu	res, video players, CD, DVD, partner L	earner	r, white cane, boots and calipers, crutches, wheelchair,	

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to use sighted guide for safe movement in the immediate environment and assist others,	Learner is able to use sighted guide for safe movement in the immediate environment.	Learner is able to use sighted guide for safe movement in the immediate environment with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in using sighted guide for safe movement in the immediate environment.

STRAND	SUB-	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
	STRAND	OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTION

7.0 Orientation and mobility devices	7.1 Mobility devices By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate mobility devices for safe movement; b) use mobility devices safely and appropriately; c) appreciate, value and care for mobility devices;	 Learners could be guided to identify appropriate mobility devices such as white cane and wheel chairs using demonstrations, videos, pictures and realia. Learners could be guided to use mobility devices safely and correctly. Learners could play games while using mobility devices correctly
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Core competence to be developed: Learning to learn will be acquired as learners interact with immediate environment using mobility devises. Self-efficacy will be achieved as learners attain self-confidence in the use of mobility devices							
Link To PCI: Life skill: Learners will acquire self-esteem by knowing and loving self through self identity as they interact soliciting and declining help politely. Link To Values: Value: Responsibility will be enhanced as learners use and care for their mobility devises							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Links To Other Subjects: Sensory motor Activities: Gross and fine motor activities Activities of daily living skills: Using mobility devices to access places.(toilets, Bathrooms, dining halls)						
Suggested Non-Formal Activity: Use mobility devises to visit community based centres and participate in distributions of devices Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observations							
Suggested Resources: Realia, wheelchairs, walkers, crutches, parallel bars, boots and calipers, braces, white cane, scooter board, video clips, teacher aides, occupational therapist.							

Assessment Rubrics						
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation			
Learner is able to use and care for mobility devices safely and appropriately as well as assist others.	Learner is able to use and care for mobility devices safely and appropriately.	Learner is able to use and care for mobility devices safely and appropriately with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in using and caring for mobility devices safely and appropriately			

STRAND	SUB- STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
Use of devices	7.2 Assistive devices	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. identify appropriate assistive devices for safe movement; b. use assistive devices correctly while moving; c. care for assistive devices correctly.	 Learner could be guided to identify assistive devices through demonstrations video clips, realia and charts. Learner could be guided to use assistive devices correctly in movement. Learner could take good care of the assistive devices. 	1. What do you use to support yourself in seeing, hearing and sitting upright?
Communication Self-efficacy is & Digital literacy i	and collaboration enhanced as learne s realized when lea	will be enhanced as learners interactions will be enhanced as learners interactions develop self-esteem and self-confiderances use of digital devices for assistant develop self-esteem as their abilities and develop self-esteem and self-esteem as their abilities and self-esteem and self-esteem as their abilities and self-esteem as their abilities and self-esteem as their abilities and self-esteem as the self-este	nce.	

Links To Other Subjects: Sensory motor Activities: Gross and fine motor activitie Activities of Daily Living skills: Cleaning and care	s
Suggested Non-Formal Activity: Use assistive devices to visit community based centres and participate in distributions of devices	Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observation
Suggested Resources: Learners, white cane, boots and calipers, crutches, wheeld	l chair, hearing aids, low vision devices.

Assessmen	t Rubrics				
Exceeding	expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations Below		expectation
for assistive	ive devices safely and and care for assistive assistive devices safely and devices safely and appropriately with assistance devices safely and dev		·		
STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES		KEY INQUIRY QUESTION
Use of devices	7.3 Corrective devices	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate corrective devices for safe movement; b) use corrective devices correctly while moving;	 Learner could be guided to name manual and digital corrective desthey use using demonstrations, pictures, charts, video clips and Learner could be guided to use corrective devices correctly. Learner could be guided to take of the corrective devices appropriately. 	realia.	1. What do you put on to support yourself in seeing, hearing and sitting upright?

	c) care and sto						
	corrective d	levices					
Core Competence To Be Developed: Learning to learn will be acquired as learners develop skills in using corrective devices correctly. Communication and collaboration: will be realized as learner interacts with peers while using and caring for corrective devices Self-efficacy is enhanced as learners develop self-esteem and self-confidence through use of corrective devices. Digital literacy will be enhanced as learners use digital corrective devices.							
Link To PCI: Life skill: Learners will develop self esteem as they use and care for corrective devices in enhancing their safe movement. Link To Values: Responsibility. Care of device							
Links To Other	Subjects: Sensory motor Activities, Activitie	es of daily living skills					
Suggested Non-Formal Activity: Use corrective devices to visit community centres for social activities. Suggested Assessment: Questioning and observation							
Suggested Res Learners, white	ources: e cane, boots and calipers, crutches, wheeld	chair, hearing aids, low	vision devices.				

Assessment Rubrics							
Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation				
Learner is able to use and care for corrective devices safely and	Learner is able to use and care for corrective devices safely and appropriately.	Learner is able to use and care for corrective devices safely and	Learner has difficulties in using and caring for corrective devices safely and appropriately.				

appropriately and in	appropriately with	
addition can help others.	assistance.	

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNIN OUTCOMES	IG	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION		
-		By the end of the sub-state the learner should be about the learner should be about a) identify appropriate ICT devices for communication; b) manipulate ICT desafely; c) appreciate the importance of ICT devices in communication.	e vices		1. How do you get information?		
Communication and Collabo	ration will be achieve	d as learners interact with eac	ch other	when carrying out activities.			
Link to PCI: Life skill: Self-est	eem is attained as lea	rner acquire ICT skills.	Link To devices	Values: Learners shows responsibility as	they care for ICT		
Links to other subjects: Communication, social and pre-literacy skills.							
Suggested non-formal activity with parents' support.				ed Assessment: questioning, Observation			
Juggested Nesources. Learn	ers, radio, mobile, pili	one, computer, cerv, project	013, IVIUL	onized writeer chairs, tablets, i littures all	a viacos		

Exceedi	ng expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
	can identify and e ICT devices Sub-strand	Learner can name ICT devices Specific Learning Outcomes	Learner can name one or two ICT devices Suggested Learning Experiences	Learner cannot name ICT devices Key Inquiry Question
ICT	8.2 Using ICT devices	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ICT devices used in communication; b) use ICT devices in learning; c) appreciate the use of ICT devices in learning	 Learner could be shown pictures or realia of ICT devices. Learner could be guided to use ICT devices. Learner should play game using ICT devices 	
Digital lite	eracy will be achieved	l as learners use ICT devices for en	eved as learners identify and name IC joyment, entertainment and socializa Link To Values: learners to care for	ation as they play games.

Suggested non-formal activity: learner to use ICT devices at	Suggested Assessment: Questioning, Observation			
home.				
Suggested Resources: Realia, radio, mobile, phone, computer, CCTV, projectors, motorized Wheel chairs, tablets, Pictures and videos, TVs				

Exceeding expectations Meeting expectations Approaching expectations Below expectation						
Learner is able to identify and use ICT devices well and assist others.	Learner is able to identify and use ICT devices.	Learns is able to use ICT devices with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in identifying and using ICT devices.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question
ICT	8.3 Caring for ICT devices	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of caring for ICT devices for efficiency; b) care for ICT devices appropriately;	 Learners could be asked to tell how to care for ICT devices Learners should be guided to care ICT devices. Learners could practice caring for ICT devices. 	1. Where do you keep the Radio, TV, Phones, and laptops?

Core Competence To Be Developed: Learning to learn is achieved as learners use ICT devices. Digital literacy is achieved as learners operate ICT devices correctly.

Link to PCI: Life skill: Effective communication while using ICT devices.	Link To Values: Sense of responsibility as they take care of the ICT devices.			
Links to other subjects: Communication, social and pre- literacy skills.	Suggested Community Service Learning: Visit a shop dealing with ICT devices			
Suggested non-formal activity: Visit a shop dealing with ICT devices. Suggested Assessment: Questioning, Observation				
Suggested Resources: Learners, radio, mobile, phone, computer, CCTV, projectors, Motorized Wheel chairs, tablets, Pictures and videos, TV				

Assessment Rubric

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner is able to care for ICT devices. In addition maintain and store the devices correctly.	Learner is able to care for ICT devices.	Learner is able to care for ICT devices with assistance.	Learner has difficulties in caring for ICT devices.

PRE - NUMERACY ACTIVITIES

Essence Statement:

Pre-numeracy refers to early development of numeracy concept to learners. It helps in developing a positive attitude about numeracy at an early age. Learner with special educational needs require numeracy skills for day to day functioning and problem solving. Pre-numeracy skills shall provide learners with basic numeracy concept as pre-requisite to acquisition of functional arithmetic skills and problem solving.

General Learning Outcomes for Pre - numeracy Activities

By the end of foundation level the Learners should be able to:

- 1. Use gross and fine motor skills for functioning in the immediate environment
- 2. Apply simple mathematical concepts in carrying out daily activities.
- 3. Use number concept in readiness for numeracy activities.
- 4. Apply measuring skills using arbitrary units to determine quantities in learning and problem solving.

CURRICULM DESIGNS FOR PRE - NUMERACY ACTIVITIES

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUT	COMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KENY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
Gross and fine motor skills	1.1 Gross motor skills	By the end of the sub-strate learner should be able to a) use gross motor in functioning in the immediate environs appreciate the imparts of the body performing gross activities	enuscles for enment. portance of in	 Learners could be guided to carry out activities that help to develop gross motor muscles by lifting touching, throwing and catching different objects. Learners should practice lifting, touching, throwing, and catching different objects. Learners could play games that involve gross muscles. 	1. What parts of the body do we use when cleaning the classroom?
Core- competence	e to be developed: Self – effic	cacy may be achieved as th	e learners prac	ctices activities in lifting, touching, thro	owing and catching in
pairs and in small		•	•	<u>.</u>	-
Link to PCLs: DRR	: Safety awareness may be de	veloped as learner	Link to Values: Respect and responsibility may be enhanced as learner		
handles objects w			performs gross motor activities by use of body parts.		
Link to other sub	jects: Sensory – integration, p	sychomotor and creative	Mode of asso	essment: Questioning and observation	า
activities					
Learner could be	Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning: Learner could be encouraged to carry out activities that help gross motor muscles out of school environment.			esources: Pictures and videos, weight	lifting implements.

Suggested Assessment Rubrics

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can lift, throw and	Learner can lift, throw and catch	Learner attempts lifting, throwing	Learner has difficulties in throwing,
catch object wit ease and in	objects with ease.	and catching objects with	lifting and catching objects.
varied styles.		assistance.	

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUT	COMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KENY INQUIRY
				EXPERIENCES	QUESTIONS
Gross and fine motor skills	1.2 Gross motor skills	By the end of the sub-stralearner should be able to a) apply fine motor aperforming activity immediate environs appreciate parts of for performing finactivities for function the environment	skills in ties in the nment f the body ne motor	 Learners could be guided to carry out fine motor activities which include picking, gripping, grasping, massaging, tapping, modelling and sorting. Learners could be guided to sort out small objects and model using clay or plasticine. Learner could practice handling common objects in the classroom safely 	1. What can you do with your finger/ hands
Core- competend	ce to be developed: Self – effic	cacy may be achieved as le	arner practices	s activities in pairs, groups, and as a w	hole class in picking,
gripping, pointing	g, massaging and tapping.				
Link to PCLs: DRF	R: Safety Skills can be enhance	d as learners perform fine	Link to Value	es: Responsibility be achieved as learn	er appreciates care
motor activities.			for items.		
Link to other subjects: Sensory – integration, psychomotor and creative		Mode of assessment: Questioning and observation		n	
activities	activities				
	ormal Activity to support lear	_	Suggested Resources: Assorted grain seeds, quarry dust, cutlery, writing		
Kitchen help in so	orting utensils and cereals at h	ome.	materials.		
Suggested Assessment Dubuies					

Suggested Assessment Rubrics

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner is able to pick, grip,	Learner is able to pick, grip,	Learner attempts to pick, grip,	Learner has difficulty in picking,
grasp, massage, point and tap	grasp, massage, point and tap	grasp, massage, point, and tap	gripping, grasping, massaging,
objects with ease.	some objects.	objects with assistance.	pointing and tapping

2.0 Classification	SUB-STRAND 2.2 Matching and sequencing	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify various objects in terms of size, shape, texture and or colour. b) match objects according to size, shape, texture and or colour for day to day living. c) sequence objects according to size		to observe and identify in respect of size, shape, texture and or colour • Learners could be prompted and or guided to match objects in size, shape, texture and or colour safely.	KENY INQUIRY QUESTIONS 1. Which objects are similar?
	d) appre object	d) appreciate differe objects for day to activities		 Learners could display matched objects for reference Learners could be guided to sequence objects according to size. Learners could play matching/ or drag and drop computer games. 	
Core- competence to be developed: Critical thinking and problem solving may be achieved as the learners engages in matching and sequencing as					
well as drag and drop games on computer.					
Link to PCLs: DRR: Safety Skills to be enhanced as learner carefully			Link to Values: Unity and respect for others to be developed as learners in pairs and in groups		
handles objects. Link to other subjects: Communication, social and literacy skills, and		in pairs and in groups.			
activities of daily living			Mode of assessment: Questioning and observation		
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning:			Suggested Resources: Assorted sets of objects and ICT devices.		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to Support learning:		Juggested Resources. Assorted sets of objects and ici devices.			

earners to be engaged in matching and sequencing assorted objects a	
ome.	

Suggested Assessment Rubrics

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can match and	Learner can match and sequence	Learner attempts to match some	Learner has difficulties matching
sequence objects in varied	most of the objects	objects with assistance.	objects even with assistance.
social context with ease	independently.		

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KENY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
2.0 Classification	2.3 Grouping	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify various objects in respect of size, shape, texture and / or colour. b) group objects according to size, shape, texture and or colour. c) appreciate differences in objects in day to day activities.	 learners could be guided to observe and identify in respect of size, shape, texture and or colour Learners could be guided to group objects according to sixe, shape, texture and or colour Learner could be guided to clean up the working area. Learners could display grouped objects for reference. Learners could play games involving grouping of objects and computer drag and drop games. 	2. Which objects look the same?

Core- competence to be developed: Self efficacy may be developed as learner is able to identify and group objects appropriately while critical thinking and problem solving may be achieved as learner plays sorting and grouping games.			
Digital literacy is enhanced as learner plays drag and drop computer games. Link to PCLs: DRR: Safety awareness can be developed as the learner Link to Values: Sharing, respect and unity can be developed as learner			
handles objects with care.	Link to Values: Sharing, respect and unity can be developed as learners work in groups and play computer games.		
Link to other subjects: Communication, social skills, and Activities of	Mode of assessment: Questioning and observation		
Daily Living			
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested Resources: ICT devices, sets and Assorted of objects and		
Learners to be engaged to identify and group objects at home			

Suggested Assessment Rubrics

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can group all objects	Learner can group most objects	Learner attempts to group some	Learner has difficulties in grouping
presented according to size	according to size, texture and all	objects according to size, shape	objects according to size, shape,
shape, texture and or colour	colour	texture and or colour with	texture and or colour even with
		assistance.	assistance.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KENY INQUIRY
			EXPERIENCES	QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre- Number activities	3.1 Rote counting (1-5)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) rote count numbers 1-5 in readiness for number	 Learners could be guided to rote count numbers 1-5 In pairs, small groups and as a whole class, learners 	How do we count objects?

	writing b) engage in singing involving rote cor 5 c) appreciate value of for day to day act	of numbers	 could practice rote counting numbers 1-5 In turns, learners could be guided to count numbers 1-5 Learners could be guided in singing games involving rote counting 1 to 5 	
Core- competence to be developed: Self efficacy may be developed as lea			rote count 1 to 5 sequentially.	
Digital literacy is enhanced as learner plays drag				
Link to PCLs: Life skills Social interaction could be enhanced as learners		Link to Values: Harmony, unity and respect may be developed as		•
engage in singing games	engage in singing games		learners engage in singing games on rote counting.	
Link to other subjects: Communication, social skills, and Pre-literacy		Mode of asso	essment: Questioning and observation	1
activities and Activities of Daily Living				
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning:		Suggested Re	esources: Counters	·
Learners could be guided to play number rhythr	n games with peers in			
the home/village.				

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can rote count 1 – 5 in	Learner can rote count numbers	Learner attempts to rote count 1	Learner has difficulties in rote
varied singing games.	1-5 independently	– 5 with assistance	counting 1-5 even with assistance.

STRAND SUB-STRAND SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES SUGGESTED LEARNING KENY INQUIRY	STRAND	ND SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KENY INQUIRY
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				EXPERIENCES	QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre- Number activities	3.2 Counting rhythms	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different rhythms in counting number 1 to 5 for sequencing. b) apply rhythms in counting numbers 1 to 5 for enjoyment c) appreciate counting in day to day life		 Learners could be guided to count numbers 1-5 using rhythms Learners could be practice counting numbers in different rhythms in pairs, small groups and as a whole class. Learner could play counting rhythms in singing games. 	How do we clap?
Core- competence	ce to be developed: Commu	nication and collaboration m	ay be enhance	ed through singing games in groups an	d whole class.
	: Life skills: Self esteem may	be achieve as learners	Link to Values: Harmony, respect and unity may be developed as		e developed as
succeed in counting rhythmically.		learners engage in singing games in groups			
Link to other subjects: Communication, social and Pre- literacy activities		Mode of assessment: Questioning and observation		n	
and Activities of Daily Living					
	Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning:		Suggested Ro	esources: Musical instruments	
Visit elderly to pr	Visit elderly to practice tradition county song.				

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can count numbers	Learner can count numbers	Learner attempts counting	Learner rarely attempts in counting
through varied musical	through given rhythms.	numbers through rhythms.	numbers through rhythms.
rhythms with ease.			

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KENY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre- Number	3.3Singing number songs	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:	• Learners could be guided to sign number songs	When do you sing?

activities	 a) sing familiar num for enjoyment b) sing number song readiness for num skills c) appreciate number to day activities 	to practice singing number songs • Learner could sing recorded number songs	
Core- competence to be developed: Communication and collaboration comay be enhanced as learner sings along recorded music.		uld be developed as learners engage in singing together. Digi	tal literacy
Link to PCLs: ESD: Financial literacy n introduced to number names.	_	Link to Values: Sharing, unity and respect may be realized a engage in singing together.	s learners
Link to other subjects: Sensory integration, psychomotor and creative activities		Mode of assessment: Observation and oral questions	
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning: Practice playing traditional number games with other children at home		Suggested Resources: ICT devices, Musical instruments	

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner is able to sing number	Learner can sing number songs in	Learner attempts to sing number	Learner has difficulties singing
songs in given and own adapted	given tunes.	songs with assistance.	number songs even with assistance.
tunes.			

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KENY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre- Number activities	3.4 Playing number games	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) play number games in readiness for numeracy skills acquisition b) appreciate numbers for day	 Learners could be guided to play number games and or shown a video on number games. In pairs, learners could be guided to play number 	How do you play a drop and drag game on a computer?

	to day living		games involving 1 to 5 on a computer. • Learner could demonstrate playing number games with 1 – 5 using objects. • Through pair or small groups, learners practice playing number games in turns safely.
Core- competence to be developed: Communic is enhanced as learners play computer games of		ay be develope	ed as learners play number games together, Digital literacy
Link to PCLs: ESD: Financial literacy is given a ba on numbering. Safety and care skills developed materials.			es: Sense responsibility is enhanced as learner is sensitized ful handling of ICT device.
Link to other subjects: Communication, social skills and Pre-literacy activities, sensory motor and creative activities		Suggested m	ode of assessment: Questioning and observation
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning: Learner could be accorded to play number games at home with other children		Suggested Ro	esources: ICT devices, number cards and realia

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can play a variety of	Learner can play simple number	Learner attempts to play some	Learner has difficulties making
number games with own	games as presented.	number games with assistance	attempts to play any number games.
initiated creativity			

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre-number activities	3.5 Modelling numbers	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: d) identify materials used to	Learners could be guided to observe and/or to manipulate the modelling	How do you use clay for modelling?

Core- competence to be developed: self-efficac	model in readiness for number writing e) model numbers in readiness for number writing. 1- 5 f) appreciate number modelling for day to day activities		 materials Through sharing in pairs, groups and as a whole class, learners practice modelling number shapes 1-5. Learners to display the modelled number shape for reference ires proficiency in manipulating clay for modelling 	
he/she models the numerals			Link to Values:. Skills in personal responsibility may be enhanced as learner takes care of modelling	
Link to other subjects: communication, social skills and pre-literacy activities		Mode of assessment: observation and oral questions		
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Learners may be given opportunity to manipulate modelling materials at home.		Suggested re	esources: clay/plasticine; number moulds templates	

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can model number	Learner can number shapes 1-5	Learner attempts to model	Learner has difficulties attempting to
shapes 1-5 with ease and	as presented	number shapes 1-5 with	model number shapes 1-5 even with
further model self-initiated		assistance	assistance
shapes			

3.0 Pre-number activities	3.6 Scribbling feely on open surfaces	By the end of the sub-strate sale demonstrate sale in readiness for numbers for dactivities	and, the : cribbling n surfaces or writing	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS 1. What do you use for writing?	
		b) enjoy manipulation of writing materials for acquaintance towards writing c) appreciate number modelling for day to day activities		scribble on open surface safely for enjoyment • Learners could practice scribbling freely using assorted materials • Display scribbled work for reference	
_	te to be developed: self-efficate: Learners develops a good for		i	r gets to handle writing materials effects: Responsibility for personal items is	-
	in handling materials	madion for Withing.	Link to Values: . Responsibility for personal items is introduced as learner gets to take care for writing materials		
Link to other subjects: sensory integration , psychomotor and creative activities		Mode of assessment: observation and oral questions			
	ormal Activity to support lear g with other children at home	_	Suggested re	esources: chalk, crayons, pencils, pape	r.

Exceeds Expect	ations	Meets Exp	ectations	Approaches Expectations		Below Expectati	ions
Learner can scri enjoyment and within patterns	further colour	Learner can within give	n scribble freely and n surface.	Learner attempts to scribble but requires prompting and assistance		attempts to scri	iculties in making bble even with sistance. Assistance
STRAND	SUB-STRAND		SPECIFIC LEARNING OU	JTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARN EXPERIENCES	NING	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS

3.0 Pre-number activities	3.7 shading number shapes	By the end of the sub-strate learner should be able to a) sort and match sharecognition of number shareadiness for number c) enjoy number shareshading for self—end building	apes in for mbers apes in ber writing pes	 Learners could be shown sets of number shapes 1-5 and prompted to observe and/or manipulate Learners sort and match number shapes In pairs and in small groups, learners are guided to practise shading number shapes 1-5. Shaded number shapes are displayed for reference 	Which shape looks like this one?	
	re to be developed: communic hanced as learners manipulate			ed as learners work in small groups.		
Link to PCLs: ESD	Link to PCLs: ESD: learner may acquire a good foundation for writing as he/she handles material effectively.			Link to Values:. Team spirit may be enhanced as learners engage in groups.		
Link to other subjects: communication, social skills and pre-literacy activities; sensory-motor and creative activities.		Mode of assessment: Observation and oral questions				
	Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Practice shading shapes of numbers with other children.			sources: Sets of number shapes 1-5 c s, block number writings on paper	ut-outs, crayons,	

Exceeds Expectations Me		Mee	Meets Expectations Approaches Ex		pectations	Below Expectat	ions
			ner shades number shapes Learner attemp n satisfactory precision number shapes				iculties in attempts to
STRAND	SUB-STRAND		SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES		SUGGESTED LEARN EXPERIENCES	IING	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre- number	3.8 Tracing numbershapes	er	By the end of the sub-strand, should be able to:	the learner	• Learners co	uld be guided	How do you draw this number shape?

activities	a) track shapes of number along embossed outling finger, as prerequisited for writing b) trace number 1-5 along lines with pencil in resumber writing c) trace number shape curusing chalk/pencil. d) appreciate tracing number shapes for counting inday life.	ne using e activity g dotted adiness for ut-outs	to track number shapes 1- 5 along embossed outlines using finger • Learners could be guided to trace number shapes 1- 5 along dotted lines. • Through sharing, in pairs, groups and/or as a whole class they could practice tracing number shapes cut-outs using chalk/pencil.	
Core- competence to be developed: se	If-efficacy is developed as learner	acquires ability	y to trace shapes efficiently.	
Collaboration is entrenched as learners	work together in tracing exercise.			
Link to PCLs: ESD: learner gain foundati	on for proficient number writing	Link to Values: Sharing as well as team work is enhanced as learners		
for numeracy skills development.		trace shapes.		
Link to other subjects: communication, social skills and pre-literacy activities.		Mode of assessment: Observation and oral questions		
Suggested Non-formal Activity to supp	ort learning:	Suggested resources: number shapes cut-outs; embossed number		
Learners to be encouraged to practice to other children at home.	racing number shapes with	plates 1-5.		

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can trace number	Learner can trace number shapes	Learner attempts to trace few	Learner rarely attempts to trace
shapes accurately		number shapes	number shapes.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOME	S	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre- number activities	3.9 completing dotted numbers	By the end of the sub-strand, the should be able to: a) identify materials used complete dotted number readiness for number with join dotted numbers in readiness for number with appreciate dotted numbers.	to ers in vriting. vriting.	 Learners could be shown materials to be used in joining number dots. Learners could be guided to join dots 1-5 to form numbers in pairs, groups and as a whole class. Learners work could be displayed for reference. Learners could be guided to practice joining dots on a computer 	What do you use to draw lines?
	-		•	ed as learners work in pairs and in groups.	
		exercises of joining dots on com			
		al literacy may be well laid as	Link to Values: . Responsibility is enhanced as learners get to take good care		
		ing materials and ICT devices.	of the materials.		
Link to other subjects: sensory motor, psycho-motor and creative activities.			Mode of assessment: Observation and oral questioning		
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Learners could be encouraged to practice completing dotted numbers at home.			Suggested	resources: ICT devices , writing materials	

Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations		Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations	
Learner can join number dots	Learner can join number dots	Learner attempts to join number	Learner rarely attempts to join number	
freely	with minimal supervisory	dots with assistance	dots.	

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOME	S	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 Pre- number activities	3.10 Finger dexterity activities	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different types of boards and pegs. b) use pegs to fix on boards in readiness to number writing c) appreciate fixing pegs on boards readiness to number		 Learners could be shown boards and manipulate Learners could be guided on how to fix pegs on boards Learner attempts to join number dots with assistance Learners to display pegs and boards for reference 	 What can you see? What can you manipulate?
Core- compet	ence to be developed: self	efficacy: in pairs, groups and as a	whole class, l	earners practice fixing pegs on boards	S
Link to PCLs: [DRR: safety in handling ma	terials.	Link to Values:. Sharing, unity, respect and responsibility.		
Link to other sactivities.	Link to other subjects: communication, social skills and pre-literacy activities.		Mode of assessment: Observation		
	Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Practice fixing pegs to boards with other children			esources: number shapes cut-outs; en	nbossed number plates 1-5.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can fix pegs on boards	Learner can fix pegs on boards	Learner attempts fix pegs on	Learner rarely attempts to fix pegs on
safely with ease		boards	boards.

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOME	S	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
4.0 Pre- number activities	4.10 measuring length	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify arbitrary units in the context of measuring length b) use arbitrary units in measuring length for life skills. c) appreciate use of arbitrary units in measurement in day to day life		 Learners could be prompted or guided to use arbitrary units for measuring length Learners practice use of arbitrary units in measuring length in pairs or groups safely. Learners display some used arbitrary units for reference 	1. What do you use for measuring length?
in pairs or in		imameation and conduction ca	ii be deilleved	as learner is usic to practice measure	ment using arbitrary units
Link to PCLs: ESD: safety can be developed as learners handle materials at working place with care.			Link to Values: . Sharing, unity, and respect can be enhanced as learners measure in pairs or groups using arbitrary units.		
Link to other subjects: activities of daily living			Mode of assessment: Observation and questioning		
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Learners to be encouraged to practice measuring using arbitrary units out of school environment			Suggested re	esources: sticks, human resource	

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can measure length of	Learner can measure length of	Learner attempts fix pegs on	Learner rarely attempts measure length of
objects given correctly using	the objects given correctly using	boards. Measure length of few	given objects using arbitrary units.
arbitrary units with ease	arbitrary units	given objects using arbitrary	
		units.	

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY

				EXPERIENCES	QUESTIONS
4.0 Measurement	4.2 Width	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify arbitrary units in the context of measuring width. b) use arbitrary units in measuring width for life skills c) appreciate use of measurement in day to day living		 Learners could be prompted or guided to use arbitrary units for measuring width Learners practice measuring width using arbitrary units in pairs, small groups and as a whole class. Learners to display some of the arbitrary units for reference. 	2. What do you use for measuring width?
				measuring width using arbitrary units	in pairs, small groups and
as a whole class. Communication and collaboration can be enhanced in the Link to PCLs: DRR: Safety may be enhanced as learners carefully handle materials at working space.			Link to Values:. Sharing and respect can be achieved as learners practice in groups .		
Link to other subjects: Communication, social skills and pre – literary activities			Mode of assessment: Observation and oral questions.		
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Learner can measure width of objects given correctly using arbitrary units with ease and further own creativity.			Suggested re	esources: Human resource, sticks, rop	es

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Learner can measure width of	Learner can measure width of the	Learner can attempt to measure	Learner has difficulties in making attempts
objects given correctly using	objects given correctly using	width of a few given objects using	to measure width of given objects using
arbitrary units with ease and	arbitrary units	arbitrary units with assistance.	arbitrary units even with assistance.
further own creativity.			