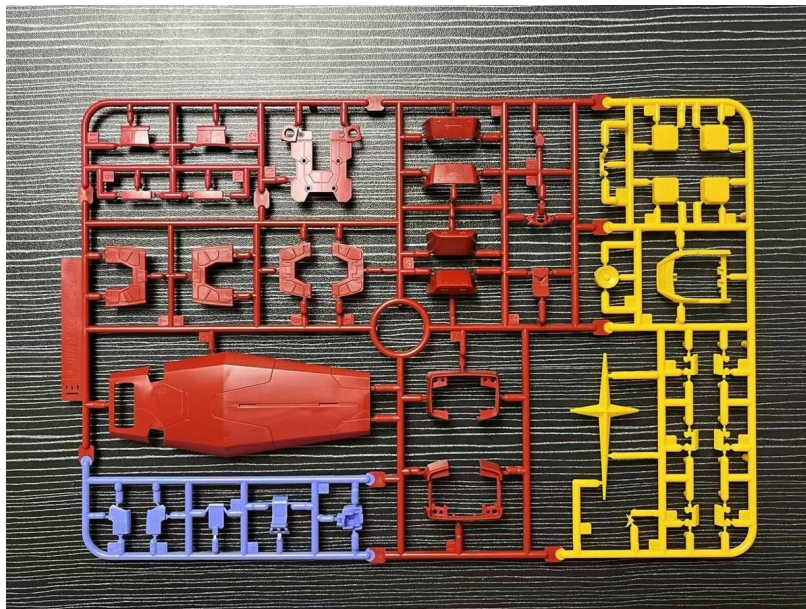


Get noting gundam based on series

Each series or collection of series has its own abbreviation like the witch from mercury model kits would have WFM following HG such as the HGWFM Gundam Schwarzette, denoting the series that it originates from this is usually done with High grades as they are the most produced amount the scaled kits.

The scale of a gundam are based on their actual height if they were real with 1/144 mean that the kits model is 144th the size of the mech, so you need 144 of them stacked on each other to get to the height of the actual mech in the show

Runners are what we call the plastic grid that the parts of the model kit come in. They are usually have a letter and each part on that runner have a number, these are used in the instructions that help you build them.



Nippers are what we use to cut the plastic pieces off the runner in order to put together.



EG - 1/144

Entry grades are kits that were introduced in 2011 but never continued until 2020, they are easy to put together, not requiring nippers to extract the parts, instead you just pop them out with your hands and assemble. They are called entry because they are simple and easy to get into.

HG - 1/144

First introduced in 1990, these are the standard model kits you would see in stores and are the standard nowadays. Kits beyond this will require nippers. They are more runners than an entry grade meaning more complexity. High grades have the most variety among the grades.

MG - 1/100

Model kits introduced in 1995, standing for Master grade. They are of course bigger than the 1/144 scale kits with more complex builds and gimmicks taking longer to build, and each have a scaled version of the pilot inside.

- Ver-ka

A version of MG that are a series of mechs redesigned by Hajime Katoki, often being more detailed than your average master grade.

- EX

A even more complex version of master grade with only two existing at the moment.

RG - 1/144

The second most complex kit, they are back to 1/144 scale making the complexity difficult because the scale is smaller but they became more complex. Due to scale they are less expensive than Master grade. Introduced in 2010 for the 30th anniversary.

PG - 1/60

Starting with EVA-01 from Neon Genesis Evangelion, and turning exclusive until 2017 even the 1/72 scale millennium falcon was released. They are the most complex kit, having a lot of parts emphasizing mechanical detail, they are a collector's dream.

- Unleashed

Being introduced in 2020 they boast improvements to articulation and detail with parts having metal coatings. During having only 1 released kit with the next coming January of next year.

Mega Size - 1/48

Less complex but bigger than the perfect grade, usually just for display and more presence they are just bigger model kit, first releasing in 2018.

FG - 1/144

Nothing special older kits, usually collected nowadays

AG - 1/144

Model kits specific for the Gundam Age series, used in an arcade game due to the included chips

NG

Usually a category for kits that are usually older that don't fit the mold of the grade kits.

SD

Super-deformed, they are just less detailed chibi version of the mechs you know.

1/1

Not model kits but are statues model to scale of the mechs there are currently 4, one of the Gundam Unicorn, another of the freedom Gundam and the last is the Nu Gundam. With the last being an actual moving Robot that was taken down and turned into a statue.

P-Bandai

A subsection of kits short for premium bandai that have more limited production than your average kit, they are usually preordered and are more expensive than the average kit from that grade. They are usually different iterations or robots from less popular forms of media like manga and novels with fan favorites because from Advance of Zeta Titan kits.