

# Supplementary Material for Asymmetry paper

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## 1 Power Analysis

Our power analysis made use of simulations and resampling approaches based on data that we previously collected. Resampling was carried out in order to establish if adding more participants to our sample sizes would have lead to a reduction in uncertainty around our estimates.

### 1.1 Experiment 1: Two Hoop Sizes

We started by fitting a a beta distribution to the *Throwing Experiment* data from Clarke and Hunt (2016) using the `fitdistrplus` package. We then investigated how well we could detect various effects, and how this varied based on the sample size. See Figure 1a.

We altered the mean value but kept the variance the same to simulate participants shifting in one direction or the other. As can be seen in the figure below, we tested  $X \in \{5\%, 10\%, 15\%, 20\%\}$  which were indicative of participants standing  $X\%$  closer to the smaller hoop. These distributions were sampled from 5000 times by simulating  $N = 3 \dots 24$  participants and 72 trials.

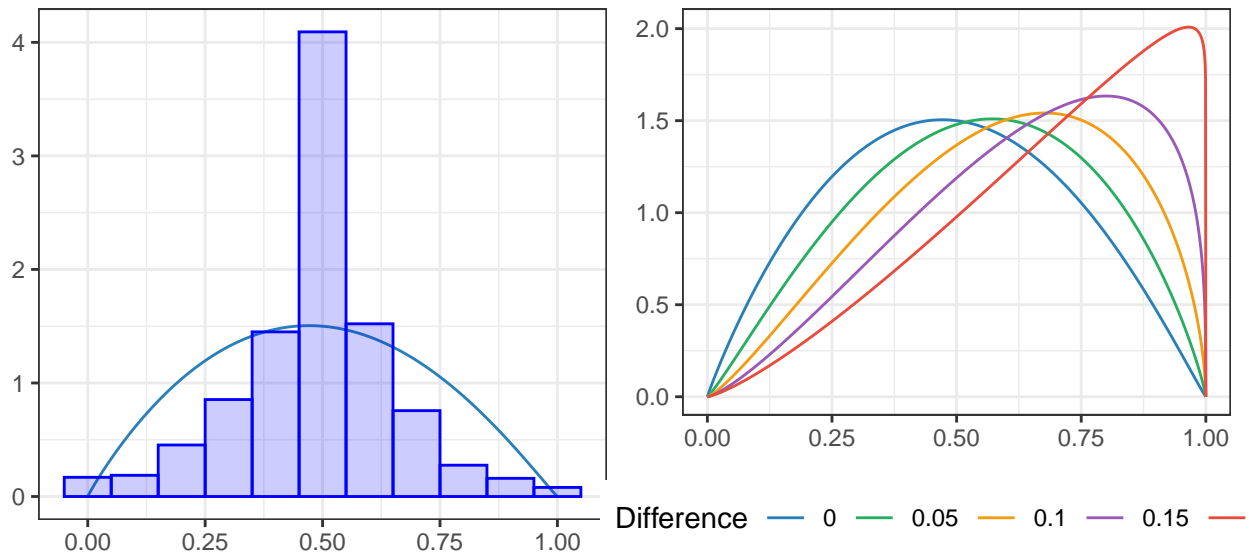
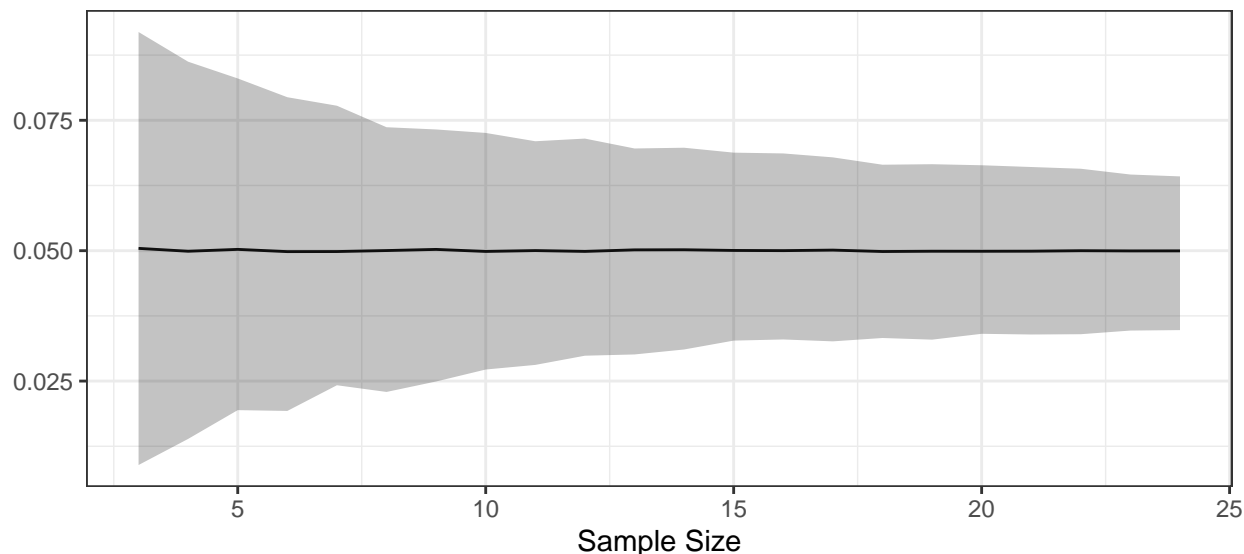


Figure 1: Warren write some text.

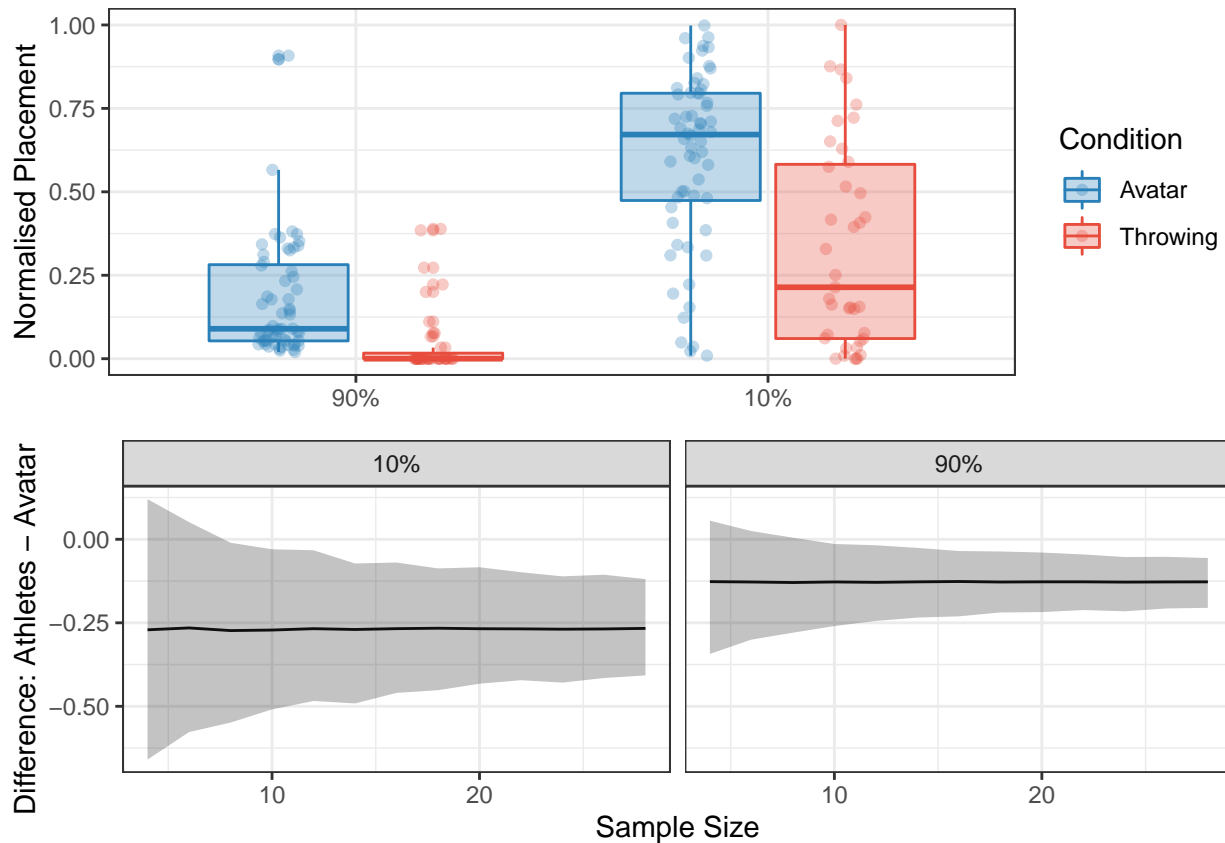
The plot below the distributions shows the uncertainty surrounding the mean estimate for the smallest difference tested (5%). After 15 participants, the uncertainty surrounding the estimate appears to plateau which demonstrates that the sample size of 21 was sufficient to detect the effect.



## 1.2 Experiment 2 and 3: Two Throws and Reward

As the hypothesis for both of these experiments was that our intervention would push participants towards being more optimal, we can use the same datasets to look at how uncertainty around the difference would change with varying sample sizes. For these experiments, comparison data was drawn from two unpublished studies; one in which the standard behaviour was observed, and one in which participants were closer to optimal in their performance.

The first dataset is comprised of 40 participants who took part in a version of the Clarke and Hunt (2016) *Throwing Task*. The second dataset is comprised of 60 participants who took part in a computerised version of this task. To compare these datasets, placement positions and standing positions were put on the same scale (0 being the centre and 1 being stood/placed next to the target). Only data for the easiest (smallest separation of targets) and hard (furthest separation of targets) conditions were considered as these points offered more comparable base performance levels.



## 2 Session Info

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
## R version 3.6.1 (2019-07-05)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS Mojave 10.14.6
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.6/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.6/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8/C/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats      graphics  grDevices  utils      datasets  methods   base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] brms_2.12.0      Rcpp_1.0.3      forcats_0.4.0   stringr_1.4.0
## [5] dplyr_0.8.3      purrr_0.3.3     readr_1.3.1     tidyr_1.0.2
## [9] tibble_2.1.3     ggplot2_3.2.1   tidyverse_1.2.1 tidybayes_2.0.2
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] colorspace_1.4-1 ggridges_0.5.1
```

##	[3]	rsconnect_0.8.15	markdown_1.1
##	[5]	base64enc_0.1-3	rstudioapi_0.10
##	[7]	farver_2.0.3	npsurv_0.4-0
##	[9]	rstan_2.19.2	svUnit_0.7-12
##	[11]	DT_0.8	fansi_0.4.1
##	[13]	lubridate_1.7.4	xml2_1.2.2
##	[15]	bridgesampling_0.7-2	splines_3.6.1
##	[17]	lsei_1.2-0	knitr_1.25
##	[19]	shinythemes_1.1.2	bayesplot_1.7.0
##	[21]	jsonlite_1.6	broom_0.5.2
##	[23]	shiny_1.3.2	compiler_3.6.1
##	[25]	httr_1.4.1	backports_1.1.5
##	[27]	assertthat_0.2.1	Matrix_1.2-17
##	[29]	lazyeval_0.2.2	cli_2.0.1
##	[31]	later_0.8.0	htmltools_0.3.6
##	[33]	prettyunits_1.1.1	tools_3.6.1
##	[35]	igraph_1.2.4.1	coda_0.19-3
##	[37]	gtable_0.3.0	glue_1.3.1
##	[39]	reshape2_1.4.3	cellranger_1.1.0
##	[41]	vctrs_0.2.2	nlme_3.1-140
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##	[55]	colourpicker_1.0	hms_0.5.0
##	[57]	promises_1.0.1	Brodingnag_1.2-6
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##	[61]	shinystan_2.5.0	yaml_2.2.0
##	[63]	see_0.2.1	gridExtra_2.3
##	[65]	loo_2.2.0	StanHeaders_2.19.0
##	[67]	stringi_1.4.5	highr_0.8
##	[69]	bayestestR_0.3.0	dygraphs_1.1.1.6
##	[71]	pkgbuild_1.0.6	rlang_0.4.4
##	[73]	pkgconfig_2.0.3	matrixStats_0.55.0
##	[75]	HDInterval_0.2.0	evaluate_0.14
##	[77]	lattice_0.20-38	labeling_0.3
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##	[81]	tidyselect_0.2.5	processx_3.4.1
##	[83]	plyr_1.8.5	magrittr_1.5
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##	[95]	modelr_0.1.5	crayon_1.3.4
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##	[101]	callr_3.4.1	threejs_0.3.1
##	[103]	digest_0.6.23	xtable_1.8-4
##	[105]	httpuv_1.5.1	stats4_3.6.1
##	[107]	munsell_0.5.0	shinyjs_1.0