My First Exercise

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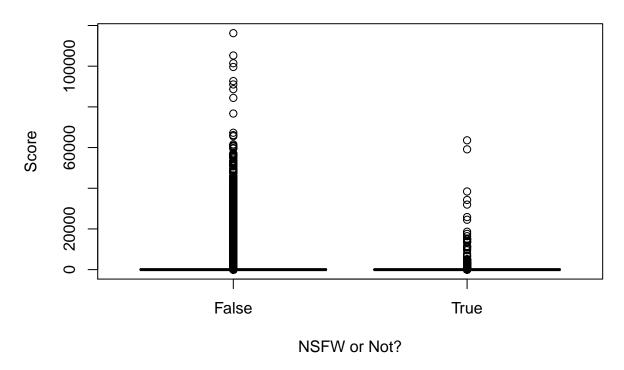
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NSFW Posts? Ooh, getting saucy here aren't we?

Firstly, let's explore the relation between Whether a Post is marked Over 18 and the amount of points it receives

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ 1.3.0 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.0
                   v purrr
                           0.3.4
## v tibble 3.0.1 v dplyr 0.8.5
## v tidyr 1.0.3 v stringr 1.4.0
         1.3.1
                   v forcats 0.5.0
## v readr
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                 masks stats::lag()
library(ggplot2)
data_df <- read.csv("r_dataisbeautiful_posts.csv")</pre>
boxplot(score ~ over_18 , data= data_df, main="Distribution of scores, by whether a post is NSFW",
  xlab="NSFW or Not?", ylab="Score")
```

Distribution of scores, by whether a post is NSFW



As we see, the IQR is quite similar, and there are a lot of outliers. However, it seems that non NSFW posts generally garnish more points.

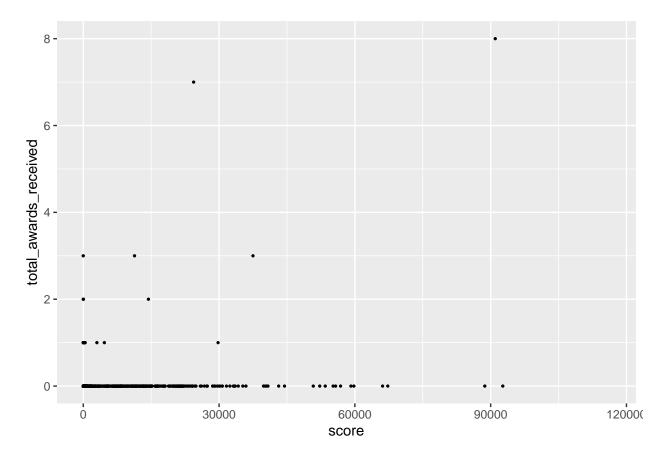
Well, data isn't always beautiful;

Scores vs Awards Received

Why don't we see how generous our community is?

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(data_df, aes(x=score, y=total_awards_received)) + geom_point(size=0.5)
```

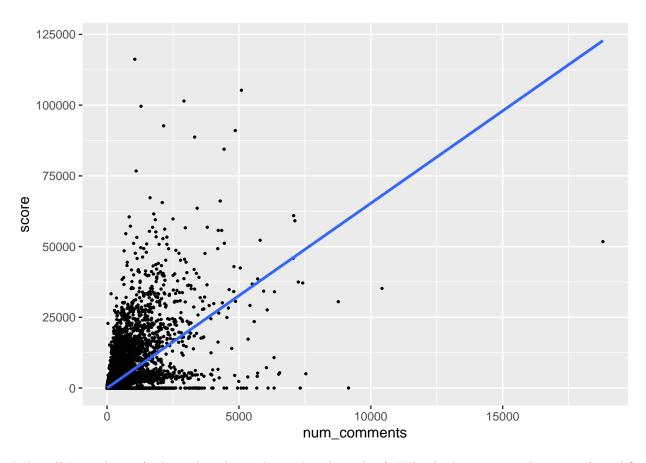
Warning: Removed 140006 rows containing missing values (geom_point).



Well crap. It seems like people generally don't give many awards on reddit.

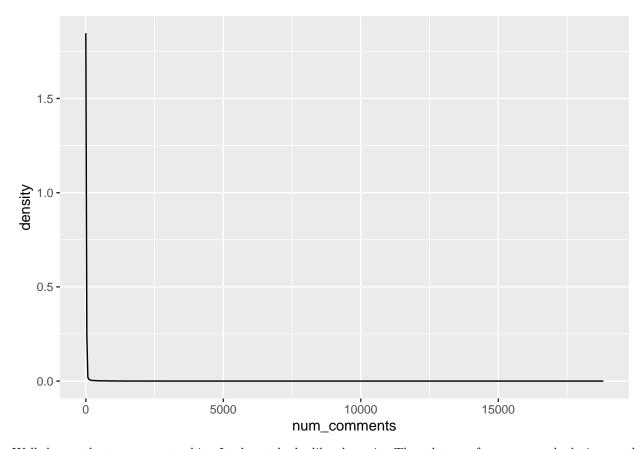
What is another thing we could potentially explore?

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(data_df, aes(x=num_comments, y=score)) + geom_point(size=0.5) + geom_smooth(method=lm, se=FALSE)
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
```



Bah, still Inconclusive (at least the relationship isn't independent). Why don't we try another type of graph?

```
p <- ggplot(data_df, aes(x=num_comments)) +
   geom_density()
print(p)</pre>
```



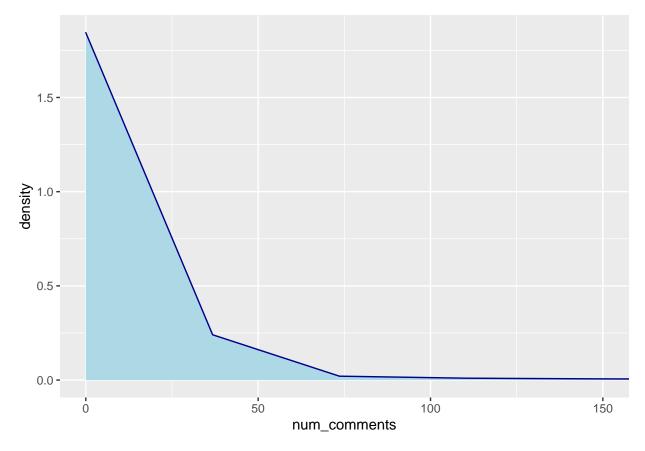
Well damn, that was way too big. It almost looks like the axis. Thus, lets perform some calculations and eliminate all the outliers.

```
data_num_comm = data_df$num_comments
summary(data_num_comm)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00 1.00 1.00 25.28 4.00 18801.00
```

Okay, this means that the limit for outliers is Q3 + 1.5IQR should be 8.5 or 8 comments. This suggests that most posts tend to generally Die in NEW, and Reddit's algorithm tends to promote only a select few posts to be trending. For the sake of data, i'll expand it to 150 comments. This shows a distinct left skew.

```
ggplot(data_df, aes(x=num_comments)) +
  geom_density(color="darkblue", fill="lightblue") + coord_cartesian(xlim = c(0, 150))
```



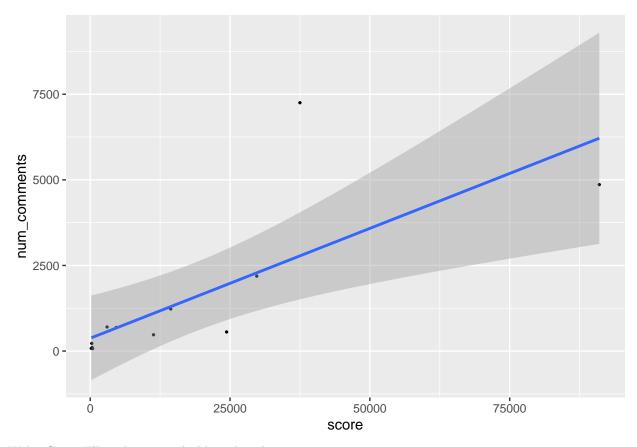
Now Let us Filter out some undesirable Variables. We'll filter out the no awards, and ensure that the score is at least 100.

```
library(ggplot2)

filt_df <- data_df %>% filter(
   100 < score, total_awards_received > 0
   )

ggplot(filt_df, aes(x=score, y=num_comments)) + geom_point(size=0.5) + geom_smooth(method=lm)

## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
```



Welp, Guess I'll stick to matplotlib and python.