



Algebra 1 Workbook Solutions

Simple equations

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MATH

SIMPLE EQUATIONS WITH SUBSCRIPTS

- 1. Give three different examples of the variable Y with a subscript.

Solution:

There are many correct answers. For example, Y_2 , Y_x , and Y_{100} all work, but Y_3 does not. Subscripts must be written as small numbers just after the variable.

- 2. It takes Peter 6 hours to paint a room and Laura 8 hours to paint that same room. Use the equation below to determine how long it would take for Peter and Laura to paint the room together, where R_1 is the number of hours it takes Peter, R_2 is the number of hours it takes Laura, and T is the number of hours it takes them together.

$$\frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = T$$

Solution:

$$\frac{(6)(8)}{6 + 8} = T$$

$$3.43 = T$$



■ 3. Solve for P_2 in the following equation.

$$P_1R + \frac{P_2}{V} = d$$

Solution:

$$P_1R + \frac{P_2}{V} = d$$

$$\frac{P_2}{V} = d - P_1R$$

$$P_2 = V(d - P_1R)$$

■ 4. The profit function for a The Coat Company is given by $P = Rx - C_1 - C_2x$, where P is the profit, R is the selling price, C_1 is the fixed cost, C_2 is the variable cost, and x is the total number of coats sold. What is the selling price R when $P = 114$, $C_1 = 550$, $C_2 = 3.50$, and $x = 16$?

Solution:

$$114 = R(16) - 550 - 3.50(16)$$

$$114 = 16R - 606$$



$$720 = 16R$$

$$45 = R$$

- 5. Give an example of a subject besides math that uses variables with subscripts.

Solution:

There are many correct answers. For example, chemistry, physics, biology, and even business courses use variables with subscripts.

- 6. The volume of the medium size box at the post office is given by

$$V = x_1 \times \frac{x_2}{2} \times \frac{x_3}{9}$$

where V is the volume of the box, x_1 is the length, $x_2/2$ is the width, and $x_3/9$ is the height. Find the height of the box that has a volume of 120 in^3 , a length of 4 in, and a width of 5 in.

Solution:

The width of the box is $x_2/2$, and also 5 in, so we'll solve for x_2 .



$$\frac{x_2}{2} = 5$$

$$x_2 = 10$$

Now we can solve for x_3 .

$$120 = 4 \times \frac{10}{2} \times \frac{x_3}{9}$$

$$120 = \frac{20x_3}{9}$$

$$1,080 = 20x_3$$

$$x_3 = 54$$

The height of the box is $x_3/9$, which means the height of the box is

$$\frac{54}{9} = 6 \text{ inches}$$

■ 7. Solve for x_1 in the following equation.

$$\frac{3V}{x_1} = td_0 + 2x_2d_1$$

Solution:

$$\frac{3V}{x_1} = td_0 + 2x_2d_1$$



$$3V = x_1(td_0 + 2x_2d_1)$$

$$\frac{3V}{td_0 + 2x_2d_1} = x_1$$

■ 8. Solve the following equation for Y_2 when $t_1 = 2$, $t_2 = 11$, $D = 1/3$, and $Y_1 = 25$.

$$3t_1 + \frac{15t_2D}{Y_2} = Y_1 - 5$$

Solution:

$$3(2) + \frac{15(11)(1/3)}{Y_2} = 25 - 5$$

$$6 + \frac{55}{Y_2} = 20$$

$$55 = 14Y_2$$

$$\frac{55}{14} = Y_2$$



EQUATIONS WITH PARENTHESES

- 1. Simplify the following expression.

$$-(2x^0 + 3^0y) - 3y + x$$

Solution:

$$-(2 + y) - 3y + x$$

$$-2 - 4y + x$$

- 2. Solve for x in the given equation.

$$2(x - 1) - 5(7 + 2x) = -(6 - x)$$

Solution:

$$2(x - 1) - 5(7 + 2x) = -(6 - x)$$

$$2x - 2 - 35 - 10x = -6 + x$$

$$-8x - 37 = x - 6$$

$$-9x = 31$$



$$x = -\frac{31}{9}$$

■ 3. Simplify $-(2x^2y)^0$.

Solution:

$$-(2x^2y)^0 = -1$$

■ 4. Simplify $-2x^2y^0$.

Solution:

$$-2x^2y^0 = -2x^2$$

■ 5. Solve for a in the given equation.

$$-2(3^0 - a) + 3(a + 7) = -(a^0 + 1)$$

Solution:

$$-2(3^0 - a) + 3(a + 7) = -(a^0 + 1)$$



$$-2(1 - a) + 3(a + 7) = -(1 + 1)$$

$$-2 + 2a + 3a + 21 = -2$$

$$5a + 19 = -2$$

$$5a = -21$$

$$a = -\frac{21}{5}$$

■ 6. What missing number would make the following true?

$$-3(4^0x - 5) = 2x - (3 - x)$$

$$??x + 15 = 3x - 3$$

Solution:

$$-3$$

■ 7. Write out the equation of the first step in solving the following for x .

$$6(1 - x) - 3(2x + 4) = -(5x + 7) - 10$$

Solution:



$$6 - 6x - 6x - 12 = -5x - 7 - 10$$

■ 8. What went wrong in the following set of steps?

$$-(6 - 2x) - 3x = 7(x - 1)$$

$$-6 - 2x - 3x = 7x - 7$$

Solution:

The negative was not distributed to the $-2x$ in the first term. It should be

$$-6 + 2x - 3x = 7x - 7$$

■ 9. Solve for y in the given equation.

$$-2^0(9 - y) + 3(3y - 1) = 4y^0 + 1$$

Solution:

$$-2^0(9 - y) + 3(3y - 1) = 4y^0 + 1$$

$$-9 + y + 9y - 3 = 4 + 1$$

$$-12 + 10y = 5$$

$$10y = 17$$



$$y = \frac{17}{10}$$

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WORD PROBLEMS INTO EQUATIONS

- 1. Give three different words that mean “addition”.

Solution:

There are many answers. Some of them are sum, total, more than, added, increased, and plus.

- 2. Write 2×5 as a phrase using the word “product”.

Solution:

“The product of 2 and 5.”

- 3. Write the phrase as an algebraic expression.

Six more than three times a number

Solution:

$$3x + 6$$



- 4. Find the value of the expression.

The quotient of 150 and 5

Solution:

$\frac{150}{5}$, which reduces to 30.

- 5. Write the phrase as an algebraic expression.

Half of five times a number

Solution:

$\frac{1}{2}(5x)$, which can also be written as $\frac{5x}{2}$ or $\frac{5}{2}x$.

- 6. Write $8 - 3$ as a phrase using the word “less”.

Solution:

“3 less than 8.”



- 7. Find the value of the expression.

3 less than the product of 2 and 7

Solution:

$(2 \times 7) - 3$, which is equal to 11.

- 8. Give three different words that mean “subtraction.”

Solution:

There are many different answers. Some of them include less, minus, decreased by, difference, and less than.

- 9. Find the value of the expression.

$\frac{1}{3}$ of 2 more than 7

Solution:



$\frac{1}{3}(7 + 2)$, which is $\frac{9}{3}$, which is 3.



CONSECUTIVE INTEGERS

- 1. Write the next five consecutive integers following -4 .

Solution:

$-4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1$

- 2. Give an example of three consecutive negative integers.

Solution:

There are many correct answers. Some examples include

$-11, -10, -9$

$-23, -22, -21$

$-3, -2, -1$

But $-5, -3, -1$ is not an example, because those integers are not one number apart from each other.

- 3. Write the inequality sign that relates the two integers.



$$-6 \quad -10$$

Solution:

$$-6 > -10$$

- 4. Write the previous four consecutive integers before -3 .

Solution:

$$-7, -6, -5, -4$$

- 5. Write the following numbers in ascending order (smallest to largest).

$$-1 \quad 0 \quad -4 \quad 2 \quad -3$$

Solution:

$$-4 < -3 < -1 < 0 < 2$$

- 6. Circle the numbers that are not integers.



$$-10 \quad \frac{6}{7} \quad 3 \quad 7.34 \quad \frac{8}{4} \quad 9.0$$

Solution:

The numbers that should be circled are $\frac{6}{7}$ and 7.34. Notice that $\frac{8}{4} = 2$ and $9.0 = 9$, which are both integers.

■ 7. Write the following in descending order (largest to smallest).

$$-11 \quad -13 \quad -5 \quad 11 \quad 3$$

Solution:

$$11 > 3 > -5 > -11 > -13$$

■ 8. Give an example of two types of numbers that are not integers.

Solution:

There are many correct answers. Some examples include

$$\frac{1}{3}, \quad -2.56, \quad -\frac{7}{4}, \quad 10.567$$



