## DLfuse: Distributed Lag Data Fusion for Estimating Ambient Air Pollution

## DLfuseST Statistical Model

$$Y_{t}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) = \widetilde{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_{0t}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) + \widetilde{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_{1t}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) \sum_{l=0}^{L} \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{B_{i},t,l} \left(\frac{\pi_{B_{i},t,l}}{\sum_{k=0}^{L} \pi_{B_{i},t,k}}\right) + \epsilon_{t}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right), \; \epsilon_{t}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) | \sigma_{\epsilon}^{2} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathbf{N}\left(0, \sigma_{\epsilon}^{2}\right)$$

$$\pi_{B_{i},t,l} = \Phi\left(\mu + \alpha_{B_{i}} + \mu_{t}\right)^{l}, \; 0 = 1, ..., L;$$

$$\alpha_{B_{i}}|\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{-B_{i}}, \tau^{2} \stackrel{\text{ind}}{\sim} \mathbf{N}\left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^{m} w_{ij} \alpha_{B_{j}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{m} w_{ij}}, \frac{\tau^{2}}{\sum_{j=1}^{m} w_{ij}}\right), \; i = 1, ..., m;$$

$$\mu_{t} = \kappa \mu_{t-1} + \delta_{t}, \; \delta_{t}|\sigma_{\delta}^{2} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathbf{N}\left(0, \sigma_{\delta}^{2}\right), \quad t = 1, ..., d;$$

$$\widetilde{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_{kt}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) = \boldsymbol{\beta}_{k} + \boldsymbol{\beta}_{k}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) + \boldsymbol{\beta}_{kt}, \; k = 0, 1;$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\beta}_{0}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) \\ \boldsymbol{\beta}_{1}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) \end{pmatrix} = A\begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{w}_{0}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) \\ \boldsymbol{w}_{1}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right) \end{pmatrix}; \; A = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & 0 \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix};$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\beta}_{0t} \\ \boldsymbol{\beta}_{1t} \end{pmatrix} = \Omega\begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\beta}_{0,t-1} \\ \boldsymbol{\beta}_{1,t-1} \end{pmatrix} + \boldsymbol{\eta}_{t}, \; \Omega_{ii} = \rho_{i}, \; \boldsymbol{\eta}_{t}|V \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathbf{MVN}\left(\mathbf{0}_{2}, V\right), \; t = 1, ..., d$$

$$\boldsymbol{w}_{k} = \left\{w_{k}\left(\mathbf{s}_{11}\right), ..., w_{k}\left(\mathbf{s}_{mn_{m}}\right)\right\}^{\mathrm{T}} | \boldsymbol{\phi}_{k} \stackrel{\text{ind}}{\sim} \mathbf{MVN}\left\{0, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{k}\left(\boldsymbol{\phi}_{k}\right)\right\}, \; k = 0, 1$$

$$\operatorname{Corr}\left\{w_{k}\left(\mathbf{s}_{ij}\right), w_{k}\left(\mathbf{s}_{i'j'}\right)\right\} = \exp\left\{-\boldsymbol{\phi}_{k}||\mathbf{s}_{ij} - \mathbf{s}_{i'j'}||\right\};$$

$$\operatorname{Corr} \left\{ w_k \left( \mathbf{s}_{ij} \right), w_k \left( \mathbf{s}_{i'j'} \right) \right\} = \exp \left\{ -\phi_k || \mathbf{s}_{ij} - \mathbf{s}_{i'j'} || \right\}$$

- i = 1, ...., m;
- $j = 1, ..., n_i$

## **Prior Information**

$$\beta_k \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sigma_\beta^2\right), \ k = 0, 1;$$

• Default setting:  $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 10,000$ .

 $\sigma_{\epsilon}^2 \sim \text{Inverse Gamma}\left(a_{\sigma_{\epsilon}^2}, b_{\sigma_{\epsilon}^2}\right);$ 

• Default setting:  $a_{\sigma_{\theta}^2} = 0.01$ ,  $b_{\sigma_{\theta}^2} = 0.01$ .

 $\tau^2 \sim \text{Inverse Gamma}(a_{\tau^2}, b_{\tau^2});$ 

• Default setting:  $a_{\sigma_a^2} = 3$ ,  $b_{\sigma_a^2} = 2$ .

 $\sigma_{\delta}^2 \sim \text{Inverse Gamma}\left(a_{\sigma_{\delta}^2}, b_{\sigma_{\delta}^2}\right);$ 

• Default setting:  $a_{\sigma_{\delta}^2} = 3, b_{\sigma_{\delta}^2} = 2.$ 

 $\ln (A_{11}), \ln (A_{22}), A_{21} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} N (0, \sigma_A^2);$ 

• Default setting:  $\sigma_A^2 = 1$ .

 $\mu \sim N(0,1);$ 

 $\phi_k \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Gamma}(\alpha_{\phi_k}, \beta_{\phi_k}), \ k = 0, 1,$ 

• Default setting:  $a_{\phi_k} = 1$ ,  $b_{\phi_k} = 1$ .

 $\kappa, \rho_1, \rho_2 \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Uniform}(0, 1);$ 

 $V^{-1} \sim \text{Wishart}(\Omega^*, \rho^*);$ 

• Default setting:  $\Omega^* = I_2$ ,  $\rho^* = 3$ .

## **Default Initial Values**

- $\beta_k = 0$  for all k;
- $\sigma_{\epsilon}^2 = 1$ ;
- $A_{11} = A_{22} = 1$ ,  $A_{21} = 0$ ;
- $\mu = 0;$
- $\alpha_{B_i} = 0$  for all i;
- $\tau^2 = 1$ ;
- $w_k(\mathbf{s}_{ij}) = 0$  for all k, i, j;
- $\phi_k = -\ln(0.05) / \max\{||\mathbf{s}_{ij} \mathbf{s}_{i'j'}||\}$  for all k;
- ullet V a two-by-two identity matrix;
- $\kappa = \rho_1 = \rho_2 = 0.50;$
- $\sigma_{\delta}^2 = 1$ ;
- $\beta_{kt} = 0$  for all k, t;
- $\mu_t = 0$  for all t.