EpiBuffer Examples

Function to simulate outcomes, radii, exposure effect

```
sim_data_function <- function(exposure_indicator,</pre>
                                unique_dists,
                                unique_ps_dists,
                                max radius,
                                trials,
                                x,
                                W,
                                beta_true,
                                gamma_true,
                                eta_true,
                                rho_phi_true,
                                sim_setting,
                                seed){
  ###############
  # Global Settings
  ###############
  n_ind <- nrow(x)</pre>
  n_unique <- ncol(v)</pre>
  spatial_cov <- exp(-rho_phi_true*unique_dists)</pre>
  phi_true <- mnormt::rmnorm(n = 1,</pre>
                               mean = 0.00,
                               varcov = spatial_cov)
  # extract w and phi for each individual based on location
  v_w \leftarrow w[v, , drop = FALSE] # (n_ind x p_w)
  v_phi <- phi_true[v , drop = FALSE] # (n_ind x 1)</pre>
  if(sim_setting == 0){ # no effect (theta = 0)
```

```
radius_trans_true <- rep(0.00, times = n_ind)</pre>
  theta_true <- rep(0.00, times = n_ind)</pre>
}
# True theta and radius (depends on sim setting)
if(sim_setting == 1){ # single radius, single theta
  radius_trans_true <- rep(gamma_true[1], times = n_ind)</pre>
  theta_true <- rep(eta_true[1], times = n_ind)</pre>
}
if(sim_setting == 2){ # varying radii, single theta
  radius_trans_true <- (v_w%*%gamma_true) + v_phi</pre>
  theta_true <- rep(eta_true[1], times = n_ind) # theta = eta0 (pd = 0 setting)
}
if(sim_setting == 3){ # varying radii, varying theta
  radius trans true <- (v w%*%gamma true) + v phi
  radius_true <- max_radius*pnorm(radius_trans_true)</pre>
  # theta is coefficient on the radius (not on radius trans!)
  theta_true <- cbind(1, (radius_true))%*%eta_true # pd = 1 setting
}
radius_true <- as.vector(max_radius*pnorm(radius_trans_true))</pre>
# True exposure
exposure_true <- rep(NA, times = n_ind)</pre>
if(exposure_indicator == 0){ # counts
  v_exposure_dists <- unique_ps_dists[v, , drop = FALSE]</pre>
  exposure_true <- rowSums(v_exposure_dists < radius_true)</pre>
if(exposure_indicator == 2){ # presence/absence
  # exposed if at least one facility is within distance radius_true
  for(j in 1:n_ind){
    exposure_true[j] <- max(</pre>
      as.numeric(unique_ps_dists[c(1:n_unique)[v[j,] == 1],] <= radius_true[j])
  }
}
##########
# Outcome
##########
# Simulate outcome from Binomial Distribution
\# logit(p) = log(p / 1-p) = x*\beta + \theta*exposure
logit_p <- x%*%beta_true + theta_true*exposure_true</pre>
```

Create inputs for sim data function

Specify simulation parameters

Simulate location and covariate information

```
# Unique locations of outcome units
unique_locs <- data.frame(
  location_id = 1:n_ind_unique,
    x = runif(n_ind_unique, min = 0, max = max_radius*5),
    y = runif(n_ind_unique, min = 0, max = max_radius*5)
)

# Randomly assign outcome units to unique locations
ind_locs <- data.frame(
  individual_id = 1:n_ind,
  location_id = c(
    sample(1:n_ind_unique, size = n_ind_unique, replace = FALSE), # guarantee one per location
    sample(1:n_ind_unique, size = n_ind - n_ind_unique, replace = TRUE) # sample remaining</pre>
```

```
)
)
# Sample locations of exposure sources (``ps")
ps_locs <- data.frame(</pre>
 ps_id = 1:m,
 x = runif(m, min = 0, max = max_radius*5),
 y = runif(m, min = 0, max = max_radius*5)
#.....#
# v: index vector indicating unique location row in exposure_dists for each outcome unit
# length: n_ind
# NOTE: v maps each individual to a row in exposure_dists and w;
# rows must be ordered consistently with location indexing:
# row i corresponds to location_id[i], where location_id[v[j]] is the location for outcome unit j.
v <- match(ind_locs$location_id, unique_locs$location_id)</pre>
# Grid: knot locations for predictive process approximation
# here - same as unique locations (can be different or a subsample, as desired)
grid_coords <- unique_locs[match(unique_locs$location, unique_locs$location_id),</pre>
                          c("location_id", "x", "y")]
grid_coords$location_id <- paste0("grid_", grid_coords$location_id)</pre>
all_locs <- rbind(unique_locs, grid_coords)</pre>
# unique_ps_dists: pairwise distance matrix for all unique locations and exposure sources
# only retain necessary exposure sources based on max_radius
unique_ps_dists <- fields::rdist(unique_locs[,c("x", "y")], ps_locs[,c("x", "y")])
unique_ps_dists <- unique_ps_dists[, !apply(unique_ps_dists > max_radius, 2, all)]
# unique_dists: pair-wise distance matrix for all unique locations
# dim: (n_ind_unique x n_ind_unique)
unique_dists <- fields::rdist(unique_locs[,c("x", "y")], unique_locs[,c("x", "y")])
unique_dists <- unique_dists / max(unique_dists)</pre>
# full_dists: pair-wise distance matrix for all unique locations and grid points
# dim: (n_ind_unique + n_grid) x (n_ind_unique + n_grid)
full_dists <- fields::rdist(all_locs[,c("x", "y")], all_locs[,c("x", "y")])</pre>
full_dists <- full_dists / max(full_dists) # scale to between 0 and 1</pre>
#.....#
# trials: individuals per location
# modeling Bernoulli data - each individual is a trial
trials <- rep(1, n_ind)</pre>
# x: covariate matrix
# dim: nInd x p_x
x <- data.frame(
 x0 = rep(1, n_ind),
 x1 = rbinom(n_ind, size = 1, prob = 0.5) # a factor covariate
) %>% as.matrix()
```

```
# w: spatial covariate matrix (for SpatialBuffer)
# dim: n_unique x p_w
w <- data.frame(
 intercept = rep(1, n_ind_unique),
 w1 = rnorm(n_ind_unique, mean = 0, sd = 1)
) %>% as.matrix()
```

Create simulated data sets from different settings

Recall -

- sim setting = 0: no effect;
- sim setting = 1: single radius, single effect;
- sim_setting = 2: varying radius, varying effect;
- sim_setting = 3: varying radius, varying effect

```
# Simulated data where true dgp is single radius, single effect
sim_dat1 <- sim_data_function(exposure_indicator = exposure_indicator,</pre>
                               unique_dists = unique_dists,
                               unique_ps_dists = unique_ps_dists,
                               max radius = max radius,
                              trials = trials,
                              x = x,
                               w = w,
                               v = v,
                               beta_true = beta_true,
                               gamma_true = gamma_true,
                               eta_true = eta_true_single,
                               rho_phi_true = rho_phi_true,
                               sim_setting = 1,
                               seed = seed)
# Simulated data where true dgp is varying radius, single effect
sim_dat2 <- sim_data_function(exposure_indicator = exposure_indicator,</pre>
                               unique_dists = unique_dists,
                               unique_ps_dists = unique_ps_dists,
                              max_radius = max_radius,
                               trials = trials,
                               x = x,
                               w = w,
                               v = v,
                               beta_true = beta_true,
                               gamma_true = gamma_true,
                               eta_true = eta_true_single,
                               rho_phi_true = rho_phi_true,
                               sim_setting = 2,
                               seed = seed)
```

Fit Models

Set Global MCMC parameters

```
mcmc_samples <- 50000
burnin <- 30000
thin <- 2
keep_set <- seq(burnin, mcmc_samples, by = thin)</pre>
```

True DGP: Single Radius, Single Effect (sim_setting = 1)

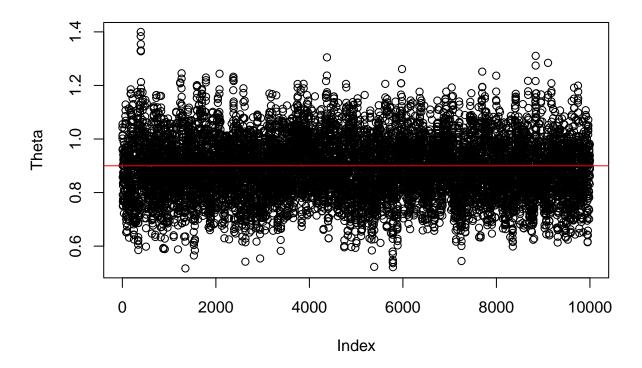
SingleBuffer

radius Acceptance: 23%

Progress: 80%

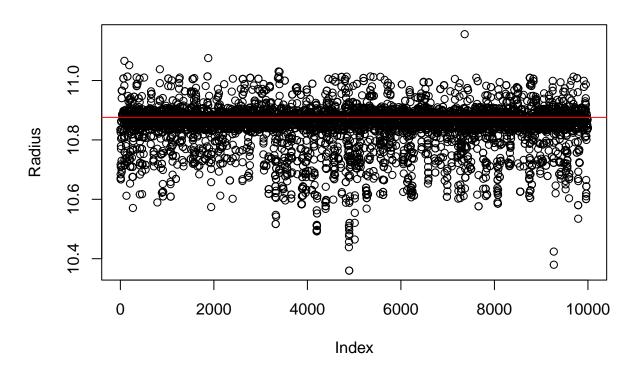
```
print("Fitting SINGLEBUFFER")
## [1] "Fitting SINGLEBUFFER"
metrop_var_radius <- 0.001</pre>
set.seed(seed)
res_single <- EpiBuffer::SingleBuffer(mcmc_samples = mcmc_samples,</pre>
                                    y = sim_dat1$y,
                                    x = x,
                                    v = v
                                    radius_range = c(0.00, max_radius),
                                    exposure_definition_indicator = exposure_indicator,
                                    exposure_dists = unique_ps_dists,
                                    metrop_var_radius = metrop_var_radius,
                                    likelihood indicator = 0,
                                    trials = trials,
                                    waic_info_indicator = 1)
## Progress: 10%
## radius Acceptance: 23%
## **********
## Progress: 20%
## radius Acceptance: 23%
## ***********
## Progress: 30%
## radius Acceptance: 23%
## **********
## Progress: 40%
## radius Acceptance: 23%
## *********
## Progress: 50%
## radius Acceptance: 23%
## ************
## Progress: 60%
## radius Acceptance: 24%
## ********
## Progress: 70%
## radius Acceptance: 23%
```

Estimated Theta



```
# Plot for radius
plot(res_single$radius[keep_set],
    main = "Estimated Radius",
    ylab = "Radius",
    xlab = "Index")
abline(h = unique(sim_dat1$radius_true), col = "red", lty = 1)
```

Estimated Radius



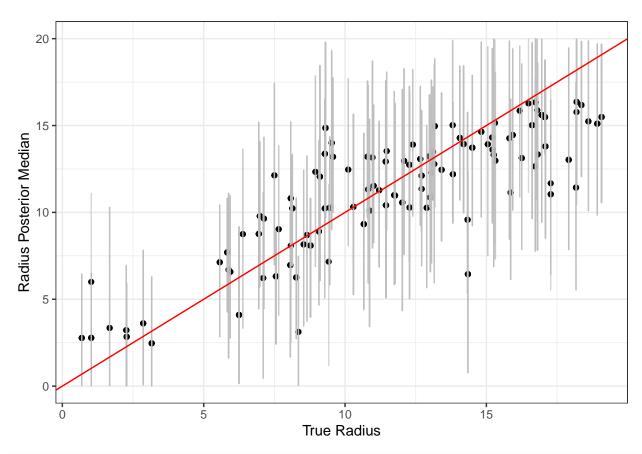
True DGP: Varying Radius, Varying Effect (sim_setting = 3) SpatialBuffer, pd = 1

```
print("Fitting SPATIALBUFFER, pd = 0")
## [1] "Fitting SPATIALBUFFER, pd = 0"
metrop_var_gamma <- 0.01</pre>
metrop_var_phi_star <- 0.2</pre>
metrop_var_rho_phi <- 1.0</pre>
set.seed(seed)
res_spatial1 <- EpiBuffer::SpatialBuffers(mcmc_samples = mcmc_samples,</pre>
                                            y = sim_dat2$y,
                                            x = x,
                                            w = w,
                                            radius_range = c(0.00, max_radius),
                                            exposure_definition_indicator = exposure_indicator,
                                            exposure_dists = unique_ps_dists,
                                            p_d = 0,
                                            full_dists = full_dists,
                                            metrop_var_gamma = rep(metrop_var_gamma,
                                                                     times = ncol(w)),
                                            metrop_var_phi_star = rep(metrop_var_phi_star,
```

```
times = length(v)),
metrop_var_rho_phi = metrop_var_rho_phi,
likelihood_indicator = 0,
trials = trials,
waic_info_indicator = 1)
```

```
## Progress: 10%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 14%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 30%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 66%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 18%
## **********
## Progress: 20%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 30%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 65%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 18%
## ***********
## Progress: 30%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 14%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 30%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 66%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 17%
## *************
## Progress: 40%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 30%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 67%
## rho phi Acceptance: 18%
## ************
## Progress: 50%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 30%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 67%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 17%
## ***********
## Progress: 60%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 31%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 67%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 17%
## *********
## Progress: 70%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 31%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 67%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 17%
```

```
## **************
## Progress: 80%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 31%
## phi star Acceptance (max): 67%
## rho phi Acceptance: 17%
## ************
## Progress: 90%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 31%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 68%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 17%
## **********
## Progress: 100%
## gamma Acceptance (min): 13%
## gamma Acceptance (max): 16%
## phi_star Acceptance (min): 31%
## phi_star Acceptance (max): 67%
## rho_phi Acceptance: 17%
## ************
# Extract output and plot results
radius_df <- data.frame(t(res_spatial1$radius)) # Rows = MCMC iterations; columns = outcome units
radii_thinned <- radius_df[keep_set,]</pre>
radius_post_summary <- radii_thinned %>%
 dplyr::summarise(across(everything(), list( # apply to each column (individual)
   posterior.median = ~median(.),
   posterior.mean = ~mean(.),
   hdi.lower95 = ~hdi(., credMass = 0.95)[["lower"]],
   hdi.upper95 = ~hdi(., credMass = 0.95)[["upper"]],
   ci.lower95 = ~quantile(., 0.025),
    ci.upper95 = ~quantile(., 0.975)
 ))) %>%
 pivot_longer(cols = everything(), names_to = c("cluster", ".value"), names_sep = "_")
radius_post_summary$radius_true <- sim_dat2$radius_true</pre>
theta df <- data.frame(t(res spatial1$theta))
theta_df <- theta_df/res_spatial1$exposure_scale # unscale thetas
theta_thinned <- theta_df[keep_set, ]</pre>
ggplot(radius_post_summary,
      aes(x = radius_true, y = posterior.median)) +
 geom_point() +
 geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = hdi.lower95, ymax = hdi.upper95), # Add credible intervals
               width = 0.01,
               color = "grey", alpha = 0.6) +
 xlab("True Radius") +
 ylab("Radius Posterior Median") +
 geom_abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0, color = "red")
```



```
ggplot(theta_thinned, aes(x = `X1`)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 40) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = sim_dat2$theta_true, color = "red") +
  xlab("Theta Posterior Samples") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(size=12))
```

