

Statistical Model

$$y_i | \boldsymbol{\beta}, \boldsymbol{\theta} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Bernoulli}(p_i(\boldsymbol{\beta}, \boldsymbol{\theta})), \quad i = 1, \dots, n;$$

$$\log \left(\frac{p_i(\boldsymbol{\beta}, \boldsymbol{\theta})}{1 - p_i(\boldsymbol{\beta}, \boldsymbol{\theta})} \right) = \mathbf{x}_i^T \boldsymbol{\beta} + \sum_{j=1}^{m_i} z_{ij} \theta(j);$$

$$\boldsymbol{\theta} = (\theta(1), \dots, \theta(m))^T | \sigma_{\theta}^2, \phi \sim \text{MVN}(\mathbf{0}_m, \sigma_{\theta}^2 \Sigma(\phi))$$

- p : Length of \mathbf{x}_i vector (same for all i)
- $m = \max \{m_i : i = 1, \dots, n\}$

Prior Information

$$\beta_j \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{N}(0, \sigma_{\beta}^2), \quad j = 1, \dots, p$$

- Default setting: $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 10,000$

$$\sigma_{\theta}^2 \sim \text{Inverse Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$$

- Default setting: $\alpha = 3, \beta = 2$

$$\phi \sim \text{Uniform}(a_{\phi}, b_{\phi})$$

- Default setting: $a_{\phi} = d, b_{\phi} = d$

Default Initial Values

$$\beta_j = 0 \text{ for all } j$$

$$\theta_j = 0 \text{ for all } j$$

$$\sigma_{\theta}^2 = 0.50$$

$$\phi = 0.50$$