

LEAN SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Part 1: from continuous integration to continuous delivery

Part 2: agile testing

Part 3: introduction to DevOps

TODAY'S AGENDA

- **Continuous integration & delivery (20')**
- **Team work (20'), presentations & discussion (4 x 10')**
- **Wrap-up: putting it in practice (10')**

QUICK POLL



Jenkins

TOPICS

- Motivations
- Continuous integration as a core agile practice
- Towards continuous delivery & continuous deployment
- CI/CD Pipelines

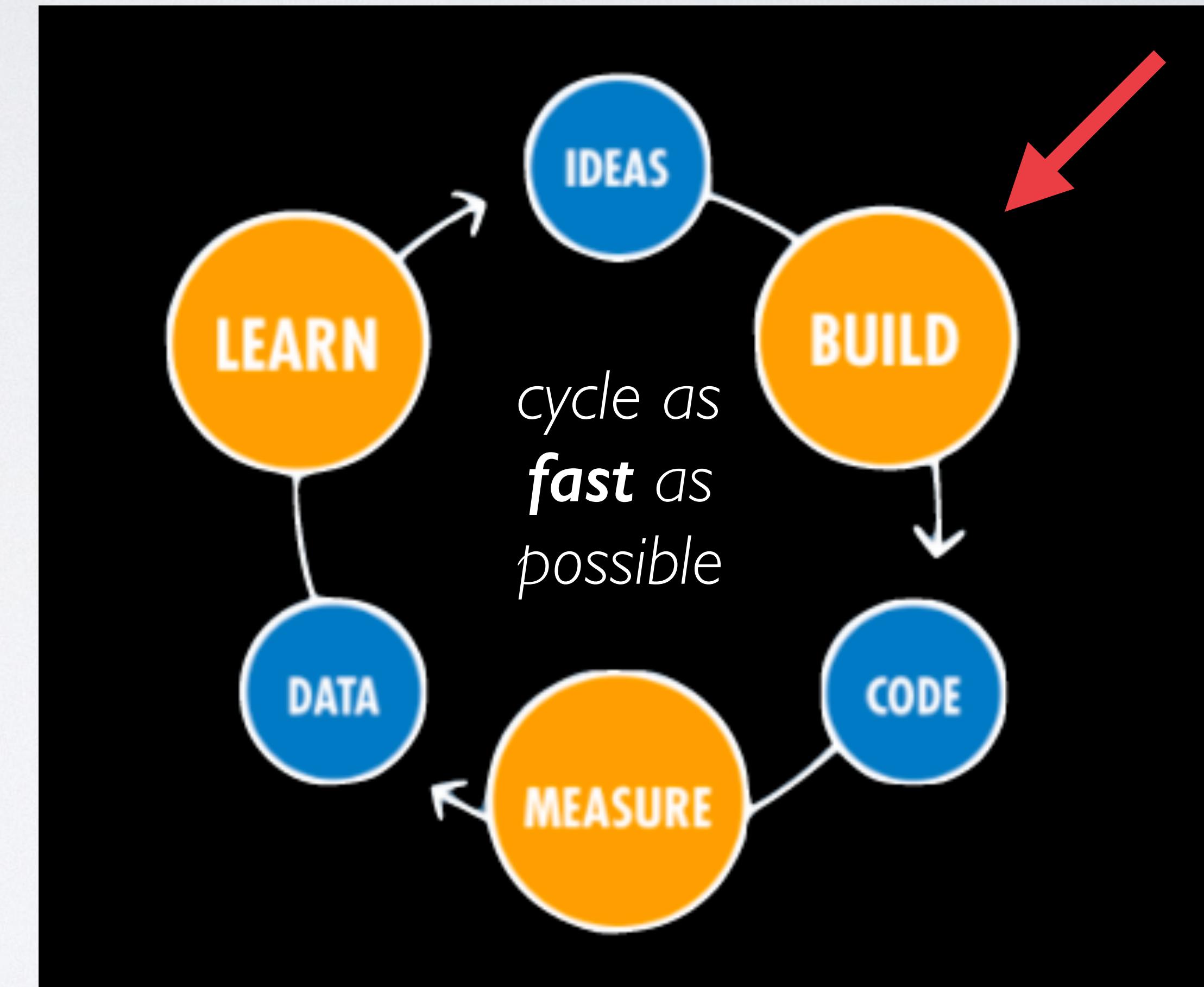
THE NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER

THE LEAN STARTUP

How Today's Entrepreneurs Use
Continuous Innovation to Create
Radically **Successful** Businesses

ERIC RIES
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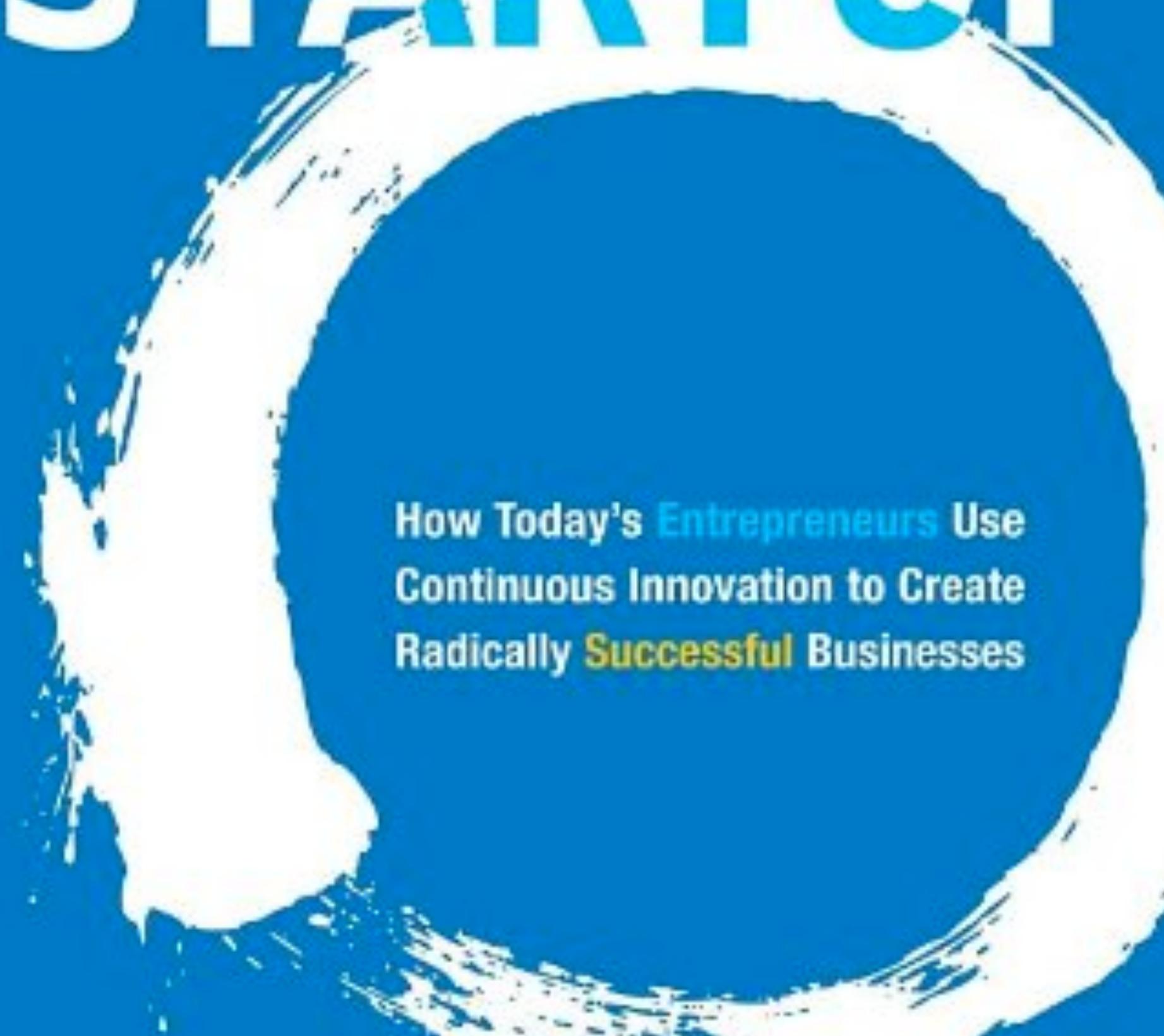
MOTIVATION



<http://www.startuplessonslearned.com/2009/06/why-continuous-deployment.html>

THE NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER

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MOTIVATION

How do we **keep a fast validated learning cycle**, even when building a complex software product, used by of people on a 24/7 basis?

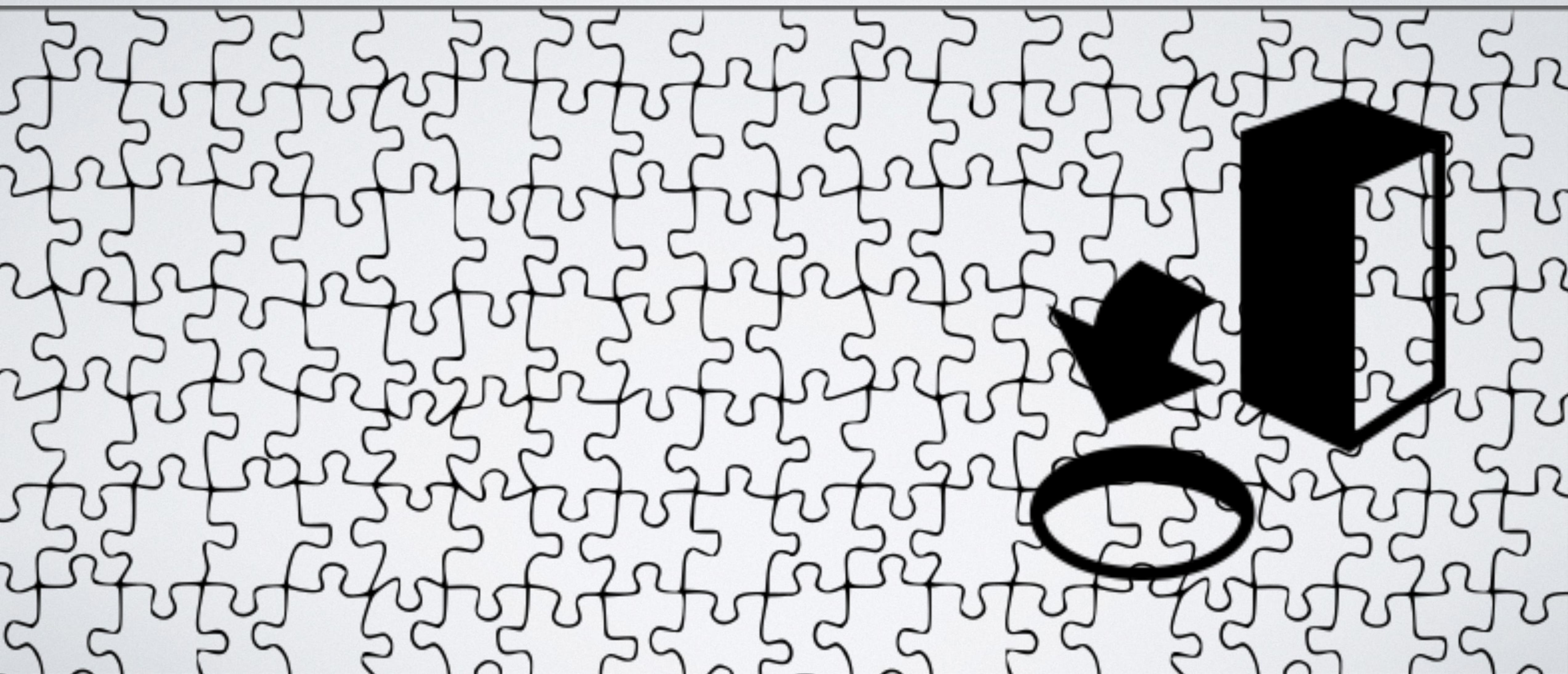
How can **software engineering practices** and **tools** help us?

CORE AGILE PRACTICES

- Small releases
- Continuous integration
- Test-driven development



CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION



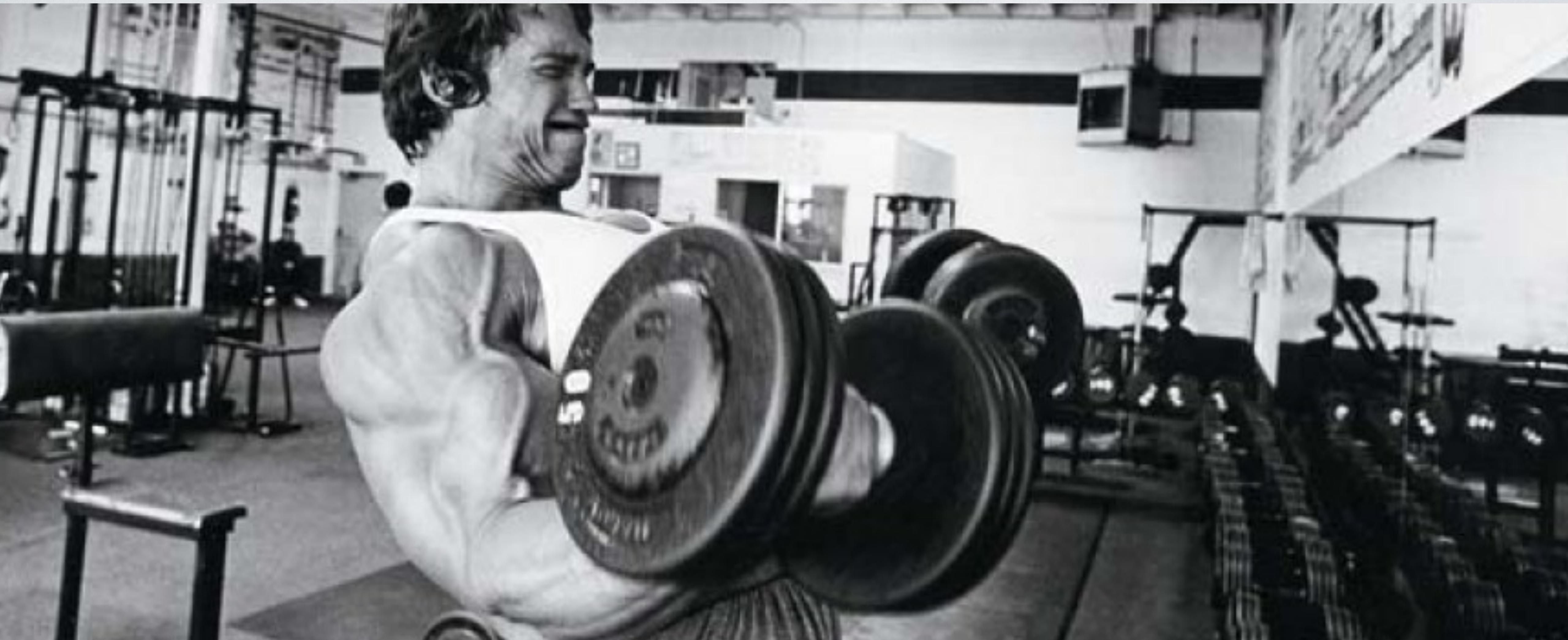
INTEGRATION IS A PITA

- Team members work on several components in parallel
- The components need to be integrated to form a product
- Doing this integration is always painful
- But there are ways to reduce the pain

IF IT HURTS...

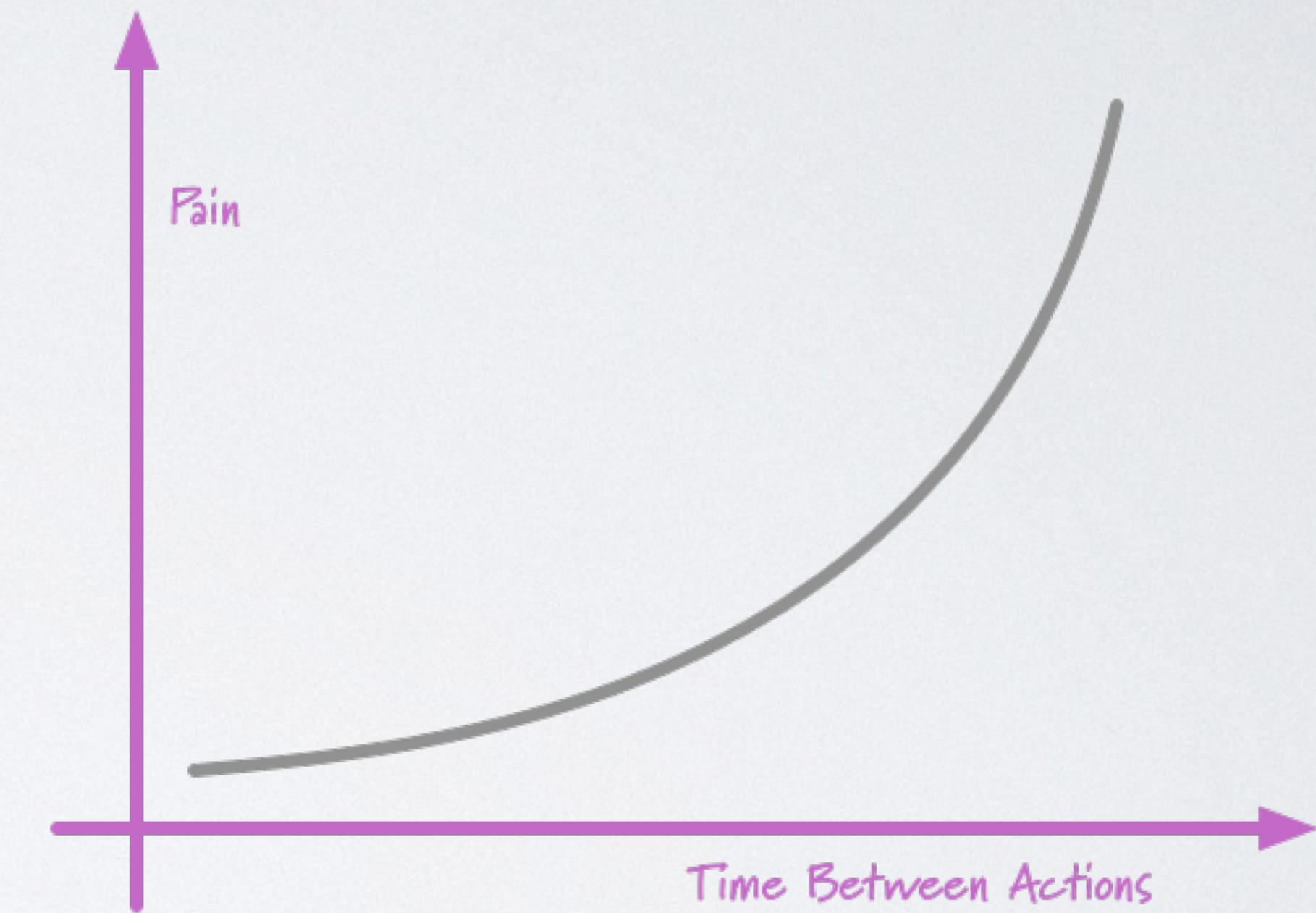


...DO IT MORE OFTEN!



MAKE INTEGRATION VERY FREQUENT

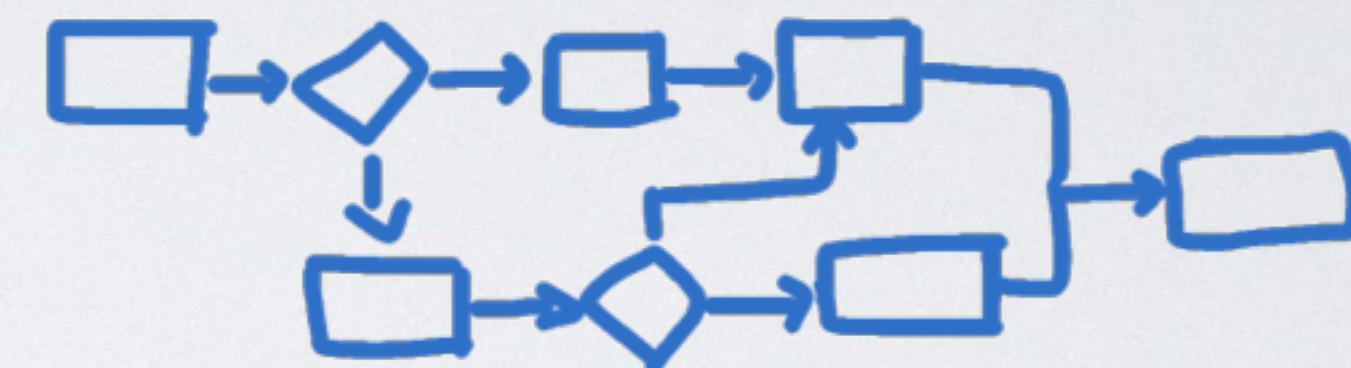
- Doing one big task at once is way more painful than doing **many small tasks**.
- **Frequent feedback** gives us a chance to make the same task iteratively less painful.
- Doing a task repeatedly **trains** you and makes you better at it. It also encourages you to automate (some of) the process.



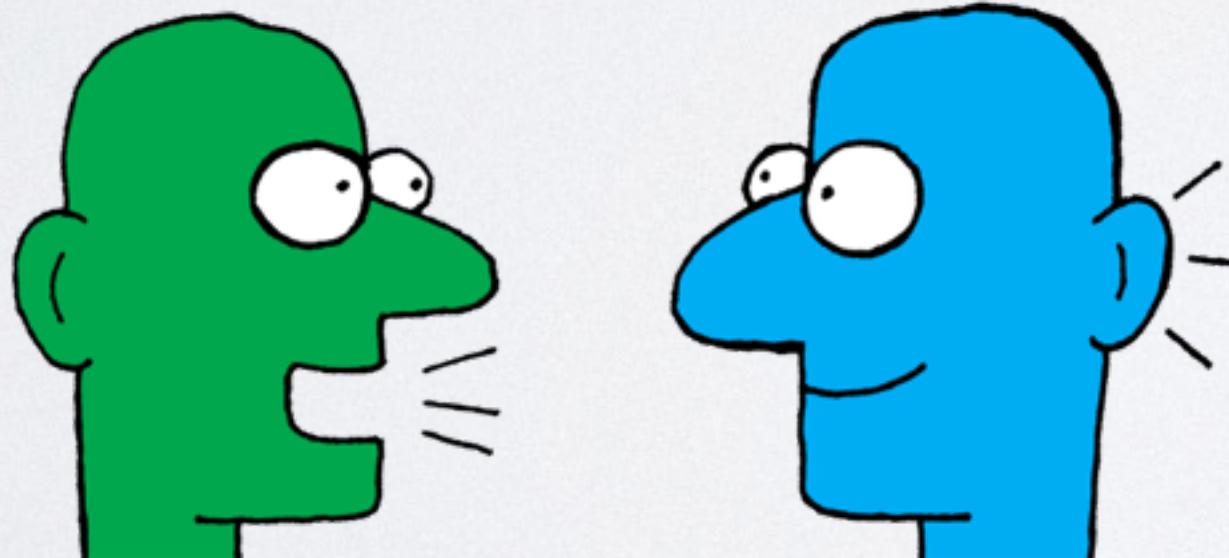
HOW DO WE DO IT?



Tools



Processes



Communication



Culture

Discipline

IN PRACTICE

- Maintain a code repository
- Everyone commits to the baseline every day
- Every commit (to baseline) should be built
- Automate the build
- Make the build self-testing
- Everyone can see the results of the latest build (feedback)



INFORMATION RADIATORS



<https://panic.com/statusboard/>

<https://www.atlassian.com/wallboards/information-radiators>

[http://
www.infoq.com/
articles/agile-
software-
cockburn-
book-2ed](http://www.infoq.com/articles/agile-software-cockburn-book-2ed)

CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION

Your Team is happy.

Everyone is pushing commits very frequently. We know that we are always able to build a complete software system with all the components. We even have some unit tests.

Of course, problems do happen. But we identify them quickly. Not 2 hours before an important demo or 2 days before launch.

By the way, setting up our continuous integration server was actually easy.

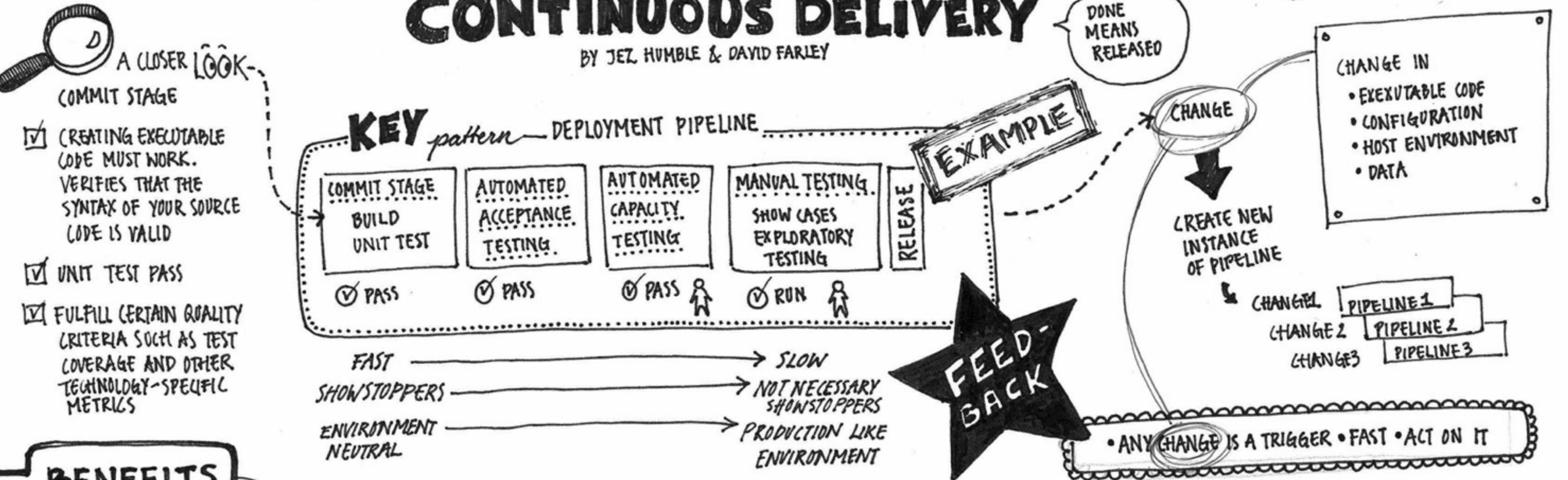
DON'T STOP THERE

- **Continuous integration is only a first step**
- **Your team might be happy, but your customers don't care**
 - A working software binary built on a daily basis and its components work together.
 - Your customers don't have access to this binary.



CONTINUOUS DELIVERY

BY JEZ HUMBLE & DAVID FARLEY



BENEFITS

EMPowered - IN CONTROL
LOW STRESS - SMALL RELEASES

REDUCING ERRORS
- CONFIG MGT.
- VERSION CONTROL

DEPLOYMENT FLEXIBILITY
- EASY TO START APPLICATION IN NEW ENVIRONMENT



SEEMS LIKE THE AUTHORS CAN'T STRESS IT ENOUGH. IT'S EVERYWHERE THROUGHOUT THIS BOOK.



66

ENCOURAGING GREATER COLLABORATION BETWEEN EVERYONE INVOLVED IN SOFTWARE DELIVERY IN ORDER TO RELEASE VALUABLE SOFTWARE FASTER AND MORE RELIABLY.

”

If it hurts, do it more frequently

(cc) BY-SA

Nhan Ngo

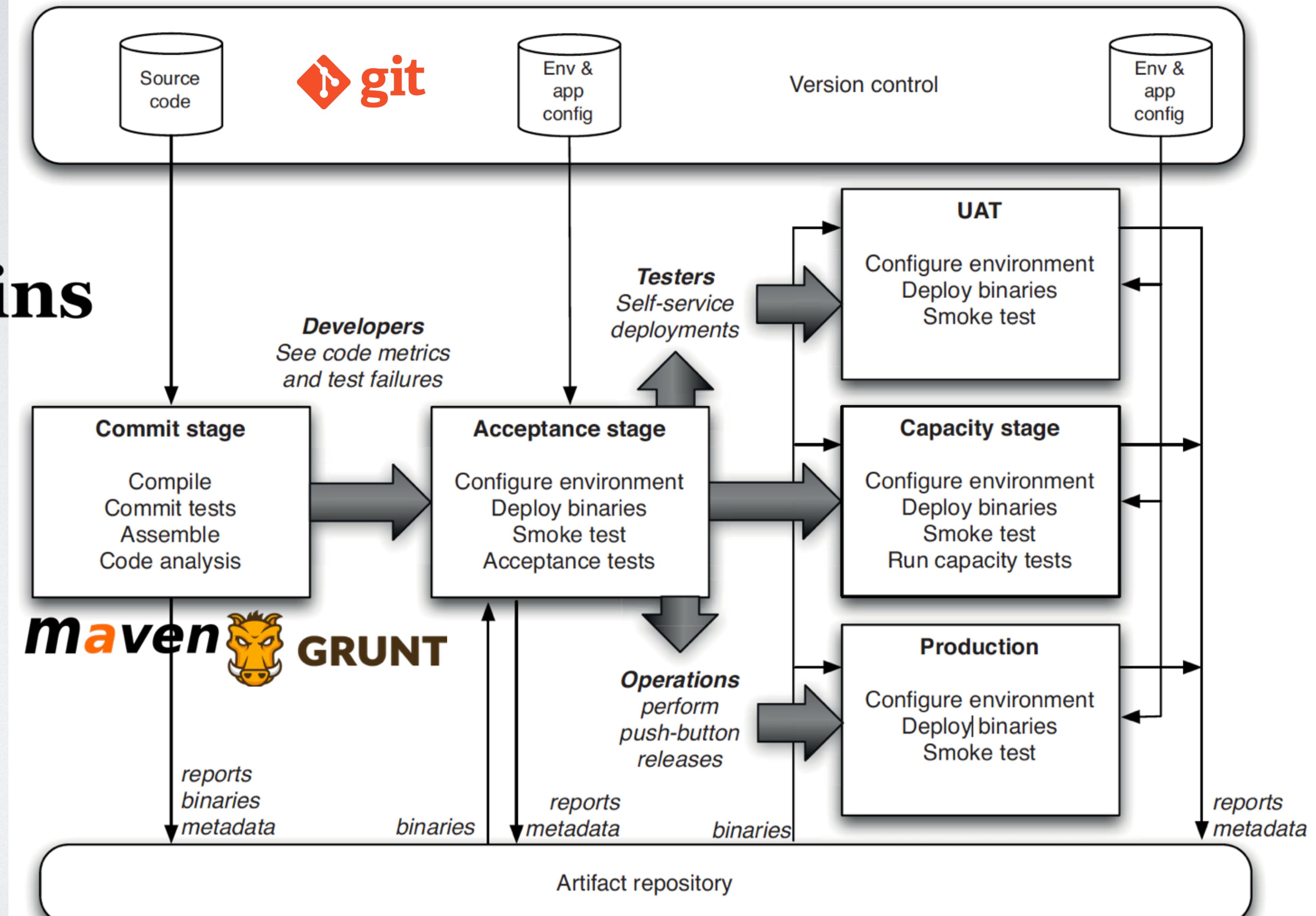
	Continuous Integration	Continuous Delivery
Who	Developer centric	Whole team Business/QA/Dev/Ops
Output	software package	feature available to users
Scope of quality control	Narrow: Unit / integration tests	Broad: unit, integration, UX, perf, security, etc.
Complexity / cost	Low	High to very high
Impact on agility	Medium	High to very high

QUALITY - PIPELINES - THE LAST MILE





Jenkins



TEAM WORK

- Get in groups and choose a project, which included a software component.
Discuss and prepare a 5' presentation (no need for slides).
 - Introduce the context: product, team, stage
 - Is continuous integration an established practice in the projet? If yes explain what is done, what works well and what are the limits. If no, explain why.
 - Same question for **continuous delivery**.
 - What are **1 or 2 questions** that you have on the topic (can be technical or not)?

WRAP UP

- How do we get started?
- Tools
- Resources

GETTING STARTED: BABY STEPS!

- **Step 1: put your code in a version management system**

- If you don't know git, invest the time to learn it. Don't rely on trial and error... Pick a simple branching strategy.
- GitHub and BitBucket make your life easier.

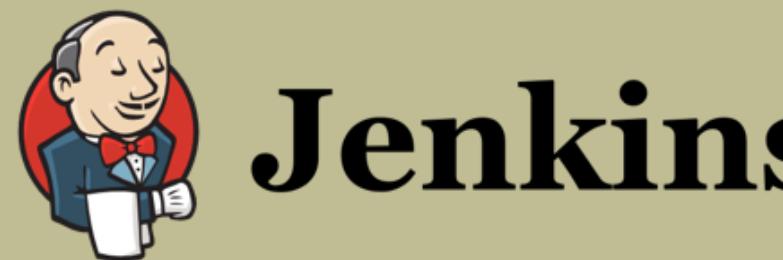
- **Step 2: build your components automatically**

- The tooling will depend on your technology stack: maven for Java, Grunt/gulp for JS, etc. These are established tools with huge communities.
- Setup a build server. Whether is is a machine in your lab or a VM in the cloud, you need a place where automated builds are run. Jenkins is one of the popular choices.

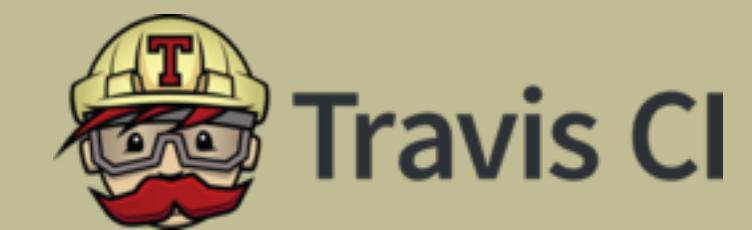
- **Step 3: test your components automatically**

- We will talk about that next week!

TOOLS



Jenkins



maven



GRUNT



GitHub



Bitbucket



GitLab



mercurial



SUBVERSION

RESOURCES

- continuousdelivery.com
- [www.thoughtworks.com/
continuous-delivery](http://www.thoughtworks.com/continuous-delivery)

