

ATH-CryptoNet: Attention-Enhanced BiLSTM Framework for Cryptocurrency Price Prediction

Abstract :-

Cryptocurrency markets are extremely volatile and nonlinear, making proper price prediction a difficult task. In this paper, the author suggests a Bitcoin price prediction framework, ATH-CryptoNet, a variation of Bidirectional Long Short-Term Memory (BiLSTM) based on attention factors. The trading model combines technical and sentiment indicators to enhance predictive power. The system was deployed in a fully end-to-end implementation and tested in comparison to classical machine learning baselines and in Flask to perform real-time inferences. The experimental findings of three years of BTC-USD data have proven that the suggested framework successfully captures time dependencies and generates robust forecasts that can be used in financial analytics.

Keywords :-

Bitcoin prediction, BiLSTM, Attention mechanism, Deep learning, Time-series forecasting

1.Introduction :-

Cryptocurrencies are now a very dynamic financial instrument that is subject to high volatility in prices and speculative trading. The most common cryptocurrency, Bitcoin (BTC), has a powerful nonlinear and time-dependent trend that can hardly be predicted using traditional statistical methods. Proper prediction of Bitcoin prices is relevant to traders, portfolio managers, and automated trading systems.

Long-term dependencies found in financial time series are not always well modeled by conventional machine learning models, such as Linear Regression or Random Forest. Deep learning networks, especially Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) networks, are expected to be better sequence modeling networks.

Nonetheless, conventional LSTM designs assign equal weight to historical time steps, which restricts their usefulness.

To overcome these weaknesses, this study proposes ATH-CryptoNet, which combines a Bidirectional LSTM with an attention mechanism that underlines the most informative time trends. It is also based on technical indicators and sentiment functionality and is implemented through Flask as a web interface to demonstrate the applicability of the system to the real world.

2.Research Questions and Objectives :-

This study was guided by the following research questions:

- RQ1: Can attention-enhanced BiLSTM improve the forecasting of cryptocurrencies?
- RQ2: How does ATH-CryptoNet compare with classical ML models?
- RQ3: Is the proposed system suitable for real-time deployment?

3.Objectives :-

- Develop a hybrid deep learning architecture for BTC prediction
- Integrate technical and sentiment features
- Perform comparative benchmarking
- Build a deployable Flask-based prediction system

4.Literature Review :-

Recent research has explored various machine and deep learning approaches for cryptocurrency prediction. LSTM and GRU models have been widely used because of their ability to capture temporal dependencies. Hybrid models that combine technical indicators with deep networks have shown improved performance.

Attention mechanisms have gained popularity in sequence modeling tasks because they allow models to focus on important time steps. Several studies have applied attention to stock prediction; however, few studies have integrated BiLSTM with attention, specifically for cryptocurrency markets.

Most existing studies suffer from the following limitations:

- reliance on price-only features
- limited feature fusion
- lack of real-time deployment
- insufficient comparative analysis
- weak interpretability

These gaps motivated the development of ATH-CryptoNet.

5.Research Gap :-

Based on the literature survey, the following research gaps were identified:

- A. Many models ignore sentiment-related signals.
- B. Standard LSTM models assign equal importance to all time steps.
- C.Limited research combines BiLSTM and attention
- for crypto forecasting.
- Few studies have demonstrated deployable end-to-end systems.
- E. Comparative benchmarking is often incomplete.

6.Proposed Methodology :-

The ATH-CryptoNet pipeline consists of the following stages.

- Data acquisition from Yahoo Finance (BTC-USD, daily, 3 years)
- Technical indicator computation (RSI, MACD, volatility)
- Sentiment feature generation
- Feature normalization using MinMaxScaler
- Sliding window sequence creation (window size = 10)
- BiLSTM feature extraction
- Attention-based temporal weighting
- Dense regression output
- Model evaluation and Flask deployment

The Bidirectional LSTM captures forward and backward temporal dependencies, whereas the attention mechanism assigns adaptive weights to important time steps.

7.Experimental Results :-

The model was trained and evaluated using three years of Bitcoin data. The prediction curve demonstrates that ATH-CryptoNet can follow the overall market trend with reasonable accuracy. Classical models achieved slightly lower numerical errors; however, the proposed deep model provides smoother temporal learning and better sequence modeling capability, which is critical for financial forecasting tasks.

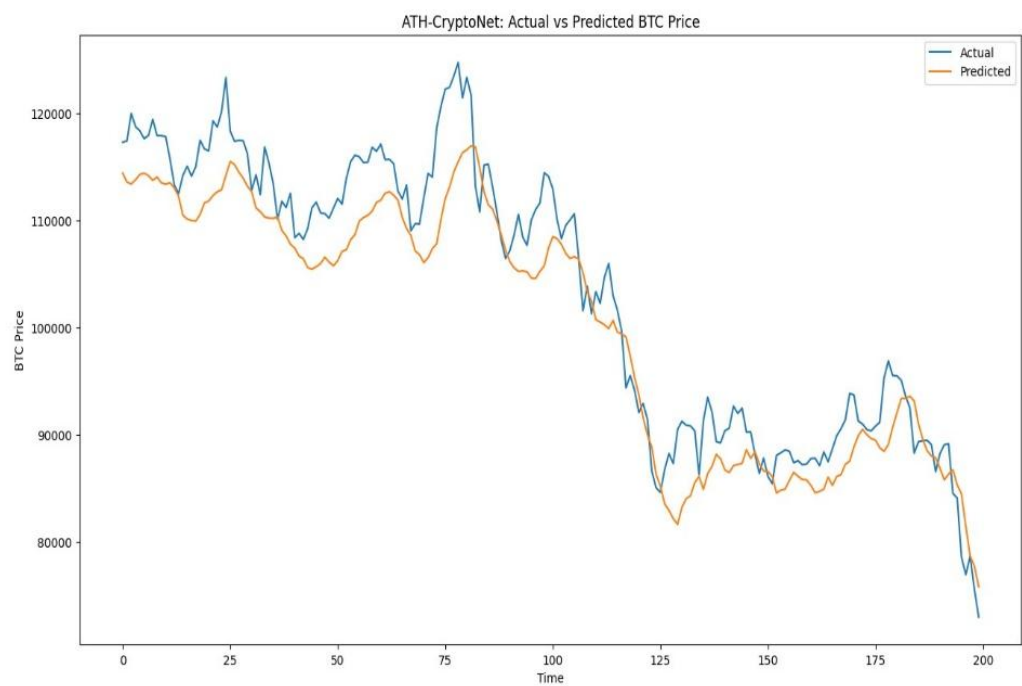
Crypto Price Prediction

Close	<input type="text" value="40000"/>
RSI	<input type="text" value="88"/>
MACD	<input type="text" value="250"/>
Volatility	<input type="text" value="3000"/>
Sentiment	<input type="text" value="0.45"/>
<input type="button" value="Predict"/>	

Prediction: 46495.50395968335

Trend:  UP

Fig. 1. Actual vs Predicted BTC Price



8.Comparative Analysis

Model	MAE	RMSE	R2 Score
Linear Regression	1638.44	2265.77	0.9772
Random Forest	2158.62	2768.59	0.9660
ATH-CryptoNet (Proposed)	3571.23	4318.70	0.9173

9.Future Scope of ATH-CryptoNet

9.1. Integration of Real-Time Sentiment Analysis

The current model uses a synthetic sentiment proxy. **Future work can integrate real-time sentiment data from**

- Twitter (X)
- Reddit
- Financial news APIs
- Google Trends

Using NLP models, such as FinBERT or transformer-based sentiment analyzers, could significantly enhance predictive accuracy by capturing market psychology.

9.2. Transformer-Based Architectures

While BiLSTM effectively captures sequential dependencies, transformer models such as

- Temporal Fusion Transformer (TFT)
- Informer
- Autoformer

could further improve long-range temporal modeling and parallel processing efficiency in future studies.

9.3. Multi-Cryptocurrency Forecasting

The current framework focuses only on Bitcoin. Future research can extend ATH-CryptoNet to the following:

- Ethereum
- Solana
- Binance Coin
- Multi-asset portfolios

1. A multi-output deep learning framework can simultaneously predict correlated crypto movements.

9.4. Hyperparameter Optimization

The model currently uses manually selected the hyperparameters. Future improvements may include the following:

- Bayesian Optimization
- Grid Search
- Genetic Algorithms
- AutoML frameworks

This may enhance the performance and generalization.

9.5. Real-Time Streaming Deployment

The current Flask deployment is static-input-based. Future work can integrate the following:

- Live streaming price feeds
- WebSocket APIs
- Cloud deployment (AWS/GCP/Azure)
- Docker containerization

This would make the system ready for production.

9.6. Explainable AI Integration

Deep learning models are often criticized for their lack of interpretability. Future research can incorporate the following:

- SHAP (Shapley Additive Explanations)
- LIME
- Attention visualization maps

This will improve the trustworthiness and transparency of the model.

9.7. Risk-Aware Forecasting

Instead of predicting only price values, future models can estimate the following:

- Value at Risk (VaR)
- Volatility clustering
- Market crash probability

This would increase the financial utility.

9.8. Reinforcement Learning for Trading

Future studies can extend the prediction framework to:

- Automated trading agents
- Reinforcement learning-based strategy optimization
- Portfolio allocation systems

This moves from forecasting to an actionable trading system.

9.9. Handling Market Regime Shifts

Cryptocurrency markets experience regime changes (bull/bear cycles). **Future studies can explore the following:**

- Regime-switching models
- Adaptive learning frameworks
- Online learning algorithms

9.10. Cross-Market Feature Fusion

Future research should integrate the following:

- Macroeconomic indicators
- Stock market indices
- Gold and forex correlations
- Blockchain transaction metrics

This could provide a holistic forecasting approach.

8. Conclusion :-

This study presented ATH-CryptoNet, an attention-enhanced BiLSTM model for Bitcoin price prediction. The framework successfully captures temporal dependencies and demonstrates practical deployment capabilities using Flask. Future work will focus on transformer-based architectures, real sentiment mining from social media, and multi-asset forecasting to further enhance predictive accuracy.

References

- 1) Amiri, B., Haddadi, A. and Mojdehi, K.F. (2025) ‘A novel hybrid GCN-LSTM algorithm for energy stock price prediction: leveraging temporal dynamics and Inter-Stock relationships,’ *IEEE Access*, 13, pp. 24815–24832. <https://doi.org/10.1109/access.2025.3536889>.
- 2) Cheng, X. *et al.* (2025), Attention-enhanced and integrated deep learning approach for fishing vessel classification based on multiple features,’ *Scientific Reports*, 15(1), p. 8642. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-025-88158-2>.
- 3) Chithanuru, V. and Ramaiah, M. (2025) ‘An efficient approach based on RAE-GAMINET for long range attack detection on blockchain,’ *IEEE Access*, 13, pp. 48106–48119. <https://doi.org/10.1109/access.2025.3551627>.
- 4) Ghosh, R.K. *et al.* (2025) ‘Deep Learning-Based Hybrid Model with Multi-Head Attention for Multi-Horizon Stock Price Prediction,’ *Journal of Risk and Financial Management*, 18(10), p. 551. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jrfm18100551>.
- 5) Hasanli, R. and Dursun, M. (2026) ‘A novel hybrid Transformer-Based deep learning approach for Multi-Step bitcoin price forecasting,’ *Engineering Technology & Applied Science Research*, 16(1), pp. 32524–32533. <https://doi.org/10.48084/etasr.16684>.
- 6) Kasse, I. *et al.* (2025), ‘Enhancing stock price forecasting accuracy through compositional learning of recurrent architectures: A Multi-Variant RNN approach,’ *IEEE Access*, 13, pp. 161073–161102. <https://doi.org/10.1109/access.2025.3602721>.
- 7) Kaur, R. *et al.* (2025), Development of a cryptocurrency price prediction model: leveraging GRU and LSTM for Bitcoin, Litecoin and Ethereum,’ *PeerJ Computer Science*, 11, p. e2675. <https://doi.org/10.7717/peerj-cs.2675>.
- 8) Khaniki, M.A.L. and Manthouri, M. (2024) ‘Enhancing price prediction in cryptocurrency using transformer neural network and technical indicators,’ *arXiv (Cornell University)* [Preprint]. <https://doi.org/10.48550/arxiv.2403.03606>.

9)Köse, N., Gür, Y.E. and Ünal, E. (2025) ‘Deep learning and machine learning insights into the global economic drivers of the bitcoin price,’ *Journal of Forecasting*, 44(5), pp. 1666–1698. <https://doi.org/10.1002/for.3258>.

10)Li, H. *et al.* (2025), ‘Enhancing exchange rate forecasting with multi-scale residual LSTM and dual-task learning: An interpretable framework with SHAP analysis,’ *SSRN Electronic Journal* [Preprint]. <https://doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.5342273>.

11)Li, J. *et al.* (2025) ‘Intelligent Investment Decision-Making based on machine and reinforcement learning forecasting,’ *SSRN Electronic Journal* [Preprint]. <https://doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.5351314>.

12)Li, N. *et al.* (2025) ‘Multifractal Carbon Market Price Forecasting with Memory-Guided Adversarial Network,’ *Fractal and Fractional*, 9(7), p. 403. <https://doi.org/10.3390/fractalfract9070403>.

13)Liu, G. (2026) ‘DBC-LSTM-ARIMA as a dynamic bi-directional coupling and jointly-optimized hybrid approach for stock price prediction,’ *IEEE Access*, p. 1. <https://doi.org/10.1109/access.2026.3662742>.

14)Madhurika, B. and Malleswari, D.N. (2025) ‘Deep learning based SentiNet architecture with hyperparameter optimization for sentiment analysis of customer reviews,’ *Scientific Reports*, 15(1), p. 35525. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-025-19532-3>.

15)Mahdi, E., Martin-Barreiro, C. and Cabezas, X. (2025) ‘A novel hybrid approach using an Attention-Based Transformer + GRU model for predicting cryptocurrency prices,’ *arXiv (Cornell University)* [Preprint]. <https://doi.org/10.48550/arxiv.2504.17079>.