

<b>Patient ID</b>	1000473189	<b>Patient Name</b>	NUSRAT JAHAN
<b>DOB</b>	31-Jan-1992	<b>Age</b>	30 Y 6 M 28 D
<b>Gender</b>	Female	<b>Ref. By</b>	SELF

Department of Pathology Laboratory  
Endocrinology Report

**Specimen Information**

Blood	Collected	27-Aug-2022	3:34 pm
	Lab Received	27-Aug-2022	4:24 pm
	Report Generated	27-Aug-2022	7:21 pm

Test	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Methodology
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**Non-panel Item**

Anti-Mullerian Hormone (AMH)	0.26	ng/ml		CMIA
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**Interpretation**

**AMH Level in ng/ml**

4.0-6.8

2.2-4.0

0.3-2.2

0.0-0.3

>6.8

**Ovarian Fertility Potential**

Optimal Fertility

Satisfactory Fertility

Low Fertility

Very Low Fertility/Undetectable

High Level(Likely PCOS)

**Limitations:**

Anti-Mullerian Hormone (AMH), also called MIS (Mullerian Inhibiting Substance) is produced directly by the ovarian follicles in females and Sertoli cells of the testis in males. In women, serum level of AMH strongly correlates with antral follicle count and reflects the size of primordial follicle pool. AMH levels do not vary with the menstrual cycle and can be measured independently of the day of the menstrual cycle.

**Usefulness of AMH Test:**

1. Evaluating fertility potential and ovarian response in assisted reproduction protocols.
2. Measuring ovarian aging and to assess menopausal status including premature ovarian failure, as it has been found to be a good indicator of reproductive aging.
3. AMH can be used to diagnose and monitor women with Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome (PCOS).

Mr. Md. Moshir Rahman  
Diploma in Medical Technology  
Medical Technologist-Laboratory

Mr. Mohammad Nurul Momen  
B.Sc. (Hons.), M.Sc. in Biochemistry  
Senior Clinical Biochemist

Prof. Brig. Gen. A.F.S.A. Wasey  
FCPS(Microbiology)  
Senior Consultant

Prof. Brig Gen Zahid Mahmud (Retd)  
FCPS(Haematology)  
Chief Consultant - Laboratory Medicine