1 Profile

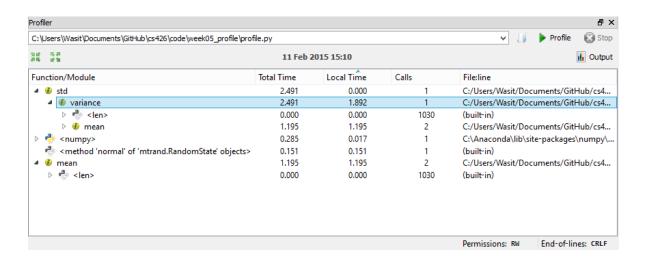
Profiling is a measurement of time and resources being used in a program. A program may consists of many sub-functions.

Total time is a total time that used by a function and any other sub-functions called by the function

Local time is time used by only the function excluding time of the sub-functions

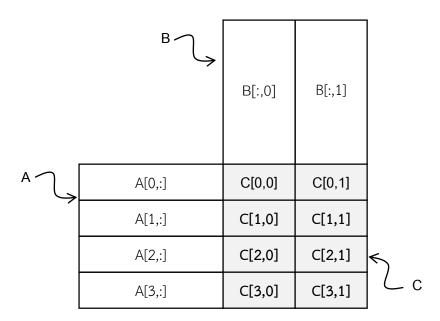
Example

```
def mean(x):
   sum=0.0;
   for xi in x:
    sum=sum+xi
   return sum/len(x)
def variance(x):
   xbar=mean(x)
   sum=0.0;
   for xi in x:
       sum=sum+(xi-xbar)**2
  return sum/len(x)
def std(x):
  return variance(x) **0.5
if name == " main ":
   import numpy as np
   mu, sigma = 0, 0.1 # mean and standard deviation
   x = np.random.normal(mu, sigma, 1000000)
   print mean(x)
 print std(x)
```



2 Matrix Multiplication

In the example we are going to use ipython.parallel to find a product of A times B, where A and B are any matrices. Let us assume that have 8 cores computing system. The output C is the result of the product C = A*B.



The input matrices are divided into smaller blocks. In the case A and B are divided into 4 and 2 blocks, respectively. Therefore the output C consists of 8 blocks that comes from a number of blocks of A times a number of block of B. Then the 8 computation core are assigned to compute each block of C.

2.1 Psudo code

- 1. r par is a number of partitions of A
- 2. c par is a number of partitions of B
- 3. distribute A and B to assigned cores
- 4. compute C[r,c]
- 5. gather C[r,c] from each core and assemble into C

```
import numpy as np
from IPython import parallel
from k partition import partition
c=parallel.Client()
print c.ids
dv=c.direct view()
dv.execute('import numpy as np')
x = np.linspace(0, 7, 8)

y = np.linspace(0, 7, 8)
B, A = np.meshgrid(x, y)
#rmax is a number of row of the output matrix
rmax=A.shape[0]
#cmax is a number of column of the output matrix
cmax=B.shape[1]
r_par=4
c par=2
pr=partition(r_par,rmax)
pc=partition(c par,cmax)
ri=0
for i in xrange(r_par):
   rf=ri+pr[i]
   x=i*c par+np.arange(c par)
    for j in x:
        c[j]['a']=A[ri:rf,:]
    print 'core: ',x
    print 'row ',ri,':',rf
    ri=rf
#print dv['a']
ci=0
for i in xrange(c par):
    cf=ci+pc[i]
    x=np.arange(r_par)*c_par+i
    for j in x:
        c[j]['b']=B[:,ci:cf]
    print 'core: ',x
    print 'column ',ci,':',cf
    ci=cf
#print dv['b']
dv.execute('c=np.dot(a,b)')
```