ML Project - Week 4: WLE

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Weight Lifting Exercise Predictions

background

Using devices such as Jawbone Up, Nike FuelBand, and Fitbit it is now possible to collect a large amount of data about personal activity relatively inexpensively. These type of devices are part of the quantified self movement – a group of enthusiasts who take measurements about themselves regularly to improve their health, to find patterns in their behavior, or because they are tech geeks. One thing that people regularly do is quantify how much of a particular activity they do, but they rarely quantify how well they do it. In this project, your goal will be to use data from accelerometers on the belt, forearm, arm, and dumbell of 6 participants. They were asked to perform barbell lifts correctly and incorrectly in 5 different ways.

This report:

In this report, we will describe how we were able to predict in an accurate way the manner the athletes performed the exercise (column "classe"). We will be splitting the training dataset into a training and test dataset, while we will be using the provided test set as a validation one. We will use cross-validation to keep the best model and comment the expected out of sample error.

Step by step

Data loading and pre-processing

Firstly, we will load the data and cast the NAs, take a look to the datasets summaries and get rid of the first 7 column as we are not considering the time dimension in our processing.

```
library(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2

## Loading required package: lattice

set.seed(412)

training_data <- read.csv(
   "~/Projects/ml_practice_week_4/pml-training.csv",
   na.strings=c("NA","#DIV/0!","")
)</pre>
```

```
validation_data <- read.csv(
   "~/Projects/ml_practice_week_4/pml-testing.csv",
   na.strings=c("NA","#DIV/0!","")
)

training_data <- training_data[,-seq(1:7)]
validation_data <- validation_data[,-seq(1:7)]

summary(training_data)
summary(validation_data)</pre>
```

While looking at the different features, we can see that some of the columns have a ratio > 90% of NAs, we will get rid of these columns. This will leave us with 52 predictors

```
columnIndex <- colSums(is.na(training_data))/nrow(training_data) < 0.9
training_data <- training_data[,columnIndex]
validation_data <- validation_data[,columnIndex]</pre>
```

Now, we will run the data normalization (scaling and centering). For that we will use the preProcess object.

```
classes <- training_data$classe
preObj <-preProcess(training_data[,1:52],method=c('center', 'scale'))
training_data <- predict(preObj, training_data[,1:52])
training_data$classe <- as.factor(classes)

val_id <- validation_data$problem_id
validation_data <- predict(preObj,validation_data[,1:52])
validation_data$problem_id <- val_id</pre>
```

Finally, we will split our training data into training and testing data

```
inTrain <- createDataPartition(training_data$classe, p=0.75)[[1]]
training_data <- training_data[inTrain,]
testing_data <- training_data[-inTrain,]</pre>
```

Models training

Here we will train 3 different models and compare their results.

decision tree

```
decisionTreeMod <- train(classe~., data=training_data, method='rpart')

decisionTreePrediction <- predict(decisionTreeMod, testing_data)
cmTree <- confusionMatrix(testing_data$classe, decisionTreePrediction)
cmTree</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
```

```
##
            Reference
## Prediction A B
                               F.
                       C
                           D
##
           A 919 17 91
           B 317 243 193
                               0
##
                           0
##
           C 282 15 332
                               0
##
           D 271 109 214
                               0
##
           E 101 95 172
                           0 296
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.488
##
                   95% CI: (0.4717, 0.5043)
      No Information Rate: 0.5153
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.9995
##
##
                    Kappa: 0.3327
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                       Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
                         0.4862 0.50731 0.33134
## Sensitivity
                                                        NA 0.99663
## Specificity
                         0.9387 0.84008 0.88860
                                                    0.8381
                                                            0.89083
## Pos Pred Value
                         0.8940 0.32271 0.52782
                                                        NA 0.44578
## Neg Pred Value
                         0.6322 0.91904 0.77953
                                                        NA
                                                            0.99967
## Prevalence
                         0.5153 0.13059
                                         0.27317
                                                    0.0000
                                                            0.08097
## Detection Rate
                         0.2505 0.06625
                                          0.09051
                                                    0.0000
                                                            0.08070
## Detection Prevalence
                         0.2803 0.20529
                                          0.17148
                                                    0.1619
                                                            0.18103
## Balanced Accuracy
                         0.7125 0.67369 0.60997
                                                        NA 0.94373
```

Random Forest

```
RFMod <- train(classe~., data=training_data, method='rf')

RFPrediction <- predict(RFMod, testing_data)
cmRF <- confusionMatrix(testing_data$classe, RFPrediction)
cmRF

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##</pre>
```

```
##
              Reference
                  Α
                              C
                                   D
                                         Ε
## Prediction
                        В
##
             A 1028
                        0
                              0
                                   0
                                         0
             В
                                         0
##
                  0
                     753
                              0
                                   0
##
             С
                   0
                        0
                           629
                                   0
                                         0
             D
                  0
                        0
                                         0
##
                              0
                                 594
##
                                   0
                                      664
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                    Accuracy: 1
```

```
95% CI: (0.999, 1)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.2803
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                    Kappa: 1
##
## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                       Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
                         1.0000 1.0000
                                          1.0000 1.0000
                                                              1.000
## Sensitivity
## Specificity
                         1.0000
                                 1.0000
                                           1.0000
                                                   1.0000
                                                              1.000
                                          1.0000
## Pos Pred Value
                         1.0000 1.0000
                                                   1.0000
                                                             1.000
## Neg Pred Value
                         1.0000 1.0000
                                           1.0000
                                                   1.0000
                                                              1.000
## Prevalence
                         0.2803 0.2053
                                           0.1715
                                                   0.1619
                                                              0.181
## Detection Rate
                         0.2803 0.2053
                                           0.1715
                                                  0.1619
                                                              0.181
## Detection Prevalence 0.2803 0.2053
                                           0.1715
                                                    0.1619
                                                              0.181
## Balanced Accuracy
                        1.0000 1.0000
                                           1.0000 1.0000
                                                              1.000
GBM
GBMMod <- train(classe~., data=training_data, method='gbm', verbose = FALSE)
GBMPrediction <- predict(GBMMod, testing_data)</pre>
cmGBM <- confusionMatrix(testing_data$classe, GBMPrediction)</pre>
cmGBM
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
            Reference
##
                          С
                                    Ε
## Prediction
                Α
                     В
                               D
           A 1011
                    13
                          2
##
                               1
##
           В
               13 726
                         14
           C
##
                0
                    11
                        610
                               7
                                    1
##
           D
                0
                     1
                          8
                             582
                                    3
           Ε
##
                     2
                          5
                               6 651
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.976
##
                   95% CI: (0.9705, 0.9807)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.2792
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16
##
##
                    Kappa: 0.9697
##
##
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.3503
##
## Statistics by Class:
```

```
##
##
                        Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
## Sensitivity
                          0.9873
                                   0.9641
                                             0.9546
                                                      0.9765
                                                                0.9924
## Specificity
                          0.9936
                                    0.9907
                                             0.9937
                                                      0.9961
                                                                0.9957
## Pos Pred Value
                          0.9835
                                   0.9641
                                             0.9698
                                                      0.9798
                                                                0.9804
## Neg Pred Value
                                                      0.9954
                          0.9951
                                   0.9907
                                             0.9905
                                                                0.9983
## Prevalence
                                   0.2053
                          0.2792
                                             0.1742
                                                      0.1625
                                                                0.1788
## Detection Rate
                          0.2756
                                   0.1979
                                             0.1663
                                                      0.1587
                                                                0.1775
## Detection Prevalence
                          0.2803
                                    0.2053
                                             0.1715
                                                      0.1619
                                                                0.1810
## Balanced Accuracy
                          0.9904
                                    0.9774
                                             0.9742
                                                      0.9863
                                                                0.9940
```

Comparison

```
results <- data.frame(
   Model = c('decision tree', 'RF', 'GBM'),
   Accuracy = rbind(cmTree$overall[1], cmRF$overall[1], cmGBM$overall[1])
)
print(results)</pre>
```

```
## Model Accuracy
## 1 decision tree 0.4880044
## 2 RF 1.0000000
## 3 GBM 0.9760087
```

We can see that GBM and Random forest perform better on the testing dataset. We will keep the random forest as the best model for the prediction on the validation set.

Validation set

Running the predictions

```
RFValPrediction <- predict(RFMod, validation_data)
RFValPrediction
```

```
## [1] B A B A A E D B A A B C B A E E A B B B ## Levels: A B C D E
```

Expected out-of-sample error

The expected out-of-sample error is estimated at 0.005, or 0.5%. The expected out-of-sample error is calculated as 1 - accuracy for predictions made against the cross-validation set. The test data we have contains 20 cases. With an accuracy above 99% on cross-validation set, we can expect that almost none of the test samples will be misclassified