## Math 501 Homework (§5.6 Monotone & Inverse Functions)

**Problem 1.** (excellent problem & diagram!)

**Solution.** (a) To see if  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  is monotone we take  $x_1, x_2 \in [0,1]$ . And consider the "removed" sets that these elements may belong to. Two cases arise: If  $x_1, x_2 \in R_i$ . The value of f depends on how many 1's exist after taking said steps (esp. converting the 2's to 1). The existence of 2's in x will depend on if it goes on the "right" partition, while constructing the set C. I.e., larger the value of x, larger f(x) gets. Hence  $x_1 \geq x_2 \implies f(x_1) \geq f(x_2)$ . This is a sufficient condition that f is monotone.

In the other case, when  $x_1 \in R_i$  and  $x_2 \in R_{i+m}$  things get interesting.  $x_2$  being in a "later" removed set than  $R_i$ , may have more zeros than  $x_1$  in which case,  $f(x_2) < f(x_1)$ , and f is not monotone.

Hence we see that f is **not monotone**.