

# PHYS 481: Quantum Mechanics

## Assignment 03 - Will St. John

### Problem 3

```
In[1]:= (*Define  $\Psi$  and  $\psi$ *)
```

$$\Psi = \sqrt{\frac{105}{L^7}} x^2 (L - x) \quad (*\text{Wavefunction from } x=0 \text{ to } x=L*);$$

$$\psi = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left[\frac{\pi n}{L} x\right] \quad (*\text{Groundstate energy of particle in infinite square well*};$$

(a) What is the probability that a measurement of the energy of the particle yields the ground-state energy?

```
In[3]:= Simplify[Integrate[ $\left(\sqrt{\frac{105}{L^7}} x^2 (L - x)\right)^2$ , {x, 0, L}]]
```

```
(*Check that wavefunction is normalized*)
```

```
Simplify[(Integrate[ $\psi \Psi$ , {x, 0, L}])^2 /. {n -> 1}] // N
```

```
(*Calculate the probability of a energy measurement being in the ground state*)
```

```
Out[3]= 1
```

```
Out[4]= 0.873736
```

### Problem 5

```
In[5]:= (*Define the Rodrigues Formula, recursion relation, and generating function*)
```

$$H[n_] := (-1)^n e^{\xi^2} D[e^{-\xi^2}, \{\xi, n\}];$$

$$H2[n_] := 2 \xi H[n] - 2 n H[n - 1];$$

$$\text{Gen}[n_] := D[e^{-z^2 + 2 z \xi}, \{z, n\}];$$

## (a) Use the Rodrigues formula to derive H3 and H4

```
In[8]:= Simplify[H[3]]
        Simplify[H[4]]
```

```
Out[8]= 4  $\xi \left( -3 + 2 \xi^2 \right)$ 
```

```
Out[9]= 4  $\left( 3 - 12 \xi^2 + 4 \xi^4 \right)$ 
```

## (b) Use the recursion relation to obtain H5 and H6

```
In[10]:= Simplify[H[5]] (*H5 from Rodrigues*)
         Simplify[H2[4]] (*H5 from recursion*)
```

```
Simplify[H[6]] (*H6 from Rodrigues*)
Simplify[H2[5]] (*H6 from recursion*)
```

```
Out[10]= 8  $\xi \left( 15 - 20 \xi^2 + 4 \xi^4 \right)$ 
```

```
Out[11]= 8  $\xi \left( 15 - 20 \xi^2 + 4 \xi^4 \right)$ 
```

```
Out[12]= 8  $\left( -15 + 90 \xi^2 - 60 \xi^4 + 8 \xi^6 \right)$ 
```

```
Out[13]= 8  $\left( -15 + 90 \xi^2 - 60 \xi^4 + 8 \xi^6 \right)$ 
```

## (c) Differentiate H5 and H5

```
In[14]:= Simplify[D[H[5],  $\xi$ ]] (*Differentiate H5*)
         Simplify[2*5 * H[4]] (*RHS of Differential Hermite polynomial*)
```

```
Simplify[D[H[6],  $\xi$ ]] (*Differentiate H6*)
Simplify[2*6 * H[5]] (*RHS of Differential Hermite polynomial*)
```

```
Out[14]= 40  $\left( 3 - 12 \xi^2 + 4 \xi^4 \right)$ 
```

```
Out[15]= 40  $\left( 3 - 12 \xi^2 + 4 \xi^4 \right)$ 
```

```
Out[16]= 96  $\xi \left( 15 - 20 \xi^2 + 4 \xi^4 \right)$ 
```

```
Out[17]= 96  $\xi \left( 15 - 20 \xi^2 + 4 \xi^4 \right)$ 
```

## (d) Obtain H1, H2, H3 from the generating function/taylor series expansion

```

In[18]:= Simplify[H[1]] (*Calculate H1 from Rodrigues formula*)
Simplify[Gen[1] /. (z -> 0)] (*Calculate H1 from derivative of generating function*)

Simplify[H[2]] (*Calculate H2 from Rodrigues formula*)
Simplify[Gen[2] /. (z -> 0)] (*Calculate H2 from derivative of generating function*)

Simplify[H[3]] (*Calculate H3 from Rodrigues formula*)
Simplify[Gen[3] /. (z -> 0)] (*Calculate H3 from derivative of generating function*)

```

Out[18]=  $2 \xi$

Out[19]=  $2 \xi \operatorname{Log}[e]$

Out[20]=  $-2 + 4 \xi^2$

Out[21]=  $2 \operatorname{Log}[e] (-1 + 2 \xi^2 \operatorname{Log}[e])$

Out[22]=  $4 \xi (-3 + 2 \xi^2)$

Out[23]=  $4 \xi \operatorname{Log}[e]^2 (-3 + 2 \xi^2 \operatorname{Log}[e])$