## Simulation of (7,4) Hamming Code using Text Data

In the next cell, we will define Hamming code  ${\cal D}$  of order 3.

```
D = codes.HammingCode(GF(2),3)
D
```

In the next cell, we define the list of all strings used in this simulation and provide a code to convert strings to its binary format.

```
In [2]: strings = ' adehimstuxyT90.'
    dict1 = {}
    for i in xrange(len(strings)):
        dict1[str(strings[i])] = '{0:04b}'.format(i)

    key_dict1 = dict1.keys()
    val_dict1 = dict1.values()

    dict2 = {}
    for j in xrange(len(strings)):
        dict2[str(val_dict1[j])] = key_dict1[j]
```

Binaries we obtained previously must be converted to a valid SageMath's vectors data type. In the next cell we define some helpful functions in transforming string to binaries and vectors. The last function is actually a function that help us process, encode, transmit, and decode our data element-wise. This is where the simulation actually happened.

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```
In [3]: def str2bin(string):
            return dict1[string]
        def bin2vec(biner):
            return vector(GF(2),[int(k) for k in biner])
        def vec2bin(vector):
            return ''.join(str(k) for k in vector)
        def bin2str(biner):
            return dict2[biner]
        def text2bin(t):
            return ''.join(str2bin(j) for j in t)
        def entradec_str(string):
            result = ['','','','','']
            for s in string:
                v = bin2vec(str2bin(s))
                ve = D.encode(v, encoder_name="Systematic")
                ves = vec2bin(ve)
                vt = channel.transmit(ve)
                vts = vec2bin(vt)
                vd = D.decode_to_code(vt, decoder_name="Syndrome")
                vds = vec2bin(vd)
                vm = D.decode_to_message(vt, decoder_name="Syndrome")
                vms = vec2bin(vm)
                m = bin2str(vms)
                result[0] += ves
                result[1] += vts
                result[2] += vds
                result[3] += vms
                result[4] += m
            return result
In [4]: text = "This is a dummy text"
        for i in [0,1,2,3,4,5,6]:
            channel = channels.StaticErrorRateChannel(D.ambient space(),i)
            print entradec_str(text)[4]
          This is a dummy text
          This is a dummy text
          i T0hadi.0 s.0tu9xdT
           ehetteyiT0hsTm9uumy
           .mmu0e.tymxy.dex xea
          s0eTyt9y TieaTsadhyi
          eyxt.xt.0.9muuh.sTis
In [ ]:
```

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