

✂ In the explanations of the exercises, we will be using a Mac PC.
But referring to this explanation you will be able to use a Windows PC in almost the same manner.

In this lecture's exercise portion we will try to write a program using the Ruby programming language. And to be able to do that, you will have to have some programming tools installed on your PC. In other words we must prepare your PCs [programming environment](#).

Basically, there are 2 main tools that you must have on your PC:

- (1) A tool that allows you to type and edit a program called a [Text Editor](#).
(Here we will install [Notepad++](#).)
- (2) A place on your PC where you can run a program created using Ruby, which is called the [Command Prompt](#).

In this presentation we will explain the way for you to install the above tools on your PC. Also,

- (3) We will explain a very basic way to use Command Prompt, and the difference between Mac and Windows.

(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step1/9, 30 minutes)

※as of June 2019

screenshots are an example

0. Operating in Desktop mode

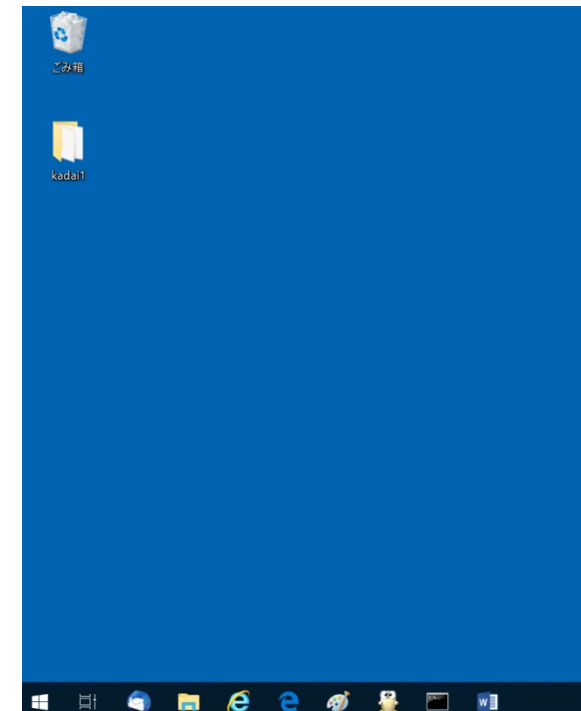
For all preparation work, and actual exercise on the PC, we will be operating from the Desktop mode

- From the initial start screen click where → is pointing to initiate Desktop mode.



Click Desktop

This screen will appear
(color of the screen depends
on your settings)

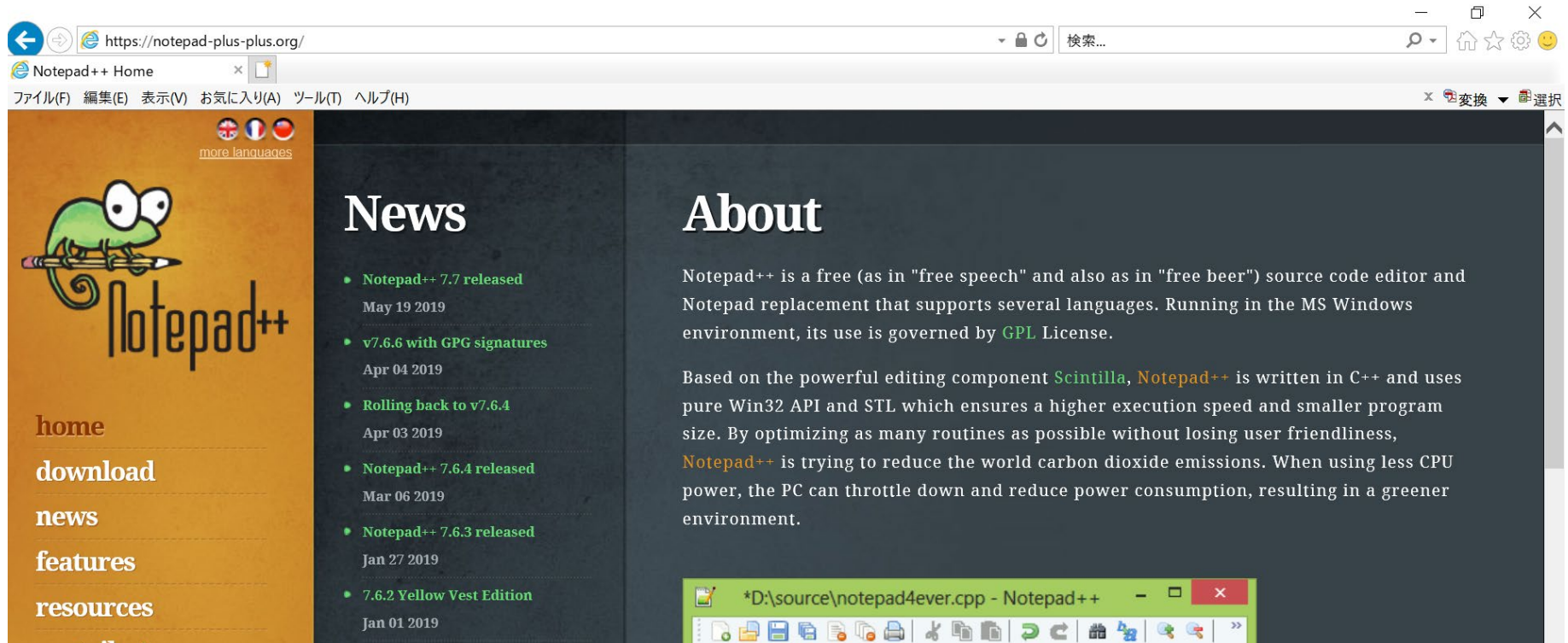


(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step2/9, 30 minutes)

1. Downloading Notepad++ from the developer's webpage

- Using your preferred browser, please visit the following website

<http://notepad-plus-plus.org>



(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step3/9, 30 minutes)

• Most PCs are 64-bit※ so navigate downwards on this page and download from the menu shown below: ※To learn how to find if your PC is 64-bit, please google “PC bit”

The screenshot shows the Notepad++ download page in a web browser. The URL is <https://notepad-plus-plus.org/download/v7.7.html>. The page features a dark theme with a green frog logo on the left. A large white arrow points down from the top right. A red box highlights the 'Download 64-bit x64' section, and a red arrow points to the 'Notepad++ Installer 64-bit x64' link. A white box with the text 'Click here→「Run」' is positioned next to the red arrow. The page also includes a 'download' button, a 'Current Version: 7.7' label, and a 'Got it!' button for the cookie notice.

home
download

- v7.7 - Current Version
- v7.6.6
- v7.6.4
- v7.6.3
- v7.6.2
- v7.6.1
- v7.6

download

Current Version: 7.7

Download 64-bit x64

- **Notepad++ Installer 64-bit x64** Take this one if you have no idea which one you should take. [GPG Signature](#)
- **Notepad++ zip package 64-bit x64**: Don't want to use installer? Check this one (zip format). [GPG Signature](#)
- **Notepad++ 7z package 64-bit x64**: Don't want to use installer? 7z format. [GPG Signature](#)
- **Notepad++ minimalist package 64-bit x64**: No theme, no plugin, no updater, quick download and play directly. 7z format. [GPG Signature](#)

Click here→「Run」

※Wait until the next screen “Download and Run” appears

Integrity & Authenticity validation

- **GPG Notepad++ Public key**: Use it for the verification of [GPG Signature](#).
- **SHA-256 digests of binary packages** for checking the integrity of your Notepad++ download. [GPG Signature](#)

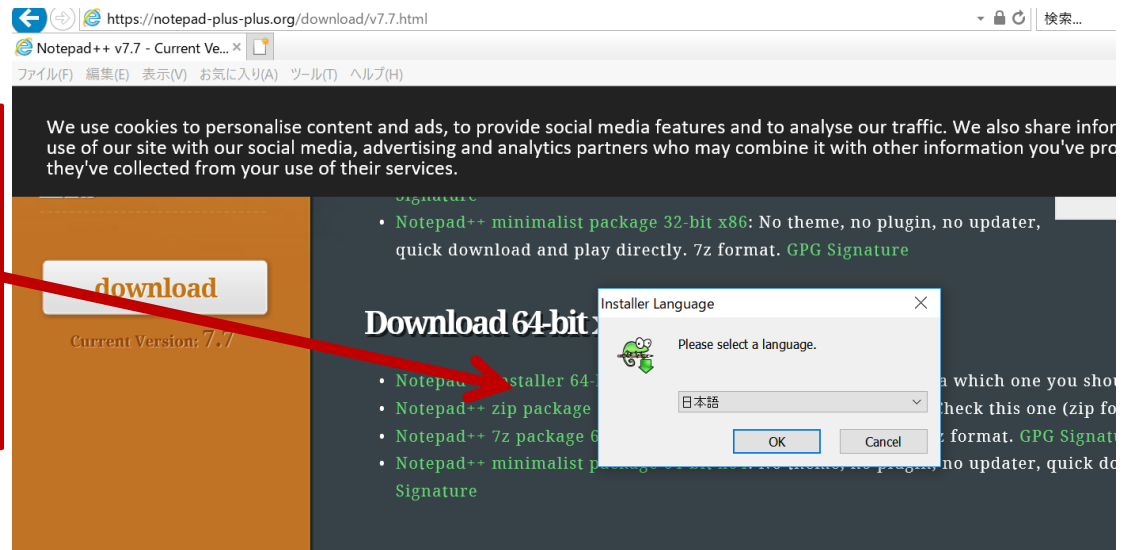
(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step4/9, 30 minutes)

- While installing, if the following screen with the message “Do you want to allow this app to make changes to your PC?” appears, Click “run” or “yes”



2. Starting the install

If this screen appears, then you have successfully started the install. From here, follow the instructions on screen.



(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step5/9, 30 minutes)

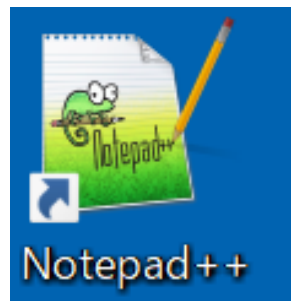
- Reaching this screen completes the installation.

Remove this
check box



Click here

- If the following icon is displayed on your desktop, then the installation is finished,

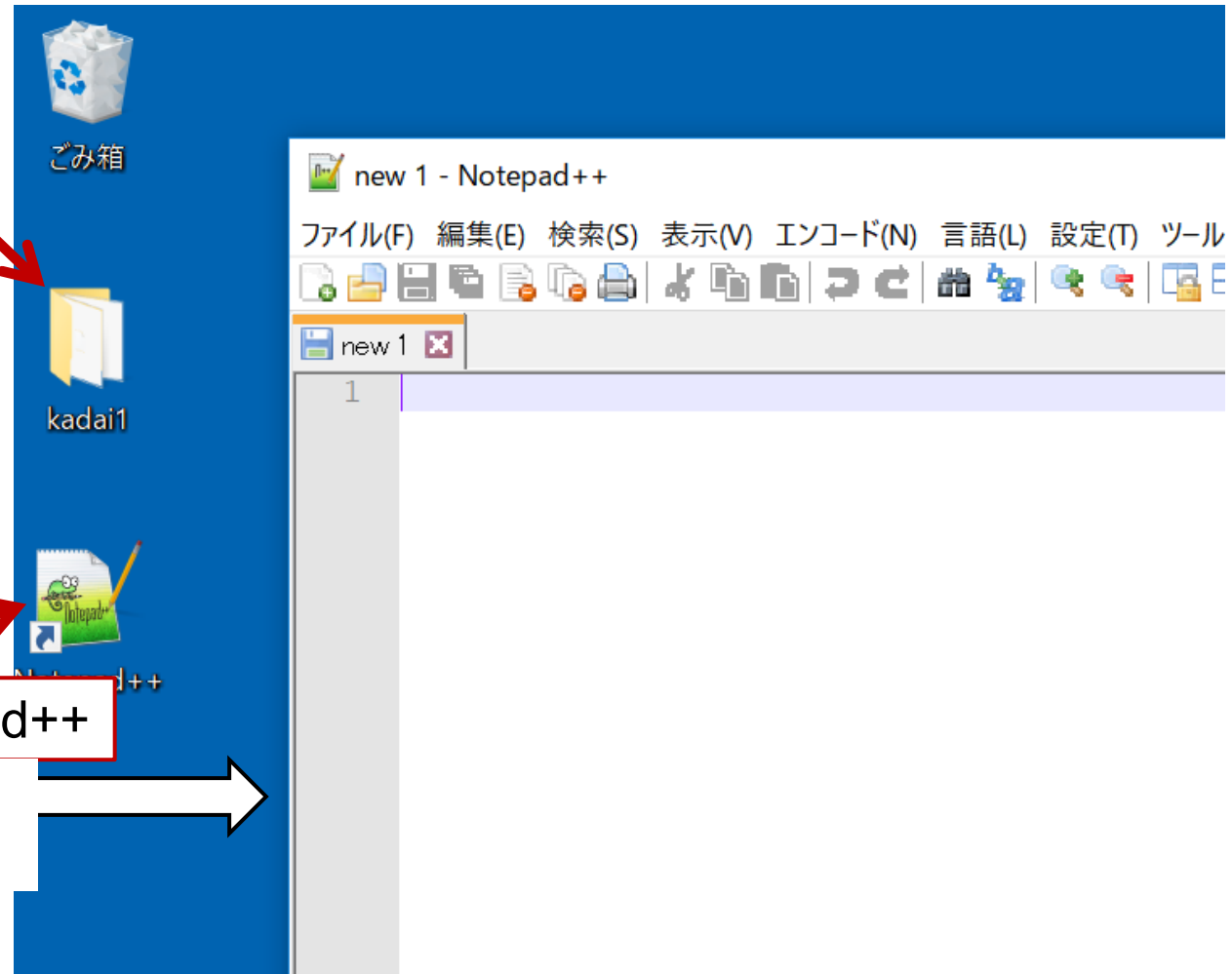


(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step6/9, 30 minutes)

3. Trying out Notepad++

- Let's try to use Notepad++.

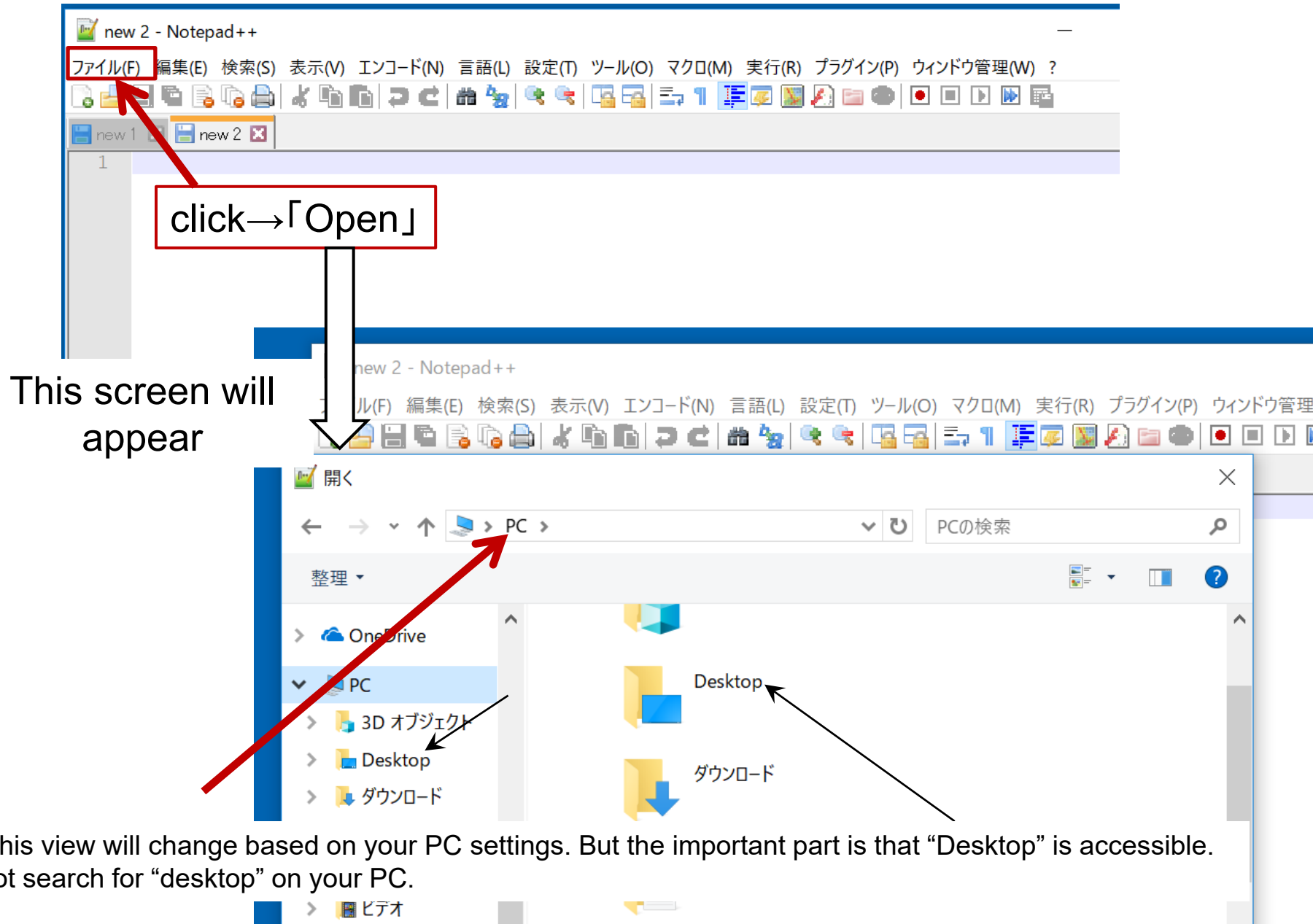
Download the exercise file (E.g. kadai.zip) and extract it to the desktop.



Double click Notepad++

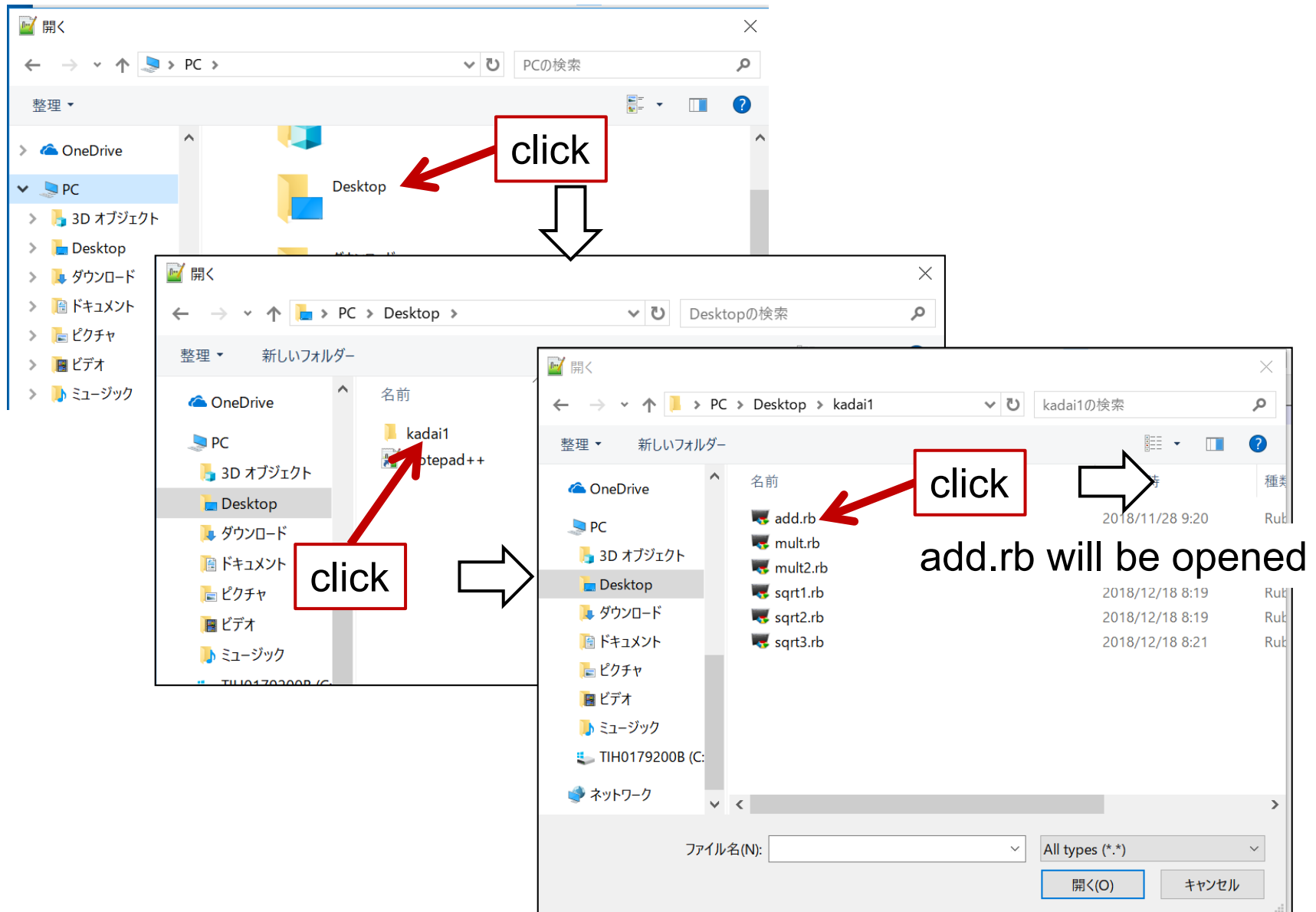
The following screen
will appear

(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step7/9, 30 minutes)



(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step8/9, 30 minutes)

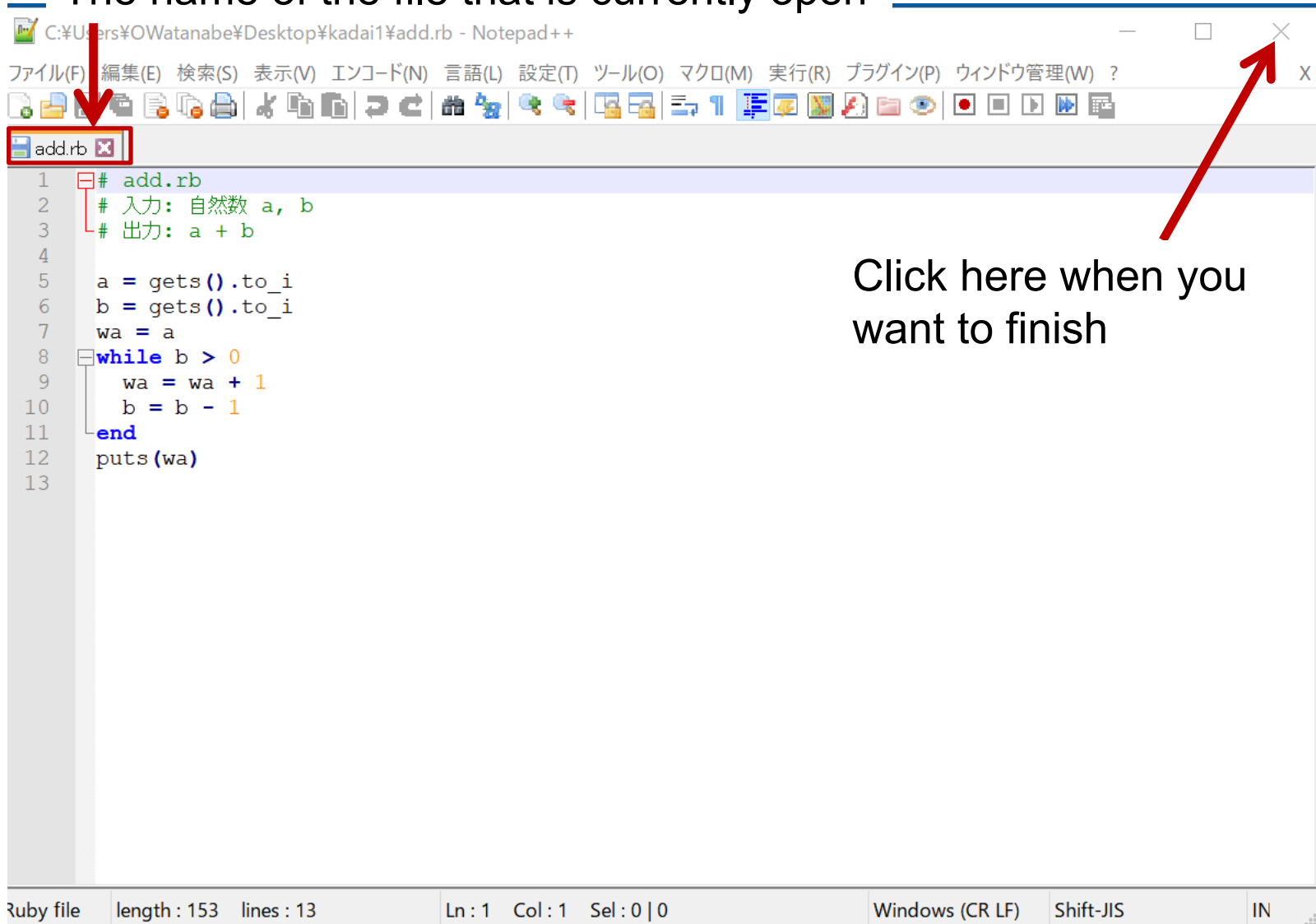
- Open the file that you want to view or edit.



(1) Installing the text editor Notepad++ (Step9/9, 30 minutes)

- Edit your file. ✕after that will be the same when using Cot editor.

The name of the file that is currently open



(2) Installing the Ruby Environment(1/5, around 45 mins)

※As of June 2019

screenshots are an example

0. Make sure that you are in **desktop mode**

1. Download RubyInstaller2 from the developer's web page

• using your browser, access : <https://rubyinstaller.org/downloads/>

Click→「Run」

※This is for 64-bit PC. To find out more about how to check if your PC is 64-bit, google “PC bit”

The screenshot shows the RubyInstaller.org website. The browser address bar displays <https://rubyinstaller.org/downloads/>. The website header includes the RubyInstaller logo and navigation links: 'About', 'Download', and 'Help'. A red banner on the right says 'Fork me on GitHub'. The main content area is titled 'Downloads' and features a section for 'RubyInstallers' with a sub-section 'WITH DEVKIT'. A red arrow points to the link 'Ruby+Devkit 2.5.5-1 (x64)', which is highlighted with a red box. Below this, there are links for 'WITHOUT DEVKIT'. To the right, the 'Archives' section is visible, along with a 'WHICH VERSION TO DOWNLOAD?' section that provides guidance on selecting the correct version based on the user's system and needs.

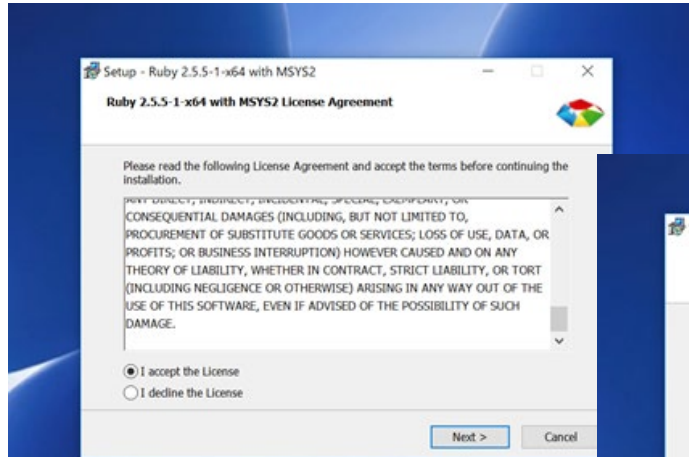
※wait for few minutes

latest patch version (e.g. from 2.4.1 to 2.4.4) by running the new installer version. Installed gems are not overwritten and will work with the new version without re-installation. It's sufficient to use the RubyInstaller without Devkit for update installations. The Devkit can be updated separately per `ridk install` command.

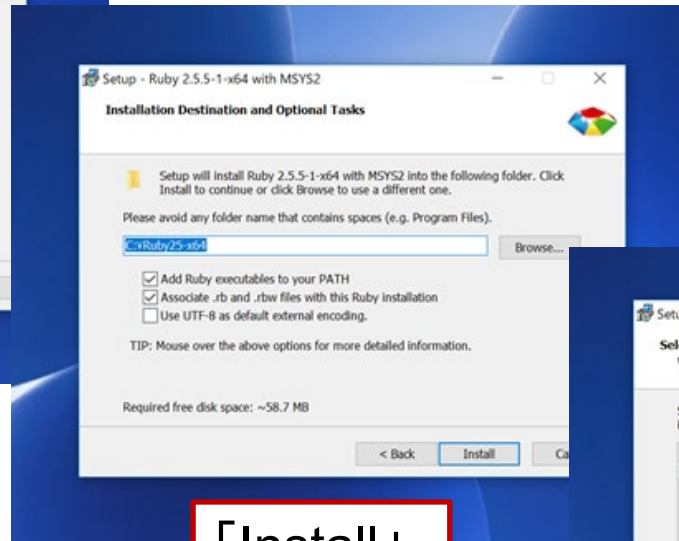
If the new Ruby version is from a different stable branch, then please use a new target directory for installation. That is to say a previous RubyInstaller-

(2) Installing the Ruby Environment(2/5, around 45 mins)

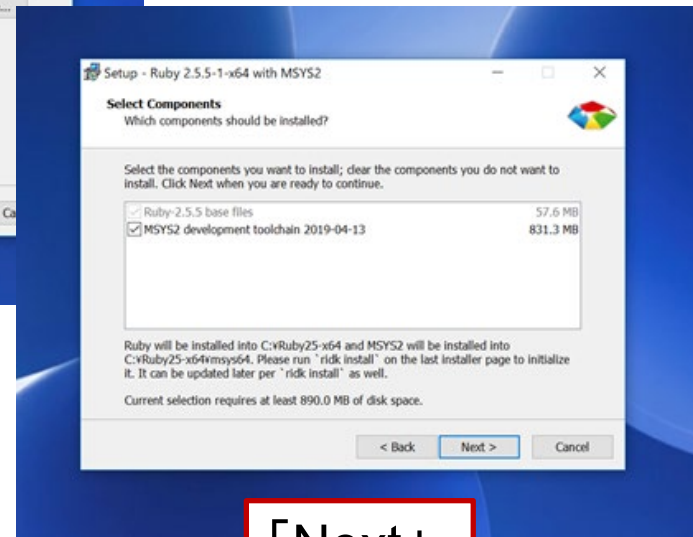
1. Perform the installation



「I accept the License」
→「Next」



「Install」



「Next」

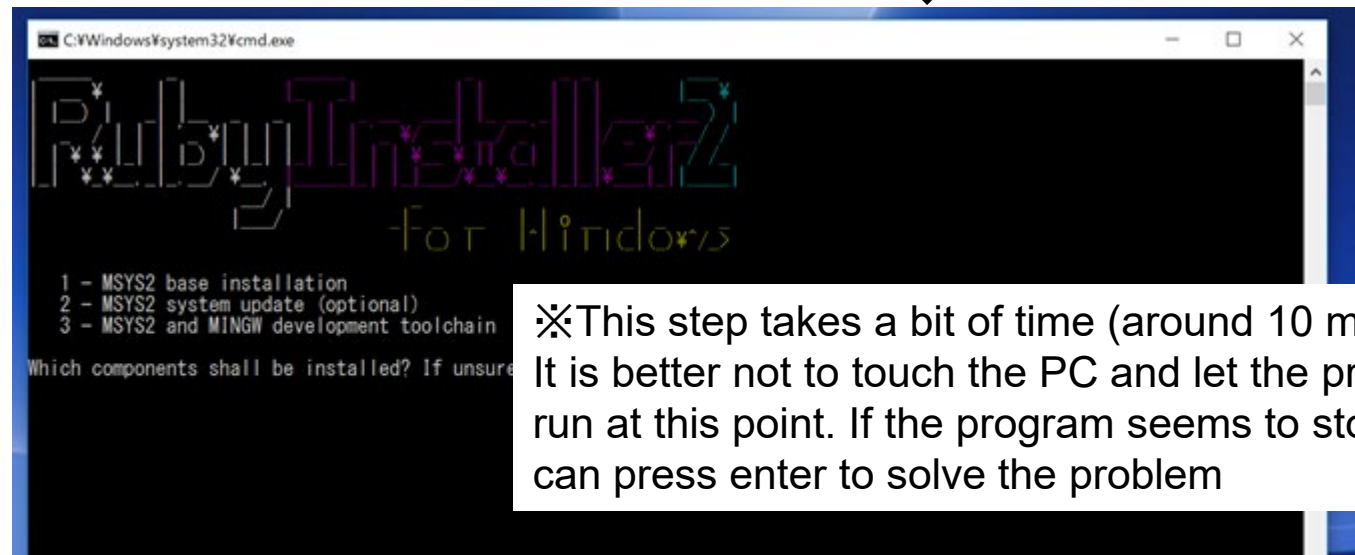
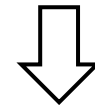
- Follow the above steps and wait for the program to finish installing.

(2) Installing the Ruby Environment(3/5, around 45 mins)

2. Setting the environment of the Command Prompt



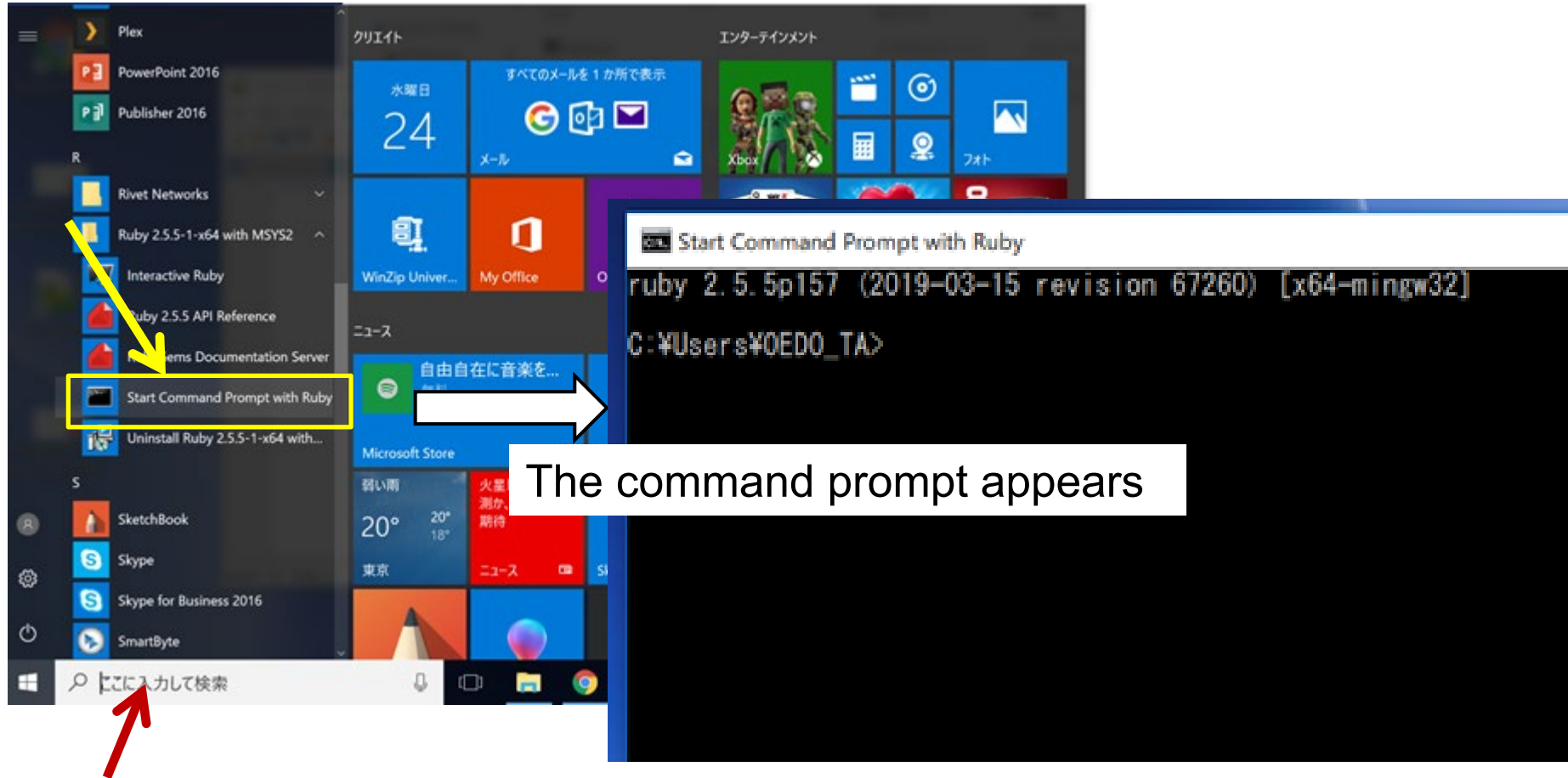
▪ After installation finishes, the screen for setting the program opens automatically



(2) Installing the Ruby Environment(4/5, around 45 mins)

3. Trying out Ruby

- from the start menu choose and click “Start Command Prompt with Ruby”

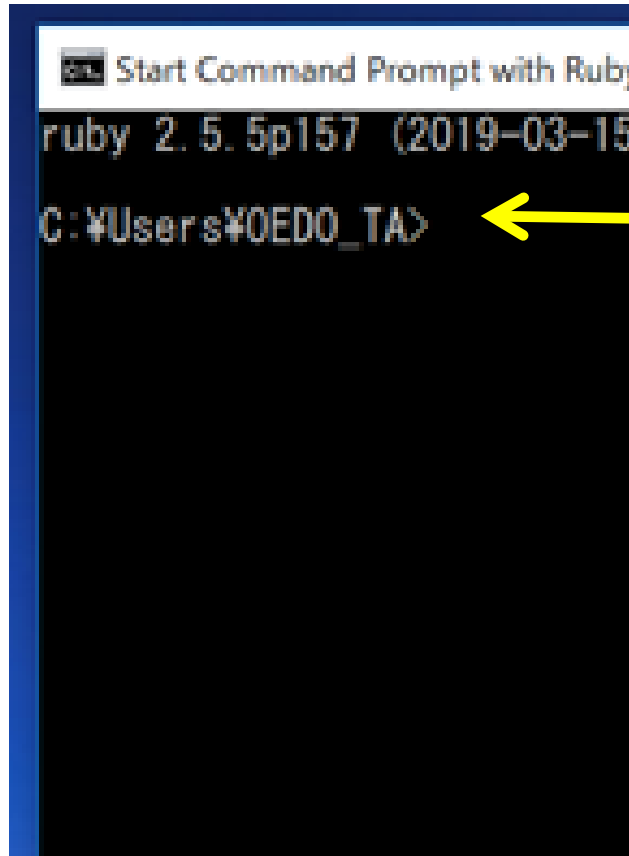


※If you cannot find it, enter “Start Command Prompt with Ruby” in the search bar to search and find it

(2) Installing the Ruby Environment(5/5, around 45 mins)

- Now, let's try to run the Ruby program add.rb using command prompt.

※We assume that you have already downloaded and extracted the files into the folder kadai1



```
Start Command Prompt with Ruby
ruby 2.5.5p157 (2019-03-15)
C:\Users\YOEDO_TA>
```

Here you can type commands. For example:

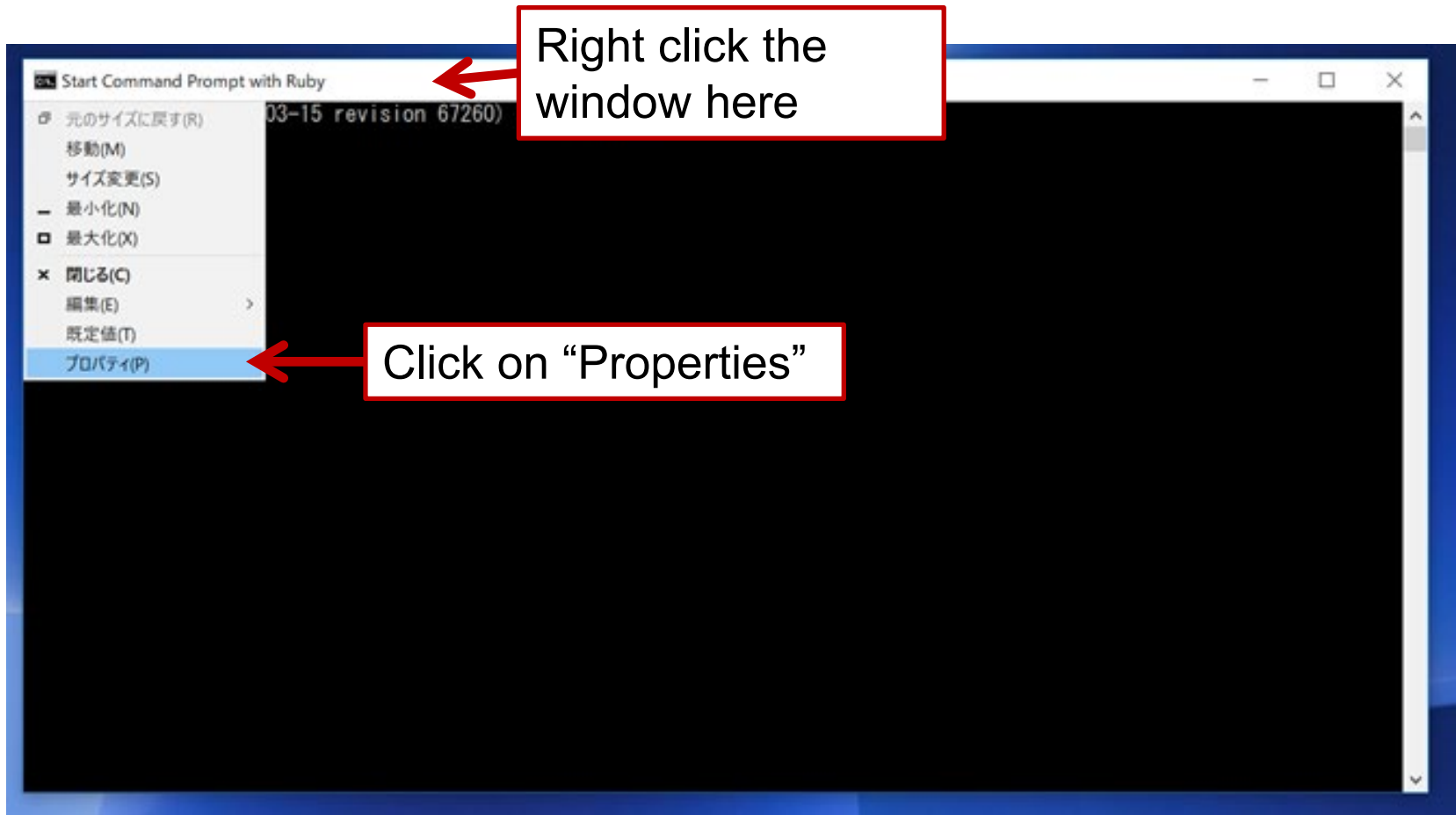
- Type 「dir」 and press enter
⇒ will show the folders and files in the current folder (“Desktop” is supposed to be listed)
- Type 「cd Desktop」 and press Enter
⇒ will move to the folder “Desktop”
- Type 「dir」 and press Enter
⇒ will show the folders and files in “Desktop” (the folder “kadai1” should be there)
- Type 「cd kadai1」 and press Enter
⇒ will enter the folder called “kadai”
- Type 「dir」 and press Enter
⇒ will show the folder “Kadai1” and “add.rb” should here.
- Type 「ruby add.rb」 and press Enter
⇒ will run the program “add.rb” which adds two numbers (enter each number and press enter)

※In this practice, we will create a folder in home (in Windows' case, this assumed to be the Desktop) and create a folder called “cs”. We will create a subfolder for each exercise and run it from there. For more info, watch the video “Preparing for Exercises”

(2) Installing the Ruby Environment (Extra)

How to Change the Command Prompt Screen

- When you want to change the window or the font size.



(3) Differences between Windows and Mac

✂ In the exercise demo we will be using a Mac. But if you finished your preparation and note the points 2. and 3. below, you can use it in almost the same way.

1. What is “Windows” and what is “Mac”

Windows and Mac are OS (Operating Systems) which are like framework that allows you to operate programs on your PC. To be more exact, both these OS have versions like “Windows 10” or “Mojave”. Windows is an OS used on many computers around the world while Mac OS is used on Macintosh computer made by the company Apple.

2. Basic terms for Mac and PC

This is a list of some common terms used in Windows and their Mac equivalent

Windows	Mac	Explanation
folder	directory	A place where you store your files. In this exercise we might refer to these as “rooms” and we might interchange this when talking about Windows and Mac PCs
Desktop	home	The base room from which we will work
Explorer	Finder	The software used to view and manipulate the files in your directories. For example: in Windows, the Explorer is opened by default when you open a folder.
Command Prompt	Terminal	A place to run command on your computer. It is usually referred to as the “Shell”

(3) Differences between Windows and Mac

3. Basic commands used in the Command prompt

The below are the basic commands used in the “Command Prompt” (“Terminal” in case of Mac). Commands in violet font are Mac commands. Except for “dir” and its equivalent “ls”, all other commands are the same so you can use them in either OS.

command	Example	Meaning
mkdir	mkdir kadai2	Create a room or Folder (directory) called Kadai2
cd	cd kadai2	Enter the room called Kadai2
	cd ..	Return to the room one step up from the current one
	cd ../..	Return to the room 2 steps up from the current one
dir (ls)	dir	Show all files in the room
rm	rm foo.rb	Delete the file foo.rb (Be careful! This cannot be undone)

※ In the video “Preparation for Exercises”, we will create a folder or room called “cs” on the home (Desktop in windows) and we will move to this sub-folder and use these to run our programs. We will use the home (desktop) as the starting point for all our work so let’s keep it nice and tidy. It is said you can learn a lot about the habits of a person from his computers Home or Desktop screens.