

MATLAB Programming

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Part I

Basic Knowledge

1 Linear Algebra

Linear equations

Matrix operations

Exercise

2 Introduction, window and help

Introduction

Window

Help

3 Commands, statements and files

Basic commands

Simple drawing

Function file

Linear equations

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 1x_3 = 4 \\ 4x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 9 \\ 7x_1 + 0x_2 + 1x_3 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 7 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Transpose}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^T = [x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3], \quad \mathbf{b}^T = [4 \quad 9 \quad 1]$$

Linear equations

$$\begin{cases} a_{1,1}x_1 + a_{1,2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1,n}x_n = b_1 \\ a_{2,1}x_1 + a_{2,2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2,n}x_n = b_2 \\ \vdots \quad \quad \quad \vdots \\ a_{m,1}x_1 + a_{m,2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{m,n}x_n = b_m \end{cases}$$

$$\mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{1,2} & \cdots & a_{1,n} \\ a_{2,1} & a_{2,2} & \cdots & a_{2,n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{m,1} & a_{m,2} & \cdots & a_{m,n} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrices and vectors

Row vector and column vector

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \dots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^T = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & \vdots & x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix and transpose

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{1,2} & \cdots & a_{1,n} \\ a_{2,1} & a_{2,2} & \cdots & a_{2,n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{m,1} & a_{m,2} & \cdots & a_{m,n} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{A}^T = \begin{bmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{2,1} & \cdots & a_{m,1} \\ a_{1,2} & a_{2,2} & \cdots & a_{m,2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{1,n} & a_{2,n} & \cdots & a_{m,n} \end{bmatrix}$$

Add, subtract and multiply

Addition and subtraction

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 7 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+0 & 3+0 & 1+5 \\ 1+7 & 0+5 & 0+0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 6 \\ 8 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

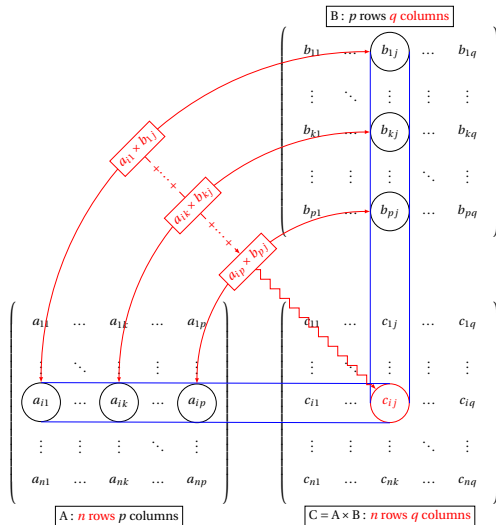
Multiply

$$2 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 8 & -3 \\ 4 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \cdot 1 & 2 \cdot 8 & 2 \cdot (-3) \\ 2 \cdot 4 & 2 \cdot (-2) & 2 \cdot 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 16 & -6 \\ 8 & -4 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix multiplication



Exercise

Write the system of equations in matrix multiplication form

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 5y = 3 \\ 1x + 2y = 15 \\ 3x + 1y = 12 \end{cases} \quad \mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b} \quad \mathbf{A} = ? \quad \mathbf{x} = ? \quad \mathbf{b} = ?$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = ?, \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = ?$$

1 Linear Algebra

Linear equations

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Basic commands

Simple drawing

Function file

Introduction

History

- MATLAB **MA**TrIx **LAB**oratory;
- Clever Moler 1980, the original intention was to solve the matrix operation problem of the "linear algebra" course;
- MathWorks 1984

characteristic

- Algorithm development, data visualization, data analysis, and numerical calculation.
- User interface and calling programs written in other languages.
- Numerous additional toolboxes are suitable for applications in different fields.

Window

- Command window
- Script window
- Graphics window

Help

Help

- `>> help functionname`
- `>> lookfor keyword`

Internet resources

- Mathworks 文件交流中心: [▶ Mathworks](#)
- Github 代码托管网站: [▶ Github](#)
- Oactive 在线练习网站: [▶ Oactive-online](#)

1 Linear Algebra

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Basic commands

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Function file

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

$f_x >>$

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window. The window has a title bar that says "Command Window". Inside the window, the text ">> x = 5" is entered at the top left, indicating a variable assignment command.

```
Command Window
>> x = 5
```


Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window. The window has a title bar that says "Command Window". Inside, the prompt ">>" is followed by the command "x = 5". Below this, the prompt "x =" is shown, followed by the value "5". At the bottom left, the prompt "f_x" is followed by ">>".

```
Command Window
>> x = 5
x =
    5
f_x >>
```

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = 5
```

```
x =
```

```
5
```

```
>> x = [1 2 3]
```

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = 5
```

```
x =
```

```
5
```

```
>> x = [1 2 3]
```

```
x =
```

```
1    2    3
```

f_x >>

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = 5
```

```
x =
```

```
5
```

```
>> x = [1 2 3]
```

```
x =
```

```
1    2    3
```

```
>> x = [1;2;3]
```

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = 5
```

```
x =
```

```
5
```

```
>> x = [1 2 3]
```

```
x =
```

```
1    2    3
```

```
>> x = [1;2;3]
```

```
x =
```

```
1
```

```
2
```

```
3
```

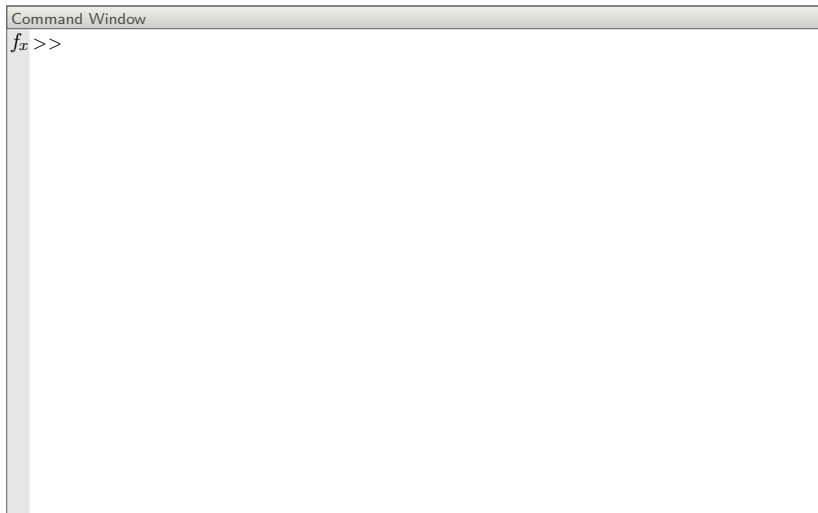
f_x >>

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = 5  
x =  
    5  
  
>> x = [1 2 3]  
x =  
    1    2    3  
  
>> x = [1;2;3]  
x =  
    1  
    2  
    3  
  
>> clc
```

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment



Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9]
```


Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9]
```

```
x =
```

```
    1    2    3  
    4    5    6  
    7    8    9
```

f_x >>

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9]
```

```
x =
```

```
     1     2     3  
     4     5     6  
     7     8     9
```

```
>> y = [1 2 3  
       4 5 6]
```

Real, complex, row vector, column vector, matrix assignment

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9]
```

```
x =
```

```
     1     2     3  
     4     5     6  
     7     8     9
```

```
>> y = [1 2 3  
        4 5 6]
```

```
y =
```

```
     1     2     3  
     4     5     6
```

f_x >>

General assignment method of vector



General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    1.00    2.00
```

f_x >>

General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    1.00    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:2]'
```

General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    1.00    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:2]'
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00
```

```
    1.00
```

```
    2.00
```

f_x >>

General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    1.00    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:2]'
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00
```

```
    1.00
```

```
    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:0.5:2]
```

General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    1.00    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:2]'
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00
```

```
    1.00
```

```
    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:0.5:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.50    1.00    1.50    2.00
```

f_x >>

General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
0.00    1.00    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:2]'
```

```
x =
```

```
0.00
```

```
1.00
```

```
2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:0.5:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
0.00    0.50    1.00    1.50    2.00
```

```
>> x = linspace(0, 2, 5)
```

General assignment method of vector

Command Window

```
>> x = [0:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    1.00    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:2]'
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00  
    1.00  
    2.00
```

```
>> x = [0:0.5:2]
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.50    1.00    1.50    2.00
```

```
>> x = linspace(0, 2, 5)
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.50    1.00    1.50    2.00
```

f_x >>

Common matrix

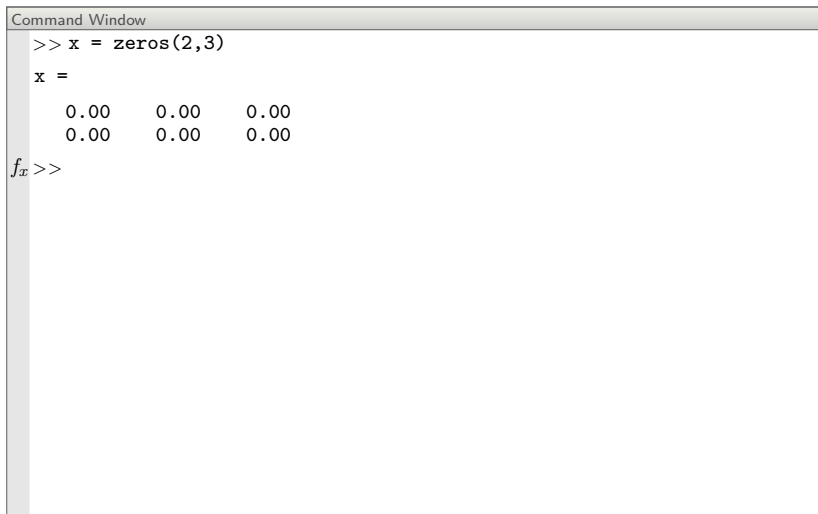


Common matrix

Command Window

```
>> x = zeros(2,3)
```

Common matrix

A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window. The title bar reads "Command Window". The command prompt shows the execution of the command `>> x = zeros(2,3)`. Below this, the variable `x` is displayed as a 2x3 matrix of zeros. The matrix is shown with two rows and three columns, each element being 0.00. At the bottom left, there is a small icon of a folder with the label f_x followed by the command prompt `>>`.

```
Command Window

>> x = zeros(2,3)

x =

    0.00    0.00    0.00
    0.00    0.00    0.00

f_x >>
```

Common matrix

Command Window

```
>> x = zeros(2,3)
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
>> y = ones(2)
```


Common matrix

Command Window

```
>> x = zeros(2,3)
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00  
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
>> y = ones(2)
```

```
x =
```

```
    1.00    1.00  
    1.00    1.00
```

f_x >>

Common matrix

Command Window

```
>> x = zeros(2,3)
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
>> y = ones(2)
```

```
x =
```

```
    1.00    1.00
```

```
    1.00    1.00
```

```
>> x = eye(2)
```

Common matrix

Command Window

```
>> x = zeros(2,3)
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00  
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
>> y = ones(2)
```

```
x =
```

```
    1.00    1.00  
    1.00    1.00
```

```
>> x = eye(2)
```

```
x =
```

```
    1.00    0.00  
    0.00    1.00
```

f_x >>

Common matrix

Command Window

```
>> x = zeros(2,3)
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00  
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
>> y = ones(2)
```

```
x =
```

```
    1.00    1.00  
    1.00    1.00
```

```
>> x = eye(2)
```

```
x =
```

```
    1.00    0.00  
    0.00    1.00
```

```
>> z = rand(1,2)
```

Common matrix

Command Window

```
>> x = zeros(2,3)
```

```
x =
```

```
    0.00    0.00    0.00  
    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

```
>> y = ones(2)
```

```
y =
```

```
    1.00    1.00  
    1.00    1.00
```

```
>> x = eye(2)
```

```
x =
```

```
    1.00    0.00  
    0.00    1.00
```

```
>> z = rand(1,2)
```

```
z =
```

```
    0.23    0.96
```

```
fx >>
```

Fixed variable



Fixed variable

A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window. The window has a title bar that says "Command Window". Inside the window, the text ">> pi" is entered at the top left, indicating a command to assign the value of pi to the variable pi. The rest of the window is empty.

```
Command Window
>> pi
```

Fixed variable

A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window. The window has a title bar that says "Command Window". Inside, the text ">> pi" is on the first line. The second line shows "ans =" followed by "3.1416" on the third line. On the fourth line, there is a prompt "f_x >>".

```
Command Window
>> pi
ans =
    3.1416
f_x >>
```


Fixed variable

Command Window

```
>> pi
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1416
```

```
>> z = i
```

Fixed variable

Command Window

```
>> pi
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1416
```

```
>> z = i
```

```
z =
```

```
0.00 + 1.00i
```

f_x >>

Fixed variable

Command Window

```
>> pi
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1416
```

```
>> z = i
```

```
z =
```

```
0.00 + 1.00i
```

```
>> x = 1/0
```

Fixed variable

Command Window

```
>> pi
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1416
```

```
>> z = i
```

```
z =
```

```
0.00 + 1.00i
```

```
>> x = 1/0
```

```
x =
```

```
Inf
```

```
 $f_x$  >>
```

Fixed variable

Command Window

```
>> pi
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1416
```

```
>> z = i
```

```
z =
```

```
0.00 + 1.00i
```

```
>> x = 1/0
```

```
x =
```

```
Inf
```

```
>> 0/0
```

Fixed variable

Command Window

```
>> pi
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1416
```

```
>> z = i
```

```
z =
```

```
0.00 + 1.00i
```

```
>> x = 1/0
```

```
x =
```

```
Inf
```

```
>> 0/0
```

```
ans =
```

```
NaN
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations



Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```


Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> C = A + B
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> C = A + B
```

C =

```
     2     5     8  
    10    14     6  
     9    12    15
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> C = A + B  
  
C =  
     2     5     8  
    10    14     6  
     9    12    15  
  
>> D = A - B
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> C = A + B
```

```
C =  
     2     5     8  
    10    14     6  
     9    12    15
```

```
>> D = A - B
```

```
D =  
     0    -1    -2  
    -2    -4     6  
     5     4     3
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> C = A + B  
  
C =  
     2     5     8  
    10    14     6  
     9    12    15  
  
>> D = A - B  
  
D =  
     0    -1    -2  
    -2    -4     6  
     5     4     3  
  
>> clc
```

Matrix and array operations



Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```


Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
fx >>
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> E = A * B
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];
```

```
>> E = A * B
```

E =

19 33 23

46 81 56

73 129 89

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];
```

```
>> E = A * B
```

```
E =
```

```
    19    33    23
```

```
    46    81    56
```

```
    73   129    89
```

```
>> F = A.* B
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> E = A * B
```

E =

```
    19    33    23  
    46    81    56  
    73   129    89
```

```
>> F = A.* B
```

F =

```
     1     6    15  
    24    45     0  
    14    32    54
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> E = A * B  
  
E =  
  
    19    33    23  
    46    81    56  
    73   129    89  
  
>> F = A.* B  
  
F =  
  
     1     6    15  
    24    45     0  
    14    32    54  
  
>> clc
```

Matrix and array operations



Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```


Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
fx >>
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> G = A / B
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> G = A / B
```

G =

```
      0      0  0.50  
-3.00  0.00  3.50  
-6.00  0.00  6.50
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> G = A / B  
  
G =  
  
         0         0    0.50  
   -3.00    0.00    3.50  
   -6.00    0.00    6.50  
  
>> H = A ./ B
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> G = A / B
```

G =

```
      0      0  0.50  
 -3.00  0.00  3.50  
 -6.00  0.00  6.50
```

```
>> H = A ./ B
```

H =

```
  1.00  0.67  0.60  
  0.67  0.56  inf  
  3.50  2.00  1.50
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> G = A / B  
  
G =  
  
         0         0    0.50  
   -3.00    0.00    3.50  
   -6.00    0.00    6.50  
  
>> H = A ./ B  
  
H =  
  
    1.00    0.67    0.60  
    0.67    0.56    inf  
    3.50    2.00    1.50  
  
>> clc
```

Matrix and array operations



Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```


Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];
```

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> I = A ^ 2
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> I = A ^ 2
```

I =

30	36	42
66	81	96
102	126	150

f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];
```

```
>> I = A ^ 2
```

```
I =
```

```
    30    36    42
```

```
    66    81    96
```

```
   102   126   150
```

```
>> J = A.^ 2
```

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> I = A ^ 2
```

I =

30	36	42
66	81	96
102	126	150

```
>> J = A.^ 2
```

J =

1	4	9
16	25	36
49	64	81

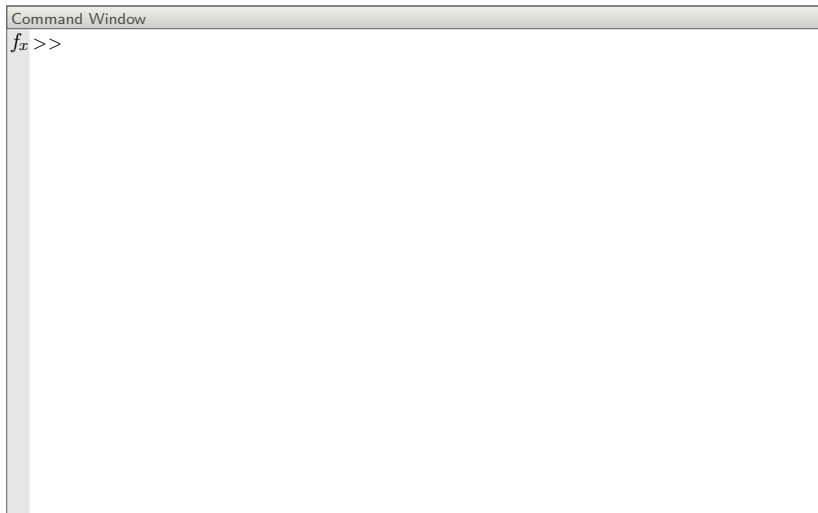
f_x >>

Matrix and array operations

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = [1 3 5; 6 9 0; 2 4 6];  
>> I = A ^ 2  
  
I =  
  
    30    36    42  
    66    81    96  
   102   126   150  
  
>> J = A.^ 2  
  
J =  
  
     1     4     9  
    16    25    36  
    49    64    81  
  
>> clc
```

Array and array row and column block operation: value



Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```


Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> x = A(1, 3)
```

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> x = A(1, 3)
```

```
x =
```

```
3
```

f_x >>

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> x = A(1, 3)  
  
x =  
  
    3  
  
>> y = A(2, :)
```

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> x = A(1, 3)
```

```
x =
```

```
3
```

```
>> y = A(2, :)
```

```
y =
```

```
4    5    6
```

f_x >>

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> x = A(1, 3)  
  
x =  
  
3  
  
>> y = A(2, :)  
  
y =  
  
4 5 6  
  
>> z = A(1:2, 1:3)
```

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> x = A(1, 3)
```

```
x =
```

```
3
```

```
>> y = A(2, :)
```

```
y =
```

```
4     5     6
```

```
>> z = A(1:2, 1:3)
```

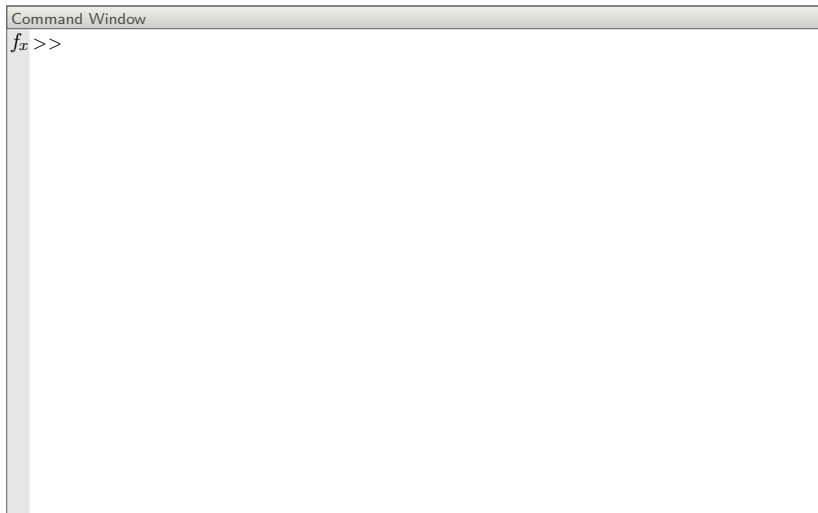
```
z =
```

```
1     2     3
```

```
4     5     6
```

f_x >>

Array and array row and column block operation: value



Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```


Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> A(1, 3) = 0
```

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> A(1, 3) = 0
```

A =

1	2	0
4	5	6
7	8	9

f_x >>

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> A(1, 3) = 0
```

```
A =
```

```
    1    2    0  
    4    5    6  
    7    8    9
```

```
>> A(2, :) = [6 5 4]
```

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> A(1, 3) = 0
```

A =

1	2	0
4	5	6
7	8	9

```
>> A(2, :) = [6 5 4]
```

A =

1	2	0
6	5	4
7	8	9

f_x >>

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> A(1, 3) = 0  
  
A =  
  
     1     2     0  
     4     5     6  
     7     8     9  
  
>> A(2, :) = [6 5 4]  
  
A =  
  
     1     2     0  
     6     5     4  
     7     8     9  
  
>> A(1:2, 1:2) = [-1 -2; -3 -4]
```

Array and array row and column block operation: value

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> A(1, 3) = 0
```

A =

1	2	0
4	5	6
7	8	9

```
>> A(2, :) = [6 5 4]
```

A =

1	2	0
6	5	4
7	8	9

```
>> A(1:2, 1:2) = [-1 -2; -3 -4]
```

A =

-1	-2	0
-3	-4	4
7	8	9

Comparison and logical operations



Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```


Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];  
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];  
fx >>
```

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];  
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];  
>> eq = (x==y)
```

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];  
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];  
>> eq = (x==y)
```

eq =

1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1

f_x >>

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];
```

```
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];
```

```
>> eq = (x==y)
```

```
eq =
```

```
      1      0      1      0      0      0      1      0      1
```

```
>> xy = (x>5)&(y<7)
```

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];  
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];  
>> eq = (x==y)
```

eq =

```
1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1
```

```
>> xy = (x>5)&(y<7)
```

xy =

```
0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0
```

f_x >>

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];  
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];  
>> eq = (x==y)  
eq =  
      1      0      1      0      0      0      1      0      1  
>> xy = (x>5)&(y<7)  
xy =  
      0      0      0      0      0      1      0      1      0  
>> xoy = (x>5)|(y<7)
```

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];
>> eq = (x==y)
```

eq =

```
      1      0      1      0      0      0      1      0      1
```

```
>> xy = (x>5)&(y<7)
```

xy =

```
      0      0      0      0      0      1      0      1      0
```

```
>> xoy = (x>5)|(y<7)
```

xoy =

```
      1      1      1      0      1      1      1      1      1
```

f_x >>

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];  
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];  
>> eq = (x==y)  
eq =  
      1      0      1      0      0      0      1      0      1  
>> xy = (x>5)&(y<7)  
xy =  
      0      0      0      0      0      1      0      1      0  
>> xoy = (x>5)|(y<7)  
xoy =  
      1      1      1      0      1      1      1      1      1  
>> xory = xor(x>5,y<7)
```


Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9];
>> y = [1 4 3 8 6 5 7 2 9];
>> eq = (x==y)
eq =
     1     0     1     0     0     0     1     0     1
>> xy = (x>5)&(y<7)
xy =
     0     0     0     0     0     1     0     1     0
>> xoy = (x>5)|(y<7)
xoy =
     1     1     1     0     1     1     1     1     1
>> xory = xor(x>5,y<7)
xory =
     1     1     1     0     1     0     1     0     1
```

f_x >>

Comparison and logical operations



Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 -2 3 -4 5 -6 7 -8 9];  
fx>>
```

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 -2 3 -4 5 -6 7 -8 9];  
>> x(x<0) = 0
```

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 -2 3 -4 5 -6 7 -8 9];
```

```
>> x(x<0) = 0
```

```
x =
```

```
1    0    3    0    5    0    7    0    9
```

f_x >>

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 -2 3 -4 5 -6 7 -8 9];
```

```
>> x(x<0) = 0
```

```
x =
```

```
1    0    3    0    5    0    7    0    9
```

```
>> y = [1 2 3;-4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

f_x >>

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 -2 3 -4 5 -6 7 -8 9];
```

```
>> x(x<0) = 0
```

```
x =
```

```
1    0    3    0    5    0    7    0    9
```

```
>> y = [1 2 3;-4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> y(y(:,1)<0,:) = 0
```

Comparison and logical operations

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 -2 3 -4 5 -6 7 -8 9];
```

```
>> x(x<0) = 0
```

```
x =
```

```
    1    0    3    0    5    0    7    0    9
```

```
>> y = [1 2 3;-4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> y(y(:,1)<0,:) = 0
```

```
y =
```

```
    1    2    3
```

```
    0    0    0
```

```
    7    8    9
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: flipud, fliplr, rot90



Array manipulation functions: flipud, fliplr, rot90

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
fx>>
```

Array manipulation functions: flipud, fliplr, rot90

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> B = flipud(A)
```

Array manipulation functions: flipud, fliplr, rot90

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = flipud(A)
```

```
B =
```

```
    7    8    9  
    4    5    6  
    1    2    3
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: flipud, fliplr, rot90

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = flipud(A)
```

B =

```
     7     8     9
     4     5     6
     1     2     3
```

```
>> C = rot90(A)
```

Array manipulation functions: flipud, fliplr, rot90

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
>> B = flipud(A)
```

B =

7	8	9
4	5	6
1	2	3

```
>> C = rot90(A)
```

C =

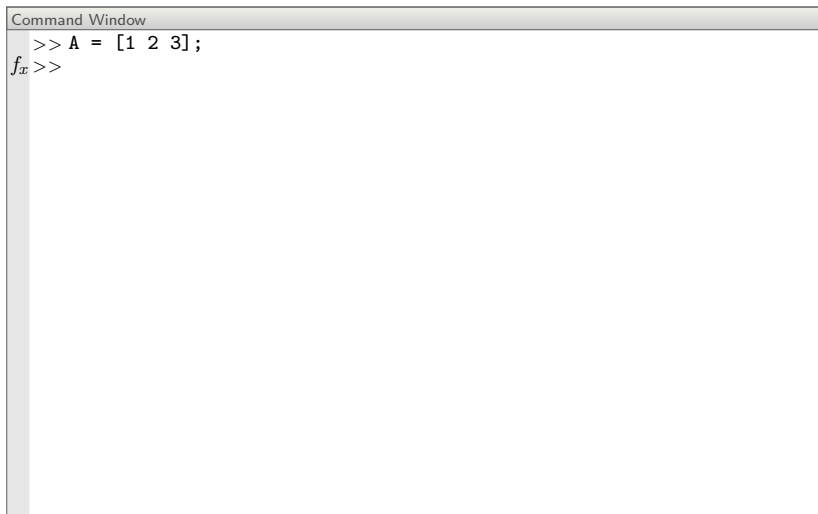
3	6	9
2	5	8
1	4	7

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: sum



Array manipulation functions: sum

A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window. The window has a title bar that says "Command Window". Inside, the command prompt is ">>". The user has entered the command "A = [1 2 3];". The prompt has moved to the next line, and there is a small "fx" icon to the left of the new prompt ">>".

```
Command Window
>> A = [1 2 3];
fx>>
```


Array manipulation functions: sum

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> sum(A)
```

Array manipulation functions: sum

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];
```

```
>> sum(A)
```

```
ans =
```

```
6
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: sum

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];
```

```
>> sum(A)
```

```
ans =
```

```
6
```

```
>> B = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

```
 $f_x$  >>
```

Array manipulation functions: sum

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> sum(A)  
  
ans =  
  
        6  
  
>> B = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> sum(B)
```

Array manipulation functions: sum

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> sum(A)  
  
ans =  
  
        6  
  
>> B = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> sum(B)  
  
ans =  
  
    12    15    18
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: sum

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> sum(A)  
  
ans =  
  
        6  
  
>> B = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> sum(B)  
  
ans =  
  
    12    15    18  
  
>> sum(B,2)
```

Array manipulation functions: sum

Command Window

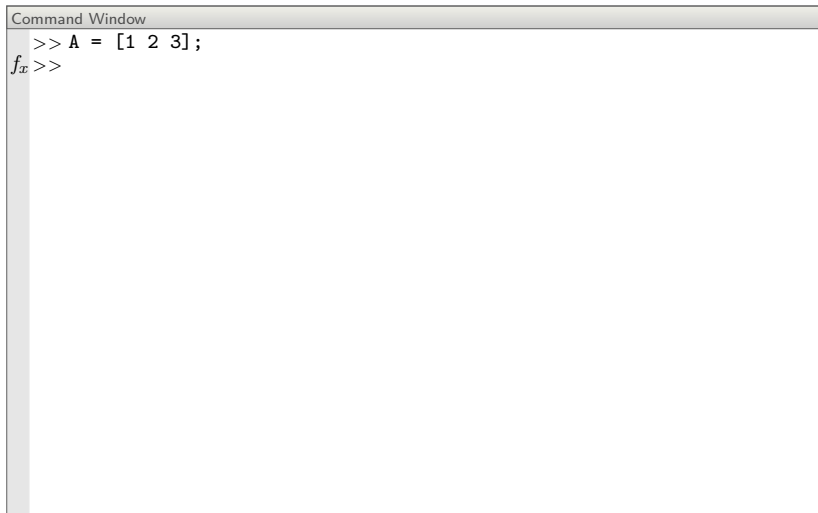
```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> sum(A)  
  
ans =  
  
        6  
  
>> B = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> sum(B)  
  
ans =  
  
        12        15        18  
  
>> sum(B,2)  
  
ans =  
  
         6  
        15  
        25
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: max, min



Array manipulation functions: max, min

A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window. The window has a title bar that says "Command Window". Inside the window, the text ">> A = [1 2 3];" is displayed on the first line. On the second line, the text "fx>>" is displayed, where "fx" is a small, italicized font. The rest of the window is empty.

```
Command Window
>> A = [1 2 3];
fx>>
```

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> max(A)
```

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];
```

```
>> max(A)
```

```
ans =
```

```
3
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> max(A)  
  
ans =  
  
3  
>> max(A,2)
```

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];
```

```
>> max(A)
```

```
ans =
```

```
3
```

```
>> max(A,2)
```

```
ans =
```

```
2    2    3
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];
```

```
>> max(A)
```

```
ans =
```

```
3
```

```
>> max(A,2)
```

```
ans =
```

```
2 2 3
```

```
>> B = [1 3 9; 4 8 6];
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> max(A)  
  
ans =  
  
3  
  
>> max(A,2)  
  
ans =  
  
2 2 3  
  
>> B = [1 3 9; 4 8 6];  
>> max(B)
```

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> max(A)  
  
ans =  
  
3  
  
>> max(A,2)  
  
ans =  
  
2    2    3  
  
>> B = [1 3 9; 4 8 6];  
>> max(B)  
  
ans =  
  
4    8    9
```

f_x >>

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> max(A)  
  
ans =  
  
3  
  
>> max(A,2)  
  
ans =  
  
2    2    3  
  
>> B = [1 3 9; 4 8 6];  
>> max(B)  
  
ans =  
  
4    8    9  
  
>> max(B, [], 2)
```

Array manipulation functions: max, min

Command Window

```
>> A = [1 2 3];  
>> max(A)  
  
ans =  
  
3  
  
>> max(A,2)  
  
ans =  
  
2    2    3  
  
>> B = [1 3 9; 4 8 6];  
>> max(B)  
  
ans =  
  
4    8    9  
  
>> max(B, [], 2)  
  
ans =  
  
9  
8
```

Common mathematical functions: abs, sqrt



Common mathematical functions: abs, sqrt

Command Window

```
>> x = [-4 9 -16 25]
```

Common mathematical functions: abs, sqrt

Command Window

```
>> x = [-4 9 -16 25]
```

```
x =
```

```
    -4     9   -16    25
```

f_x >>

Common mathematical functions: abs, sqrt

Command Window

```
>> x = [-4 9 -16 25]
```

```
x =
```

```
    -4     9   -16    25
```

```
>> y = abs(x)
```

Common mathematical functions: abs, sqrt

Command Window

```
>> x = [-4 9 -16 25]
```

```
x =
```

```
    -4     9   -16    25
```

```
>> y = abs(x)
```

```
y =
```

```
     4     9    16    25
```

f_x >>

Common mathematical functions: abs, sqrt

Command Window

```
>> x = [-4 9 -16 25]
```

```
x =
```

```
    -4     9   -16    25
```

```
>> y = abs(x)
```

```
y =
```

```
     4     9    16    25
```

```
>> z = sqrt(y)
```


Common mathematical functions: abs, sqrt

Command Window

```
>> x = [-4 9 -16 25]
```

```
x =
```

```
    -4     9   -16    25
```

```
>> y = abs(x)
```

```
y =
```

```
     4     9    16    25
```

```
>> z = sqrt(y)
```

```
z =
```

```
     2     3     4     5
```

f_x >>

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round



Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];
```

f_x >>

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];  
>> y = ceil(x)
```

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];
```

```
>> y = ceil(x)
```

```
y =
```

```
    -1     0     2     1
```

f_x >>

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];  
>> y = ceil(x)  
y =  
    -1     0     2     1  
>> z = floor(x)
```

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];
```

```
>> y = ceil(x)
```

```
y =
```

```
    -1     0     2     1
```

```
>> z = floor(x)
```

```
z =
```

```
    -2    -1     1     0
```

f_x >>

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];  
>> y = ceil(x)  
y =  
    -1     0     2     1  
>> z = floor(x)  
z =  
    -2    -1     1     0  
>> g = fix(x)
```


Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];
```

```
>> y = ceil(x)
```

```
y =
```

```
    -1     0     2     1
```

```
>> z = floor(x)
```

```
z =
```

```
    -2    -1     1     0
```

```
>> g = fix(x)
```

```
g =
```

```
    -1     0     1     0
```

f_x >>

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];  
>> y = ceil(x)  
y =  
    -1     0     2     1  
>> z = floor(x)  
z =  
    -2    -1     1     0  
>> g = fix(x)  
g =  
    -1     0     1     0  
>> f = round(x)
```

Common mathematical functions: ceil, fix, floor, round

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1.6 -0.2 1.2 0.6];
```

```
>> y = ceil(x)
```

```
y =
```

```
    -1     0     2     1
```

```
>> z = floor(x)
```

```
z =
```

```
    -2    -1     1     0
```

```
>> g = fix(x)
```

```
g =
```

```
    -1     0     1     0
```

```
>> f = round(x)
```

```
f =
```

```
    -2     0     1     1
```

f_x >>

Basic sentence

Basic sentence

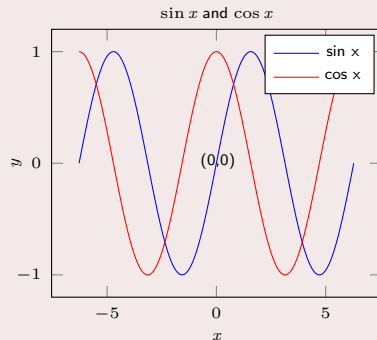
- `for .. end`
- `if .. else .. end`
- `while .. end`
- `switch .. case .. end`

Example: Find odd sums within 1-10

```
01 % sum of the odd numbers between 1 and 10
02 x = 0;
03 for i = 1:10
04     if mod(i,2)
05         x= x + i;
06     end
07 end
```

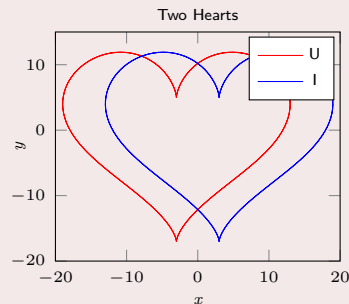
Two-dimensional curve: sin & cos

```
01 x = -2*pi:0.1:2*pi;  
02 y1 = sin(x);  
03 y2 = cos(x);  
04 plot(x, y1, '-b');  
05 hold on  
06 plot(x, y2, '-r');  
07  
08 xlabel('x')  
09 ylabel('y')  
10 text(0,0, '(0,0)')  
11 legend('sin x', 'cos x')  
12 title('sin x and cos x')
```



Two-dimensional curve: Two Hearts

```
01 t = 0:pi/180:4*pi;  
02 x = 16*sin(t).^3;  
03 y = 13*cos(t)-5*cos(2*t)...  
04     -2*cos(3*t)-cos(4*t);  
05  
06 plot(x-3,y,'-r', x+3,y,'-b');  
07 xlabel('x');  
08 ylabel('y');  
09 axis([-20, 20, -20, 15]);  
10 title('Two Heart')  
11 legend('U', 'I')
```



Two-dimensional curve: summary of plot usage

• plot: `plot(x,y)`; `plot(x,y,s)`, `plot(x1,y1,s1,x2,y2,s2,...)`

1	b	blue	.	point	-	solid
2	g	green	o	circle	:	dotted
3	r	red	x	x-mark	-.	dashdot
4	c	cyan	+	plus	--	dashed
5	m	magenta	*	star	(none)	no line
6	y	yellow	s	square		
7	k	black	d	diamond		
8	w	white	v	triangle (down)		
9			^	triangle (up)		
10			<	triangle (left)		
11			>	triangle (right)		
12			p	pentagram		
13			h	hexagram		

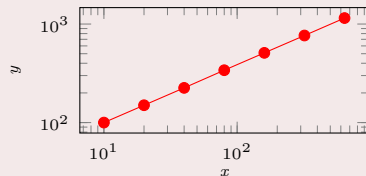
Two-dimensional curve: graphic control sentence

- title
- xlabel; ylabel
- text
- legend
- grid on / grid off / grid minor
- axis([xmin xmax ymin ymax]), xlim([xmin, xmax])

2D curve: logarithmic and polar coordinate system

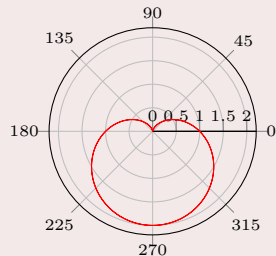
loglog, semilogx

```
01 x = 10*2.^[0:6];  
02 y = [100 150 225 340 ...  
03      510 765 1150];  
04 loglog(x,y,'-r')  
05  
06 xlim([0.5e1,0.8e3])  
07 ylim([0.8e2,1.4e3])  
08 xlabel('x')  
09 ylabel('y')
```

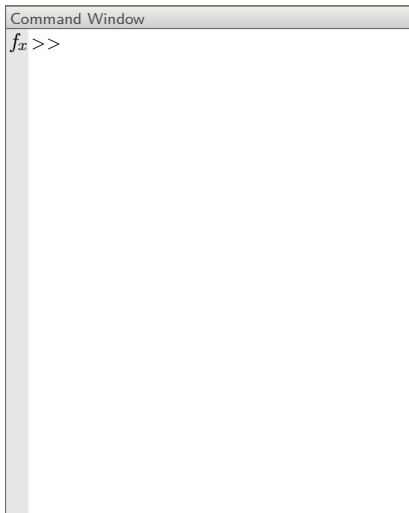


polar

```
01 theta = 0:pi/180:4*pi;  
02 r = 1-sin(theta);  
03 polar(theta,r,'-r');
```



Two-dimensional filling



Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];
```

f_x >>

Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];
```

```
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];
```

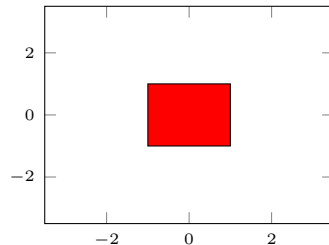
f_x >>

Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];  
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'r');
```

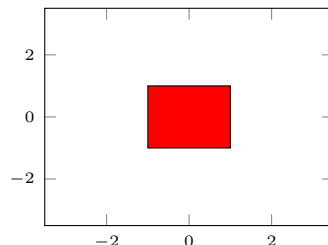
f_x >>



Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

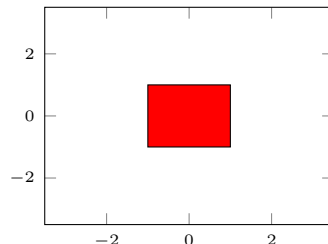
```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];  
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'r');  
>> xc = [-2 2]; yc = [-2 2];
```

 f_x >>

Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];  
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'r');  
>> xc = [-2 2]; yc = [-2 2];  
>> x = [xc-1; xc-1; xc+1; xc+1]
```

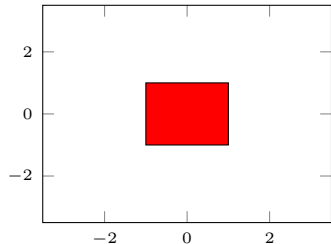
 f_x >>

Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];  
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'r');  
>> xc = [-2 2]; yc = [-2 2];  
>> x = [xc-1; xc-1; xc+1; xc+1]  
>> y = [yc-1; yc+1; yc+1; yc-1]
```

f_x >>

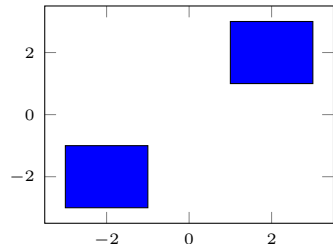
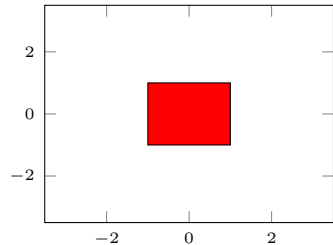


Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];  
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'r');  
>> xc = [-2 2]; yc = [-2 2];  
>> x = [xc-1; xc-1; xc+1; xc+1]  
>> y = [yc-1; yc+1; yc+1; yc-1]  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'b');
```

f_x >>

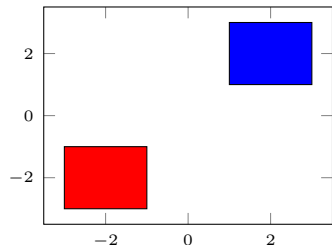
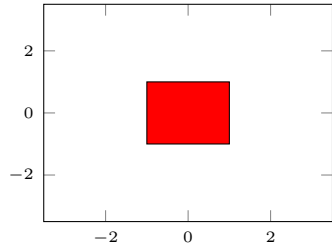


Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];  
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'r');  
>> xc = [-2 2]; yc = [-2 2];  
>> x = [xc-1; xc-1; xc+1; xc+1]  
>> y = [yc-1; yc+1; yc+1; yc-1]  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'b');  
>> set(h(1), 'FaceColor', 'r')
```

f_x >>

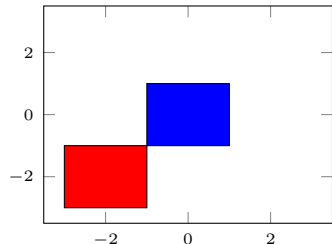
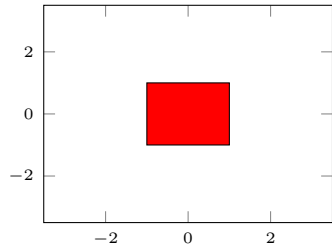


Two-dimensional filling

Command Window

```
>> x = [-1, -1, 1, 1];  
>> y = [-1, 1, 1, -1];  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'r');  
>> xc = [-2 2]; yc = [-2 2];  
>> x = [xc-1; xc-1; xc+1; xc+1]  
>> y = [yc-1; yc+1; yc+1; yc-1]  
>> h = fill(x, y, 'b');  
>> set(h(1), 'FaceColor', 'r')  
>> set(h(2), 'xdata', x(:,2)-2)
```

f_x >>



Array display

Command Window

$f_x >>$

Array display

Command Window

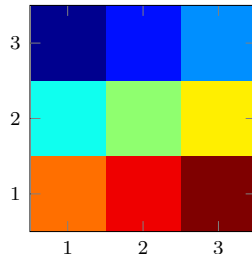
```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
```

f_x >>

Array display

Command Window

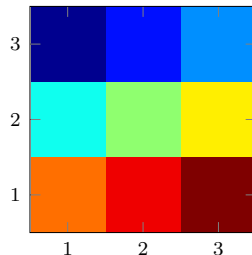
```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> imagesc(x);  
fx >>
```



Array display

Command Window

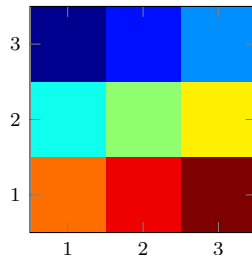
```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> imagesc(x);  
>> R = [1 0 0; 1 1 0; 1 0.5 0];  
fx>>
```



Array display

Command Window

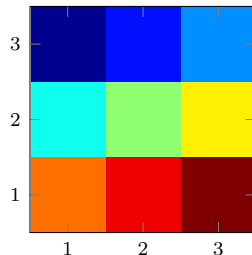
```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> imagesc(x);  
>> R = [1 0 0; 1 1 0; 1 0.5 0];  
>> G = [0 1 0; 0 1 1; 1 0.5 0];  
 $f_x$  >>
```



Array display

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];  
>> imagesc(x);  
>> R = [1 0 0; 1 1 0; 1 0.5 0];  
>> G = [0 1 0; 0 1 1; 1 0.5 0];  
>> B = [0 0 1; 1 0 1; 1 0.5 0];  
 $f_x$  >>
```



Array display

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
>> imagesc(x);
>> R = [1 0 0; 1 1 0; 1 0.5 0];
>> G = [0 1 0; 0 1 1; 1 0.5 0];
>> B = [0 0 1; 1 0 1; 1 0.5 0];
>> RGB = cat(3,R,G,B)
```

RGB(:,:,1) =

```
1.00    0    0
1.00    1.00  0
1.00    0.50  0
```

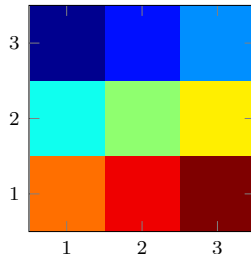
RGB(:,:,2) =

```
0    1.00    0
0    1.00    1.00
1.00  0.50    0
```

RGB(:,:,3) =

```
0    0    1.00
1.00  0    1.00
1.00  0.50  0
```

f_x >>



Array display

Command Window

```
>> x = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
>> imagesc(x);
>> R = [1 0 0; 1 1 0; 1 0.5 0];
>> G = [0 1 0; 0 1 1; 1 0.5 0];
>> B = [0 0 1; 1 0 1; 1 0.5 0];
>> RGB = cat(3,R,G,B)
```

RGB(:,:,1) =

```
1.00    0    0
1.00    1.00  0
1.00    0.50  0
```

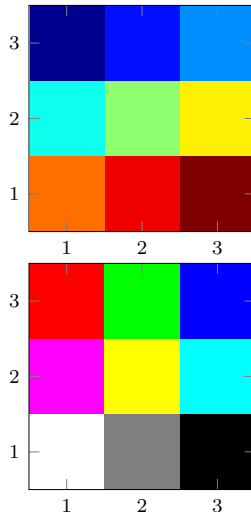
RGB(:,:,2) =

```
0    1.00    0
0    1.00    1.00
1.00  0.50    0
```

RGB(:,:,3) =

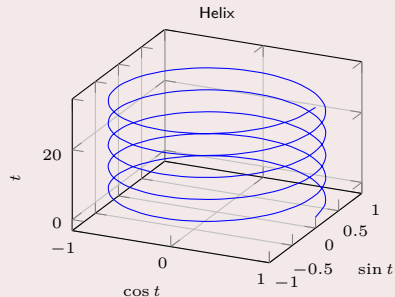
```
0    0    1.00
1.00  0    1.00
1.00  0.50  0
```

```
>> image(RGB)
```



Three-dimensional curve: Helix

```
01 t = 0:pi/50:10*pi;  
02 x = sin(t);  
03 y = cos(t);  
04 z = t;  
05 plot3(x,y,z)  
06  
07 title('Helix')  
08 xlabel('sin t')  
09 ylabel('cos t')  
10 zlabel('t')  
11 grid on
```



3D surface: supplementary function meshgrid

Command Window

$f_x >>$

(1, 1)	(2, 1)	(3, 1)
(1, 2)	(2, 2)	(3, 2)
(1, 3)	(2, 3)	(3, 3)

2	1	2
1	0	1
2	1	2

$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$
1	0	1
$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$

3D surface: supplementary function meshgrid

Command Window

```
>> [x, y] = meshgrid(1:3, 1:3)
```

x =

```
1 2 3
1 2 3
1 2 3
```

y =

```
1 1 1
2 2 2
3 3 3
```

f_x >>

(1, 1)	(2, 1)	(3, 1)
(1, 2)	(2, 2)	(3, 2)
(1, 3)	(2, 3)	(3, 3)

2	1	2
1	0	1
2	1	2

$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$
1	0	1
$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$

3D surface: supplementary function meshgrid

Command Window

```
>> [x, y] = meshgrid(1:3, 1:3)
```

x =

```
1 2 3
1 2 3
1 2 3
```

y =

```
1 1 1
2 2 2
3 3 3
```

```
>> rsq = (x-2).^2 + (y-2).^2
```

rsq =

```
2 1 2
1 0 1
2 1 2
```

f_x >>

(1,1)	(2,1)	(3,1)
(1,2)	(2,2)	(3,2)
(1,3)	(2,3)	(3,3)

2	1	2
1	0	1
2	1	2

$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$
1	0	1
$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$

3D surface: supplementary function meshgrid

Command Window

```
>> [x, y] = meshgrid(1:3, 1:3)
```

x =

```
1 2 3
1 2 3
1 2 3
```

y =

```
1 1 1
2 2 2
3 3 3
```

```
>> rsq = (x-2).^2 + (y-2).^2
```

rsq =

```
2 1 2
1 0 1
2 1 2
```

```
>> r = sqrt(rsq)
```

r =

```
1.4142 1.0000 1.4142
1.0000 0 1.0000
1.4142 1.0000 1.4142
```

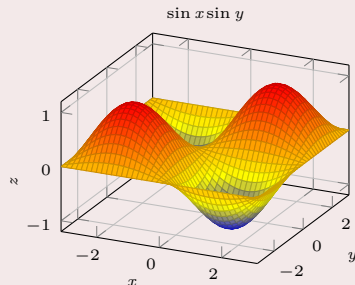
(1,1)	(2,1)	(3,1)
(1,2)	(2,2)	(3,2)
(1,3)	(2,3)	(3,3)

2	1	2
1	0	1
2	1	2

$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$
1	0	1
$\sqrt{2}$	1	$\sqrt{2}$

Three-dimensional surface: $\sin(x) \cos(y)$

```
01 [x,y] = meshgrid(-pi:0.1:pi);  
02 z = sin(x).*cos(y);  
03 mesh(x,y,z) % meshc(x,y,z)  
04  
05 surf(x,y,z) % surfc(x,y,z)  
06  
07 xlabel('x')  
08 ylabel('y')  
09 zlabel('z')  
10 title('sin x sin y')
```



M function format

M function format

```
01 function [output1, ..] = functionname(input1, ..)
02 % comment of this function
03 MatLab command 1;
04 MatLab command 2;
```

Example: Find the rectangular area

```
01 function area = rectarea(L, W)
02 %RECTAREA area of a rectangle
03 % rectarea(l, w) calculate the area of a rectangle
04 % with a length of L and a width of W
05
06 area = L .* W
```

Part II

Practice

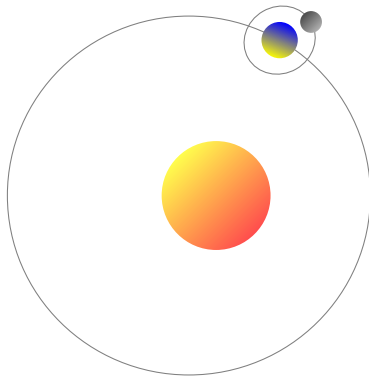
4 Multi-planet problem

- Problem
- Program
- Result

5 Monte Carlo

- Problem

Multi-planet problem



Consider a system of multiple celestial bodies (such as the "Sun, Earth, Moon" three celestial body system), and seek the motion law of each celestial body.

- The distance between celestial bodies is much larger than the size and all celestial bodies are regarded as particles.
- Each celestial body has a fixed mass, and gives the initial position and initial velocity.
- There is only gravitational force between any two celestial bodies.

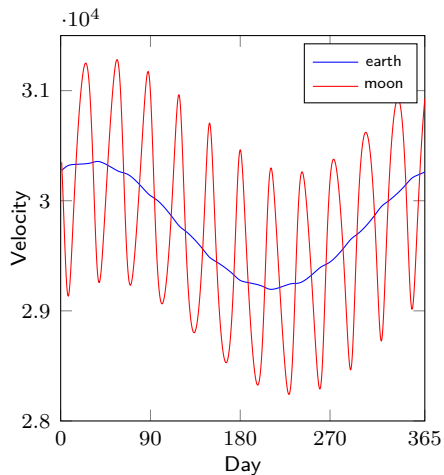
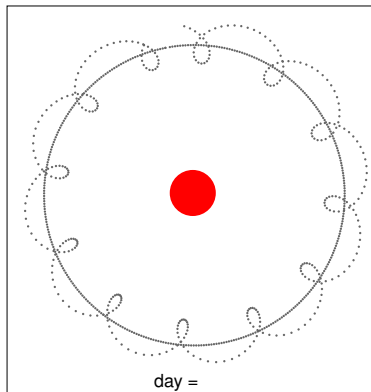
$$\mathbf{F}_{ij} = \frac{Gm_i m_j}{r_{ij}^2} \hat{\mathbf{r}}_{ij}$$

Multi-satellite problem simulation program

main.m

```
01 G = 6.67e-11; dt = 24*3600; N = 3;
02 M = [sun.mass      ; earth.mass      ; moon.mass      ];% N X 1
03 R = [sun.position; earth.position; moon.position];% N X 3
04 V = [sun.velocity; earth.velocity; moon.velocity];% N X 3
05 for t = 1:365
06     F = zeros(N,3);           % F(i,:) = [fx, fy, fz]
07     for i = 1 : N
08         mi = M(i); ri = R(i,:); % 第i个天体的质量和位置
09         for j = (i+1):N;
10             mj = M(j); rj = R(j,:);% 第j个天体的质量和位置
11             rij = rj - ri;
12             fij = G*mi*mj./(norm(rij).^3).*rij;% 万有引力
13             F([i,j],:) = F([i,j],:) + [fij; -fij];
14         end
15     end
16     V = V + F./repmat(M,1,3)*dt; % v(t+dt)=v(t)+a(t+dt)dt
17     R = R + V*dt;                % r(t+dt)=r(t)+v(t+dt)dt
18 end
```

Simulation results of the multi-satellite problem



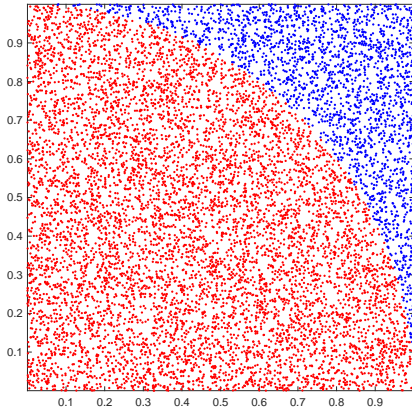
4 Multi-planet problem

- Problem
- Program
- Result

5 Monte Carlo

- Problem

Problem: Monte Carlo method for calculating pi



$$\frac{\pi}{4} \approx \frac{n_{\text{red}}}{n_{\text{red}} + n_{\text{blue}}}$$

Thank You!!!