



Thomas Watson

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github.com/watson



opbeat

Detailed activity breakdown

Simple performance breakdown that shows you where your app needs optimizing, like SQL queries, MongoDB queries, http requests to other services, etc.

Breakdown

● App ● DB ● Cache ● Template ● External

...hes/{id}([a-f0-9]{24}) 

...rod.\$cmd.findAndModify 

Redis.GET 

GET api.football-manager.com 

football-data-prod.competitions.find 

59% of endpoint call time

80.7ms per request

controllers/matches.js in common.step.competition

```
57.     delete this.match.secondHalfStart
58.
59.     if (subscription) this.match.subscription = subscription
60.
61.     competitionModel.findOne(
62.       { _id: this.match.competition._id, 'seasons._id': this.match.competit
63.         { 'seasons.$': 1 },
64.         next.parallel()

```

Committed: Rasmus 061fe58d 15w ago

Released: R#89 15w ago

18 library frames



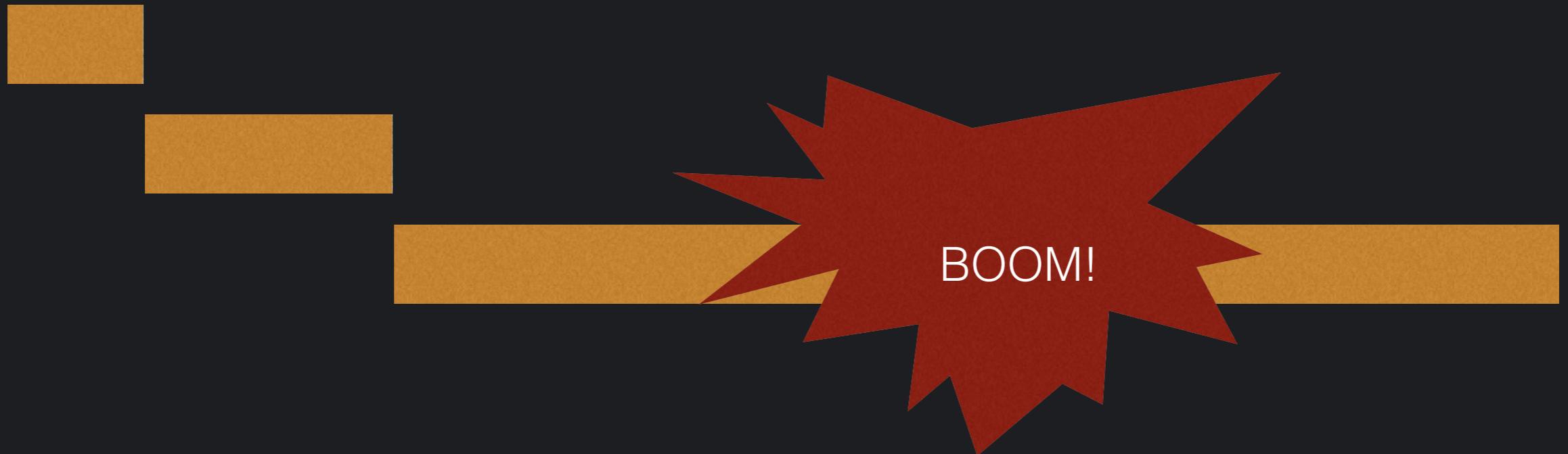


Instrumenting Node.js in production

HTTP Request lifetime



HTTP Request lifetime



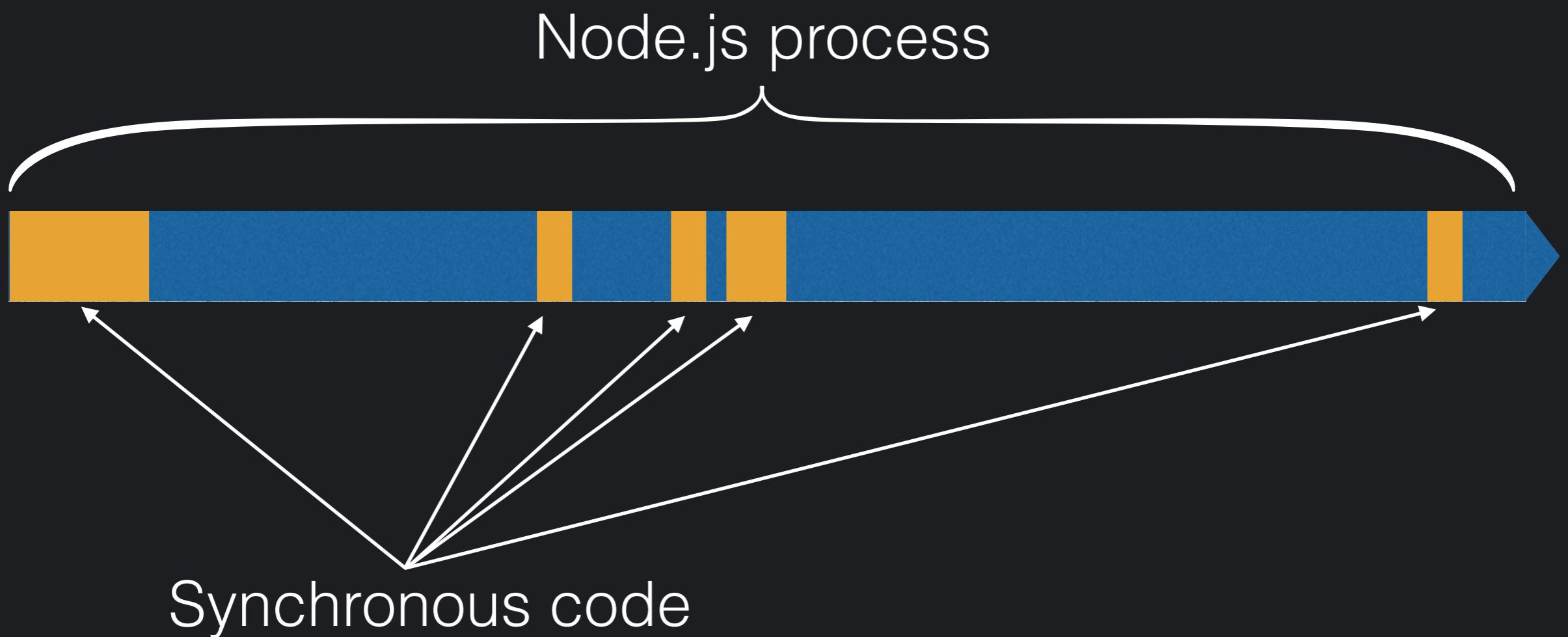
Normal solutions

- Use a global or singleton object to store context
- Pass a context object around between function calls

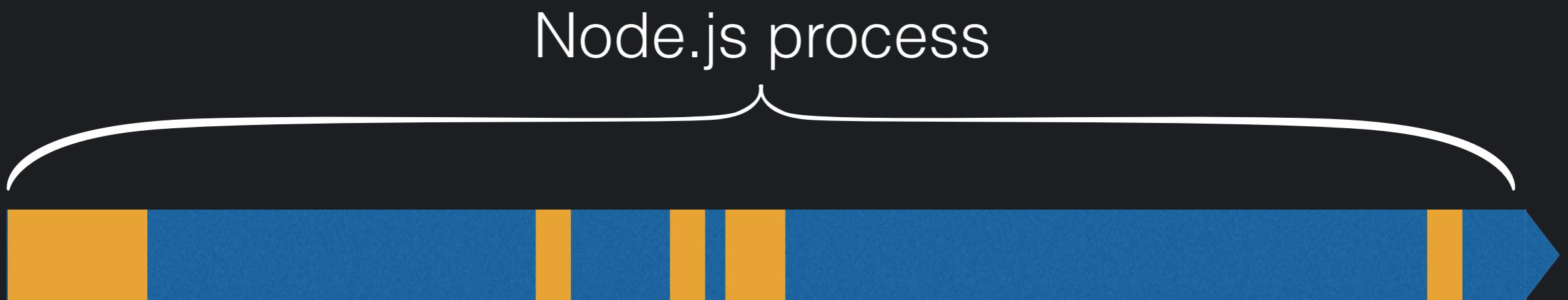
Vocabulary

- A **trace** is a measure of how long something takes, e.g. a database query or a network request
- A **transaction** is a group of traces, e.g. all traces associated with an incoming HTTP request

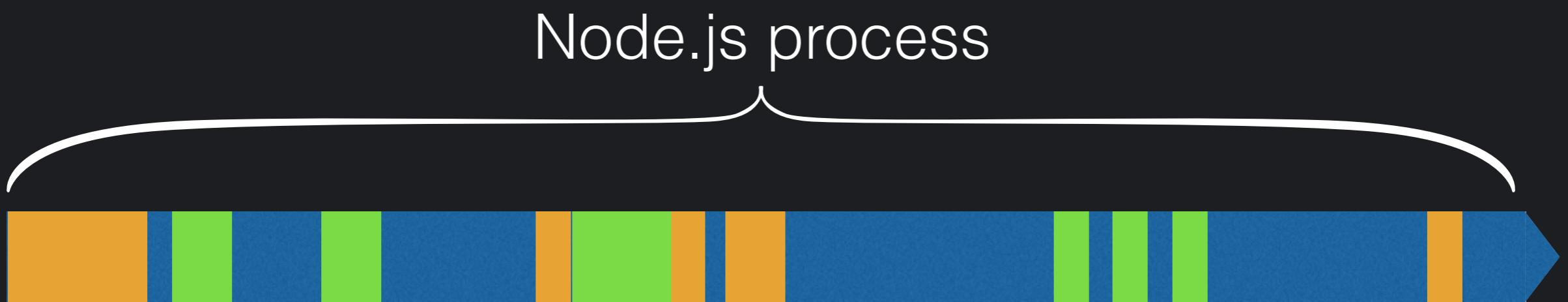
The Event Loop



The Event Loop



The Event Loop



Microservices

HTTP Request lifetime

Database query

Database query

HTTP request

Microservices

HTTP Request lifetime

Database query

Database query

HTTP request

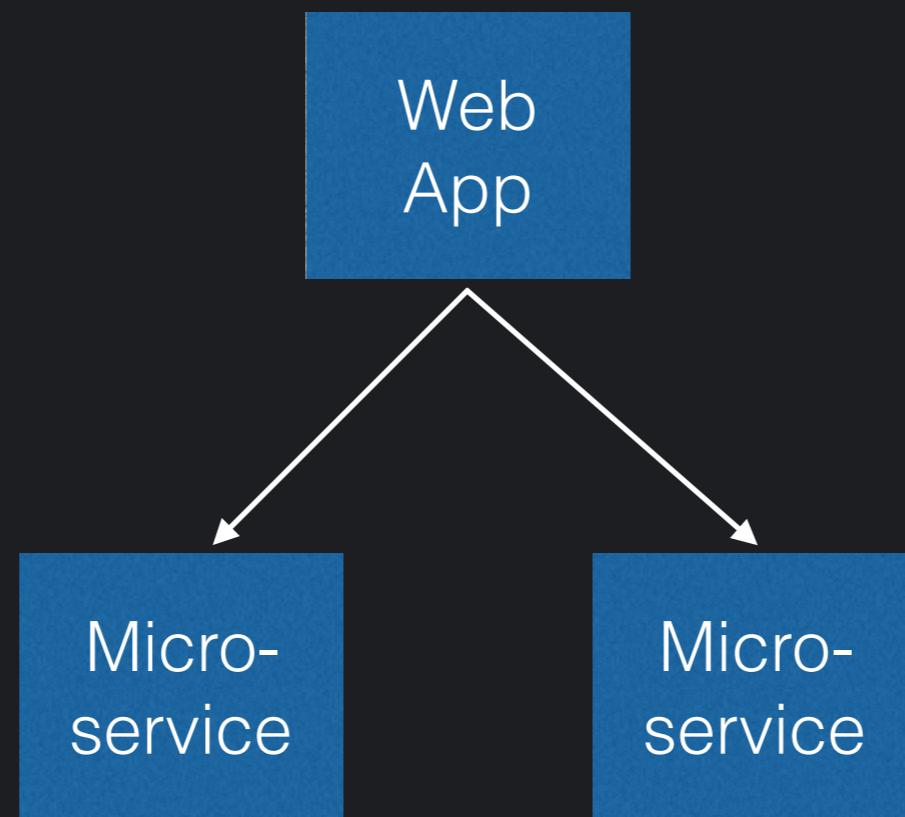
Database query

Database query

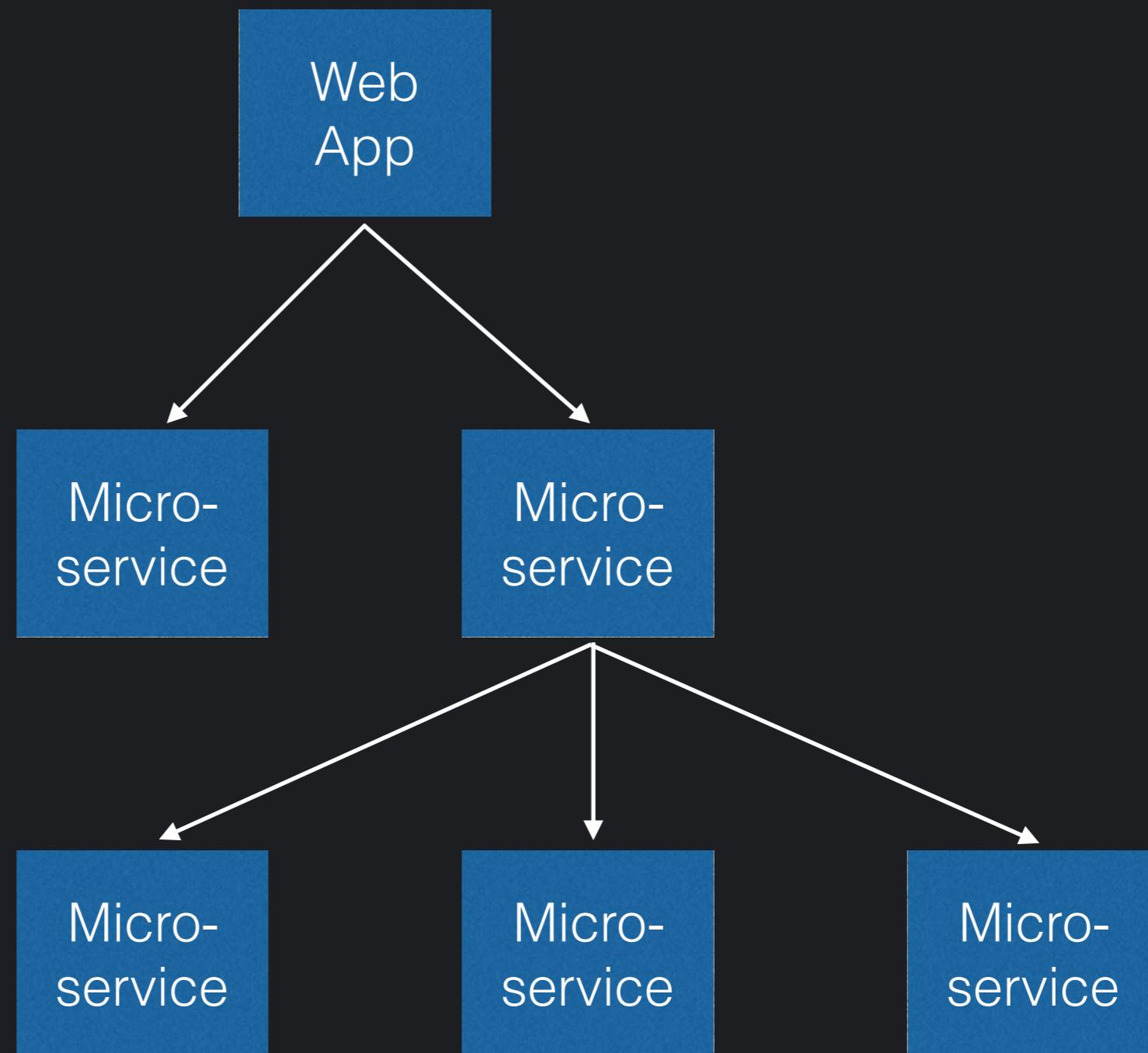
Microservices

Web
App

Microservices



Microservices



Goals

- Track HTTP request using transactions
- Instrument I/O
- Instrument potential CPU expensive operations
- Keep context across requests to microservices
- Associate exceptions with HTTP requests
- Don't manually pass context around in the app
- Plug'n'play
- Almost no overhead

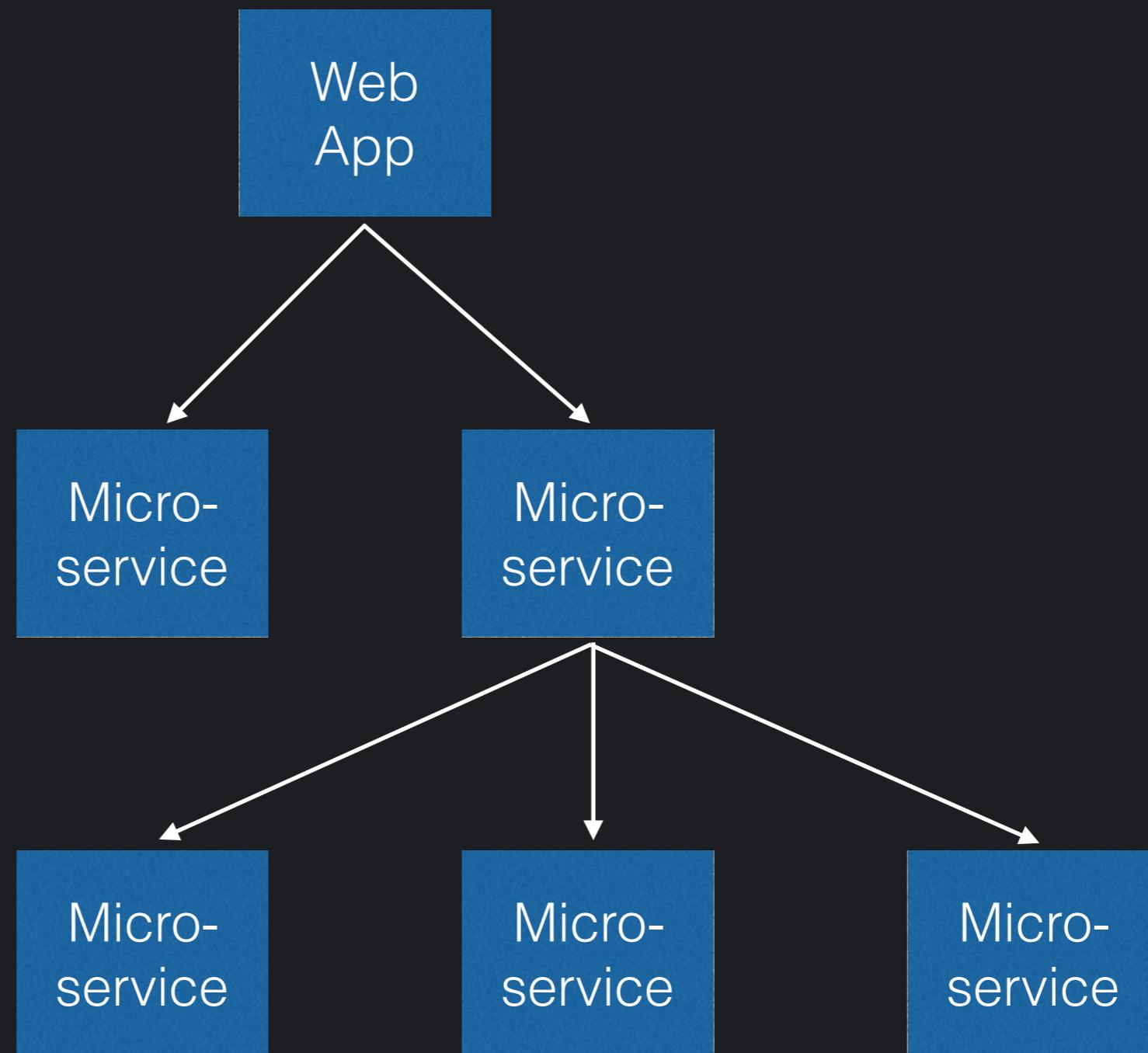
Problems

- Multiple HTTP requests active at the same time
- Not possible to associate exceptions with origin HTTP request
- No API to pass context across the async boundary
- How do we keep context across requests to microservices?

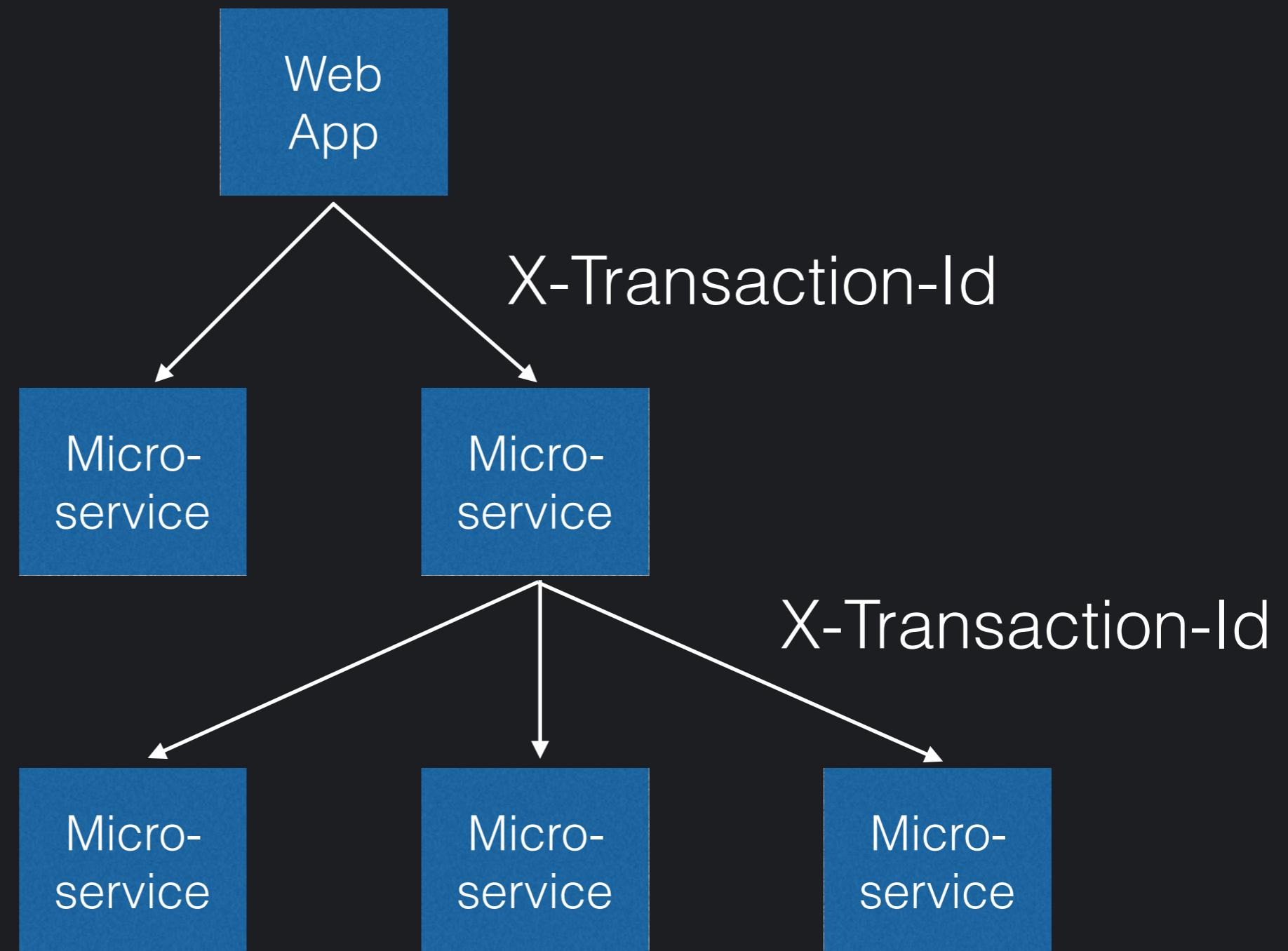
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Microservices



Microservices



Problems

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- How do we keep context across requests to microservices?

Solution

1. Record context when a callback is queued on the event loop
2. Restore context when the callback is dequeued from the event loop

Solution

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global.currentTransaction = new Transaction(req)
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1. Record context when a callback is queued on the event loop
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-
- The diagram consists of two orange arrows originating from the text "global.currentTransaction" located in the middle-right portion of the slide. One arrow points upwards towards the first step in the list, and the other points downwards towards the second step.

AsyncWrap

<https://github.com/nodejs/tracing-wg>

```
var asyncWrap = process.binding('async_wrap')
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asyncWrap.setupHooks(init, pre, post, destroy)
asyncWrap.enable()
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function init (uid, provider, parentUid, parentHandle) {
  log('async_wrap: init')
}

function pre (uid) {
  log('async_wrap: pre')
}

function post (uid) {
  log('async_wrap: post')
}

function destroy (uid) {
  log('async_wrap: destroy')
}
```

```
function post (uid) {
  log('async_wrap: post')
}

function destroy (uid) {
  log('async_wrap: destroy')
}

var fs = require('fs')

log('user: before')
fs.open(__filename, 'r', function (err, fd) {
  log('user: done')
})
log('user: after')
```

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async_wrap: pre
user: done
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var fs = require('fs')

console.log('user: before')
fs.open(__filename, 'r', function (err, fd) {
  console.log('user: done')
})
console.log('user: after')
```

```
fs.writeFileSync(1, util.format('%s\n', msg))
```

```
fs.writeFileSync(1, util.format('%s\n', msg))  
  
process._rawDebug(msg)
```

```
var asyncWrap = process.binding('async_wrap')

asyncWrap.setupHooks(init, pre, post, destroy)
asyncWrap.enable()

function init (uid, provider, parentUid, parentHandle) {
  process._rawDebug('async_wrap: init')
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  process._rawDebug('async_wrap: post')
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var fs = require('fs')

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fs.open(__filename, 'r', function (err, fd) {
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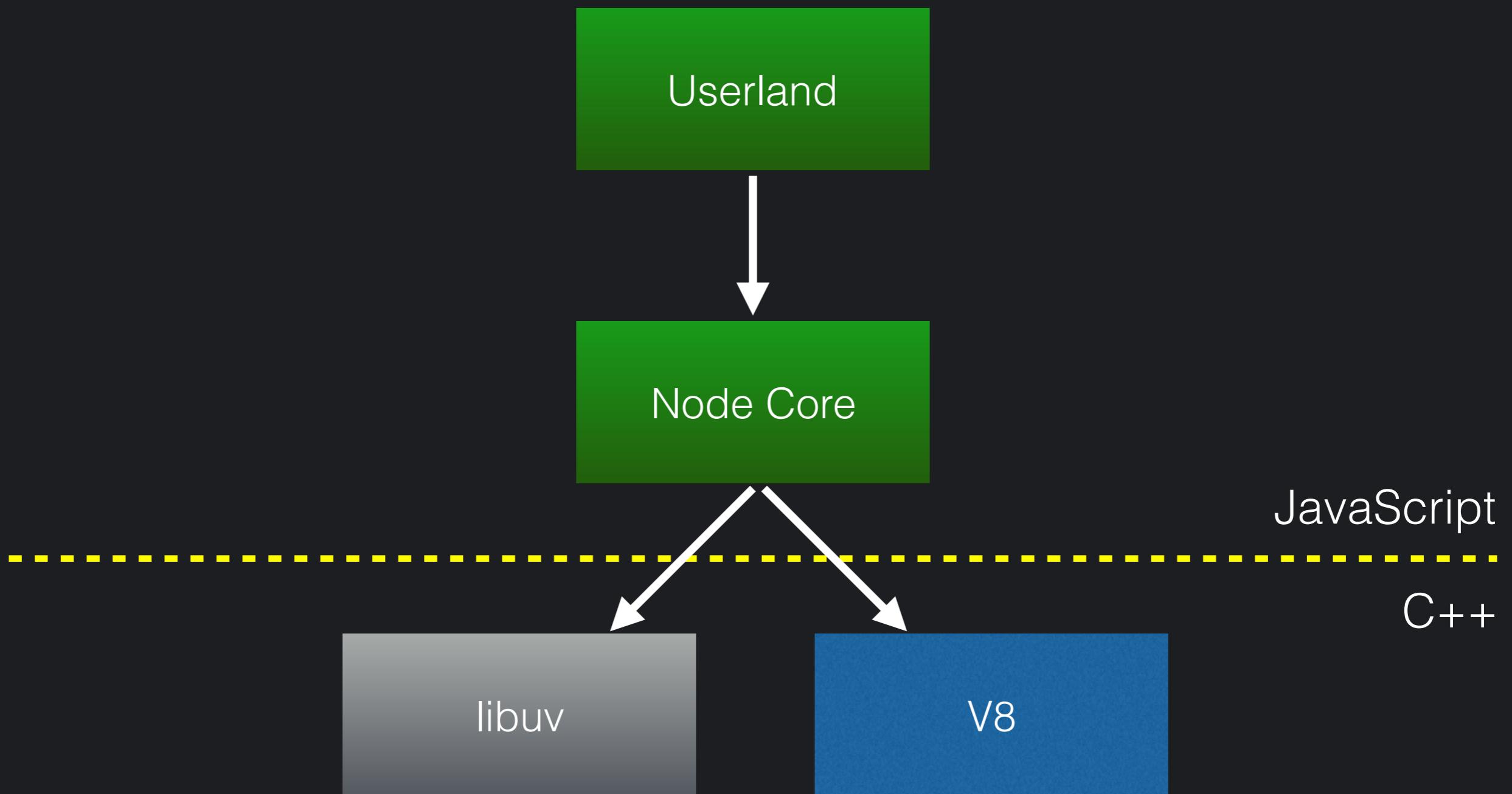
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user: before
async_wrap: init
user: after
async_wrap: pre
user: done
async_wrap: post
async_wrap: destroy
```

```
function init (uid, provider, parentUid, parentHandle) {  
    // this      => current handle  
    // uid       => 1, 2, 3...  
    // provider   => 0 - 23 (asyncWrap.Providers)  
    // parentUid  => 1, 2, 3...  
    // parentHandle => parent `this`  
}
```

```
> var asyncWrap = process.binding('async_wrap')
undefined
> asyncWrap.Providers
{ NONE: 0,
  CRYPTO: 1,
  FSEVENTWRAP: 2,
  FSREQWRAP: 3,
  GETADDRINFORQWRAP: 4,
  GETNAMEINFORQWRAP: 5,
  HTTPPARSER: 6,
  JSSTREAM: 7,
  PIPEWRAP: 8,
  PIPECONNECTWRAP: 9,
  PROCESSWRAP: 10,
  QUERYWRAP: 11,
  SHUTDOWNWRAP: 12,
  SIGNALWRAP: 13,
  STATWATCHER: 14,
  TCPWRAP: 15,
  TCPCONNECTWRAP: 16,
  TIMERWRAP: 17,
  TLSWRAP: 18,
  TTYWRAP: 19,
  UDPWRAP: 20,
  UDPSENDWRAP: 21,
  WRITEWRAP: 22,
  ZLIB: 23 }
```

```
function init (uid, provider, parentUid, parentHandle) {  
    // this      => current handle  
    // uid       => 1, 2, 3...  
    // provider   => 0 - 23 (asyncWrap.Providers)  
    // parentUid  => 1, 2, 3...  
    // parentHandle => parent `this`  
}
```

Handle Objects



Handle Objects

```
const TCPConnectWrap = process.binding('tcp_wrap').TCPConnectWrap;
const TCP = process.binding('tcp_wrap').TCP;

const req = new TCPConnectWrap();
req.oncomplete = oncomplete;
req.address = address;
req.port = port;

const socket = new TCP();
socket.onread = onread;
socket.connect(req, address, port);

// later
socket.destroy();
```

Handle Objects

```
const TCPConnectWrap = process.binding('tcp_wrap').TCPConnectWrap;
const TCP = process.binding('tcp_wrap').TCP;

const req = new TCPConnectWrap();
req.oncomplete = oncomplete;
req.address = address;
req.port = port;                                req === this

const socket = new TCP();
socket.onread = onread;
socket.connect(req, address, port);               socket === this

// later
socket.destroy();
```

Timers

```
log('user: before #1')
setTimeout(function () {
  log('user: done #1')
}, 2000)
log('user: after #1')

log('user: before #2')
setTimeout(function () {
  log('user: done #2')
}, 2000)
log('user: after #2')
```

Timers

```
log('user: before #1')
setTimeout(function () {
  log('user: done #1')
}, 2000)
log('user: after #1')

log('user: before #2')
setTimeout(function () {
  log('user: done #2')
}, 2000)
log('user: after #2')
```

```
user: before #1
async_wrap: init
user: after #1
user: before #2
user: after #2
```

Timers

```
log('user: before #1')
setTimeout(function () {
  log('user: done #1')
}, 2000)
log('user: after #1')

log('user: before #2')
setTimeout(function () {
  log('user: done #2')
}, 2000)
log('user: after #2')
```

```
user: before #1
async_wrap: init
user: after #1
user: before #2
user: after #2
```

```
async_wrap: pre
user: done #1
user: done #2
async_wrap: post
async_wrap: destroy
```

AsyncWrap Gotchas

- Handle creation time
- console.log
- process.nextTick
- Timers
- Promises
- Multiple AsyncWrap's

Slides & Code

github.com/watson/talks



Thank you!

Any questions?

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github.com/watson

