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2*Lab 09: Semaphore Implementation
4#include "sl_component_catalog.h"
5#include "sl_system_init.h"
6#include "app.h"
7#if defined(SL CATALOG POWER MANAGER PRESENT)
8 #include "sl_power_manager.h"
9#endif
10#if defined(SL_CATALOG_KERNEL_PRESENT)
11#include "sl_system_kernel.h"
12#else // SL_CATALOG_KERNEL_PRESENT
13#include "sl_system_process_action.h"
14#endif // SL_CATALOG_KERNEL_PRESENT
15 #include "em_device.h"
16 #include "em_chip.h"
18 #include "segmentlcd.h"
21 * Extern Includes for Lab04
23 extern void task_A(), task_B(), task_C(), task_D();
25 extern void Yield();
26 extern void SysTick Handler(void);
27
29#define NUM_TASKS 5 // number of real-time tasks plus one
31//create a struct for the semaphores
32 typedef struct
33 {
34 int32 t id;
35 int32_t count;
36 } semaphore;
37
38 typedef struct
39 {
40 uint32_t *stack_pointer;
41 uint32_t ready_time; // not used yet but will be later
42 int32_t priority; // not used yet but may be later
43 semaphore *smphr; //address of the semaphore
44 } TaskControlBlock;
45 TaskControlBlock TCB[NUM_TASKS];
47//create the semaphores and initialize them to NULL like in lab08
48 semaphore semA;
49 semaphore semB;
50 semaphore semC;
51 semaphore semD;
53 semaphore semLCD; // semaphore for LCD display
54 semaphore semCD; // semaphore for CD
56//use the same tick_count and prog variables from lab08
57 int tick_count = 0;
```

```
58 int prog = 0;
 60//use the same s and n variables from lab08
 61 char s[8]; // string for LCD display
 62 int n; // number for LCD display
 64 volatile TaskControlBlock *CurrentTask = TCB;
 65 const volatile uint32_t SystemTick = 0; //SystemTick is found in context.s
67// stack space for each task
 68 uint32_t stack1[100];
69 uint32_t stack2[100];
 70 uint32_t stack3[100];
 71 uint32_t stack4[100];
 73 void SemaphoreCreate(semaphore *sem, int32_t id, int32_t count)
 74 {
 75
    sem->id = id;
 76
     sem->count = count;
 77 }
 78
 79 void give_semaphore(semaphore *sem)
 80 {
 81
       _disable_irq();
    if(sem->count > 0)
 82
 83
 84
       sem->count ++;
 85
    }
 86
    else
 87
    {
 88
       sem->count = 1;
 89
       int highest = 0;
 90
       int index = 0;
91
       for(int i = 1; i < NUM_TASKS; i++)</pre>
 92
 93
         if(TCB[i].smphr == sem && TCB[i].priority > highest)
 94
 95
             highest = TCB[i].priority;
 96
             index = i;
 97
 98
       if(index == 0)// There are three (3) different cases that could happen
99
100
            __enable_irq();
101
102
           return;
103
104
       else if(TCB[index].priority > CurrentTask->priority)
105
106
           TCB[index].smphr = 0;
107
            _enable_irq(); //make sure this is before Yield();
           Yield();
108
109
           return;
110
       }
       else
111
112
       {
113
           TCB[index].smphr = 0;
           __enable_irq();
114
```

```
main.c
115
           return;
116
       }
117
    }
118 }
119
120 void take_semaphore(semaphore *sem)
121 {
122
      _disable_irq();
     if(sem->count > 0){sem->count--;}
123
124
     else
125
    {
126
       CurrentTask->smphr = sem;
127
        _enable_irq();
128
       Yield();
129
       //__disable_irq();
130
       sem->count--;
131 }
132
     __enable_irq();
133 }
134
135// create a new task, set up the stack frame and mark it ready-to-go
136 void CreateTask(int task, void (*funct)(), void *stack, uint32_t stack_words, uint32_t
   priority, uint32_t ready_time)
137 {
138 uint32_t *ptr = (uint32_t *)stack + (stack_words-1); // last byte of stack
    *ptr-- = 0x01000000; // xPSR, Thumb state only
139
    *ptr-- = (uint32 t)funct;
141 for (int i=0; i<6; ++i) *ptr-- = 0; // lr, r12, r3, r2, r1, r0
142
    *ptr = -7; // exception link register
143
    for (int i=0; i<8; ++i) *--ptr = 0; // r11, r10, r9, r8, r7, r6, r5, r4
144
    TCB[task].stack_pointer = ptr;
     TCB[task].ready_time = ready_time;
     TCB[task].priority = priority;
146
147 }
148
149 void vWaitUntil(int i)
151 CurrentTask->ready_time = i;
152 Yield();
153 }
154
155 void TaskA(void *params)
156 {
157 int release time = 10; // release all tasks at t = 10
    (void) params; // suppress warning
159
    for(;;)
160
     {
161
       vWaitUntil(release_time);
162
       task_A();
163
       release_time += 3; //period of task A
164
    }
165 }
166
167 void TaskB(void *params)
168 {
169
     int release_time = 10; // release all tasks at t = 10
170
    (void) params; // suppress warning
```

```
171
    for(;;)
172
    {
173
       vWaitUntil(release_time);
174
       task_B();
175
       release_time += 125; //period of task B
176
       take_semaphore(&semLCD); // wait for LCD semaphore
177
       SegmentLCD_ARing(prog,0); // turn off previous segment
178
       prog = (prog +1) \& 7;
179
       SegmentLCD_ARing(prog,1); // turn on next segment
180
       give_semaphore(&semLCD); // give LCD semaphore
181 }
182 }
183
184 void TaskC(void *params)
185 {
     int release_time = 10; // release all tasks at t = 10
186
187
     (void) params; // suppress warning
188
    for(;;)
189
190
       vWaitUntil(release_time);
191
       take_semaphore(&semCD);
192
       task_C(s);
193
       release_time += 29; //period of task C
194
       give_semaphore(&semCD);
195
       take semaphore(&semLCD);
196
       SegmentLCD_Write(s);
197
       give semaphore(&semLCD);
198 }
199 }
200
201 void TaskD(void *params)
202 {
203
     int release_time = 10; // release all tasks at t = 10
204
     (void) params; // suppress warning
205
     for(;;)
206
     {
207
       vWaitUntil(release_time);
208
       take_semaphore(&semCD);
209
       task_D(&n);
210
       release_time += 49; //period of task D
211
       give_semaphore(&semCD);
212
       take semaphore(&semLCD);
213
       SegmentLCD_Number(n);
214
       give semaphore(&semLCD);
215
     }
216 }
217
218 TaskControlBlock* scheduler()
219 {
220 int highest_priority = 0;
221
     int highest priority task = 0;
222
     for(int i=1; i<NUM_TASKS; i++)</pre>
223
224
       if(TCB[i].priority < 1){continue;}</pre>
225
       if(SystemTick >= TCB[i].ready_time && TCB[i].smphr == 0)
226
227
         if(TCB[i].priority > highest_priority)
```

main.c

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228
           highest priority = TCB[i].priority;
229
230
           highest_priority_task = i;
231
232
       }
    }
233
234 return TCB+highest priority task;
235 }
236
237 int idle_count = 0; // used to count idle time
239 int main(void)
240 {
241 SystemCoreClock = 14000000; // 14 MHz for this device
    // Vendor function to work around bugs in some versions of the hardware
242
243 CHIP_Init();
    // Initialize the LCD
245
     SegmentLCD_Init(false);
246
     // Write to the display
247
     SegmentLCD_Number(1234);
248
     SegmentLCD_Write("HELLO");
249
250
    // create the semaphores
251
252
     SemaphoreCreate(&semLCD, 1, 1); //semaphore &semLCD, id 1, count 1
253
     SemaphoreCreate(&semCD, 2, 1); //semaphore &semCD, id 2, count 1
254
255
     // configure 1ms timer tick
256
     if (SysTick_Config(1*SystemCoreClock / 1000)) while (1);
257
258
    // create the real-time tasks
259
    CreateTask(1,TaskA,stack1,100,4,0);
260 CreateTask(2,TaskB,stack2,100,3,0);
261
     CreateTask(3,TaskC,stack3,100,2,0);
262
     CreateTask(4,TaskD,stack4,100,1,0);
263
264
    /* Infinite loop for aperiodic and sporadic tasks */
265
     while (1)
266
    {
267
     idle_count++;
268 }
269 }
270
271
```