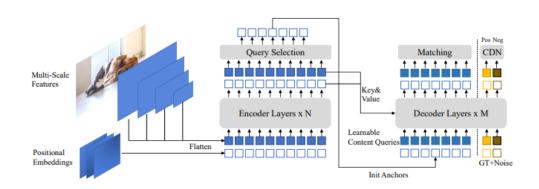
# DINO: DETR with Improved DeNoising Anchor Boxes for End-to-End Object Detection

#### 1. Architecture



首先給定一張圖像,使用 backebone 為例如 ResNet 或 Swin Transformer,從圖像中提取多尺度的特徵。這些多尺度特徵經過提取後,被丟入一個 Transformer 編碼器,同時伴隨相對應的位置嵌入。特徵通過編碼器層進行增強處理,作者提出了一種新的" mixed query selection strategy",用來初始化解碼器的位置查詢,這些位置查詢也被稱為 "anchors",有了初始化的位置查詢和可學習的內容查詢, 作者使用"deformable attention"來結合編碼器輸出的特徵,並逐層更新查詢,最終輸出由經過改進的 anchor boxes 和內容特徵預測的分類結果組成。

## 2. AP

Average	Precision	(AP)	@[	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= all	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.507
Average	Precision	(AP)	9[	IoU=0.50	area= all	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.784
Average	Precision	(AP)	0[	IoU=0.75	area= all	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.524
Average	Precision	(AP)	@[	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= small	maxDets=100	= 0.188
Average	Precision	(AP)	9[	IoU=0.50:0.95	area=medium	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.416
Average	Precision	(AP)	19	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= large	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.636
Average	Recall	(AR)	19	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= all	maxDets= 1 ]	= 0.244
Average	Recall	(AR)	0[	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= all	maxDets= 10 ]	= 0.543
Average	Recall	(AR)	9[	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= all	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.675
Average	Recall	(AR)	9[	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= small	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.400
Average	Recall	(AR)	19	IoU=0.50:0.95	area=medium	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.615
Average	Recall	(AR)	19	IoU=0.50:0.95	area= large	maxDets=100 ]	= 0.765
Training	time 0:04:	23					

### 3. Code

```
num_work=2
```

num\_class=8

epoch=12

將 models/dino.py 中的 717 行修改為

match\_unstable\_error=args.match\_unstable\_error

dn\_labelbook\_size = args.dn\_labelbook\_size

if dn\_labelbook\_size < num\_classes:</pre>

dn\_labelbook\_size = num\_classes

- 一個視覺化的 testvisual. py
- 一個產生 output. json 的 testwrite. py

# Visualization

