

# PYTHON EXAMPLES

WILLIAM BLACK

## 1. STREAMPLOTS

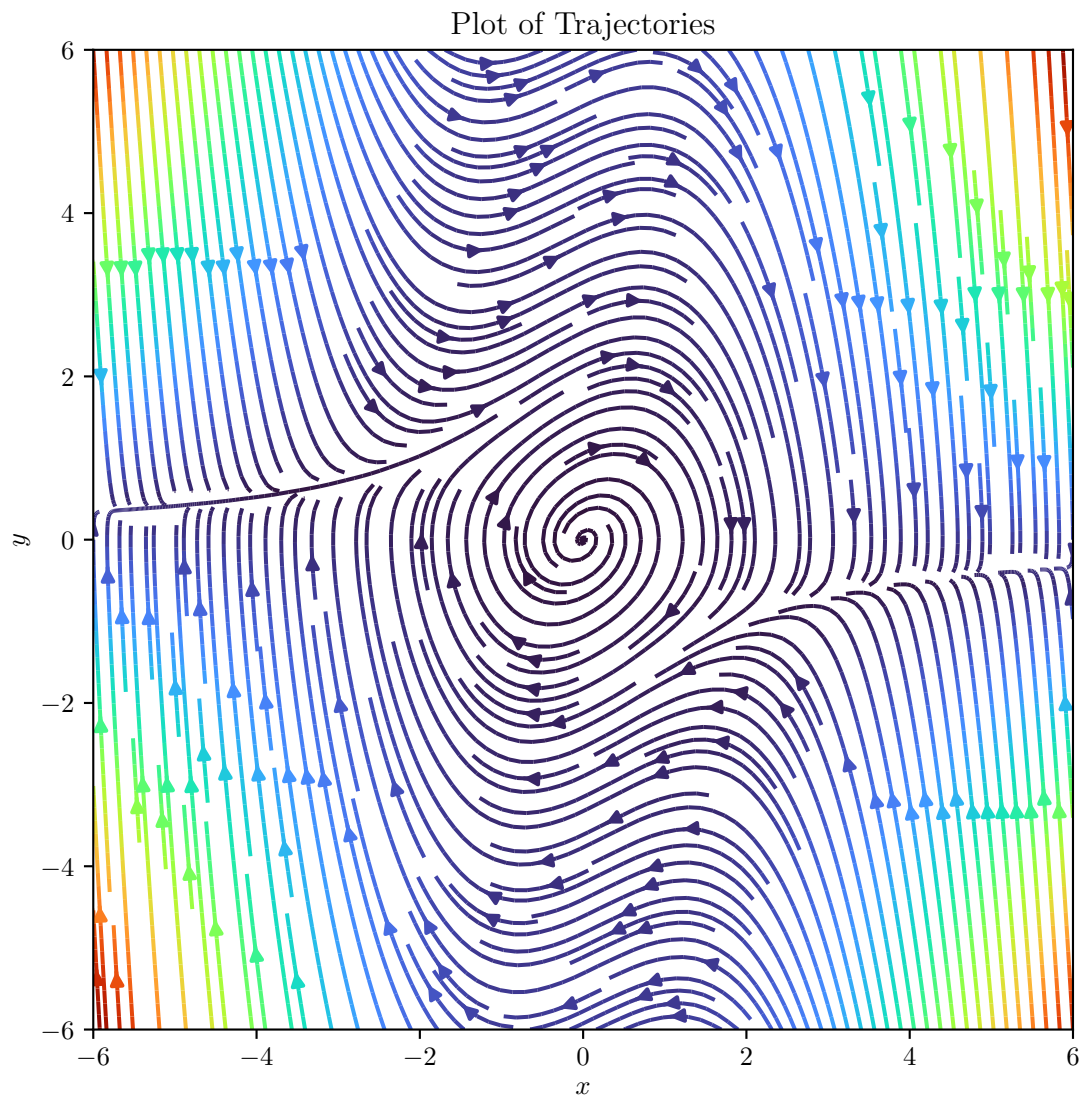


FIGURE 1. This is a plot of the Van der Pol system with  $\epsilon = 0.5$ . Note that the pgf format creates vector images that can be zoomed.

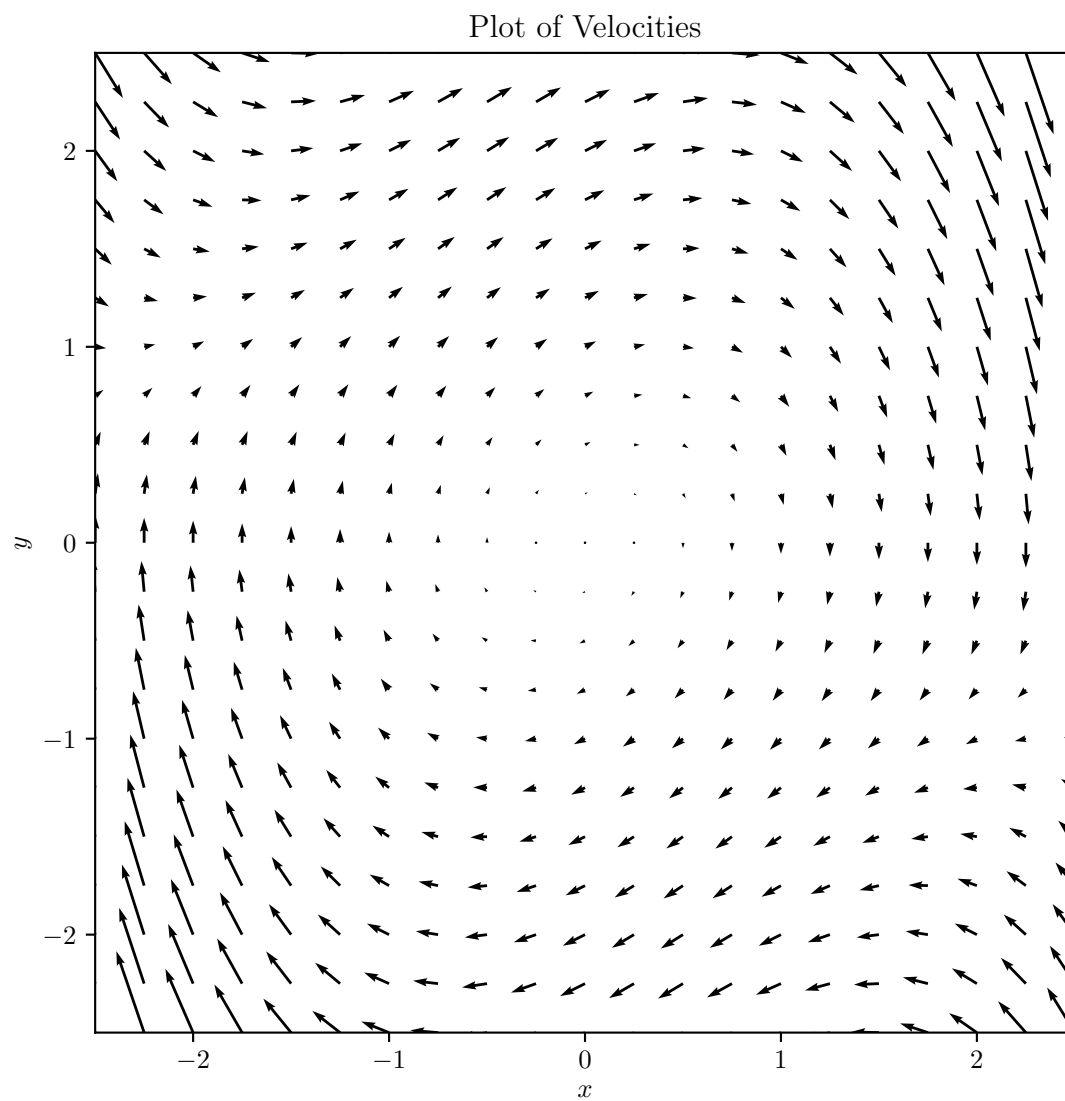
```

1  """
2  streamplot.py
3  By William Black
4
5  This script outputs a streamplot for the Van der Pol system to pgf to be used in LaTeX.
6  """
7  import numpy as np
8  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
9  from numpy.linalg import norm
10
11  plt.rcParams.update({ ## This will make the plots render in native LaTeX in your PDF.
12      "text.usetex": True,
13      "font.family": "serif",
14      "pgf.texsystem" : "pdflatex",
15      "axes.unicode_minus" : False,
16      "text.latex.preamble" : r"\usepackage{amsmath,amsfonts,amssymb,mathtools}"
17  })
18
19  def vanderpol(x, y, eps=1.): ## Default value of 1. for eps
20      return np.stack([y,
21                      eps * (1 - x**2) * y - x])
22
23
24  if __name__ == "__main__":
25      xlim = (-6., 6.)
26      ylim = (-6., 6.)
27      N = 20 ## Number of gridpoints per dimension
28
29      X = np.linspace(*xlim, num=1+N) ## Using the unpacking operator *
30      Y = np.linspace(*ylim, num=1+N)
31
32      Xg, Yg = np.meshgrid(X, Y) ## g for grid
33
34      Xv, Yv = vanderpol(Xg, Yg, eps=0.5)
35
36      color = norm(np.stack([Xv, Yv])), ord=2, axis=0)
37
38      plt.figure(figsize=(6., 6.))
39      plt.gca().set_aspect("equal", adjustable="box")
40
41      plt.xlim(*xlim)
42      plt.ylim(*ylim)
43
44      plt.streamplot(
45          X,
46          Y,
47          Xv,
48          Yv,
49          density=2.5,
50          arrowsize=1.,
51          color=color,
52          cmap=plt.get_cmap("turbo")
53      )

```

```
54  
55     plt.xlabel("$x$")  
56     plt.ylabel("$y$")  
57     plt.title("Plot of Trajectories")  
58     plt.tight_layout()  
59     plt.savefig("streamplot.pgf") ## You can change pdf to png or other formats
```

## 2. VELOCITY PLOTS



```

1  """
2  velocityplot.py
3  By William Black
4
5  This script outputs a velocityplot for the Van der Pol system to pgf to be used in LaTeX.
6  """
7  import numpy as np
8  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
9  from numpy.linalg import norm
10
11  plt.rcParams.update({ ## This will make the plots render in native LaTeX in your PDF.
12      "text.usetex": True,
13      "font.family": "serif",
14      "pgf.texsystem" : "pdflatex",
15      "axes.unicode_minus" : False,
16      "text.latex.preamble" : r"\usepackage{amsmath,amsfonts,amssymb,mathtools}"
17  })
18
19  def vanderpol(x, y, eps=1.): ## Default value of 1. for eps
20      return np.stack([y,
21                      eps * (1 - x**2) * y - x])
22
23
24  if __name__ == "__main__":
25      xlim = (-2.5, 2.5)
26      ylim = (-2.5, 2.5)
27      N = 20 ## Number of gridpoints per dimension
28
29      X = np.linspace(*xlim, num=1+N) ## Using the unpacking operator *
30      Y = np.linspace(*ylim, num=1+N)
31
32      Xg, Yg = np.meshgrid(X, Y) ## g for grid
33
34      Xv, Yv = vanderpol(Xg, Yg, eps=0.5) ## v for velocity vector
35
36      plt.figure(figsize=(6., 6.))
37      plt.gca().set_aspect("equal", adjustable="box")
38
39      plt.xlim(*xlim)
40      plt.ylim(*ylim)
41
42      plt.quiver(
43          X,
44          Y,
45          Xv,
46          Yv,
47          units="xy"
48      )
49
50      plt.xlabel("$x$")
51      plt.ylabel("$y$")
52      plt.title("Plot of Velocities")

```

```
53 plt.tight_layout()  
54 plt.savefig("velocityplot.pdf") ## You can change pdf to png or other formats
```