

# **FIN 514: Problem Set #6**

Due on Wednesday, April 25, 2018

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## Problem 1

(a) By Ito's product rule,  $dY(t)$  satisfies the following equation.

$$\begin{aligned} dY(t) &= B_P(t)dS(t) + S(t)dB_P(t) + dB_P(t)dS(t) \\ &= B_P(t)[\mu S(t)dt + \sigma S(t)dX(t)] + r_P S(t)B_P(t)dt \\ &= (\mu + r_P)Y(t)dt + \sigma Y(t)dX(t) \end{aligned}$$

In order to find martingale measure with respect to  $B(t)$  as a numeraire, dynamics of  $Y(t)/B(t)$  is derived as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} d\left(\frac{Y(t)}{B(t)}\right) &= Y(t)d\left(\frac{1}{B(t)}\right) + \frac{1}{B(t)}dY(t) + dY(t)d\left(\frac{1}{B(t)}\right) \\ d\left(\frac{1}{B(t)}\right) &= -\frac{1}{B^2(t)}dB(t) \\ &= -\frac{1}{B^2(t)}rB(t)dt = -r\frac{1}{B(t)}dt \\ \Rightarrow d\left(\frac{Y(t)}{B(t)}\right) &= Y(t)\left(-r\frac{1}{B(t)}dt\right) + \frac{1}{B(t)}[(\mu + r_P)Y(t)dt + \sigma Y(t)dX(t)] \\ &= (\mu + r_P - r)\frac{Y(t)}{B(t)}dt + \sigma\frac{Y(t)}{B(t)}dX(t) \end{aligned}$$

By Girsanov's theorem, there exists a probability measure such that  $\tilde{X}(t) = X(t) + \int_0^t \frac{\mu + r_P - r}{\sigma} ds$  is a brownian motion under the measure. Therefore, by plugging  $dX(t) = d\tilde{X}(t) - \frac{\mu + r_P - r}{\sigma} dt$  into the equation above, then  $d\left(\frac{Y(t)}{B(t)}\right)$  becomes  $\sigma\frac{Y(t)}{B(t)}d\tilde{X}(t)$ , hence becomes martingale because there is no drift. Therefore, from the perspective of U.S dollar investor, under risk-neutral measure,  $dX(t) = d\tilde{X}(t) - \frac{\mu + r_P - r}{\sigma} dt$ . By plugging it into dynamics of  $Y(t)$ , we can find dynamics of the U.S price of a GBP bond under risk-neutral measure as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} dY(t) &= (\mu + r_P)Y(t)dt + \sigma Y(t)dX(t) \\ &= (\mu + r_P)Y(t)dt + \sigma Y(t)\left[d\tilde{X}(t) - \frac{\mu + r_P - r}{\sigma} dt\right] \\ &= rY(t)dt + \sigma Y(t)d\tilde{X}(t) \end{aligned}$$

And it is consistent with the fact that expected return of every tradable asset is risk-free rate under risk-neutral measure.

(b)

(c)

## Problem 2

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

### **Problem 3**

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)

(g)

(h)

(i)