

# **FIN 591: Homework #1**

Due on Monday, February 5, 2018

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## Problem 1

- a. (*Short selling restriction*) If an investor cannot sell short risky asset, the amount of investment in risky asset should be nonnegative. Therefore, the maximization problem is stated as the following equation.

$$\begin{aligned} \max_A E[U(\widetilde{W})] &= \max_A E[U(W_0(1 + r_f) + A(\widetilde{r} - r_f))] \\ \text{subject to } A &\geq 0 \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

The maximization problem (1) is equivalent to

$$\max_A E[U(W_0(1 + r_f) + A(\widetilde{r} - r_f))] + \lambda A \quad (2)$$

By applying Kuhn-Tucker conditions, the value of  $A$  maximizing expected utility must satisfy the following conditions.

$$\begin{aligned} E[U'(\widetilde{W})(\widetilde{r} - r_f)] + \lambda &= 0 \\ A &\geq 0 \\ AE[U'(\widetilde{W})(\widetilde{r} - r_f)] &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

- b. A restriction of riskless borrowing implies that the dollar amount of investment in riskless asset should be nonnegative. It leads to the following maximization problem.

$$\begin{aligned} \max_A E[U(\widetilde{W})] &= \max_A E[U(W_0(1 + r_f) + A(\widetilde{r} - r_f))] \\ \text{subject to } W_0 - A &\geq 0 \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

From the analogy of problem 1.a, the value of  $A$  which maximizes expected utility must satisfy the following first order conditions.

$$\begin{aligned} E[U'(\widetilde{W})(\widetilde{r} - r_f)] + \lambda &= 0 \\ W_0 - A &\geq 0 \\ (W_0 - A)E[U'(\widetilde{W})(\widetilde{r} - r_f)] &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

## Problem 2

## Problem 3

## Problem 4

a.

b.