Poetry

Man will Wahrheit, man will Wirklichkeit und verdirbt dadurch die Poesie. (Johann Wolfgang von Goethe)

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In the following paragraphs we discuss the Poetry tool [Eus18] which handles dependency management and packaging in Python. The installation of Poetry requires Python> 3.8, but the tool is available for the Linux, MacOS, Windows OS. All code below was executed on an laptop running the Ubuntu 22.04 OS, Python 3.10.12 and Lmod 8.7.31.

Introduction

Poetry is a tool which allows you to:

- perform dependency management
- build & package projects
- publish your projects

I Installation of the Poetry tool

The installation of Poetry requires the retrieval of its installation script. By default the Poetry executable (poetry) will be installed in the directory \$HOME/.local/bin/. You can install the poetry in another location as long as the environmental variable POETRY_HOME has been defined.

```
curl -sSL https://install.python-poetry.org >& driver_poetry.py
export POETRY_HOME=$HOME/software/pkg/poetry/1.6.1
python3 driver_poetry.py
```

If you decide to remove the Poetry tool, you can proceed as follows:

```
export POETRY_HOME=$HOME/software/pkg/poetry/1.6.1
python3 driver_poetry.py --uninstall
```

Subsequently, a lua module file (LMOD) was created to load Poetry using Lmod:

```
sleipnir@x1:~$ module load poetry
sleipnir@x1:~$ which poetry
/home/sleipnir/software/pkg/poetry/1.6.1/bin/poetry
sleipnir@x1:~$ poetry --version
Poetry (version 1.6.1)
```

The invocation of the poetry executable without any subcommands/options lists all Poetry subcommands.

II Creation of a new Project

Invoking the poetry new command followed by a string creates a new project bearing the name of the string.

```
sleipnir@x1:~$ poetry new chpc-demo
Created package chpc_demo in chpc-demo
```

The new project has the following directory structure:

```
chpc-demo/
    chpc_demo/
    __init__.py
    pyproject.toml
    README.md
    tests/
    __init__.py
```

The newly created python project bears the name chpc_demo i.e. the hyphen in the project name has been replaced by an underscore (python does not support hyphen tokens in package names). The newly created project also contains two directories i.e. chpc_demo (source code properly) and the directory tests (potential test code). By adding the --src flag to the poetry new command, the source directory will bear the name src. In the latter case, the directory structure chpc_demo is to be found under src.

```
poetry new --src chpc-demo
```

The newly generated toml [TOM23] file pyproject.toml contains the minimal amount of information to create a working python package:

```
[tool.poetry]
name = "chpc-demo"
version = "0.1.0"
description = ""
authors = ["Your Name <you@example.com>"]
readme = "README.md"

[tool.poetry.dependencies]
python = "^3.10"

[build-system]
requires = ["poetry-core"]
build-backend = "poetry.core.masonry.api"
```

Some of the blocks in the toml file can be created/changed by poetry commands (vide infra). However, most fields/blocks can only be manually modified using an editor. In the pyproject.toml file the fields name, version, description, authors are mandatory. We further notice the field python = "^3.10". Toml files adhere to a particular syntax (Semantic Versioning) [SEM23]. According to its rules, ^3.10 implies 3.10 and higher but not 4.00 (which currently does not exist). The field name python was initialized to ^3.10 (first found by on \$PATH).

In case you want to use an existing pre-populated directory named mycode you need to invoke the poetry init command:

```
cd mycode poetry init
```

III Add external dependencies

After the creation or initialization of the project existing python packages can be added to the new project. These packages will be inserted in a virtual environment within the new project. First, make sure you have entered the

project directory. You can either explicitly create the virtual environment prior to the addition of the packages i.e. by using the command poetry env use python3 or by using the absolute path to the executable poetry env use / usr/bin/python3.

If you don't create a virtual environment prior to the addition process, a poetry virtual environment will be created associated to the project when you start to add packages. The command poetry env info displays information on the current poetry virtual environment.

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry env info
Virtualenv
Python:
                 3.10.12
Implementation: CPython
                 /home/sleipnir/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/chpc-demo-5_MZDma8-
Path:
   py3.10
Executable:
                /home/sleipnir/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/chpc-demo-5_MZDma8-
   py3.10/bin/python
Valid:
                 True
System
Platform:
            linux
OS:
            posix
            3.10.12
Python:
Path:
            /usr
Executable: /usr/bin/python3.10
```

The command poetry add followed by the package names adds packages to the new project. If you do not specify the version of the package (using the syntax adhered to by toml) poetry wil always insert the latest version of a package in the virtual environment and the toml file. In what follows we decided that numpy>=1.2, black and mypy were to be required. A successful execution of the command poetry add numpy@^1.2 required the modification of the block:

```
python = "^3.10"
```

into:

```
python = "<3.13,>=3.9"
```

Subsequently the following commands were invoked:

```
poetry add numpy@^1.2
poetry add black mypy --group=dev
```

The flag --group=dev implies that these packages will be added for the development dependency (which will generate a separate block in the toml file).

Finally, the command poetry install installs the packages in the virtual environment. The command poetry show (--tree) displays info on the installed packages (in a tree form).

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry show
black
                  23.10.1 The uncompromising code formatter.
click
                          Composable command line interface toolkit
                  8.1.7
                  1.6.1
                           Optional static typing for Python
mуру
                  1.0.0
                          Type system extensions for programs checked with the
mypy-extensions
   mypy type checker.
                  1.26.1
numpy
                          Fundamental package for array computing in Python
                          Core utilities for Python packages
packaging
                  23.2
pathspec
                  0.11.2
                          Utility library for gitignore style pattern matching
   of file paths.
platformdirs
                  3.11.0 A small Python package for determining appropriate
   platform-specific dirs, e.g. a "user data dir".
```

```
tomli 2.0.1 A lil' TOML parser typing-extensions 4.8.0 Backported and Experimental Type Hints for Python 3.8+
```

Note that numpy 1.26.1 was installed in the newly created virtual environment. However, the corresponding toml file contains:

```
numpy = "^1.2"
```

This requirement will ensure that the installation of our package will **not** overwrite existing installations of **numpy** as long as the installed version of **numpy>=1.2** and **numpy<2.0**.

The new package requires the existence of a binary genmycdf. In order to accommodate this feature the following block of code had to be manually inserted in the toml file:

```
[tool.poetry.scripts]
genmycdf = "chpc_demo.run_extwiener:run"
```

IV Accessing the code in the package

The code in the newly created package can be accessed directly by spawning a shell (poetry shell):

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry shell
Spawning shell within /home/sleipnir/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/chpc-demo-5
    _MZDma8-py3.10
. /home/sleipnir/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/chpc-demo-5_MZDma8-py3.10/bin/
    activate
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ . /home/sleipnir/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/chpc-demo
    -5_MZDma8-py3.10/bin/activate
(chpc-demo-py3.10) sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ python3
Python 3.10.12 (main, Jun 11 2023, 05:26:28) [GCC 11.4.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> import numpy as np
>>> np.__version__
'1.26.1'
```

or indirectly by invoking the poetry run command:

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry run python3 -c "import numpy as np; print(np.
    __version__)"
1.26.1
```

The executable genmycdf can also be tested out:

V Writing testing code

When a Poetry package is created the tests directory is also generated. There are several testing frames available for Python developers: pytest [KOP+04], unittest [UNI], In what follows we will use the pytest tool. In a first step, we need to add pytest to our virtual environment (in its development part):

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry add --group=dev pytest
Using version ^7.4.3 for pytest

Updating dependencies
Resolving dependencies... (0.2s)

Package operations: 4 installs, 0 updates, 0 removals

Installing exceptiongroup (1.1.3)
Installing iniconfig (2.0.0)
Installing pluggy (1.3.0)
Installing pytest (7.4.3)
Writing lock file
```

The pyproject.toml file will be updated as well.

```
[tool.poetry.group.dev.dependencies]
black = "^23.10.1"
mypy = "^1.6.1"
pytest = "^7.4.3"
```

A trivial test was added to the file tests/test_extwiener.py with the following content:

```
import chpc_demo.extwiener as ext
def test_one():
    """
    A simple test
    """
    VERSION = "0.4.0"
    assert ext.__version__ == VERSION
```

Note:

• if the Poetry project was created using the poetry new --src chpc-demo command the first line of the file test_extwiener.py needs to be modified into: import src.chpc_demo.extwiener as ext.

Once you have generated the test, you can run the test within Poetry by invoking the poetry run pytest command.

If your test passes successfully you should get a message like the above one. If one of your tests fails you will be informed in a very obvious way.

VI Build the package

The building of a package is very common if you plan to share your code with the wider world. In order to perform the build, execute poetry build:

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry build
Building chpc-demo (0.1.0)
- Building sdist
- Built chpc_demo-0.1.0.tar.gz
- Building wheel
- Built chpc_demo-0.1.0-py3-none-any.whl
```

A compressed source code and a wheel file are built. Both can be used to do an installation, although the installation of a wheel file will be faster especially if the new package contains code which needs compilation.

VII Publish the package

A lot of Python packages can be found on https://pypi.org/. However, there is an analogue/mock up to test Python package publishing: https://test.pypi.org. Prior to its use one needs to register and create a token for the package one wants to publish.

After the token has been created on the https://test.pypi.org website the current virtual environment needs that information to deliver its content to https://test.pypi.org.

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry config repositories.test-pypi https://test.pypi.
    org/legacy/
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry config pypi-token.test-pypi xyz
```

where xyz stands for the token provided by https://test.pypi.org.

The package can now be published as follows:

```
sleipnir@x1:~/chpc-demo$ poetry publish -r test-pypi
Publishing chpc-demo (0.1.0) to test-pypi
- Uploading chpc_demo-0.1.0-py3-none-any.whl 100%
```

VIII Install the newly created package

We can now install our newly created package locally. Make sure you leave the Poetry environment.

```
sleipnir@x1:~$ module purge
sleipnir@x1:~$ module load anaconda3
sleipnir@x1:~$ pip install -i https://test.pypi.org/simple/ chpc-demo
Looking in indexes: https://test.pypi.org/simple/
Collecting chpc-demo
  Obtaining dependency information for chpc-demo from https://test-files.
    pythonhosted.org/packages/9c/c3/432
    py3-none-any.whl.metadata
  Downloading https://test-files.pythonhosted.org/packages/9c/c3/432
     e8df10a5db0e3d6b6963c41638f8b9e6b7b24d81fd759932e0dfa7d3e/chpc_demo-0.1.0-
    py3-none-any.whl.metadata (664 bytes)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy < 2.0, >= 1.2 in ./software/pkg/anaconda3
   /2023.09/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from chpc-demo) (1.24.3)
Downloading https://test-files.pythonhosted.org/packages/9c/c3/432
   e8df10a5db0e3d6b6963c41638f8b9e6b7b24d81fd759932e0dfa7d3e/chpc_demo-0.1.0-py3
   -none-any.whl (3.4 kB)
Installing collected packages: chpc-demo
Successfully installed chpc-demo-0.1.0
```

From the installation output, it is obvious that the already installed version of numpy 1.24.3 satisfied the requirements in the toml file and therefore wasn't overwritten by a more recent version of the numpy package.

We are now ready to use the newly installed package:

```
sleipnir@x1:~$ python3
Python 3.11.5 (main, Sep 11 2023, 13:54:46) [GCC 11.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> from chpc_demo import extwiener
```

References

- [Eus18] Sébastien Eustace. Python packaging and dependency management made easy. https://python-poetry.org, 2018. Accessed: (10/27/2023).
- [KOP⁺04] Holger Krekel, Bruno Oliveira, Ronny Pfannschmidt, Floris Bruynooghe, Brianna Laugher, and Florian Bruhin. pytest, 2004. Accessed: (11/03/2023).
- [SEM23] Semantic versioning 2.0.0. https://semver.org/, 2023. Accessed: (11/01/2023).
- [TOM23] TOML: Tom's Obvious Minimal Language. https://toml.io/en/, 2023. Accessed: (11/01/2023).
- [UNI] unittest. https://docs.python.org/3/library/unittest.html. Accessed: (11/02/2023).