

Homework 2 Part 1

Problem 1 : $A = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$A + 2B = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 0 \\ 9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad 2A - 3B = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -7 \\ -10 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

Problem 2 :

$$a \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + b \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -13 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} a - 2b \\ 4a + 7b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -13 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a - 2b = 8 \\ 4a + 7b = -13 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{Solve for } a \\ a = 8 + 2b \\ 4(8 + 2b) + 7b = -13 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{substitute} \\ \text{into second} \\ \text{eqn...} \end{array}$$

Simplify:

$$32 + 15b = -13$$

$$15b = -45$$

$$b = -3$$

Now plug back into the equation for a :

$$a = 8 + 2(-3)$$

$$a = 2$$

Thus $a = 2$, $b = -3$.

$$2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix} + X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 \\ 4 & 10 \end{pmatrix} + X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 \\ 4 & 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 9 \\ -1 & -14 \end{pmatrix}$$