MATH 350-2 Advanced Calculus

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Outline

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The **power set** P(A) of a set A is

$$\mathcal{P}(\textit{A}) = \{\textit{S}: \textit{S} \subseteq \textit{A}\}.$$

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Proof.

Suppose $f: A \to \mathcal{P}(A)$ is surjective.

Consider the set

$$S = \{a \in A : a \notin f(a)\}.$$



Since f is surjective, S = f(x) for some $x \in A$.

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Problem

Consider the statement $x \in S$. What can you conclude?

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NOTATION:

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i = A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \cdots \cup A_n.$$

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NOTATION:

$$\bigcap_{i=1}^n A_i = A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \cdots \cap A_n.$$



The **complement** of *A* relative to *B* is

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$$\{A_i; i \in I\}$$

A family of sets is a collection

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- index set $I = \mathbb{Z}_+$
- family of sets $\{A_i : i \in I\}$
- $A_i = [0, i)$

Problem

Determine $\bigcup_{i \in I} A_i$.

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Determine $\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i$.