

**Problem Set 1**  
**Econ 40357 Financial Econometrics**  
**University of Notre Dame**  
**Professor Nelson Mark**  
FALL 2019

Problem sets should be typed to the maximum extent possible and and presentable. Don't restate the questions in your write-ups. One main document per work group plus an appendix showing each person's Eviews work. Give each person a section heading. No explanations needed in the appendix.

1. Write out all the terms in the following and evaluate them

(a)  $\sum_{j=1}^3 j$

(b)  $\sum_{i=1}^n x$  with  $n = 4$  and  $x = 3$

(c)  $\prod_{j=1}^3 x$  with  $x = 2$

2. Consider the following matrices,

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 \\ 6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}, D = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Which pairs of matrices can be multiplied together?
- (b) For those pairs that can be multiplied, perform the multiplications.
- (c) Calculate  $2A$
- (d) Calculate  $\text{Tr}(A)$
- (e) Calculate  $A + B$
- (f) Calculate  $B - A$

3. If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ , find  $A^{-1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$ .

Download the Excel file PS01.2020.xlsx from the course website. These are annual historical prices and dividends for the S&P index, the CPI, one-year and ten-year treasury yields. Load the data into an Eviews workfile and name it PS01.wf1.

4. Using the stock price, dividends, and CPI, construct the real S&P real rate of return. Plot the rate of return series.
5. Compute the real yield on the one-year and on the 10-year bonds. Plot the yields in a single graph.
6. Report the descriptive statistics for all three series, and for the S&P excess return and the 10-year treasury excess return (i.e., over the 1-year treasury).

7. Now, for the S&P, construct the real gross return. Suppose you invest one dollar in the S&P index in 1970, and let it accrue to 2015. No further investments. How much is does the investment accrue to (in real terms) in 2015? (Hint: `@cumprod(x)`, where `x` is the series name).
8. Construct the real (with dividend) price of the S&P index, and plot it over the entire sample period. Identify periods when the stock market performed badly and when it performed nicely.
9. Regress the one-year ahead S&P real return on the current-year dividend yield and a constant. Report the coefficient estimates, the ‘regular’ t-ratios and the Newey-West t-ratios.