



# AEM Configuration with CONGA

Configuration Management for AEM environments

PVTRAIN-146

Technical Training – wcm.io

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<http://training.wcm.io/conga/>

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# Challenges of AEM Configuration

System configuration for OSGi, Apache Sling and AEM

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# Apache Sling and OSGi system configuration

- **Sling Provisioning File Format**

- A lot of Apache Sling Tooling makes use of this, e.g. Slingstart Maven Plugin
- Adobe also uses this format internally for building the AEM Quickstart JAR
- Text-based format inspired by YAML, but with proprietary syntax
- Can contain definitions for bundles and versions, configurations, run modes and special features like repository initialization

- **OSGi configurations** – Apache Felix Config Admin File Format

- In Apache Sling OSGi configurations can be provided via filesystem folder or repository
- Uses a configuration file format syntax defined by the Apache Felix project
- Has some very special escaping rules which need to be respected
- The syntax is also used inside the Sling Provisioning files for configurations

# AEM system configuration

- **AEM Content Package**

- AEM Content Packages are ZIP files containing repository content in FileVault XML format
- Content Packages are used to deploy configurations or content to AEM instances
- Some configurations target OSGi services and use the Felix Config Admin file format, others are content structures with nodes and properties
- Content Packages have additional metadata which may define filtering rules, handling of ACLs in content structures, requirements for restart etc.

- **Dispatcher ANY file format**

- The Dispatcher webserver modules is configured via it's own "ANY" file format
- This format has a very special syntax something between XML and JSON

# CONGA Plugins and definitions

- Due to the modular architecture of CONGA it is easy to add support for managing these special file formats unique to Sling and AEM
- Two plugin artifacts are provided, each contains a set of technical plugins based on the CONGA extensibility interface (file headers, validators, escaping, post processors)
  - **CONGA Sling Plugin**
  - **CONGA AEM Plugin**
- Additionally a generic set of “AEM configuration definitions” is provided which implements best practices for configuring AEM environments
  - **CONGA AEM Definitions**
- Both plugins and definitions can be added to the CONGA build by simply adding them as dependencies in the POM to the CONGA Maven Plugin

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# CONGA Sling Plugin

Manage OSGi configuration for Sling and AEM applications

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# CONGA Sling plugin

Extends CONGA with:

- Manage OSGi configuration templates in Apache Sling Provisioning file format
- Generate OSGi configurations in Apache Felix Config Admin file format

Documentation:

<http://devops.wcm.io/conga/plugins/sling/>

# OSGi configurations

- CONGA Sling plugin provides a **File Header** and **Escaping** plugin for OSGi configuration files using the Apache Felix Config Admin file format. They are automatically applied.
- File extension is `.config`
- The format supports configuration parameter of different data types.
- Single values and array values are supported.
- The first line of such a file might start with a comment line. Besides this inline comments are not allowed.
- Detailed description of the format:  
<https://sling.apache.org/documentation/development/slingstart.html#default-configuration-format>



# OSGi configurations – example

`.config` file example:

```
# Single Line Comment
stringParam="Hello\ World"
stringArrayParam=["Hello","World"]
intParam=I"123"
intArrayParam=I["123","456"]
longParam=L"123456"
doubleParam=D"1.23"
booleanParam=B"true"
```

Supported data types:

- 'I' : Integer
- 'L' : Long
- 'F' : Float
- 'D' : Double
- 'X' : Byte
- 'S' : Short
- 'C' : Character
- 'B' : Boolean

- The name of the config file is the OSGi PID
- Escaping with “\” required for: Quotes, double quotes, backslash, equals sign, space character

# OSGi configurations – PIDs

- Within OSGi all singleton configurations have a unique PID
    - The PID is often equal to the class name of the service implementation, but may also be a custom one chosen by the implementor of the service
    - Example:  
**x.y.z.MyService**
  - When factory configurations are used the factory PID is used with a sub name separated by “-”
    - Example:  
**x.y.z.MyServiceFactory-one**  
**x.y.z.MyServiceFactory-two**
- ← Suffix must be unique in the system
- The PID is used a part of the file name e.g. **x.y.z.MyService.config**

# Provisioning files

- CONGA Sling plugin provides a **File Header**, **Validator** and **Escaping** plugin for provisioning files. They are automatically applied.
- Additionally a **Post Processor** plugin is provided which generates a set of OSGi config files from a single provisioning files for all configurations contained.
- File extension is **.provisioning** or **.txt**
  - Sling defines only “txt” as file extension. To distinguish the files without doubt from plain text files it is recommended to use only the “provisioning” file extension within CONGA.
  - “txt” files are treated as provisioning files if they contain the string “[feature ” (heuristic)
- Detailed (although currently incomplete) description of the format:  
<https://sling.apache.org/documentation/development/slingstart.html#model-files>

# Provisioning files – example

.provisioning file example:

```
[feature name=my-feature]

[configurations]
  # Comments are allowed
  x.y.z.MyService1
    stringParam="Hello\ World"
    stringArrayParam=["Hello", "World"]

  x.y.z.MyService2
    intParam=I"123"

# Configuration applies only to certain run modes
[configurations runModes=author,runmode2]
  x.y.z.MyServiceFactory-one
    doubleParam=D"1.23"
    booleanParam=B"true"
```

## Provisioning files – further notes

- The Sling provisioning file format supports much more features – CONGA uses only the configuration parameters from the `[configuration]` sections.
- The feature name is irrelevant for CONGA (but a name must be given to have a valid provisioning file).
- The configuration parameter key/value lists use the same syntax as the OSGi configurations of the Felix Config Admin file format.
- Within the configuration sections the PIDs or factory PID plus sub name are used to identify the configuration (same as the file names for `.config` files)
- When run modes are given the configuration is only applied to Sling/AEM instances running in all of the given run modes.

# Provisioning files post processor

Example for applying the `sling-provisioning-osgiconfig` post processor within a CONGA role definition:

```
- file: sling-provisioning.provisioning
  dir: osgi-config
  template: sling-provisioning.provisioning.hbs
  # Transform provisioning file to single OSGi config files
  postProcessors:
    - sling-provisioning-osgiconfig
```

## Template example:

```
[feature name=example]
[configurations]
  my.pid
    heapSpaceMax="{{jvm.heapSpace.max}}"
[configurations runModes=model]
  my.pid2
    stringProperty="{{var1}}"
    stringProperty2="{{var2}}"
```

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# CONGA AEM Plugin

Manage AEM content packages and AEM Dispatcher

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Adobe Experience  
Manager

# CONGA AEM plugin

Extends CONGA with:

- Generate AEM content packages for OSGi configurations and from JSON content fragments
- Extract package properties from AEM content packages
- Manage ANY files for dispatcher configuration

Documentation:

<http://devops.wcm.io/conga/plugins/aem/>



# Generating AEM Content Packages for OSGi configs

- CONGA AEM plugin provides a **Post Processor** plugin for provisioning files that transforms the contained OSGi configurations to .config files and bundles them in an AEM content package that can be deployed to AEM.
- Usually the provisioning file was generated by a provisioning file template with placeholders. The generated AEM content package then contains the generated configuration for the environment.
- Run modes and factory configurations are supported as well.
- Via post processor options the metadata of the content package can be defined (e.g. package group, name and filters).

# Generating AEM Content Packages for OSGi configs

Example for applying the `aem-contentpackage-osgiconfig` post processor within a CONGA role definition:

```
- file: sling-provisioning.provisioning
  dir: packages
  template: sling-provisioning.provisioning.hbs
  # Transform OSGi configs from provisioning file to AEM content package
  postProcessors:
    - aem-contentpackage-osgiconfig
  postProcessorOptions:
    contentPackage:
      group: my-group
      name: config-sample
      description: The description of the sample package.
      version: "${version}"
      rootPath: /apps/sample/config
      filters:
        - filter: /apps/sample
```

# AEM Content Package metadata

All post processors of the CONGA AEM plugin support these post processor options for defining the metadata of the content package:

Property	Description
<code>contentPackage.group</code>	Group name for content package
<code>contentPackage.name</code>	Package name for content package
<code>contentPackage.description</code>	Description for content package
<code>contentPackage.version</code>	Version for content package
<code>contentPackage.rootPath</code>	Root path for the content package
<code>contentPackage.filters</code>	Contains list with filter definitions, optionally with include/exclude rules. If not defined a simple filter rule is derived from the <code>contentPackage.rootPath</code> property.
<code>contentPackage.acHandling</code>	How to apply ACLs that are contained in the content package. Possible values: <code>ignore</code> (default), <code>overwrite</code> , <code>merge</code> , <code>merge_preserve</code> , <code>clear</code> .

# Generating AEM Content Packages from JSON

- CONGA AEM plugin provides a **Post Processor** plugin that transforms content structures from JSON files to AEM content packages.
- The JSON files use the same syntax which is produced by the Sling GET Servlet when calling a resource with .json file extension.
- The JSON files can be generated by a file templates thus can contain configuration parameters for the current environment.
- Use case examples:
  - Generate Sling Mapping Configuration
  - Create a package with system users and their ACLs on content paths
  - Create some root folders with special filter rules
- Via post processor options the metadata of the content package can be defined (e.g. package group, name and filters).

# Generating AEM Content Packages from JSON

Example for applying the **aem-contentpackage** post processor within a CONGA role definition:

```
# AEM systems users with ACLs
- file: aem-systemusers.json
  dir: packages
  template: aem-systemusers.json.hbs
  # Transform JSON file to AEM content package
  postProcessors:
    - aem-contentpackage
  postProcessorOptions:
    contentPackage:
      name: aem-systemusers
      acHandling: merge
      rootPath: /
      filters:
        - filter: /content/rep:policy
        - filter: /home/users/system/sampleSystemUser
```

# Generating AEM Content Packages from JSON

Example JSON for creating system users and ACLs:

```
{
  "jcr:primaryType": "rep:root",
  "content": {
    "jcr:primaryType": "sling:OrderedFolder",
    "rep:policy": {
      "jcr:primaryType": "rep:ACL",
      "allow-sampleSystemUser": {
        "jcr:primaryType": "rep:GrantACE",
        "rep:principalName": "sampleSystemUser",
        "rep:privileges": [ "rep:write", "crx:replicate" ]
      }
    }
  },
  "home": {
    "jcr:primaryType": "rep:AuthorizableFolder",
    "users": {
      "jcr:primaryType": "rep:AuthorizableFolder",
      "system": {
        "jcr:primaryType": "rep:AuthorizableFolder",
        "sampleSystemUser": {
          "jcr:primaryType": "rep:SystemUser",
          "jcr:uuid": "75f14915-36fc-3311-9260-3b4c41bd861f",
          "rep:authorizableId": "sampleSystemUser",
          "rep:principalName": "sampleSystemUser"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Sets ACL for system user at  
/content

Creates system user at  
/home/users/system/sampleSystemUser

# Extracting AEM content package metadata

- CONGA AEM plugin provides a **Post Processor** plugin `aem-contentpackage-properties` that is automatically applied to all ZIP files generated or copied/downloads by CONGA that are actually AEM content packages.
- The package properties of these content packages are extracted and stored in the CONGA model metadata.
- This has no effect on the generated configuration artifacts, but can be picked up by IT automation tools for further processing the content packages managed by CONGA.
  - Example: From this package metadata the Ansible AEM deployment knows if the instance needs to be restarted after package deployment.
  - See training **PVTRAIN-147 AEM Deployment with Ansible and CONGA** for details

# AEM Dispatcher ANY files

- CONGA AEM plugin provides a **File Header**, **Validator** and **Escaping** plugin for ANY files. They are automatically applied.
- File extension is **.any**

Example ANY template:

```
# name of the dispatcher
/name "{{node}}"

# each farm configures a set of (loadbalanced) renders
/farms
{
  # first farm entry (label is not important, just for your convenience)
  /website
  {
    /cache
    {
      # Cache configuration
      /rules
      {
        # List of cachable documents
      }
      /invalidate
      {
        # List of auto-invalidated documents
      }
    }
    /retryDelay "1"
    /numberOfRetries "5"
    /unavailablePenalty "1"
    /failover "1"
  }
}
```




# CONGA Maven AEM Plugin

- This is an AEM-specific CONGA plugin for Maven, not to be mixed up with the generic CONGA plugin for Maven which is used to generate the configuration.
- The **CONGA AEM Maven plugin** allows to deploy a bunch of AEM packages processed by CONGA to an AEM instance. It requires the CONGA configuration to be generated before, and a `model.yaml` needs to be located in each node's root folder (this is activated by default).

```
<plugin>
  <groupId>io.wcm.devops.conga.plugins</groupId>
  <artifactId>conga-aem-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <configuration>
    <nodeDirectory>target/configuration/env1/node1</nodeDirectory>
    <serviceURL>http://localhost:4502/crx/packmgr/service</serviceURL>
    <userId>admin</userId>
    <password>admin</password>
  </configuration>
</plugin>
```

- Deploy all AEM packages processed by CONGA with:  
**`mvn conga-aem:package-install`**



Uses the same “resilience” package upload logic as the wcm.io Content Package Maven Plugin

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# CONGA AEM Definitions

Predefined roles and templates for AEM best practices

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## CONGA AEM definitions

- A set of preconfigured CONGA roles and file templates for configuring an AEM environment using best practices
- Generates configurations for both AEM Author/Publisher and Webserver/Dispatcher
- Makes sure that configuration between AEM and dispatcher is always in sync (e.g. Sling Short URL mapping configuration)
- Usually mixed and extended with own project-specific roles

Documentation:

<http://devops.wcm.io/conga/definitions/aem/>

# Role aem-cms

- Variants: **aem-author**, **aem-publish**

## Features:

- Sling Mapping configuration for publish instance
- AEM replication configuration between author and publish
- Minimal DAM update asset workflow (optional)
- AEM quickstart start script
- Configure Sling Context-Aware Configuration OSGi overrides
- Enabled DavEx for CRX DE Lite

# Role aem-dispatcher

Variants: **aem-author**, **aem-publish**, **ssl**

## Features:

- Generates Apache HTTPd configuration files for Dispatcher webserver
- Generates Dispatcher configuration for author and publish instances
- Best practice default filter and caching rules, can be adapted to project needs via configuration
- Generates vHost for each tenant on publish
- SSL and HSTS Support
- Short URL configuration with Sling Mapping
- Enables CORS (optional)
- Configuration files use partials, can be overloaded and overwritten partially
- Supports Apache httpd 2.2 and 2.4

# CONGA AEM definitions

For a detailed documentation of available parameters look into the role definitions and templates:

- Roles

<https://github.com/wcm-io-devops/conga-aem-definitions/tree/develop/conga-aem-definitions/src/main/roles>

- Templates

<https://github.com/wcm-io-devops/conga-aem-definitions/tree/develop/conga-aem-definitions/src/main/templates>

- Example environment using the roles and templates

<https://github.com/wcm-io-devops/conga-aem-definitions/tree/develop/example/src/main/environments>

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# Bringing it together

Generate configuration for the whole AEM environment

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# Bringing it together

- For AEM projects you usually use everything together:
  - CONGA via CONGA Maven Plugin
  - CONGA AEM Sling and AEM plugins as plugin dependencies
  - CONGA AEM definitions as dependency
  - Add project-specific roles and templates
  - If really required: Overwrite some partials for webserver/dispatcher config
  - Define the project-/customer-specific environments
- Use this CONGA configuration for
  - Configuring local development AEM instances
  - Deploy to test and production systems via IT automation (e.g. Ansible)
  - Or just use CONGA to package all configuration artifacts in a ZIP file and send it to the operations team for further processing



# Example POM

```
<project>
  <groupId>io.wcm.devops.conga.definitions</groupId>
  <artifactId>io.wcm.devops.conga.definitions.aem.example</artifactId>
  <packaging>config</packaging>

  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>io.wcm.devops.conga.definitions</groupId>
      <artifactId>io.wcm.devops.conga.definitions.aem</artifactId>
      <version>0.8.0</version>
    </dependency>
  </dependencies>

  <build>
    <plugins>
      <plugin>
        <groupId>io.wcm.devops.conga</groupId>
        <artifactId>conga-maven-plugin</artifactId>
        <version>1.3.0</version>
        <extensions>true</extensions>
        <dependencies>
          <dependency>
            <groupId>io.wcm.devops.conga.plugins</groupId>
            <artifactId>io.wcm.devops.conga.plugins.sling</artifactId>
            <version>1.2.0</version>
          </dependency>
          <dependency>
            <groupId>io.wcm.devops.conga.plugins</groupId>
            <artifactId>io.wcm.devops.conga.plugins.aem</artifactId>
            <version>1.3.0</version>
          </dependency>
        </dependencies>
      </plugin>
    </plugins>
  </build>
</project>
```

# Typical Maven project structure

- Git project for application and configuration definitions
  - Published to Maven Artefact Manager, Releases with application

`myproject`

```
|  
+-- bundles  
|  
+-- config-definition  
|  
+-- content-packages  
|  
+-- ...
```

Contains configuration definitions –  
**CONGA roles and templates**

Typically this also contains a **CONGA environment definition for development** (local AEM instance)

- Git project for configuration environments
  - Usually not published to Maven Artefact Manager

`myproject-configuration-management`

```
|  
+-- configuration
```

Contains CONGA Environments for  
different stages, e.g. QS, Prelive, Prod

# Exercise

Execute exercise

## **PVTRAIN-148-04 Configure AEM with CONGA**

- Configure AEM OSGi configuration
- Deploy additional AEM packages
- Generate configuration content packages