



Picture of the PLA running blade in the Instron Compression tester



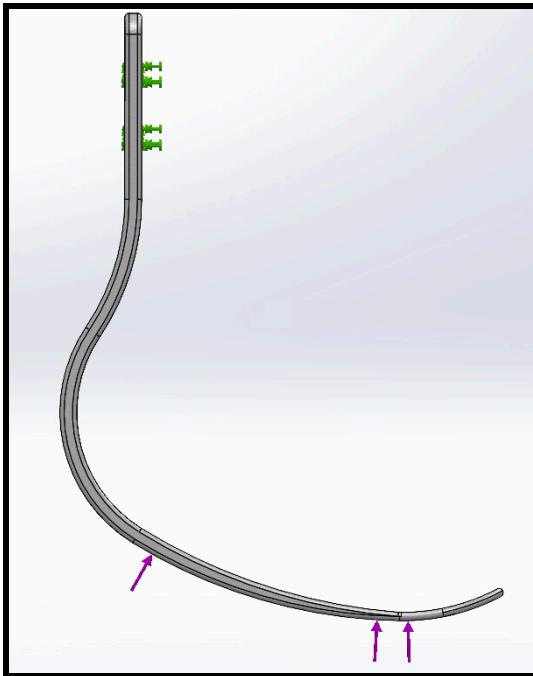
Picture of the Onyx running blade before force has been applied



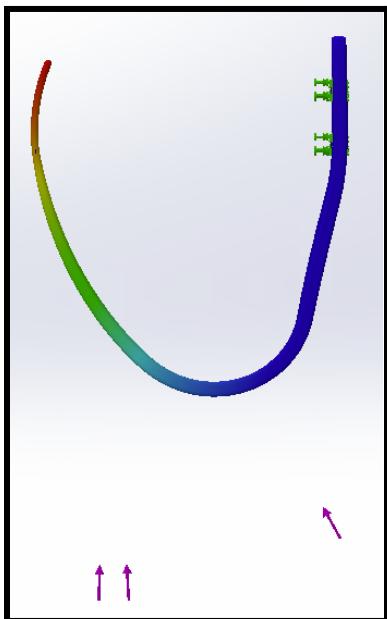
Picture of Onyx running blade after some Compressive load has been applied



This shows the Onyx running blade at the point where the test was stopped



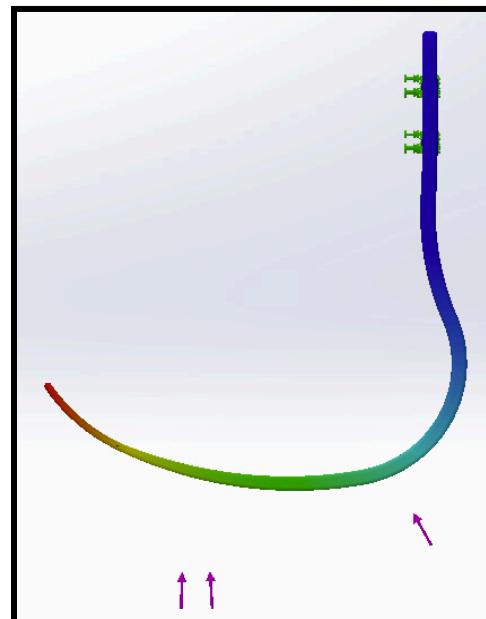
This picture shows the loading condition that was placed on the running blade through Solidworks FEA



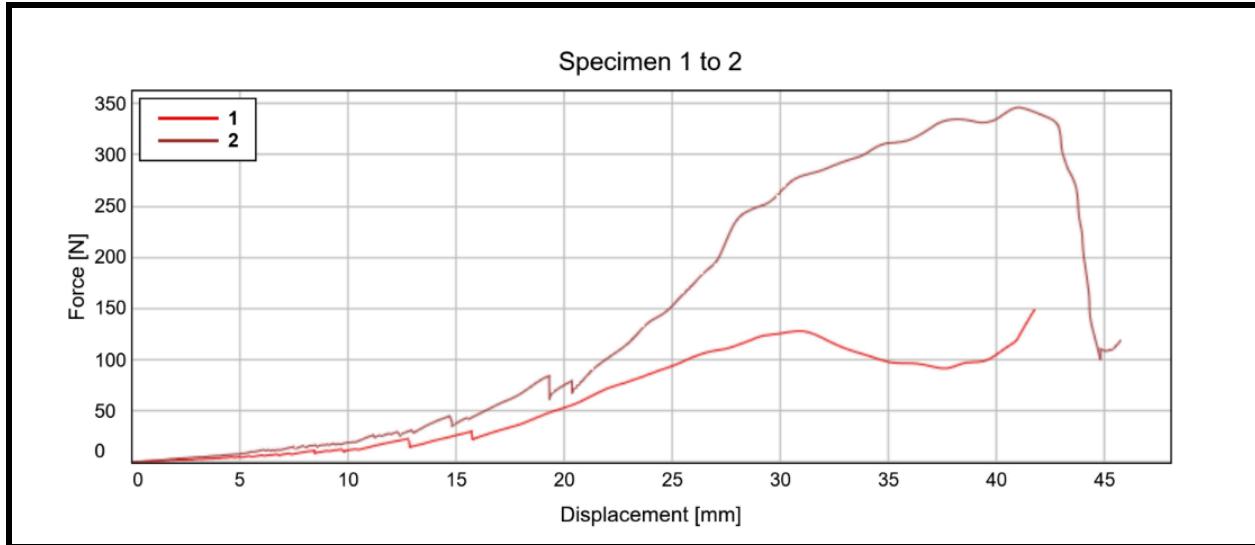
This picture shows the vertical displacement of running blade when subjected to a force of 100 N

Material properties		
Materials in the default library can not be edited. You must first copy the material to a custom library to edit it.		
Model Type:	Linear Elastic Isotropic	<input type="checkbox"/> Save model type in library
Units:	SI - N/m^2 (Pa)	
Category:	FINAL FEA RUNNING BLADE	
Name:	MarkedForge Onyx	
Default failure criterion:	Max von Mises Stress	
Description:	MarkedForge Onyx	
Source:		
Sustainability:	Undefined	<input type="button" value="Select..."/>
Property	Value	Units
Elastic Modulus	240000000	N/m^2
Poisson's Ratio	0.4	N/A
Shear Modulus	168000000	N/m^2
Mass Density	1020	kg/m^3
Tensile Strength	88942307	N/m^2
Compressive Strength		N/m^2
Yield Strength	4000000	N/m^2
Thermal Expansion Coefficient		/K
Thermal Conductivity	0.2256	W/(m-K)
Specific Heat	1386	J/(kg-K)

This picture shows the Onyx material that we made through the material properties provided by Markforged

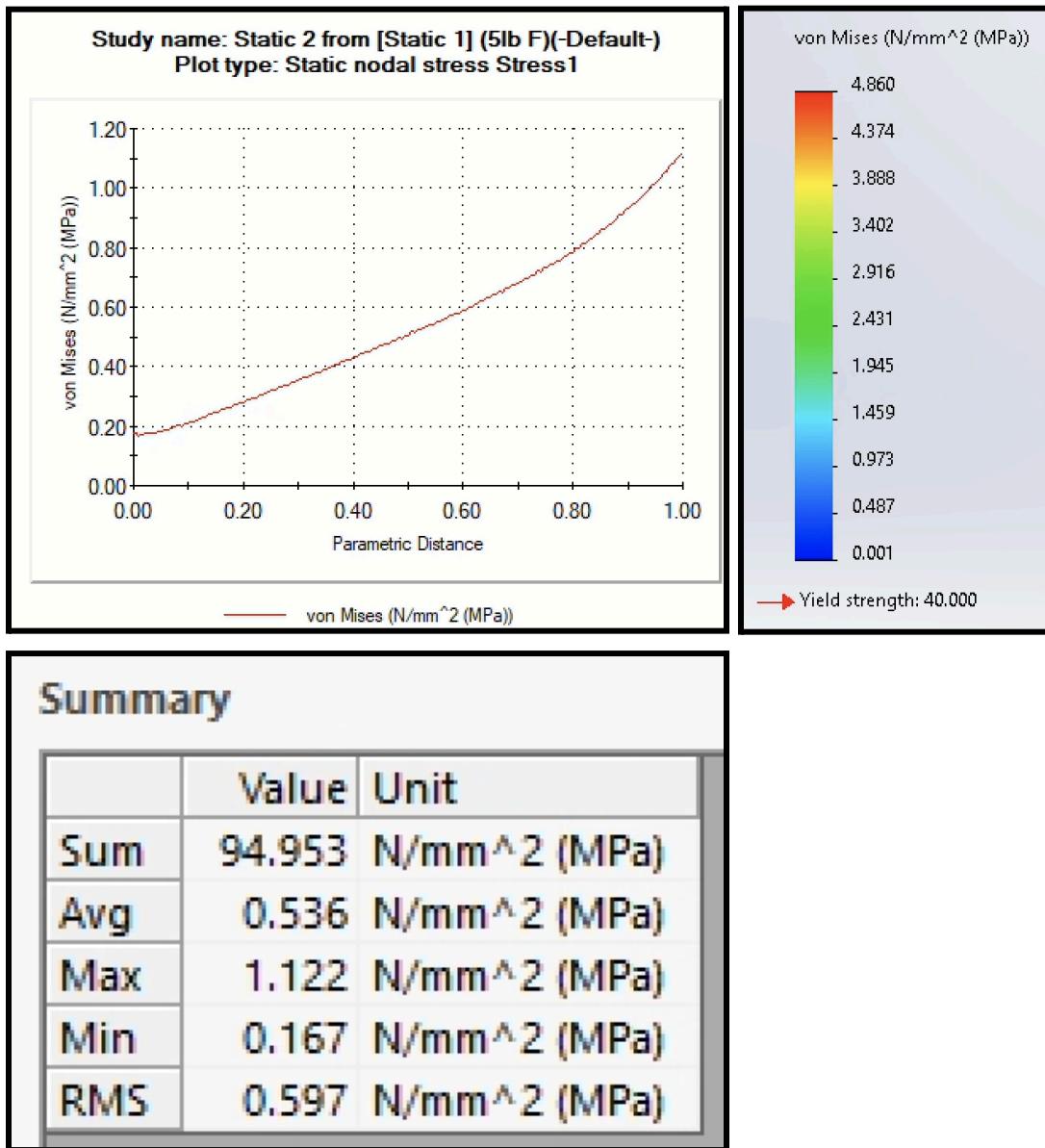


This picture shows the vertical displacement of the running blade when subjected to a force of 25 N

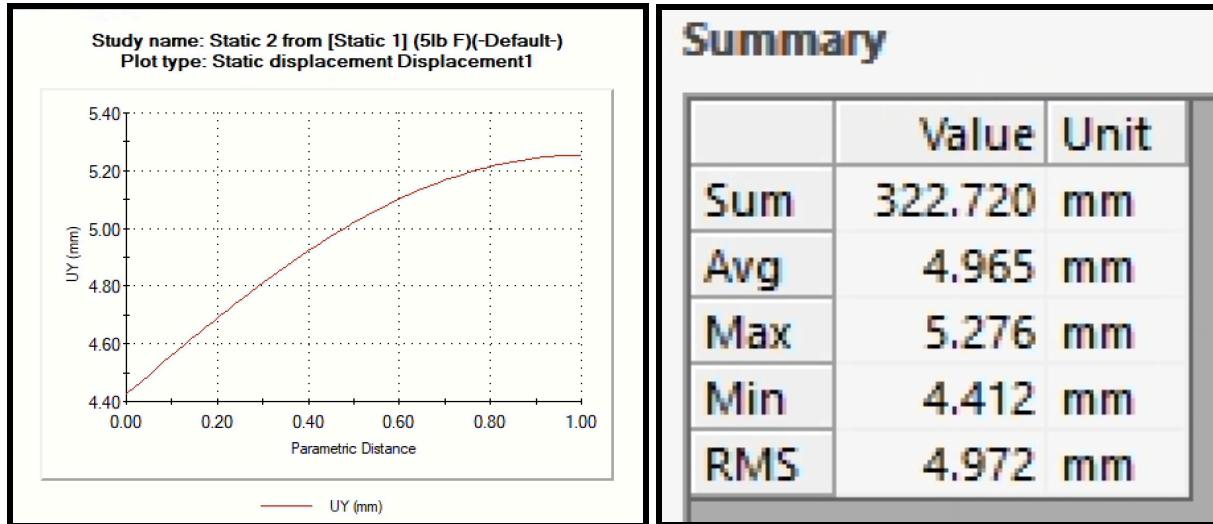


This picture shows the data collected by our tests on the Instron Machine. Specimen 1 is the running blade made out of PLA, and specimen 2 is the running blade made out of Onyx.

Markforged Onyx FEA & Simulation Data (25 lbf load):



Doing some probing along the bottom edge in SolidWorks FEA, we can see that the highest stress is 1.122 MPa. This occurs within the area where the blade contacts the ground. From the stress plot, we can see that the yield strength is expected to be 40 MPa. The stress at the bottom of the blade is not even close to this number, so we expect the running blade to work well in practice.



Doing some probing at the bottom end of the blade, the maximum displacement is 5.276 mm. Our blade was modeled at 90 mm tall. The displacement as a percentage of the total height is $(5.276/90) \times 100\% = 5.86\%$, which is not large.