ECE468/CS519: HOMEWORK 1 due 10/09/2015

Total points for:

- Undergraduate students (UG): 100 points
- Graduate students (G): 140 points
- 1) (UG:40pts / G:80pts) Problems from the textbook:
 - 3.7 (10pts)
 - 3.8 (10pts) Hint: $\operatorname{erf}(z) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^z \exp(-t^2) dt$, and $\operatorname{erf}(-z) = -\operatorname{erf}(z)$.
 - 3.11 (20pts)
 - 3.13 (40pts) Only for graduate students
- 2) (UG and G: 35pts) Write a MATLAB code for zooming and shrinking an image using the bicubic interpolation. The input to your program is: (i) image, (ii) transformation parameters, and (iii) interpolation method. Use the image available on the class website as input. Your report should include:
 - 2.1) (5pts) M-file with a well-commented code;
 - 2.2) (10pts) Figure 1 showing the result when the input image is enlarged by 2.4 along rows, shrunk by 1.4 along columns, and rotated by 33.5 degrees clockwise. The caption of Figure 1.
 - 2.3) (10pts) Figure 2 showing the inverse transform of the resulting image in Figure 1. The caption of Figure 2.
 - 2.4) (10pts) Figure 3 showing the difference between the original (input) image and Figure 2. In the caption of Figure 3, comment on the meaning of bright and dark pixels of Figure 3.

(Hint: Use the following MATLAB commands: 'maketform', 'imtransform')

3) (UG and G: 25pts) Write a MATLAB code for computing an affine transform of an image. The input to your program is: (i) image, (ii) parameters of the affine transform, and (iii) interpolation method. Your report should include:

- 3.1) (5pts) M-file with a well commented code;
- 3.2) (10pts) Figure 4 showing the result when the input image is spatially transformed using the matrix T and the bilinear interpolation, where T is specified as

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 1.9 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \tag{1}$$

3.3) (10pts) Figure 5 showing the difference between the input image and the image that has been obtained by apply the inverse spatial transform T^{-1} to Figure 4 (apply zero padding if the images have different sizes); In the caption of Figure 5, explain the meaning of bright and dark pixels of Figure 5.

(Hint: Use the following MATLAB commands: 'maketform', 'imtransform')

IMPORTANT:

In your report, all figures must have captions. Each missing caption will be penalized with 5 points.