# 南京大学 ACM-ICPC 集训队代码模版库



Linux-4.15.0-54-generic-x86\_64-with-Ubuntu-18.04-bionic XeTeX 3.14159265-2.6-0.99998 (TeX Live 2017/Debian) CPython 2.7.15+ 2019-07-09 22:50:32.048333, build 0059

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CONTENTS 1. GENERAL

#### 1 General

## 1.1 Code library checksum

```
ab14
c502
import re, sys, hashlib
427e
f7db
ddf5
for line in sys.stdin.read().strip().split("\n") :
    print(hashlib.md5(re.sub(r'\s|//.*', '', line).encode('utf8')).hexdigest()
        [-4:], line)
```

#### 1.2 Makefile

#### 1.4 Stack

```
const int STK SZ = 2000000;
                                                                                   bebe
char STK[STK SZ * sizeof(void*)];
                                                                                   effc
void *STK BAK;
                                                                                   4e99
                                                                                   427e
#if defined( i386 )
                                                                                   7bc9
#define SP "%esp"
                                                                                   0894
#elif defined( x86 64 )
                                                                                   ac7a
#define SP "%%rsp"
                                                                                   a9ea
#endif
                                                                                   1937
                                                                                   427e
int main() {
                                                                                   3117
 asm volatile("mov_" SP ",%0;_mov_%1," SP: "=g"(STK_BAK):"g"(STK+sizeof(STK)):)
                                                                                   3750
                                                                                   427e
 // main program
                                                                                   427e
                                                                                   427e
 asm volatile("mov, %0," SP::"g"(STK BAK));
                                                                                   6856
 return 0;
                                                                                   7021
                                                                                   95cf
```

#### 1.3 .vimrc

```
914c
      set nocompatible
      syntax on
      colorscheme slate
6bbc
      set number
7db5
      set cursorline
b0e3
      set shiftwidth=2
      set softtabstop=2
8011
      set tabstop=2
a66d
      set expandtab
d23a
      set magic
5245
      set smartindent
740c
      set backspace=indent,eol,start
bee8
      set cmdheight=1
815d
      set laststatus=2
0a40
      set whichwrap=b,s,<,>,[,]
1c67
```

# 1.5 Template

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                    302f
using namespace std;
                                                                                    421c
                                                                                    427e
#ifdef LOCAL DEBUG
                                                                                    426f
# define debug(fmt, ...) fprintf(stderr, "[%s]_" fmt "\n", \
                                                                                    3341
    __func__, ##__VA_ARGS__)
                                                                                    611f
#else
                                                                                    a8cb
# define _debug(...) ((void) 0)
                                                                                    e6b5
#endif
                                                                                    1937
#define rep(i, n) for (int i=0; i<(n); i++)</pre>
                                                                                    0d6c
#define Rep(i, n) for (int i=1; i<=(n); i++)
                                                                                    cfe3
#define range(x) begin(x), end(x)
                                                                                    3505
typedef long long LL;
                                                                                    5cad
typedef unsigned long long ULL;
                                                                                    b773
```

2. MISCELLANEOUS ALGORITHMS

# 2 Miscellaneous Algorithms

#### 2.1 2-SAT

CONTENTS

```
const int MAXN = 100005:
0f42
03a9
      struct twoSAT {
          int n;
5c83
          vector<int> G[MAXN*2];
8f72
          bool mark[MAXN*2];
d060
          int S[MAXN*2], c;
b42d
427e
d34f
          void init(int n) {
b985
              this->n = n;
f9ec
              for (int i=0; i < n*2; i++) G[i].clear();</pre>
              memset(mark, 0, sizeof(mark));
0609
          }
95cf
427e
          bool dfs(int x) {
3bd5
bd70
              if (mark[x^1]) return false;
              if (mark[x]) return true;
c96a
fd23
              mark[x] = true;
              S[c++] = x;
4bea
bd55
              for (int u : G[x]) if (!dfs(u)) return false;
              return true:
3361
95cf
          }
427e
5894
          void add clause(int x, bool xval, int y, bool yval) {
              x = x * 2 + xval;
6afe
              y = y * 2 + yval;
e680
              G[x^1].push back(y);
81cc
          }
95cf
427e
          bool solve() {
d0cb
              for (int i=0; i<n*2; i+=2) {</pre>
7c39
                  if (!mark[i] && !mark[i+1]) {
e63f
                      c = 0;
88fb
```

```
if (!dfs(i)) {
                                                                                     f4h9
                    while (c > 0) mark[S[--c]] = false;
                                                                                     3f03
                    if (!dfs(i+1)) return false;
                                                                                     86c5
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
       }
                                                                                     95cf
       return true;
                                                                                     3361
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
   bool operator[] (int x) { return mark[2*x+1]; }
                                                                                     fb3b
};
                                                                                     329b
```

#### 2.2 Mo's algorithm

All intervals are closed on both sides. When running functions enter() and leave(), the global l and r has not changed yet. Assume the data structure is initialized for empty interval.

#### Usage:

```
add_query(id, 1, r) Add id-th query [l,r].
run() Run Mo's algorithm.
yield(id) TODO. Yield answer for id-th query.
enter(o) TODO. Add o-th element.
TODO. Remove o-th element.
```

```
constexpr int BLOCK SZ = 300;
                                                                                    5194
                                                                                    427e
struct query { int 1, r, id; };
                                                                                    3ec4
vector<query> queries;
                                                                                    d26a
                                                                                    427e
void add guery(int id, int 1, int r) {
                                                                                    1e30
 queries.push back(query{1, r, id});
                                                                                    54c9
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
int 1, r;
                                                                                    9f6b
                                                                                    427e
// ---- functions to implement ----
                                                                                    427e
inline void vield(int id);
                                                                                    50e1
inline void enter(int o);
                                                                                    b20d
inline void leave(int o);
                                                                                    13af
                                                                                    427e
void run() {
                                                                                    37f0
    if (queries.empty()) return;
                                                                                    ab0b
    sort(range(queries), [](query lhs, query rhs) {
                                                                                    8508
```

2. MISCELLANEOUS ALGORITHMS

```
c7f8
              int lb = lhs.1 / BLOCK SZ, rb = rhs.1 / BLOCK SZ;
              if (lb != rb) return lb < rb;</pre>
03e7
0780
               return lhs.r < rhs.r;</pre>
b251
          });
6196
          1 = queries[0].1;
          r = queries[0].r;
9644
          for (int i = 1; i <= r; i++) enter(i);</pre>
38e6
          for (query q : queries) {
5bc9
f422
              while (1 > q.1) enter(--1);
              while (r < q.r) enter(++r);
39fb
46b3
              while (1 < q.1) leave(1++);
              while (r > q.r) leave(r--);
6234
82f5
              vield(q.id);
95cf
95cf
```

#### 2.3 Matroid Intersection

Find the maximum cardinality common independent set of two matroids. Matroids are given by independence oracle.

#### Usage:

```
MatroidOracleThe independence oracle maintaining an independent set.Note that the default constructor must properly initialize inner state to an empty set.insert(x)Insert element labeled x to the independent set.test(x)Test whether the set is still independent if x is inserted.MatroidIntersectionConstruct the matroid intersection solver with n elements labeled from 0 and matroid oracles MT1 and MT2.run()Run the algorithm and return the matroid intersection.
```

```
0935
      struct MatroidOracle {
297b
          MatroidOracle() { /* TODO */ }
          void insert(int x) { /* TODO */ }
53e5
          bool test(int x) const { /* TODO */ }
ff18
      };
329b
427e
      const int MAXN = 8192;
a015
      template <typename MT1, typename MT2>
94cc
      struct MatroidIntersection {
3288
          int n:
5c83
          bool in[MAXN] = {}, t[MAXN], vis[MAXN];
5550
          int pre[MAXN];
fe84
```

```
vector<int> adj[MAXN];
                                                                                0b32
queue<int> q;
                                                                                93d2
                                                                                427e
MatroidIntersection(int n) : n(n) { }
                                                                                c152
                                                                                427e
vector<int> getcur() {
                                                                                2ed1
    vector<int> ret;
                                                                                995a
    rep (i, n) if (in[i]) ret.push back(i);
                                                                                a585
    return ret;
                                                                                ee0f
}
                                                                                95cf
                                                                                427e
void enqueue(int x, int p) {
                                                                                ca2b
    if (vis[x]) return;
                                                                                e5da
    vis[x] = true; pre[x] = p; q.push(x);
                                                                                f4a6
    if (t[x]) throw x;
                                                                                ff59
};
                                                                                329b
                                                                                427e
vector<int> run() {
                                                                                9081
    while (true) {
                                                                                1026
        vector<int> cur = getcur();
                                                                                c40f
        fill(vis, vis + n, 0);
                                                                                6f47
        rep (i, n) adj[i].clear();
                                                                                943b
        MT2 mt2;
                                                                                0e02
        for (int i : cur) mt2.insert(i);
                                                                                3e54
        rep (i, n) t[i] = mt2.test(i);
                                                                                191d
        vector<MT1> mt1s(cur.size());
                                                                                e167
        vector<MT2> mt2s(cur.size());
                                                                                46d2
        rep (i, cur.size()) rep (j, cur.size()) if (i != j) {
                                                                                660b
            mt1s[i].insert(cur[j]);
                                                                                3cd7
            mt2s[i].insert(cur[j]);
                                                                                9680
                                                                                95cf
        rep (i, n) if (!in[i]) rep (j, cur.size()) {
                                                                                e8d7
            if (mt1s[j].test(i)) adj[cur[j]].push back(i);
                                                                                3fe9
            if (mt2s[j].test(i)) adj[i].push back(cur[j]);
                                                                                645e
                                                                                95cf
        q = \{\};
                                                                                cf76
        try {
                                                                                85eb
            MT1 mt1:
                                                                                2f4f
            for (int i : cur) mt1.insert(i);
                                                                                2f34
            rep (i, n) if (mt1.test(i)) enqueue(i, -1);
                                                                                4053
            while (q.size()) {
                                                                                1c7d
                int u = q.front(); q.pop();
                                                                                c048
                for (int v : adj[u]) enqueue(v, u);
                                                                                a697
            }
                                                                                95cf
```

CONTENTS 3. STRING

```
} catch (int v) {
5a9a
                       while (v >= 0) \{ in[v] ^= 1; v = pre[v]; \}
a8f3
                       continue;
b333
95cf
6173
                   break;
329b
              };
f2de
               return getcur();
95cf
329b
      };
```

```
if (p[j] == t[i]) j++;
    if (j == len) found(i - len + 1);
    }
}

}

329b
```

4e19

# 3 String

### 3.1 Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm

```
2836
      const int SIZE = 10005;
427e
d02b
      struct kmp matcher {
2d81
        char p[SIZE];
9847
        int fail[SIZE];
        int len;
57b7
427e
60cf
        void construct(const char* needle) {
          len = strlen(p);
aaa1
          strcpy(p, needle);
3a87
          fail[0] = fail[1] = 0;
3dd4
          for (int i = 1; i < len; i++) {</pre>
d8a8
            int j = fail[i];
147f
3c79
            while (j && p[i] != p[j]) j = fail[j];
            fail[i + 1] = p[i] == p[j] ? j + 1 : 0;
4643
95cf
95cf
427e
        inline void found(int pos) {
c464
          //! add codes for having found at pos
427e
95cf
427e
        void match(const char* haystack) { // must be called after construct
2daf
          const char* t = haystack;
700f
          int n = strlen(t);
8482
          int j = 0;
8fd0
          rep(i, n) {
be8e
```

## 3.2 Manacher algorithm

while (j && p[j] != t[i]) j = fail[j];

```
struct Manacher {
                                                                                    81d4
 int Len:
                                                                                    cd09
 vector<int> lc;
                                                                                    9255
 string s;
                                                                                    b301
                                                                                    427e
 void work() {
                                                                                    ec07
   lc[1] = 1;
                                                                                    c033
   int k = 1;
                                                                                    6bef
                                                                                    427e
   for (int i = 2; i <= Len; i++) {
                                                                                    491f
     int p = k + lc[k] - 1;
                                                                                    7957
     if (i <= p) {
                                                                                    5e04
       lc[i] = min(lc[2 * k - i], p - i + 1);
                                                                                    24a1
     } else {
                                                                                    8e2e
       lc[i] = 1;
                                                                                    e0e5
                                                                                    95cf
     while (s[i + lc[i]] == s[i - lc[i]]) lc[i]++;
                                                                                    74ff
     if (i + lc[i] > k + lc[k]) k = i;
                                                                                    2b9a
                                                                                    95cf
 }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
 void init(const char *tt) {
                                                                                    bfd5
   int len = strlen(tt);
                                                                                    aaaf
   s.resize(len * 2 + 10);
                                                                                    f701
   lc.resize(len * 2 + 10);
                                                                                    7045
   s[0] = '*';
                                                                                    8e13
   s[1] = '#';
                                                                                    ae54
   for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                    1321
     s[i * 2 + 2] = tt[i];
                                                                                    e995
     s[i * 2 + 1] = '#';
                                                                                    69fd
                                                                                    95cf
   s[len * 2 + 1] = '#';
                                                                                    43fd
   s[len * 2 + 2] = '\0';
                                                                                    75d1
```

CONTENTS 3. STRING

```
61f7
          Len = len * 2 + 2;
3e7a
          work();
        }
95cf
427e
b194
        pair<int, int> maxpal(int 1, int r) {
901a
          int center = 1 + r + 1;
ffb2
          int rad = lc[center] / 2;
          int rmid = (1 + r + 1) / 2;
ab54
          int rl = rmid - rad, rr = rmid + rad - 1;
17e4
          if ((r ^ 1) & 1) {
3908
69f3
          } else rr++;
          return {max(1, r1), min(r, rr)};
69dc
95cf
329b
      };
```

#### 3.3 Aho-corasick automaton

```
struct AC : Trie {
a1ad
        int fail[MAXN];
9143
        int last[MAXN];
daca
427e
        void construct() {
8690
93d2
          queue<int> q;
          fail[0] = 0;
a7a6
          rep(c, CHARN) {
ce3c
            if (int u = tr[0][c]) {
b1c6
              fail[u] = 0;
a506
              q.push(u);
3e14
f689
              last[u] = 0;
95cf
95cf
          while (!q.empty()) {
cc78
31f0
            int r = q.front();
15dd
            q.pop();
            rep(c, CHARN) {
ce3c
              int u = tr[r][c];
ab59
0ef5
              if (!u) {
                tr[r][c] = tr[fail[r]][c];
9d58
b333
                continue;
95cf
              }
3e14
              q.push(u);
b3ff
              int v = fail[r];
```

```
while (v && !tr[v][c]) v = fail[v];
                                                                                  d2ea
      fail[u] = tr[v][c];
                                                                                  c275
      last[u] = tag[fail[u]] ? fail[u] : last[fail[u]];
                                                                                  654c
                                                                                  95cf
  }
                                                                                  95cf
                                                                                  95cf
                                                                                  427e
void found(int pos, int j) {
                                                                                  7752
  if (j) {
                                                                                  043e
    //! add codes for having found word with tag[j]
                                                                                  427e
    found(pos, last[j]);
                                                                                  4a96
                                                                                  95cf
}
                                                                                  95cf
                                                                                  427e
void find(const char* text) { // must be called after construct()
                                                                                  9785
  int p = 0, c, len = strlen(text);
                                                                                  80a4
  rep(i, len) {
                                                                                  9c94
    c = id(text[i]);
                                                                                  b3db
    p = tr[p][c];
                                                                                  f119
    if (tag[p])
                                                                                  f08e
      found(i, p);
                                                                                  389b
    else if (last[p])
                                                                                  1e67
      found(i, last[p]);
                                                                                  299e
                                                                                  95cf
                                                                                  95cf
                                                                                  329b
```

#### **3.4** Trie

```
const int MAXN = 12000:
                                                                                    e6f1
const int CHARN = 26;
                                                                                    dd87
                                                                                    427e
inline int id(char c) { return c - 'a'; }
                                                                                    8ff5
                                                                                    427e
struct Trie {
                                                                                    a281
 int n;
                                                                                    5c83
  int tr[MAXN][CHARN]; // Trie tree, 0 denotes fail
                                                                                    f4f5
  int tag[MAXN];
                                                                                    35a5
                                                                                    427e
  Trie() {
                                                                                    4fee
    memset(tr[0], 0, sizeof(tr[0]));
                                                                                    3ccc
    tag[0] = 0;
                                                                                    4d52
```

CONTENTS 3. STRING

```
46bf
          n = 1:
95cf
427e
        // tag should not be 0
427e
30b0
        void add(const char* s, int t) {
d50a
          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
9c94
          rep(i, len) {
            c = id(s[i]);
3140
            if (!tr[p][c]) {
d6c8
              memset(tr[n], 0, sizeof(tr[n]));
26dd
              tag[n] = 0;
2e5c
              tr[p][c] = n++;
73bb
95cf
            }
f119
            p = tr[p][c];
95cf
          tag[p] = t;
35ef
95cf
427e
427e
        // returns 0 if not found
        // AC automaton does not need this function
427e
        int search(const char* s) {
216c
          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
d50a
          rep(i, len) {
9c94
            c = id(s[i]);
3140
            if (!tr[p][c]) return 0;
f339
f119
            p = tr[p][c];
95cf
840e
          return tag[p];
95cf
329b
      };
```

## 3.5 Suffix array

The character immediately after the end of the string MUST be set to the UNIQUE SMALLEST element.

Usage:

```
s[] the source string
sa[i] the index of starting position of i-th suffix
rk[i] the number of suffixes less than the suffix starting from i
h[i] the longest common prefix between the i-th and (i-1)-th
lexicographically smallest suffixes
n size of source string
m size of character set
```

```
void radix sort(int x[], int y[], int sa[], int n, int m) {
                                                                                   de09
   static int cnt[1000005]; // size > max(n, m)
                                                                                   ec00
   fill(cnt, cnt + m, 0);
                                                                                   6066
   rep (i, n) cnt[x[y[i]]]++;
                                                                                   93b7
   partial sum(cnt, cnt + m, cnt);
                                                                                   9154
   for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) sa[--cnt[x[y[i]]]] = y[i];
                                                                                   acac
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   427e
void suffix array(int s[], int sa[], int rk[], int n, int m) {
                                                                                   c939
    static int y[1000005]; // size > n
                                                                                   a69a
   copy(s, s + n, rk);
                                                                                   7306
   iota(y, y + n, 0);
                                                                                   afbb
   radix sort(rk, y, sa, n, m);
                                                                                   7b42
   for (int j = 1, p = 0; j <= n; j <<= 1, m = p, p = 0) {
                                                                                   c8c2
       for (int i = n - j; i < n; i++) y[p++] = i;
                                                                                   8c3a
       rep (i, n) if (sa[i] >= j) y[p++] = sa[i] - j;
                                                                                   9323
       radix sort(rk, y, sa, n, m + 1);
                                                                                   9e9d
       swap_ranges(rk, rk + n, y);
                                                                                   ae41
       rk[sa[0]] = p = 1;
                                                                                   ffd2
       for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                                                   445e
            rk[sa[i]] = ((y[sa[i]] == y[sa[i-1]]  and y[sa[i]+j] == y[sa[i-1]+j])
                                                                                   f8dc
               ? p : ++p);
       if (p == n) break;
                                                                                   02f0
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   97d9
    rep (i, n) rk[sa[i]] = i;
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   427e
void calc height(int s[], int sa[], int rk[], int h[], int n) {
                                                                                   1715
   int k = 0;
                                                                                   c41f
   h[0] = 0;
                                                                                   f313
    rep (i, n) {
                                                                                   be8e
       k = max(k - 1, 0);
                                                                                   0883
       if (rk[i]) while (s[i+k] == s[sa[rk[i]-1]+k]) ++k;
                                                                                   527d
       h[rk[i]] = k;
                                                                                   56b7
    }
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   95cf
```

# 3.6 Rolling hash

```
PLEASE call init hash() in int main()!
      Usage:
                                 Construct the hasher with given string.
       build(str)
                                 Get hash value of substring [l, r).
       operator()(1, r)
      const LL mod = 1006658951440146419, g = 967;
      const int MAXN = 200005;
9f60
0291
      LL pg[MAXN];
427e
      inline LL mul(LL x, LL y) { return int128 t(x) * y % mod; }
dfe7
427e
599a
      void init hash() { // must be called in `int main()`
286f
          pg[0] = 1;
          for (int i = 1; i < MAXN; i++) pg[i] = mul(pg[i-1], g);
4af8
95cf
427e
      struct hasher {
7e62
534a
          LL val[MAXN];
427e
4554
          void build(const char *str) { // assume Lower-case letter only
f937
              for (int i = 0; str[i]; i++)
9645
                  val[i+1] = (mul(val[i], g) + str[i]) % mod;
          }
95cf
427e
          LL operator() (int 1, int r) \{ // [l, r) \}
19f8
              return (val[r] - mul(val[l], pg[r-l]) + mod) % mod;
9986
95cf
329b
      };
```

## 4 Math

## 4.1 Extended Euclidean algorithm and Chinese remainder theorem

```
4fba
7db6
if (!b) g = a, x = 1, y = 0;
037f
ffca
d798
95cf
95cf
}
void exgcd(LL a, LL b, LL &g, LL &x, LL &y) {
    if (!b) g = a, x = 1, y = 0;
    else {
        exgcd(b, a % b, g, y, x);
        y -= x * (a / b);
    }
95cf
}
```

```
427e
LL crt(LL r[], LL p[], int n) {
                                                                                    e491
   LL q = 1, ret = 0;
                                                                                    84e6
   rep (i, n) q *= p[i];
                                                                                    00d9
   rep (i, n) {
                                                                                    be8e
       LL m = q / p[i];
                                                                                    98b4
       LL d, x, y;
                                                                                    9f4f
       exgcd(p[i], m, d, x, y);
                                                                                    b082
       ret = (ret + y * m * r[i]) % q;
                                                                                    3cd3
                                                                                    95cf
   return (q + ret) % q;
                                                                                    2e47
                                                                                    95cf
```

#### 4.2 Linear basis

```
const int MAXD = 30;
                                                                                       8b44
struct linearbasis {
                                                                                       03a6
   ULL b[MAXD] = \{\};
                                                                                       3558
                                                                                       427e
    bool insert(LL v) {
                                                                                       1566
        for (int j = MAXD - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
                                                                                       9b2b
            if (!(v & (1ll << j))) continue;</pre>
                                                                                       de36
            if (b[j]) v ^= b[j]
                                                                                       ee78
            else {
                                                                                       037f
                 for (int k = 0; k < j; k++)
                                                                                       7836
                     if (v \& (111 << k)) v ^= b[k];
                                                                                       f0b4
                for (int k = j + 1; k < MAXD; k++)
                                                                                       b0aa
                     if (b[k] & (111 << j)) b[k] ^= v;</pre>
                                                                                       46c9
                b[j] = v;
                                                                                       8295
                return true:
                                                                                       3361
            }
                                                                                       95cf
        }
                                                                                       95cf
        return false;
                                                                                       438e
    }
                                                                                       95cf
};
                                                                                       329b
```

#### 4.3 Gauss elimination over finite field

```
const LL p = 1000000007; b784
427e
LL powmod(LL b, LL e) {
2a2c
```

```
LL r = 1:
95a2
3e90
        while (e) {
          if (e \& 1) r = r * b % p;
1783
          b = b * b % p;
5549
          e >>= 1;
16fc
95cf
547e
        return r;
95cf
427e
      typedef vector<LL> VLL;
c130
      typedef vector<VLL> WLL;
42ac
427e
      LL gauss(WLL &a, WLL &b) {
2c62
        const int n = a.size(), m = b[0].size();
561b
        vector<int> irow(n), icol(n), ipiv(n);
a25e
        LL det = 1:
2976
427e
        rep (i, n) {
be8e
d2b5
          int pj = -1, pk = -1;
          rep (j, n) if (!ipiv[j])
6b4a
e582
            rep (k, n) if (!ipiv[k])
              if (pj == -1 || a[j][k] > a[pj][pk]) {
6112
a905
                pj = j;
657b
                pk = k;
95cf
d480
          if (a[pj][pk] == 0) return 0;
0305
          ipiv[pk]++;
          swap(a[pj], a[pk]);
8dad
          swap(b[pj], b[pk]);
aad8
          if (pj != pk) det = (p - det) % p;
be4d
          irow[i] = pi;
d080
f156
          icol[i] = pk;
427e
4ecd
          LL c = powmod(a[pk][pk], p - 2);
          det = det * a[pk][pk] % p;
865b
          a[pk][pk] = 1;
c36a
          rep (j, n) a[pk][j] = a[pk][j] * c % p;
dd36
          rep (j, m) b[pk][j] = b[pk][j] * c % p;
1b23
          rep (j, n) if (j != pk) {
f8f3
           c = a[j][pk];
e97f
c449
            a[i][pk] = 0;
            rep (k, n) a[j][k] = (a[j][k] + p - a[pk][k] * c % p) % p;
820b
            rep (k, m) b[j][k] = (b[j][k] + p - b[pk][k] * c % p) % p;
f039
95cf
```

```
}

for (int j = n - 1; j >= 0; j--) if (irow[j] != icol[j]) {
   for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) swap(a[k][irow[j]], a[k][icol[j]]);
}
return det;
}

95cf
427e
37e1
50dc
95cf
627f
95cf
</pre>
```

## 4.4 Berlekamp-Massey algorithm

Call berlekamp() with input sequence  $(x_0, x_1, \dots, x_{n-1})$ . Return a vector of coefficients  $(c_0 = 1, c_1, \dots, c_{m-1})$  with minimum m, such that  $\sum_{i=0}^{m} c_i x_{i-i} = 0$  for all possible j.

```
LL \mod = 10000000007:
                                                                                     6e50
vector<LL> berlekamp(const vector<LL>& a) {
                                                                                     97db
   vector<LL> p = \{1\}, r = \{1\};
                                                                                     8904
   LL dif = 1;
                                                                                     075b
   rep (i, a.size()) {
                                                                                     8bc9
        LL u = 0;
                                                                                     1b35
        rep (j, p.size()) u = (u + p[j] * a[i-j]) % mod;
                                                                                     bd0b
        if (u == 0) {
                                                                                     eae9
            r.insert(r.begin(), 0);
                                                                                     b14c
        } else {
                                                                                     8e2e
            auto op = p;
                                                                                     0c78
            p.resize(max(p.size(), r.size() + 1));
                                                                                     02f6
            LL idif = powmod(dif, mod - 2);
                                                                                     0a2e
            rep (i, r.size())
                                                                                     9b57
                p[j+1] = (p[j+1] - r[j] * idif % mod * u % mod + mod) % mod;
                                                                                     dacc
            dif = u: r = op:
                                                                                     bcd1
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
   return p;
                                                                                     e149
                                                                                     95cf
```

#### 4.5 Fast Walsh-Hadamard transform

```
427e
                      // a[i+j] = x+y, a[i+j+d] = x-y;
                                                          // xor
                                                          // and
427e
                      // a[i+j] = x+y;
                      // a[i+j+d] = x+y;
                                                          // or
427e
95cf
95cf
427e
4db1
      void ifwt(int* a, int n){
          for (int d = 1; d < n; d <<= 1)
5595
05f2
              for (int i = 0; i < n; i += d << 1)
                  rep (j, d){
b833
7796
                      int x = a[i+j], y = a[i+j+d];
                                                                  // xor
                      // a[i+j] = (x+y)/2, a[i+j+d] = (x-y)/2;
427e
427e
                      // a[i+i] = x-v:
                                                                  // and
                      // a[i+j+d] = y-x;
                                                                   // or
427e
95cf
95cf
427e
      void conv(int* a, int* b, int n){
2ab6
950a
          fwt(a, n);
          fwt(b, n);
e427
8a42
          rep(i, n) a[i] *= b[i];
430f
          ifwt(a, n);
95cf
```

#### 4.6 Fast fourier transform

```
const int NMAX = 1<<20;</pre>
4e09
427e
3fbf
      typedef complex<double> cplx;
427e
      const double PI = 2*acos(0.0);
abd1
      struct FFT{
12af
c47c
          int rev[NMAX];
          cplx omega[NMAX], oinv[NMAX];
27d7
9827
          int K, N;
427e
1442
          FFT(int k){
              K = k; N = 1 << k;
e209
b393
              rep (i, N){
                  rev[i] = (rev[i>>1]>>1) | ((i&1)<<(K-1));
7ba3
                  omega[i] = polar(1.0, 2.0 * PI / N * i);
1908
                  oinv[i] = conj(omega[i]);
a166
```

```
95cf
   }
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   427e
   void dft(cplx* a, cplx* w){
                                                                                   b941
       rep (i, N) if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);
                                                                                   a215
       for (int 1 = 2; 1 <= N; 1 *= 2){
                                                                                   ac6e
           int m = 1/2;
                                                                                   2969
           for (cplx* p = a; p != a + N; p += 1)
                                                                                   b3cf
                                                                                   c24f
               rep (k, m){
                    cplx t = w[N/1*k] * p[k+m];
                                                                                   fe06
                    p[k+m] = p[k] - t; p[k] += t;
                                                                                   ecbf
               }
                                                                                   95cf
       }
                                                                                   95cf
   }
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   427e
   void fft(cplx* a){dft(a, omega);}
                                                                                   617b
   void ifft(cplx* a){
                                                                                   a123
       dft(a, oinv);
                                                                                   3b2f
       rep (i, N) a[i] /= N;
                                                                                   57fc
   }
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   427e
   void conv(cplx* a, cplx* b){
                                                                                   bdc0
       fft(a); fft(b);
                                                                                   6497
       rep (i, N) a[i] *= b[i];
                                                                                   12a5
       ifft(a);
                                                                                   f84e
   }
                                                                                   95cf
};
                                                                                   329b
```

#### 4.7 Number theoretic transform

```
const int NMAX = 1 << 21;
                                                                                     4ab9
                                                                                     427e
// 998244353 = 7*17*2^23+1, G = 3
                                                                                     427e
const int P = 1004535809, G = 3; // = 479*2^21+1
                                                                                     fb9a
                                                                                     427e
struct NTT{
                                                                                     87ab
    int rev[NMAX];
                                                                                     c47c
   LL omega[NMAX], oinv[NMAX];
                                                                                     0eda
   int g, g inv; // g: q n = G^{((P-1)/n)}
                                                                                     81af
   int K, N;
                                                                                     9827
                                                                                     427e
    LL powmod(LL b, LL e){
                                                                                     2a2c
```

```
LL r = 1:
95a2
3e90
              while (e){
                  if (e&1) r = r * b % P;
6624
                  b = b * b % P;
489e
16fc
                  e >>= 1;
95cf
547e
              return r;
          }
95cf
427e
f420
          NTT(int k){
e209
              K = k; N = 1 << k;
7652
              g = powmod(G, (P-1)/N);
4b3a
              g inv = powmod(g, N-1);
              omega[0] = oinv[0] = 1;
e04f
b393
              rep (i, N){
                  rev[i] = (rev[i>>1]>>1) | ((i&1)<<(K-1));
7ba3
                  if (i){
ad4f
                      omega[i] = omega[i-1] * g % P;
8d8b
9e14
                      oinv[i] = oinv[i-1] * g inv % P;
95cf
95cf
              }
          }
95cf
427e
          void ntt(LL* a, LL* w){
9668
              rep (i, N) if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);</pre>
a215
              for (int 1 = 2; 1 <= N; 1 *= 2){
ac6e
                  int m = 1/2:
2969
                  for (LL* p = a; p != a + N; p += 1)
7a1d
c24f
                      rep (k, m){
                          LL t = w[N/1*k] * p[k+m] % P;
0ad3
                          p[k+m] = (p[k] - t + P) \% P;
6209
fa1b
                          p[k] = (p[k] + t) \% P;
                      }
95cf
95cf
              }
95cf
427e
          void ntt(LL* a){_ntt(a, omega);}
92ea
          void intt(LL* a){
5daf
              LL inv = powmod(N, P-2);
1f2a
9910
              ntt(a, oinv);
              rep (i, N) a[i] = a[i] * inv % P;
a873
95cf
427e
3a5b
          void conv(LL* a, LL* b){
```

```
ntt(a); ntt(b);
    rep (i, N) a[i] = a[i] * b[i] % P;
    intt(a);
}

95cf
}
```

#### 4.8 Sieve of Euler

```
const int MAXX = 1e7+5;
                                                                                      cfc3
bool p[MAXX];
                                                                                      5861
int prime[MAXX], sz;
                                                                                      73ae
                                                                                      427e
void sieve(){
                                                                                      9bc6
    p[0] = p[1] = 1;
                                                                                      9628
    for (int i = 2; i < MAXX; i++){
                                                                                      1ec8
        if (!p[i]) prime[sz++] = i;
                                                                                      bf28
        for (int j = 0; j < sz && i*prime[j] < MAXX; j++){</pre>
                                                                                      e82c
            p[i*prime[j]] = 1;
                                                                                      b6a9
            if (i % prime[j] == 0) break;
                                                                                      5f51
                                                                                      95cf
    }
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      95cf
```

## 4.9 Sieve of Euler (General)

```
namespace sieve {
                                                                                    b62e
 constexpr int MAXN = 10000007;
                                                                                    6589
 bool p[MAXN]; // true if not prime
                                                                                    e982
 int prime[MAXN], sz;
                                                                                    6ae8
 int pval[MAXN], pcnt[MAXN];
                                                                                    cbf7
 int f[MAXN];
                                                                                    6030
                                                                                    427e
 void exec(int N = MAXN) {
                                                                                    76f6
   p[0] = p[1] = 1;
                                                                                    9628
                                                                                    427e
   pval[1] = 1;
                                                                                    8a8a
   pcnt[1] = 0;
                                                                                    bdda
   f[1] = 1;
                                                                                    c6b9
                                                                                    427e
    for (int i = 2; i < N; i++) {
                                                                                    a643
     if (!p[i]) {
                                                                                    01d6
```

```
b2b2
              prime[sz++] = i:
              for (LL j = i; j < N; j *= i) {
37d9
                int b = j / i;
758c
                pval[j] = i * pval[b];
81fd
e0f3
                pcnt[j] = pcnt[b] + 1;
                f[j] = ____; // f[j] = f(i^pcnt[j])
a96c
95cf
95cf
            for (int j = 0; i * prime[j] < N; j++) {</pre>
34c0
              int x = i * prime[j]; p[x] = 1;
f87a
              if (i % prime[j] == 0) {
20cc
9985
                pval[x] = pval[i] * prime[j];
3f93
                pcnt[x] = pcnt[i] + 1;
8e2e
              } else {
cc91
                pval[x] = prime[j];
                pcnt[x] = 1;
6322
95cf
              if (x != pval[x]) {
6191
d614
                f[x] = f[x / pval[x]] * f[pval[x]]
95cf
5f51
              if (i % prime[j] == 0) break;
95cf
95cf
95cf
95cf
```

## 4.10 Miller-Rabin primality test

```
9780504, 1795265022}

f16f

bool test(LL n){
    if (n < 3) return n==2;
    // ! The array a[] should be modified if the range of x changes.

3f11
    const LL a[] = {2LL, 7LL, 61LL, LLONG_MAX};
    LL r = 0, d = n-1, x;
    while (~d & 1) d >>= 1, r++;

for (int i=0; a[i] < n; i++){
        x = powmod(a[i], d, n); // ! powmod must use for 64bit mulmod
```

```
if (x == 1 || x == n-1) goto next;
                                                                                     7f99
        rep (i, r) {
                                                                                     e257
            x = mulmod(x, x, n);
                                                                                     d7ff
            if (x == n-1) goto next;
                                                                                     8d2e
                                                                                     95cf
        return false:
                                                                                     438e
next:;
                                                                                     d490
                                                                                     95cf
   return true;
                                                                                     3361
                                                                                     95cf
```

#### 4.11 Integer factorization (Pollard's rho)

```
ULL gcd(ULL a, ULL b) {return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;}
                                                                                     2e6b
                                                                                     427e
ULL PollardRho(ULL n){
                                                                                     54a5
   ULL c, x, y, d = n;
                                                                                     45eb
    if (~n&1) return 2;
                                                                                     d3e5
    while (d == n){
                                                                                     3c69
        x = y = 2;
                                                                                     0964
        d = 1;
                                                                                     4753
        c = rand() % (n - 1) + 1;
                                                                                     5952
        while (d == 1){
                                                                                     9e5b
            x = (mulmod(x, x, n) + c) \% n;
                                                                                     33d5
            y = (mulmod(y, y, n) + c) \% n;
                                                                                     e1bf
            y = (mulmod(y, y, n) + c) % n;
                                                                                     e1bf
            d = \gcd(x>y ? x-y : y-x, n);
                                                                                     a313
                                                                                     95cf
    }
                                                                                     95cf
    return d;
                                                                                     5d89
                                                                                     95cf
```

# 4.12 Adaptive Simpson's Method

The Simpson's formula has order 3 algebraic precision.

### Usage:

```
integrate(1, r, eps, est, fn) Integrate the function fn on interval [l, r]. eps is the estimated precision, while est is the current estimation, which can be set to arbitrary value initially.
```

```
template <typename T> b7ec
```

```
double simpson(double 1, double r, T&& f) {
9c6c
          double mid = (1 + r) / 2;
38f4
2075
          return (f(1) + 4 * f(mid) + f(r)) * (r - 1) / 6.0;
95cf
427e
b7ec
      template <tvpename T>
9cbb
      double integrate(double 1, double r, double eps, double est, T&& f) {
          double mid = (1 + r) / 2:
38f4
5d09
          double lv = simpson(l, mid, f), rv = simpson(mid, r, f);
          if (fabs(lv + rv - est) \leftarrow 15.0 * eps)
d589
036c
              return 1v + rv + (1v + rv - est) / 15.0;
          return integrate(1, mid, eps, lv, f) + integrate(mid, r, eps, rv, f);
13c4
95cf
```

## 4.13 Linear Programming (Simplex)

This function solves the following linear program

If the program is infeasible, NAN is returned; if the program is unbounded, DBL\_MAX is returned; otherwise, the optimal target is returned and the arguments are stored in x.

```
typedef vector<double> VD;
      typedef vector<VD> VVD;
9952
      typedef vector<int> VI;
05b7
      const double EPS = 1e-9;
427e
5eb7
      double LPSolve(VVD A, VD b, VD c, VD& x) {
f1f6
          int m = b.size(), n = c.size();
1684
          VI B(m), N(n+1);
          VVD D(m+2, VD(n+2));
319d
          rep (i, m) rep (j, n) D[i][j] = A[i][j];
7f8f
          rep (i, m) { B[i] = n + i; D[i][n] = -1; D[i][n+1] = b[i]; }
6b6c
9166
          rep (j, n) \{ N[j] = j; D[m][j] = -c[j]; \}
          N[n] = -1; D[m+1][n] = 1;
0def
427e
          auto pivot = [&] (int r, int s) {
e0f7
              double inv = 1.0 / D[r][s];
3c4b
              rep (i, m+2) if (i != r) rep (j, n+2) if (j != s)
e090
```

```
D[i][j] -= D[r][j] * D[i][s] * inv;
                                                                                   48ea
    rep (j, n+2) if (j != s) D[r][j] *= inv;
                                                                                   79f3
    rep (i, m+2) if (i != r) D[i][s] *= -inv;
                                                                                   73cf
    D[r][s] = inv; swap(B[r], N[s]);
                                                                                   82f1
};
                                                                                   329b
                                                                                   427e
auto simplex = [&](int phase) {
                                                                                   3f89
    int x = m + (phase == 1);
                                                                                   adb8
    while (true) {
                                                                                   1026
        int s = -1:
                                                                                   0676
        for (int j = 0; j <= n; j++) {
                                                                                   7e4d
            if (phase == 2 and N[i] == -1) continue;
                                                                                   30f5
            if (s == -1 \text{ or } D[x][i] < D[x][s] \text{ or }
                                                                                   537c
                 D[x][j] == D[x][s] and N[j] < N[s]) s = j;
                                                                                   3262
                                                                                   95cf
        if (s < 0 or D[x][s] > -EPS) return true:
                                                                                   083a
        int r = -1;
                                                                                   bfc5
        for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
                                                                                   356f
            if (D[i][s] < EPS) continue;</pre>
                                                                                   691d
            if (r == -1 \text{ or } D[i][n+1] / D[i][s] < D[r][n+1] / D[r][s] \text{ or }
                                                                                   6855
                 D[i][n+1] / D[i][s] == D[r][n+1] / D[r][s] and
                                                                                   26b3
                 B[i] < B[r]) r = i;
                                                                                   412f
                                                                                   95cf
        if (r == -1) return false; else pivot(r, s);
                                                                                   d829
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   329b
};
                                                                                   427e
int r = 0;
                                                                                   7c08
for (int i = 1; i < m; i++) if (D[i][n+1] < D[r][n+1]) r = i;
                                                                                   468b
if (D[r][n+1] <= -EPS) {
                                                                                   8257
    pivot(r, n);
                                                                                   d48d
    if (!simplex(1) or D[m+1][n+1] < -EPS) return NAN;</pre>
                                                                                   0175
    rep (i, m) if (B[i] == -1) {
                                                                                   fc91
        int s = -1;
                                                                                   0676
        for (int j = 0; j \leftarrow n; j++) if (s == -1 or D[i][j] < D[i][s]
                                                                                   1e86
            or D[i][j] == D[i][s] and N[j] < N[s]) s = j;</pre>
                                                                                   a48f
        pivot(i, s);
                                                                                   c4cd
                                                                                   95cf
                                                                                   95cf
if (!simplex(2)) return DBL MAX;
                                                                                   e566
x = VD(n);
                                                                                   8720
rep (i, m) if (B[i] < n) x[B[i]] = D[i][n+1];
                                                                                   3232
return D[m][n+1];
                                                                                   bbe4
                                                                                   95cf
```

# 5 Graph Theory

## 5.1 Strongly connected component

```
const int MAXV = 100005;
837c
427e
      struct graph{
2ea0
          vector<int> adj[MAXV];
88e3
          stack<int> s:
9cad
3d02
          int V; // number of vertices
          int pre[MAXV], lnk[MAXV], scc[MAXV];
8b6c
          int time, sccn;
27ee
427e
          void add edge(int u, int v){
bfab
              adj[u].push back(v);
c71a
95cf
          }
427e
d714
          void dfs(int u){
              pre[u] = lnk[u] = ++time;
7e41
              s.push(u);
80f6
18f6
              for (int v : adj[u]){
                  if (!pre[v]){
173e
                      dfs(v);
5f3c
                      lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], lnk[v]);
002c
                  } else if (!scc[v]){
6068
                      lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], pre[v]);
d5df
95cf
95cf
8de2
              if (lnk[u] == pre[u]){
660f
                  sccn++;
3c9e
                  int x;
a69f
                  do {
                      x = s.top(); s.pop();
3834
                      scc[x] = sccn;
b0e9
                  } while (x != u);
6757
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
          void find scc(){
4c88
              time = sccn = 0;
f4a2
```

```
memset(scc, 0, sizeof scc);
                                                                                    8de7
       memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
                                                                                    8c2f
       Rep (i, V){
                                                                                    6901
            if (!pre[i]) dfs(i);
                                                                                    56d1
                                                                                    95cf
   }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
   vector<int> adjc[MAXV];
                                                                                    27ce
   void contract(){
                                                                                    364d
       Rep (i, V)
                                                                                    1a1e
            rep (j, adj[i].size()){
                                                                                    21a2
                if (scc[i] != scc[adj[i][j]])
                                                                                    b730
                    adjc[scc[i]].push back(scc[adj[i][j]]);
                                                                                    b46e
                                                                                    95cf
   }
                                                                                    95cf
};
                                                                                    329b
```

## 5.2 Vertex biconnected component

```
const int MAXN = 100005;
                                                                                    0f42
struct graph {
                                                                                    2ea0
    int pre[MAXN], iscut[MAXN], bccno[MAXN], dfs clock, bcc cnt;
                                                                                    33ae
    vector<int> adj[MAXN], bcc[MAXN];
                                                                                    848f
    set<pair<int, int>> bcce[MAXN];
                                                                                    6b06
                                                                                    427e
    stack<pair<int, int>> s;
                                                                                    76f7
                                                                                    427e
    void add edge(int u, int v) {
                                                                                    bfab
        adj[u].push back(v);
                                                                                    c71a
        adj[v].push_back(u);
                                                                                    a717
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    int dfs(int u, int fa) {
                                                                                    7d3c
        int lowu = pre[u] = ++dfs clock;
                                                                                    9fe6
        int child = 0;
                                                                                    ec14
        for (int v : adj[u]) {
                                                                                    18f6
            if (!pre[v]) {
                                                                                    173e
                s.push({u, v});
                                                                                    e7f8
                child++;
                                                                                    fdcf
                int lowv = dfs(v, u);
                                                                                    f851
                lowu = min(lowu, lowv);
                                                                                    189c
                if (lowv >= pre[u]) {
                                                                                    b687
```

```
iscut[u] = 1;
6323
                           bcc[bcc cnt].clear();
57eb
                           bcce[bcc cnt].clear();
90b8
                           while (1) {
a147
                               int xu, xv;
a6a3
                               tie(xu, xv) = s.top(); s.pop();
a0c3
0ef5
                               bcce[bcc cnt].insert({min(xu, xv), max(xu, xv)});
                               if (bccno[xu] != bcc cnt) {
3db2
                                   bcc[bcc cnt].push back(xu);
e0db
                                   bccno[xu] = bcc cnt;
d27f
95cf
                               if (bccno[xv] != bcc cnt) {
f357
                                   bcc[bcc cnt].push back(xv);
752b
                                   bccno[xv] = bcc cnt;
57c9
95cf
                               if (xu == u \&\& xv == v) break:
7096
95cf
                           bcc cnt++;
03f5
95cf
                   } else if (pre[v] < pre[u] && v != fa) {</pre>
7470
e7f8
                       s.push({u, v});
                       lowu = min(lowu, pre[v]);
f115
95cf
95cf
              if (fa < 0 && child == 1) iscut[u] = 0;</pre>
e104
              return lowu;
1160
          }
95cf
427e
          void find bcc(int n) {
17be
8c2f
              memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
              memset(iscut, 0, sizeof iscut);
e2d2
40d3
              memset(bccno, -1, sizeof bccno);
              dfs clock = bcc cnt = 0;
fae2
              rep (i, n) if (!pre[i]) dfs(i, -1);
5c63
95cf
329b
      };
```

#### 5.3 Cut vertices

If the graph is unconnected, the algorithm should be run on each component. One may run Rep (i, n)if (!dfn[i])tarjan(i, i) for unconnected graph.

Usage:

```
add edge(u, v)
                           Add an undirected edge (u, v).
 tarjan(u, fa)
                           Run Tarjan's algorithm on tree rooted at fa. Please call
                           with identical u and fa.
                           Whether v is a cut vertex.
 cut[v]
const int MAXN = 200005;
                                                                                     9f60
vector<int> adj[MAXN];
                                                                                     0b32
int dfn[MAXN], low[MAXN], idx;
                                                                                     18e4
bool cut[MAXN];
                                                                                     d39d
                                                                                     427e
void add edge(int u, int v) {
                                                                                     bfab
    adj[u].push back(v);
                                                                                     c71a
    adj[v].push back(u);
                                                                                     a717
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
void tarjan(int u, int fa) {
                                                                                     50aa
    dfn[u] = low[u] = ++idx;
                                                                                     9891
    int child = 0;
                                                                                     ec14
    for (int v : adj[u]) {
                                                                                     18f6
        if (!dfn[v]) {
                                                                                     3c64
            tarjan(v, fa); low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
                                                                                     9636
            if (low[v] >= dfn[u] && u != fa) cut[u] = true;
                                                                                     f368
            child += u == fa;
                                                                                     7923
                                                                                     95cf
        low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
                                                                                     769a
                                                                                     95cf
    if (u == fa && child > 1) cut[u] = true;
                                                                                     7927
                                                                                     95cf
```

## 5.4 Minimum spanning arborescence, faster

All vertices are 1-based. Clear the fields when reuse the struct.

```
Usage:
```

```
add_edge(u, v, w) Add an edge from u to v with weight w.

Compute the total weight of MSA rooted at rt. If not exist, return LLONG MIN.
```

Time Complexity:  $O(|E|\log^2|V|)$ 

```
fc06
          int fa[MAXN], vis[MAXN];
427e
          int find(int x) { return fa[x] == x ? x : fa[x] = find(fa[x]); }
38dd
427e
29b0
          void unite(int x, int y) {
              x = find(x); y = find(y); fa[y] = x; if (x == y) return;
0c14
6fa0
              if (heap[x].size() < heap[y].size()) {</pre>
                  swap(heap[x], heap[y]);
9c26
2ffc
                  swap(shift[x], shift[y]);
95cf
9959
              while (heap[y].size()) {
                  auto p = heap[y].top(); heap[y].pop();
175b
                  heap[x].emplace(p.first - shift[y] + shift[x], p.second);
c0c5
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
          void add edge(int u, int v, LL w) { heap[v].emplace(w, u); }
0bbd
427e
a526
          LL run(int n, int rt) {
              LL ans = 0;
f7ff
              iota(fa, fa + n + 1, 0);
81f2
              Rep (i, n) if (find(i) != find(rt)) {
19b3
                  int u = find(i);
a7b1
                  stack<int, vector<int>> s;
010e
                  while (find(u) != find(rt)) {
eff5
                      if (vis[u]) while (s.top() != u) {
0dda
                          vis[s.top()] = 0; unite(u, s.top()); s.pop();
c593
83c4
                      } else { vis[u] = 1; s.push(u); }
                      while (heap[u].size()) {
c76e
b385
                          ans += heap[u].top().first - shift[u];
                          shift[u] = heap[u].top().first;
dde2
da47
                          if (find(heap[u].top().second) != u) break;
                          heap[u].pop();
9fbb
95cf
                      if (heap[u].empty()) return LLONG MIN;
6961
                      u = find(heap[u].top().second);
87e6
95cf
                  while (s.size()) { vis[s.top()] = 0; unite(rt, s.top()); s.pop(); }
2d46
95cf
4206
              return ans;
95cf
      };
329b
```

#### 5.5 Maximum flow (Dinic)

#### Usage:

```
\begin{array}{ll} \operatorname{add\_edge(u, v, c)} & \operatorname{Add \ an \ edge \ from} u \ \operatorname{to} v \ \operatorname{with \ capacity} c. \\ \operatorname{max\_flow(s, t)} & \operatorname{Compute \ maximum \ flow \ from} s \ \operatorname{to} t. \end{array}
```

**Time Complexity:** For general graph,  $O(V^2E)$ ; for network with unit capacity,  $O(\min\{V^{2/3}, \sqrt{E}\}E)$ ; for bipartite network,  $O(\sqrt{V}E)$ .

```
struct edge{
                                                                                     bcf8
    int from, to;
                                                                                     60e2
   LL cap, flow;
                                                                                     5e6d
};
                                                                                     329b
                                                                                     427e
const int MAXN = 1005;
                                                                                     e2cd
struct Dinic {
                                                                                     9062
   int n, m, s, t;
                                                                                     4dbf
    vector<edge> edges;
                                                                                     9f0c
   vector<int> G[MAXN];
                                                                                     b891
   bool vis[MAXN];
                                                                                     bbb6
    int d[MAXN];
                                                                                     b40a
    int cur[MAXN];
                                                                                     ddec
                                                                                     427e
    void add edge(int from, int to, LL cap) {
                                                                                     5973
        edges.push back(edge{from, to, cap, 0});
                                                                                     7b55
        edges.push back(edge{to, from, 0, 0});
                                                                                     1db7
        m = edges.size();
                                                                                     fe77
        G[from].push back(m-2);
                                                                                     dff5
        G[to].push back(m-1);
                                                                                     8f2d
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    bool bfs() {
                                                                                     1836
        memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
                                                                                     3b73
        queue<int> q;
                                                                                     93d2
        q.push(s);
                                                                                     5d13
        vis[s] = 1;
                                                                                     2cd2
        d[s] = 0;
                                                                                     721d
        while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                                     cc78
            int x = q.front(); q.pop();
                                                                                     66ba
            for (int i = 0; i < G[x].size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                                     3b61
                edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
                                                                                     b510
                if (!vis[e.to] && e.cap > e.flow) {
                                                                                     bba9
                    vis[e.to] = 1;
                                                                                     cd72
                    d[e.to] = d[x] + 1;
                                                                                     cf26
                    q.push(e.to);
                                                                                     ca93
```

```
95cf
95cf
              }
95cf
b23b
              return vis[t];
95cf
427e
9252
          LL dfs(int x, LL a) {
              if (x == t || a == 0) return a;
6904
8bf9
              LL flow = 0, f;
              for (int& i = cur[x]; i < G[x].size(); i++) {</pre>
f515
b510
                  edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
                  if(d[x] + 1 == d[e.to] && (f = dfs(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow))) > 0)
2374
                      e.flow += f:
1cce
                      edges[G[x][i]^1].flow -= f;
e16d
                      flow += f:
a74d
                      a -= f;
23e5
97ed
                      if(a == 0) break;
95cf
95cf
              }
84fb
              return flow;
95cf
427e
          LL max flow(int s, int t) {
5bf2
              this->s = s; this->t = t;
590d
              LL flow = 0;
62e2
              while (bfs()) {
ed58
f326
                  memset(cur, 0, sizeof(cur));
                  flow += dfs(s, LLONG MAX);
fb3a
95cf
              }
              return flow;
84fb
95cf
          }
427e
c72e
          vector<int> min cut() { // call this after maxflow
              vector<int> ans:
1df9
              for (int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i++) {</pre>
df9a
                  edge& e = edges[i];
56d8
                  if(vis[e.from] && !vis[e.to] && e.cap > 0) ans.push back(i);
46a2
95cf
              }
4206
              return ans;
95cf
      };
329b
```

## 5.6 Maximum cardinality bipartite matching (Hungarian)

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                     302f
using namespace std;
                                                                                     421c
                                                                                     427e
#define rep(i, n) for (int i = 0; i < (n); i++)
                                                                                     0d6c
#define Rep(i, n) for (int i = 1; i <= (n); i++)
                                                                                     cfe3
#define range(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
                                                                                     8843
typedef long long LL;
                                                                                     5cad
                                                                                     427e
struct Hungarian{
                                                                                     84ee
    int nx, ny;
                                                                                     fbf6
    vector<int> mx, my;
                                                                                     9ec6
    vector<vector<int> > e;
                                                                                     9d4c
    vector<bool> mark;
                                                                                     edec
                                                                                     427e
    void init(int nx, int ny){
                                                                                     8324
        this->nx = nx:
                                                                                     c1d1
        this->ny = ny;
                                                                                     f9c1
        mx.resize(nx); my.resize(ny);
                                                                                     ac92
        e.clear(); e.resize(nx);
                                                                                     3f11
        mark.resize(nx);
                                                                                     1023
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    inline void add(int a, int b){
                                                                                     4589
        e[a].push back(b);
                                                                                     486c
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    bool augment(int i){
                                                                                     0c2b
        if (!mark[i]) {
                                                                                     207c
            mark[i] = true;
                                                                                     dae4
            for (int j : e[i]){
                                                                                     6a1e
                if (my[j] == -1 || augment(my[j])){
                                                                                     0892
                    mx[i] = j; my[j] = i;
                                                                                     9ca3
                    return true;
                                                                                     3361
                }
                                                                                     95cf
            }
                                                                                     95cf
        }
                                                                                     95cf
        return false;
                                                                                     438e
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    int match(){
                                                                                     3fac
        int ret = 0;
                                                                                     5b57
```

```
b0f1
              fill(range(mx), -1);
b957
              fill(range(my), -1);
              rep (i, nx){
4ed1
                  fill(range(mark), false);
13a5
cc89
                  if (augment(i)) ret++;
              }
95cf
ee0f
              return ret;
95cf
329b
      };
```

## 5.7 Maximum matching of general graph (Edmond's blossom)

#### Usage:

```
init(n)
Initialize the template with n vertices, numbered from 1.

Add an undirected edge uv.

Find the maximum matching. Return the number of matched edges.

The mate of a matched vertex. If it is not matched, then the value is 0.
```

**Time Complexity:**  $O(|V|^3)$ , but extremely fast in practice.

```
const int MAXN = 1024:
c041
      struct Blossom {
6ab1
          vector<int> adi[MAXN];
0b32
          queue<int> q;
93d2
5c83
          int n;
0de2
          int label[MAXN], mate[MAXN], save[MAXN], used[MAXN];
427e
2186
          void init(int nv) {
              n = nv; for (auto& v : adj) v.clear();
3728
477d
              fill(range(label), 0); fill(range(mate), 0);
bb35
              fill(range(save), 0); fill(range(used), 0);
95cf
          }
427e
          void add edge(int u, int v) { adj[u].push back(v); adj[v].push back(u); }
c2dd
427e
          void rematch(int x, int y) {
2a48
              int m = mate[x]; mate[x] = y;
8af8
              if (mate[m] == x) {
1aa4
                  if (label[x] <= n) {
f4ba
                      mate[m] = label[x]; rematch(label[x], m);
740a
                  } else {
8e2e
```

```
int a = 1 + (label[x] - n - 1) / n:
                                                                                3341
            int b = 1 + (label[x] - n - 1) % n;
                                                                                2885
            rematch(a, b); rematch(b, a);
                                                                                ef33
                                                                                95cf
   }
                                                                                95cf
}
                                                                                95cf
                                                                                427e
void traverse(int x) {
                                                                                8a50
   Rep (i, n) save[i] = mate[i];
                                                                                43c0
   rematch(x, x);
                                                                                2ef7
   Rep (i, n) {
                                                                                34d7
        if (mate[i] != save[i]) used[i] ++;
                                                                                62c5
        mate[i] = save[i];
                                                                                97ef
                                                                                95cf
}
                                                                                95cf
                                                                                427e
void relabel(int x, int y) {
                                                                                8bf8
   Rep (i, n) used[i] = 0;
                                                                                d101
   traverse(x); traverse(y);
                                                                                c4ea
   Rep (i, n) {
                                                                                34d7
        if (used[i] == 1 and label[i] < 0) {</pre>
                                                                                dee9
            label[i] = n + x + (y - 1) * n;
                                                                                1c22
            q.push(i);
                                                                                eb31
                                                                                95cf
   }
                                                                                95cf
}
                                                                                95cf
                                                                                427e
int solve() {
                                                                                a0ce
   Rep (i, n) {
                                                                                34d7
        if (mate[i]) continue;
                                                                                a073
        Rep (i, n) label[j] = -1;
                                                                                1fc0
        label[i] = 0; q = queue<int>(); q.push(i);
                                                                                7676
        while (q.size()) {
                                                                                1c7d
            int x = q.front(); q.pop();
                                                                                66ba
            for (int y : adj[x]) {
                                                                                b98c
                if (mate[y] == 0 and i != y) {
                                                                                c07f
                    mate[y] = x; rematch(x, y); q = queue<int>(); break;
                                                                                7f36
                                                                                95cf
                if (label[y] >= 0) { relabel(x, y); continue; }
                                                                                d315
                if (label[mate[y]] < 0) {
                                                                                58ec
                    label[mate[y]] = x; q.push(mate[y]);
                                                                                c9c4
                                                                                95cf
                                                                                95cf
                                                                                95cf
```

#### 5.8 Minimum cost maximum flow

```
bcf8
      struct edge{
          int from, to:
60e2
d698
          int cap, flow;
          LL cost;
32cc
      };
329b
427e
      const LL INF = LLONG MAX / 2;
cc3e
      const int MAXN = 5005:
2aa8
      struct MCMF {
c6cb
9ceb
          int s, t, n, m;
9f0c
          vector<edge> edges;
          vector<int> G[MAXN];
b891
          bool inq[MAXN]; // queue
f74f
8f67
          LL d[MAXN];
                          // distance
          int p[MAXN];
                         // previous
9524
          int a[MAXN];
                          // improvement
b330
427e
f7f2
          void add edge(int from, int to, int cap, LL cost) {
              edges.push back(edge{from, to, cap, 0, cost});
24f0
95f0
              edges.push back(edge{to, from, 0, 0, -cost});
              m = edges.size();
fe77
dff5
              G[from].push back(m-2);
8f2d
              G[to].push back(m-1);
95cf
          }
427e
          bool spfa(){
3c52
93d2
              queue<int> q;
8494
              fill(d, d + MAXN, INF); d[s] = 0;
              memset(inq, 0, sizeof(inq));
fd48
              q.push(s); inq[s] = true;
5e7c
              p[s] = 0; a[s] = INT_MAX;
2dae
              while (!q.empty()){
cc78
                  int u = q.front(); q.pop(); inq[u] = false;
b0aa
```

```
for (int i : G[u]) {
                                                                                    3bba
                edge& e = edges[i];
                                                                                    56d8
                if (e.cap > e.flow && d[e.to] > d[u] + e.cost){
                                                                                    3601
                    d[e.to] = d[u] + e.cost;
                                                                                    55bc
                    p[e.to] = i;
                                                                                    ddf5
                    a[e.to] = min(a[u], e.cap - e.flow);
                                                                                    8249
                    if (!ing[e.to]) q.push(e.to), ing[e.to] = true;
                                                                                    e5d3
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
        return d[t] != INF;
                                                                                    6d7c
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    void augment(){
                                                                                    71a4
        int u = t;
                                                                                    06f1
        while (u != s){
                                                                                    b19d
            edges[p[u]].flow += a[t];
                                                                                    db09
            edges[p[u]^1].flow -= a[t];
                                                                                    25a9
            u = edges[p[u]].from;
                                                                                    e6c9
        }
                                                                                    95cf
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
#ifdef GIVEN FLOW
                                                                                    6e20
   bool min cost(int s, int t, int f, LL& cost) {
                                                                                    5972
        this->s = s; this->t = t;
                                                                                    590d
        int flow = 0;
                                                                                    21d4
        cost = 0:
                                                                                    23cb
        while (spfa()) {
                                                                                    22dc
            augment();
                                                                                    bcdb
            if (flow + a[t] >= f){
                                                                                    a671
                cost += (f - flow) * d[t]; flow = f;
                                                                                    b14d
                return true;
                                                                                    3361
            } else {
                                                                                    8e2e
                flow += a[t]; cost += a[t] * d[t];
                                                                                    2a83
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
        return false;
                                                                                    438e
                                                                                    95cf
#else
                                                                                    a8cb
   int min cost(int s, int t, LL& cost) {
                                                                                    f9a9
        this->s = s; this->t = t;
                                                                                    590d
        int flow = 0;
                                                                                    21d4
        cost = 0;
                                                                                    23cb
        while (spfa()) {
                                                                                    22dc
```

#### 5.9 Fast LCA

All indices of the tree are 1-based.

# Usage: preprocess(r

```
preprocess(root) Initialize with tree rooted at root.

lca(u, v) Query the lowest common ancestor of u and v.
```

```
const int MAXN = 500005;
      vector<int> adj[MAXN];
0b32
      int id[MAXN], nid;
fccb
      pair<int, int> st[MAXN << 1][33 - builtin clz(MAXN)];</pre>
1356
427e
      void dfs(int u, int p, int d) {
e16d
0df2
          st[id[u] = nid++][0] = \{d, u\};
          for (int v : adj[u]) {
18f6
              if (v == p) continue;
bd87
f58c
              dfs(v, u, d + 1);
08ad
              st[nid++][0] = \{d, u\};
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
      void preprocess(int root) {
3d1b
          nid = 0;
3269
          dfs(root, 0, 1);
91e1
          int 1 = 31 - __builtin_clz(nid);
5e98
          rep (j, l) rep (i, 1+nid-(1<<j))
213b
              st[i][j+1] = min(st[i][j], st[i+(1<<j)][j]);
1131
95cf
427e
0f0b
      int lca(int u, int v) {
cfc4
          tie(u, v) = minmax(id[u], id[v]);
          int k = 31 - builtin clz(v-u+1);
be9b
          return min(st[u][k], st[v-(1<<k)+1][k]).second;
8ebc
95cf
```

## 5.10 Heavy-light decomposition

**Time Complexity:** The decomposition itself takes linear time. Each query takes  $O(\log n)$  operations.

```
const int MAXN = 100005;
                                                                                    0f42
vector<int> adj[MAXN];
                                                                                    0b32
int sz[MAXN], top[MAXN], fa[MAXN], son[MAXN], depth[MAXN], id[MAXN];
                                                                                    42f2
                                                                                    427e
void dfs1(int x, int dep, int par){
                                                                                    be5c
    depth[x] = dep;
                                                                                    7489
    sz[x] = 1;
                                                                                    2ee7
    fa[x] = par;
                                                                                    adb4
    int maxn = 0, s = 0;
                                                                                    b79d
    for (int c: adi[x]){
                                                                                    c861
        if (c == par) continue;
                                                                                    fe45
        dfs1(c, dep + 1, x);
                                                                                    fd2f
        sz[x] += sz[c];
                                                                                    b790
        if (sz[c] > maxn){
                                                                                    f0f1
            maxn = sz[c];
                                                                                    c749
            s = c;
                                                                                    fe19
                                                                                    95cf
    }
                                                                                    95cf
    son[x] = s;
                                                                                    0e08
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
int cid = 0;
                                                                                    ba54
void dfs2(int x, int t){
                                                                                    3644
   top[x] = t;
                                                                                    8d96
    id[x] = ++cid;
                                                                                    d314
    if (son[x]) dfs2(son[x], t);
                                                                                    c4a1
    for (int c: adj[x]){
                                                                                    c861
        if (c == fa[x]) continue;
                                                                                    9881
        if (c == son[x]) continue;
                                                                                    5518
        else dfs2(c, c);
                                                                                    13f9
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
void decomp(int root){
                                                                                    0f04
    dfs1(root, 1, 0);
                                                                                    9fa4
    dfs2(root, root);
                                                                                    1c88
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
void query(int u, int v){
                                                                                    2c98
```

## 5.11 Centroid decomposition

Note that the centroid here is not the exact centroid of the graph. It only guarantees that the size of each subtree does not exceed half of that of the original tree. This is enough to guarantee the correct time complexity. All vertices are numbered from 1. Call decomp(root) to use.

#### Usage:

decomp(u, p) Decompose the tree rooted at u with parent p. **Time Complexity:** The decomposition itself takes  $O(n \log n)$  time.

```
vector<int> adj[100005];
      int sz[100005], sum;
88e0
427e
      void getsz(int u, int p) {
f93d
        sz[u] = 1; sum++;
5b36
        for (int v : adi[u]) {
18f6
          if (v == p) continue;
bd87
          getsz(v, u);
e3cb
          sz[u] += sz[v];
8449
95cf
95cf
427e
67f9
      int getcent(int u, int p) {
d51f
        for (int v : adj[u])
76e4
          if (v != p \text{ and } sz[v] > sum / 2)
            return getcent(v, u);
18e3
81b0
        return u;
95cf
427e
      void decompose(int u) {
4662
618e
        sum = 0; getsz(u, 0);
        u = getcent(u, 0); // update u to the centroid
303c
427e
        for (int v : adj[u]) {
18f6
```

```
// get answer for subtree v
                                                                                  427e
                                                                                  95cf
// get answer for the whole tree
                                                                                  427e
// don't forget to count the centroid itself
                                                                                  427e
                                                                                  427e
for (int v : adj[u]) { // divide and conquer
                                                                                  18f6
  adj[v].erase(find(range(adj[v]), u));
                                                                                  c375
  decompose(v);
                                                                                  fa6b
  adj[v].push back(u); // restore deleted edge
                                                                                  a717
                                                                                  95cf
                                                                                  95cf
```

#### 5.12 DSU on tree

This implementation avoids parallel existence of multiple data structures but requires that the data structure is invertible. To use this template, implement merge, enter, leave as needed; first call decomp(root, 0), then call work(root, 0, false). Labels of vertices start from 1.

#### Usage:

```
decomp(u, p) Decompose the tree u.

work(u, p, keep) Work for subtree u. When keep is set, information is not cleared.
```

**Time Complexity:**  $O(n \log n)$  times the complexity for merge, enter, leave.

```
vector<int> adj[100005];
                                                                                     1fb6
int sz[100005], son[100005];
                                                                                     901d
                                                                                     427e
void decomp(int u, int p) {
                                                                                     5559
    sz[u] = 1;
                                                                                     50c0
    for (int v : adj[u]) {
                                                                                     18f6
        if (v == p) continue;
                                                                                     bd87
        decomp(v, u);
                                                                                     a851
        sz[u] += sz[v];
                                                                                     8449
        if (sz[v] > sz[son[u]]) son[u] = v;
                                                                                     d28c
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
template <typename T>
                                                                                     b7ec
void trav(T fn, int u, int p) {
                                                                                     62f5
                                                                                     4412
    for (int v : adj[u]) if (v != p) trav(fn, v, u);
                                                                                     30b3
                                                                                     95cf
```

```
427e
      #define for light(v) for (int v : adj[u]) if (v != p and v != son[u])
7467
      void work(int u, int p, bool keep) {
33ff
          for light(v) work(v, u, 0); // process light children
72a2
427e
427e
          // process heavy child
          // current data structure contains info of heavy child
427e
          if (son[u]) work(son[u], u, 1);
9866
427e
          auto merge = [u] (int c) { /* count contribution of c */ };
18a9
          auto enter = [] (int c) { /* add vertex c */ };
1ab0
          auto leave = [] (int c) { /* remove vertex c*/ };
f241
427e
          for light(v) {
3d3b
              trav(merge, v, u);
74c6
              trav(enter, v, u);
c13d
95cf
427e
427e
          // count answer for root and add it
          // Warning: special check may apply to root!
427e
c54f
          merge(u);
          enter(u);
9dec
427e
          // Leave current tree
427e
          if (!keep) trav(leave, u, p);
4e3e
95cf
```

```
}

void add(int n, LL x){
    while (n < N) { tr[n] += x; n += n & -n; }

}

95cf
427e
f4bd
968e
95cf
329b</pre>
```

## 6.2 Fenwick tree (range update point query)

```
struct bit rupg{ // range update, point query
                                                                                     3d03
    int N;
                                                                                     d7af
    vector<LL> tr;
                                                                                     99ff
                                                                                     427e
    void init(int n) { tr.resize(N = n + 5);}
                                                                                     456d
                                                                                     427e
   LL query(int n) {
                                                                                     38d4
        LL ans = 0;
                                                                                     f7ff
        while (n < N) \{ ans += tr[n]; n += n \& -n; \}
                                                                                     3667
        return ans;
                                                                                     4206
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    void add(int n, LL x) {
                                                                                     f4bd
        while (n) { tr[n] += x; n \&= n - 1; }
                                                                                     0a2b
    }
                                                                                     95cf
};
                                                                                     329h
```

# 6 Data Structures

## 6.1 Fenwick tree (point update range query)

```
9976
      struct bit purq { // point update, range query
          int N;
d7af
          vector<LL> tr;
99ff
427e
          void init(int n) { tr.resize(N = n + 5); }
456d
427e
63d0
          LL sum(int n) {
f7ff
              LL ans = 0;
              while (n) { ans += tr[n]; n &= n - 1; }
6770
4206
              return ans;
```

# **6.3** Segment tree

```
LL p:
                                                                                    3942
const int MAXN = 4 * 100006;
                                                                                    1ebb
struct segtree {
                                                                                    451a
 int l[MAXN], m[MAXN], r[MAXN];
                                                                                    27be
 LL val[MAXN], tadd[MAXN], tmul[MAXN];
                                                                                    4510
                                                                                    427e
#define lson (o<<1)
                                                                                    ac35
#define rson (o<<1|1)
                                                                                    1294
                                                                                    427e
 void pull(int o) {
                                                                                    1344
   val[o] = (val[lson] + val[rson]) % p;
                                                                                    bbe9
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
```

```
void push add(int o, LL x) {
e4bc
          val[o] = (val[o] + x * (r[o] - 1[o])) % p;
5dd6
6eff
          tadd[o] = (tadd[o] + x) \% p;
95cf
427e
d658
        void push mul(int o, LL x) {
b82c
          val[o] = val[o] * x % p;
          tadd[o] = tadd[o] * x % p;
aa86
649f
          tmul[o] = tmul[o] * x % p;
95cf
427e
        void push(int o) {
b149
3159
          if (1[o] == m[o]) return;
          if (tmul[o] != 1) {
0a90
0f4a
            push mul(lson, tmul[o]);
            push mul(rson, tmul[o]);
045e
            tmul[o] = 1;
ac0a
95cf
1b82
          if (tadd[o]) {
            push add(lson, tadd[o]);
9547
            push add(rson, tadd[o]);
0e73
            tadd[o] = 0;
6234
95cf
        }
95cf
427e
        void build(int o, int ll, int rr) {
471c
          int mm = (11 + rr) / 2;
0e87
9d27
          l[o] = ll; r[o] = rr; m[o] = mm;
          tmul[o] = 1;
ac0a
5c92
          if (11 == mm) {
001f
            scanf("%lld", val + o);
e5b6
            val[o] %= p;
          } else {
8e2e
7293
            build(lson, ll, mm);
            build(rson, mm, rr);
5e67
            pull(o);
ba26
          }
95cf
95cf
427e
        void add(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
4406
          if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
3c16
            push_add(o, x);
db32
          } else {
8e2e
c4b0
            push(o);
```

```
if (m[o] > 11) add(1son, 11, rr, x);
                                                                                      4305
      if (m[o] < rr) add(rson, ll, rr, x);
                                                                                      d5a6
      pull(o);
                                                                                      ba26
                                                                                      95cf
 }
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      427e
 void mul(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
                                                                                      48cd
   if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
                                                                                      3c16
      push mul(o, x);
                                                                                      e7d0
    } else {
                                                                                      8e2e
      push(o);
                                                                                      c4b0
      if (ll < m[o]) mul(lson, ll, rr, x);</pre>
                                                                                      d1ba
      if (m[o] < rr) mul(rson, ll, rr, x);</pre>
                                                                                      67f3
      pull(o);
                                                                                      ba26
    }
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      427e
 LL query(int o, int ll, int rr) {
                                                                                      0f62
   if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
                                                                                      3c16
      return val[o];
                                                                                      6dfe
   } else {
                                                                                      8e2e
      push(o);
                                                                                      c4b0
     if (rr <= m[o]) return query(lson, ll, rr);</pre>
                                                                                      462a
     if (ll >= m[o]) return query(rson, ll, rr);
                                                                                      5cca
      return query(lson, 11, rr) + query(rson, 11, rr);
                                                                                      bbf9
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      95cf
} seg;
                                                                                      4d99
```

## 6.4 Treap

Self-balanced binary search tree which supports split and merge.

Usage:

```
push(x)
                             Push lazy tags to children.
 pull(x)
                             Update statistics of node x.
 Init(x, v)
                             Initialize node x with value v.
 Add(x, v)
                             Apply addition to subtree x.
                             Apply reversion to subtree x.
 Reverse(x)
                             Merge trees rooted at x and y. Return the root of new tree.
 Merge(x, y)
                             Split out the left k elements of tree t. The roots of left part
 Split(t, k, x, y)
                             and right part are stored in x and y, respectively.
 init(n)
                             Initialize the treap with array of size n.
                             Range operation over [l, r).
 work(op, 1, r)
Time Complexity: Expected O(\log n) per operation.
```

```
9f60
      const int MAXN = 200005;
      mt19937 gen(time(NULL));
a7c5
      struct Treap {
9542
          int ch[MAXN][2];
6d61
3948
          int sz[MAXN], key[MAXN], val[MAXN];
          int add[MAXN], rev[MAXN];
5d9a
          LL sum[MAXN] = \{0\};
2b1b
a773
          int maxv[MAXN] = {INT MIN}, minv[MAXN] = {INT MAX};
427e
          void Init(int x, int v) {
a629
              ch[x][0] = ch[x][1] = 0;
5a00
              \text{kev}[x] = \text{gen}(); \text{val}[x] = v; \text{pull}(x);
d8cd
          }
95cf
427e
          void pull(int x) {
3bf9
              sz[x] = 1 + sz[ch[x][0]] + sz[ch[x][1]];
e1c3
              sum[x] = val[x] + sum[ch[x][0]] + sum[ch[x][1]];
99f8
94e9
              \max(x) = \max(\{val[x], \max(ch[x][0]\}, \max(ch[x][1])\});
              minv[x] = min({val[x], minv[ch[x][0]], minv[ch[x][1]]});
6bb9
95cf
          }
427e
8c8e
          void Add(int x, int a) {
              val[x] += a; add[x] += a;
a7b1
              sum[x] += LL(sz[x]) * a; maxv[x] += a; minv[x] += a;
832a
          }
95cf
427e
          void Reverse(int x) {
aaf6
              rev[x] \sim 1;
52c6
7850
              swap(ch[x][0], ch[x][1]);
95cf
427e
```

```
void push(int x) {
                                                                                    1a53
        for (int c : ch[x]) if (c) {
                                                                                    5fe5
            Add(c, add[x]);
                                                                                    fd76
            if (rev[x]) Reverse(c);
                                                                                    7a53
                                                                                    95cf
        add[x] = 0; rev[x] = 0;
                                                                                    49ee
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    int Merge(int x, int y) {
                                                                                    9d2c
        if (!x || !y) return x | y;
                                                                                    1b09
        push(x); push(y);
                                                                                    cd7e
        if (key[x] > key[y]) {
                                                                                    bffa
            ch[x][1] = Merge(ch[x][1], y); pull(x); return x;
                                                                                    a3df
        } else {
                                                                                    8e2e
            ch[y][0] = Merge(x, ch[y][0]); pull(y); return y;
                                                                                    bf9e
                                                                                    95cf
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
   void Split(int t, int k, int &x, int &y) {
                                                                                    dc7e
        if (t == 0) \{ x = y = 0; return; \}
                                                                                    6303
        push(t);
                                                                                    f26b
        if (sz[ch[t][0]] < k) {
                                                                                    3465
            x = t; Split(ch[t][1], k - sz[ch[t][0]] - 1, ch[t][1], y);
                                                                                    ffd8
        } else {
                                                                                    8e2e
            y = t; Split(ch[t][0], k, x, ch[t][0]);
                                                                                    8a23
                                                                                    95cf
        if (x) pull(x); if (y) pull(y);
                                                                                    89e3
                                                                                    95cf
} treap;
                                                                                    b1f4
                                                                                    427e
int root;
                                                                                    24b6
                                                                                    427e
void init(int n) {
                                                                                    d34f
    Rep (i, n) {
                                                                                    34d7
        int x; scanf("%d", &x);
                                                                                    7681
        treap.Init(i, x);
                                                                                    0ed8
        root = (i == 1) ? 1 : treap.Merge(root, i);
                                                                                    bcc8
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
void work(int op, int 1, int r) {
                                                                                    d030
   int tl, tm, tr;
                                                                                    6639
    treap.Split(root, 1, t1, tm);
                                                                                    b6c4
    treap.Split(tm, r - 1, tm, tr);
                                                                                    8de3
```

```
3658
          if (op == 1) {
              int x; scanf("%d", &x); treap.Add(tm, x);
c039
          } else if (op == 2) {
1dcb
              treap.Reverse(tm);
ae78
581d
          } else if (op == 3) {
e092
              printf("%lld %d %d\n",
867f
                     treap.sum[tm], treap.minv[tm], treap.maxv[tm]);
95cf
6188
          root = treap.Merge(treap.Merge(tl, tm), tr);
95cf
```

#### 6.5 Link/cut tree

Dynamic connectivity of undirected acyclic graph. Support single-vertex update, path aggregation and relative LCA query. Vertices are numbered from 1. Zero initialization is enough except for the statistic information.

#### Usage:

```
pull(x) Update statistics of node x.

Root(u) Get the root of tree where vertex u is in.

Link(u, v) Link two unconnected trees.

Cut(u, v) Cut an existent edge.

Query(u, v) Path aggregation.

Update(u, x) Single point modification.

LCA(u, v, root) Get the lowest common ancestor of u and v in tree rooted at root.
```

Time Complexity:  $O(\log n)$  per operation

```
const int MAXN = 1000005;
2e73
ca06
      struct LCT {
          int fa[MAXN], ch[MAXN][2], val[MAXN], sum[MAXN];
6a6d
c6e1
          bool rev[MAXN];
427e
eba3
          bool isroot(int x) { return ch[fa[x]][0] == x || ch[fa[x]][1] == x; }
          void pull(int x) { sum[x] = val[x] ^ sum[ch[x][0]] ^ sum[ch[x][1]]; }
f19f
          void reverse(int x) { swap(ch[x][0], ch[x][1]); rev[x] ^= 1; }
1c4d
          void push(int x) {
1a53
              if (rev[x]) rep (i, 2) if (ch[x][i]) reverse(ch[x][i]); rev[x] = 0;
89a0
95cf
          void rotate(int x) {
425f
              int y = fa[x], z = fa[y], k = ch[y][1] == x, w = ch[x][!k];
51af
              if (isroot(y)) ch[z][ch[z][1] == y] = x;
e1fe
              ch[x][!k] = y; ch[y][k] = w; if (w) fa[w] = y;
1e6f
```

```
fa[y] = x; fa[x] = z; pull(y);
                                                                                    6d09
    }
                                                                                    95cf
   void pushall(int x) { if (isroot(x)) pushall(fa[x]); push(x); }
                                                                                    52c6
    void splay(int x) {
                                                                                    f69c
        int y = x, z = 0;
                                                                                    d095
        for (pushall(y); isroot(x); rotate(x)) {
                                                                                    c494
            v = fa[x]; z = fa[v];
                                                                                    ceef
            if (isroot(y)) rotate((ch[y][0] == x) \land (ch[z][0] == y) ? x : y);
                                                                                    4449
                                                                                    95cf
        pull(x);
                                                                                    78a0
    }
                                                                                    95cf
    void access(int x) {
                                                                                    6229
        int z = x;
                                                                                    1548
        for (int y = 0; x; x = fa[y = x]) { splay(x); ch[x][1] = y; pull(x); }
                                                                                    8854
        splay(z);
                                                                                    7afd
    }
                                                                                    95cf
    void chroot(int x) { access(x); reverse(x); }
                                                                                    a067
    void split(int x, int y) { chroot(x); access(y); }
                                                                                    126d
                                                                                    427e
    int Root(int x) {
                                                                                    d87a
        for (access(x); ch[x][0]; x = ch[x][0]) push(x);
                                                                                    f4f1
        splay(x); return x;
                                                                                    0d77
    }
                                                                                    95cf
    void Link(int u, int v) { chroot(u); fa[u] = v; }
                                                                                    9e46
    void Cut(int u, int v) { split(u, v); fa[u] = ch[v][0] = 0; pull(v); }
                                                                                    7c10
    int Query(int u, int v) { split(u, v); return sum[v]; }
                                                                                    0691
    void Update(int u, int x) { splay(u); val[u] = x; }
                                                                                    a999
    int LCA(int x, int y, int root) {
                                                                                    1f42
        chroot(root); access(x); splay(y);
                                                                                    6cb2
        while (fa[y]) splay(y = fa[y]);
                                                                                    02e5
        return v;
                                                                                    c218
    }
                                                                                    95cf
};
                                                                                    329b
```

# 6.6 Balanced binary search tree from pb\_ds

```
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;

tree<int, null_type, less<int>, rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>
rkt;
// null_tree_node_update
427e
427e
```

```
427e
      // SAMPLE USAGE
427e
      rkt.insert(x);
                              // insert element
190e
      rkt.erase(x);
                              // erase element
      rkt.order of kev(x);
                              // obtain the number of elements less than x
add5
                              // iterator to i-th (numbered from 0) smallest element
      rkt.find by order(i);
c103
      rkt.lower bound(x);
      rkt.upper bound(x);
4ff4
b19b
      rkt.join(rkt2);
                              // merge tree (only if their ranges do not intersect)
      rkt.split(x, rkt2);
                              // split all elements greater than x to rkt2
```

### 6.7 Persistent segment tree, range k-th query

```
struct node {
f1a7
        static int n, pos;
2ff6
427e
        int value:
7cec
70e2
        node *left, *right;
427e
20b0
        void* operator new(size t size);
427e
        static node* Build(int 1, int r) {
3dc0
          node* a = new node;
b6c5
          if (r > 1 + 1) {
ce96
            int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
181e
            a->left = Build(1, mid);
3ba2
            a->right = Build(mid, r);
8aaf
          } else {
8e2e
bfc4
            a \rightarrow value = 0;
95cf
5ffd
          return a;
95cf
427e
        static node* init(int size) {
5a45
          n = size;
2c46
          pos = 0;
7ee3
be52
          return Build(0, n);
95cf
427e
        static int Query(node* lt, node *rt, int l, int r, int k) {
93c0
          if (r == 1 + 1) return 1;
d30c
          int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
181e
```

```
if (rt->left->value - lt->left->value < k) {</pre>
                                                                                     cb5a
      k -= rt->left->value - lt->left->value;
                                                                                     8edb
      return Query(lt->right, rt->right, mid, r, k);
                                                                                     2412
    } else {
                                                                                     8e2e
      return Ouerv(lt->left, rt->left, l, mid, k);
                                                                                     0119
                                                                                     95cf
 }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
  static int query(node* lt, node *rt, int k) {
                                                                                     c9ad
    return Query(lt, rt, 0, n, k);
                                                                                     9e27
 }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
 node *Inc(int 1, int r, int pos) const {
                                                                                     b19c
   node* a = new node(*this);
                                                                                     5794
    if (r > 1 + 1) {
                                                                                     ce96
      int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                                                     181e
      if (pos < mid)</pre>
                                                                                     203d
        a->left = left->Inc(l, mid, pos);
                                                                                     f44a
      else
                                                                                     649a
        a->right = right->Inc(mid, r, pos);
                                                                                     1024
                                                                                     95cf
    a->value++;
                                                                                     2b3e
    return a;
                                                                                     5ffd
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
 node *inc(int index) {
                                                                                     e80f
    return Inc(0, n, index);
                                                                                     c246
                                                                                     95cf
} nodes[8000000];
                                                                                     865a
                                                                                     427e
int node::n, node::pos;
                                                                                     99ce
inline void* node::operator new(size t size) {
                                                                                     1987
 return nodes + (pos++);
                                                                                     bb3c
                                                                                     95cf
```

#### 6.8 Block list

All indices are 0-based. All ranges are left-closed right-open.

Usage:

```
block::fix()
Init(1, r)
Reverse(1, r)
Apply tags to the current block.
Range initializer.
Reverse the range.
Add(1, r, x)
Add x to the range.
Query(1, r)
Range aggregation.
```

```
const int BLOCK = 800;
fd9e
76b3
      typedef vector<int> vi;
427e
a771
      struct block {
          vi data:
8fbc
          LL sum; int minv, maxv;
e3b5
          int add: bool rev:
41db
427e
          block(vi&& vec) : data(move(vec)),
d7eb
              sum(accumulate(range(data), 011)),
1f0c
              minv(*min element(range(data))),
8216
              maxv(*max element(range(data))),
527d
              add(0), rev(0) { }
6437
427e
b919
          void fix() {
              if (rev) reverse(range(data));
0694
                                                       rev = 0:
              if (add) for (int& x : data) x += add; add = 0;
0527
          }
95cf
427e
          void merge(block& another) {
8bc4
b895
              fix(); another.fix();
              vi temp(move(data));
f516
              temp.insert(temp.end(), range(another.data));
d02c
              *this = block(move(temp));
88ea
95cf
          }
427e
42e8
          block split(int pos) {
3e79
              fix();
              block result(vi(data.begin() + pos, data.end()));
ccab
              data.resize(pos); *this = block(move(data));
861a
              return result;
56b0
95cf
329b
427e
      typedef list<block>::iterator lit;
2a18
427e
      struct blocklist {
ce14
          list<block> blk;
5540
```

```
427e
void maintain() {
                                                                                 7b8e
    lit it = blk.begin();
                                                                                 3131
    while (it != blk.end() && next(it) != blk.end()) {
                                                                                 4628
        lit it2 = it;
                                                                                 852d
        while (next(it2) != blk.end() &&
                                                                                 188c
                it2->data.size() + next(it2)->data.size() <= BLOCK) {</pre>
                                                                                 3600
            it2->merge(*next(it2));
                                                                                 93e1
            blk.erase(next(it2));
                                                                                 e1fa
                                                                                 95cf
        ++it;
                                                                                 5771
    }
                                                                                 95cf
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
lit split(int pos) {
                                                                                 b7b3
    for (lit it = blk.begin(); ; it++) {
                                                                                 2273
        if (pos == 0) return it;
                                                                                 5502
        while (it->data.size() > pos)
                                                                                 8e85
            blk.insert(next(it), it->split(pos));
                                                                                 2099
        pos -= it->data.size();
                                                                                 a5a1
                                                                                 427e
    }
                                                                                 95cf
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
void Init(int *1, int *r) {
                                                                                 1c7b
    for (int *cur = 1; cur < r; cur += BLOCK)</pre>
                                                                                 9919
        blk.emplace back(vi(cur, min(cur + BLOCK, r)));
                                                                                 8950
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
void Reverse(int 1, int r) {
                                                                                 a22f
    lit it = split(1), it2 = split(r);
                                                                                 997b
    reverse(it, it2);
                                                                                 dfd0
    while (it != it2) {
                                                                                 8f89
        it->rev ^= 1;
                                                                                 6a06
        it++:
                                                                                 5283
                                                                                 95cf
    maintain();
                                                                                 b204
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
void Add(int 1, int r, int x) {
                                                                                 3cce
    lit it = split(1), it2 = split(r);
                                                                                 997b
    while (it != it2) {
                                                                                 8f89
        it->sum += LL(x) * it->data.size();
                                                                                 e927
        it->minv += x; it->maxv += x;
                                                                                 03d3
```

```
4511
                  it->add += x: it++:
95cf
              maintain();
b204
          }
95cf
427e
3ad3
          void Query(int 1, int r) {
997b
              lit it = split(1), it2 = split(r);
              LL sum = 0; int minv = INT MAX, maxv = INT MIN;
c33d
8f89
              while (it != it2) {
                  sum += it->sum;
e472
                  minv = min(minv, it->minv);
72c4
                  maxv = max(maxv, it->maxv);
e1c4
5283
                  it++;
95cf
b204
              maintain();
              printf("%lld %d %d\n", sum, minv, maxv);
8792
95cf
      } lst;
958e
```

#### 6.9 Persistent block list

Block list that supports persistence. All indices are 0-based. All ranges are left-closed right-open. std::shared\_ptr is used to ease memory management. One should modify the constructor of block to maintain extra information. Here we use this policy that the size of each block does not exceed BLOCK, while the sum of sizes of two adjacent blocks does not less than BLOCK.

When some operation that breaks block list property, please call maintain in time to restore the property.

#### Usage:

```
maintain() Maintain the block list property. Split (pos) Split the block list at position pos. Returns an iterator to a block starting at pos. Sum(1, r) An example function of list traversal between [l, r).
```

**Time Complexity:** When BLOCK is properly selected, the time complexity is  $O(\sqrt{n})$  per operation.

```
a19e constexpr int BLOCK = 800;
76b3 typedef vector<int> vi;
0563 typedef shared_ptr<vi> pvi;
1013b typedef shared_ptr<const vi> pcvi;
127e a771 struct block {
```

```
pcvi data:
                                                                                    2989
   LL sum;
                                                                                    8fd0
                                                                                    427e
   // add information to maintain
                                                                                    427e
   block(pcvi ptr):
                                                                                    a613
       data(ptr),
                                                                                    24b5
       sum(accumulate(ptr->begin(), ptr->end(), 011))
                                                                                    0cf0
   { }
                                                                                    e93b
                                                                                    427e
   void merge(const block& another) {
                                                                                    5c0f
       pvi temp = make shared<vi>(data->begin(), data->end());
                                                                                    0b18
       temp->insert(temp->end(), another.data->begin(), another.data->end());
                                                                                    ac21
        *this = block(temp);
                                                                                    6467
   }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
   block split(int pos) {
                                                                                    42e8
       block result(make shared<vi>(data->begin() + pos, data->end()));
                                                                                    dac1
        *this = block(make shared<vi>(data->begin(), data->begin() + pos));
                                                                                    01db
       return result:
                                                                                    56b0
   }
                                                                                    95cf
};
                                                                                    329b
                                                                                    427e
typedef list<block>::iterator lit;
                                                                                    2a18
                                                                                    427e
struct blocklist {
                                                                                    ce14
   list<block> blk;
                                                                                    5540
                                                                                    427e
   void maintain() {
                                                                                    7b8e
       lit it = blk.begin();
                                                                                    3131
       while (it != blk.end() and next(it) != blk.end()) {
                                                                                    5e44
            lit it2 = it;
                                                                                    852d
            while (next(it2) != blk.end() and
                                                                                    0b03
                     it2->data->size() + next(it2)->data->size() <= BLOCK) {</pre>
                                                                                    029f
                it2->merge(*next(it2));
                                                                                    93e1
                blk.erase(next(it2));
                                                                                    e1fa
                                                                                    95cf
            ++it;
                                                                                    5771
                                                                                    95cf
   }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
   lit split(int pos) {
                                                                                    b7b3
       for (lit it = blk.begin(); ; it++) {
                                                                                    2273
            if (pos == 0) return it;
                                                                                    5502
            while (it->data->size() > pos) {
                                                                                    d480
```

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```
2099
                      blk.insert(next(it), it->split(pos));
95cf
                  pos -= it->data->size();
a1c8
95cf
95cf
427e
fd38
          LL sum(int 1, int r) { // traverse
              lit it1 = split(l), it2 = split(r);
48b4
              LL res = 0;
ac09
              while (it1 != it2) {
9f1d
8284
                  res += it1->sum;
                  it1++;
61fd
95cf
              }
              maintain():
b204
244d
              return res;
95cf
329b
      };
```

## 6.10 Sparse table, range minimum query

The array is 0-based and the range is left-closed right-open.

```
const int MAXN = 100007;
db63
      int a[MAXN], st[MAXN][30];
cefd
427e
d34f
      void init(int n){
          int 1 = \log_2(n);
c73d
cf75
          rep (i, n) st[i][0] = a[i];
426b
          rep (j, l) rep (i, 1+n-(1<<j))
1131
              st[i][j+1] = min(st[i][j], st[i+(1<<j)][j]);
95cf
427e
      int rmq(int 1, int r){
c863
f089
          int k = log2(r - 1);
          return min(st[1][k], st[r-(1<<k)][k]);
6117
95cf
```

## 7 Geometrics

# 7.1 2D geometric template

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                    302f
using namespace std;
                                                                                    421c
                                                                                    427e
typedef int T;
                                                                                    4553
typedef struct pt {
                                                                                    c0ae
    T x, y;
                                                                                    7a9d
    T operator, (pt a) { return x*a.x + y*a.y; } // inner product
                                                                                    ffaa
    T operator * (pt a) { return x*a.y - y*a.x; } // outer product
                                                                                    3ec7
    pt operator + (pt a) { return {x+a.x, y+a.y}; }
                                                                                    221a
    pt operator - (pt a) { return {x-a.x, y-a.y}; }
                                                                                    8b34
                                                                                    427e
    pt operator * (T k) { return {x*k, y*k}; }
                                                                                    368b
    pt operator - () { return {-x, -y};}
                                                                                    90f4
} vec:
                                                                                    ba8c
                                                                                    427e
typedef pair<pt, pt> seg;
                                                                                    0ea6
                                                                                    427e
bool ptOnSeg(pt& p, seg& s){
                                                                                    8d6e
    vec v1 = s.first - p, v2 = s.second - p;
                                                                                    ce77
    return (v1, v2) <= 0 && v1 * v2 == 0:
                                                                                    de97
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
// 0 not on segment
                                                                                    427e
// 1 on segment except vertices
                                                                                    427e
// 2 on vertices
                                                                                    427e
int ptOnSeg2(pt& p, seg& s){
                                                                                    8421
   vec v1 = s.first - p, v2 = s.second - p;
                                                                                    ce77
    T ip = (v1, v2);
                                                                                    70ca
    if (v1 * v2 != 0 || ip > 0) return 0;
                                                                                    8b14
    return (v1, v2) ? 1 : 2;
                                                                                    0847
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
// if two orthogonal rectangles do not touch, return true
                                                                                    427e
inline bool nIntRectRect(seg a, seg b){
                                                                                    72bb
    return min(a.first.x, a.second.x) > max(b.first.x, b.second.x) ||
                                                                                    f9ac
           min(a.first.y, a.second.y) > max(b.first.y, b.second.y) ||
                                                                                    f486
           min(b.first.x, b.second.x) > max(a.first.x, a.second.x) ||
                                                                                    39ce
           min(b.first.y, b.second.y) > max(a.first.y, a.second.y);
                                                                                    80c7
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
// >0 in order
                                                                                    427e
// <0 out of order
                                                                                    427e
// =0 not standard
                                                                                    427e
```

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```
inline double rotOrder(vec a, vec b, vec c){return double(a*b)*(b*c);}
7538
427e
      inline bool intersect(seg a, seg b){
31ed
          //! if (nIntRectRect(a, b)) return false; // if commented, assume that a
427e
            and b are non-collinear
          return rotOrder(b.first-a.first, a.second-a.first, b.second-a.first) >= 0 &&
cb52
                 rotOrder(a.first-b.first, b.second-b.first, a.second-b.first) >= 0;
059e
95cf
427e
      // 0 not insersect
427e
      // 1 standard intersection
427e
      // 2 vertex-line intersection
427e
      // 3 vertex-vertex intersection
427e
      // 4 collinear and have common point(s)
427e
      int intersect2(seg& a, seg& b){
4d19
          if (nIntRectRect(a, b)) return 0;
5dc4
          vec va = a.second - a.first, vb = b.second - b.first;
42c0
          double j1 = rotOrder(b.first-a.first, va, b.second-a.first),
2096
72fe
                 j2 = rotOrder(a.first-b.first, vb, a.second-b.first);
          if (j1 < 0 || j2 < 0) return 0;
5ac6
          if (j1 != 0 && j2 != 0) return 1;
9400
          if (j1 == 0 && j2 == 0){
83db
              if (va * vb == 0) return 4; else return 3;
6b0c
          } else return 2;
fb17
95cf
427e
      template <typename Tp = T>
2c68
5894
      inline pt getIntersection(pt P, vec v, pt Q, vec w){
          static assert(is same<Tp, double>::value, "must_lbe_ldouble!");
6850
          return P + v * (w*(P-Q)/(v*w));
7c9a
95cf
427e
427e
      // -1 outside the polygon
      // 0 on the border of the polygon
427e
      // 1 inside the polygon
427e
      int ptOnPoly(pt p, pt* poly, int n){
cbdd
          int wn = 0;
5fb4
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
1294
427e
             T k, d1 = poly[i].y - p.y, d2 = poly[(i+1)%n].y - p.y;
3cae
              if (k = (poly[(i+1)\%n] - poly[i])*(p - poly[i])){
b957
                  if (k > 0 \&\& d1 <= 0 \&\& d2 > 0) wn++;
8c40
                  if (k < 0 \&\& d2 <= 0 \&\& d1 > 0) wn--;
3c4d
aad3
              } else return 0;
```

```
95cf
    return wn ? 1 : -1;
                                                                                    0a5f
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
istream& operator >> (istream& lhs, pt& rhs){
                                                                                    d4a3
    lhs >> rhs.x >> rhs.y;
                                                                                    fa86
    return lhs;
                                                                                    331a
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
istream& operator >> (istream& lhs, seg& rhs){
                                                                                    07ae
    lhs >> rhs.first >> rhs.second;
                                                                                    5cab
    return lhs;
                                                                                    331a
                                                                                    95cf
```

# 8 Appendices

## 8.1 Primes

## 8.1.1 First primes

p	g(p)								
2	1	3	2	5	2	7	3	11	2
13	2	17	3	19	2	23	5	29	2
31	3	37	2	41	6	43	3	47	5
53	2	59	2	61	2	67	2	71	7
73	5	79	3	83	2	89	3	97	5
101	2	103	5	107	2	109	6	113	3
127	3	131	2	137	3	139	2	149	2
151	6	157	5	163	2	167	5	173	2
179	2	181	2	191	19	193	5	197	2
199	3	211	2	223	3	227	2	229	6

## 8.1.2 Arbitrary length primes

$\lg p$	p	g(p)	p	g(p)
3	967	5	1031	14
4	9859	2	10273	10
5	96331	10	102931	3
6	958543	6	1031137	5
7	9594539	2	10169651	2
8	96243449	3	103211039	7
9	980483981	2	1042484357	2
10	9858935453	2	10261276009	7
11	95748666809	3	101759940101	2
12	950781833849	3	1012797784423	5
13	9739822952371	7	10037217092377	7
14	96181051140397	5	104974966380359	11
15	981030138360889	13	1029038416465403	2
16	9655206098080843	3	10116299875820773	2
17	97687777921994419	3	101506415998163437	2

#### **8.1.3** $\sim 1 \times 10^9$

p	g(p)	p	g(p)	p	g(p)
954854573	3	967607731	2	973215833	3
975831713	3	978949117	2	980766497	3
983879921	3	985918807	3	986608921	29
991136977	5	991752599	13	997137961	11
1003911991	3	1009775293	2	1012423549	6
1021000537	5	1023976897	7	1024153643	2
1037027287	3	1038812881	11	1044754639	3
1045125617	3	1047411427	3	1047753349	6

#### **8.1.4** $\sim 1 \times 10^{18}$

p	g(p)	p	g(p)
951970612352230049	3	963284339889659609	3
967495386904694119	3	969751761517096213	2
983238274281901499	2	984647442475101409	23
989286107138674069	11	1002507954383424641	3
1006658951440146419	2	1020152326159075903	3
1034876265966119449	7	1042753851435034019	2
1043609016597371563	2	1045571042176595707	2
1048364250160580293	2	1049495624119026949	2

# 8.2 Pell's equation

 $x^2 - ny^2 = 1$ , where n is a positive nonsquare integer.

Let  $(x_0, y_0)$  be the smallest positive solution of the equation, then the k-th solution is:

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_k \\ y_k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 & ny_0 \\ y_0 & x_0 \end{pmatrix}^k \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Some smallest solutions to Pell's equation:

n	2	3	5	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	15	17	18	19	20
x	3	2	9	5	8	3	19	10	7	649	15	4	33	17	170	9
y	2	1	4	2	3	1	6	3	2	180	4	1	8	4	39	2

CONTENTS 8. APPENDICES

#### 8.3 Burnside's lemma and Polya's enumeration theorem

The Burnside's lemma says that

$$|X/G| = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} |X^g|$$

where G is a group acting on X,  $X^g$  is the set of elements in X that are fixed by g, i.e.  $X^g = \{x \in X : gx = x\}.$ 

The unweighted version of Pólya enumeration theorem says that

$$|Y^X/G| = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} m^{c_g}$$

where m = |X| is the number of colors,  $c_g$  is the number of the cycles of permutation g.

#### 8.4 Supnick TSP

Given f and  $x_1 \le x_2 \le \cdots \le x_n$ , if f is Supnick, then

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} f(x_{\pi(i)}, x_{\pi(i+1)})$$

- 1. is minimized when  $\pi = (1, 3, 5, 7, \dots, 8, 6, 4, 2)$ .
- 2. is maximized when  $\pi = (n, 2, n-2, 4, \dots, 5, n-3, 3, n-1, 1)$ .

## 8.5 Lagrange's interpolation

For sample points  $(x_0, y_0), \dots, (x_k, y_k)$ , define

$$l_j(x) = \prod_{0 \le m \le k, m \ne j} \frac{x - x_m}{x_j - x_m}$$

then the Lagrange polynomial is

$$L(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{k} y_j l_j(x).$$

To use the script below, type two lines

the script will print the fractional coefficient of the polynomial in ascending exponent order.

```
#!/usr/bin/python2
                                                                                    6dc9
from fractions import *
                                                                                    4b2b
                                                                                    427e
def polymul(a, b) :
                                                                                    796b
   p = [0] * (len(a)+len(b)-1)
                                                                                    83e4
   for e1, c1 in enumerate(a) :
                                                                                    f697
       for e2, c2 in enumerate(b) :
                                                                                    156c
            p[e1+e2] += c1*c2
                                                                                    dfce
   return p
                                                                                    5849
                                                                                    427e
x, y = [map(Fraction, raw input().split()) for in 0,0]
                                                                                    f06d
n = len(x)
                                                                                    e80a
lj = [reduce(polymul, [[-x[m]/(x[j]-x[m]), 1/(x[j]-x[m])]
                                                                                    a649
   for m in range(n) if m != j]) for j in range(n)]
                                                                                    9dfa
print '_'.join(map(str, map(sum, zip(*map(
                                                                                    3cae
   lambda a, b : [x*a for x in b], y, lj)))))
                                                                                    7c0d
```