

* Collisions: momentum $\vec{p} = m\vec{v}$ (vector)

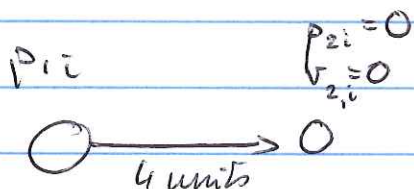
↳ conservation of momentum
 $\vec{p}_{i, \text{total}} = \vec{p}_{f, \text{total}}$



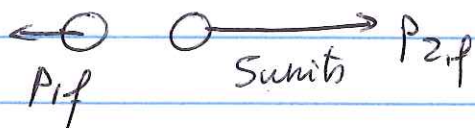
$$i: \vec{p}_{\text{total}, i} = m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2$$



$$f: \vec{p}_{\text{total}, f} = m_1 \vec{v}_1' + m_2 \vec{v}_2'$$

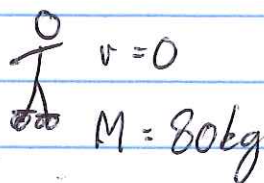
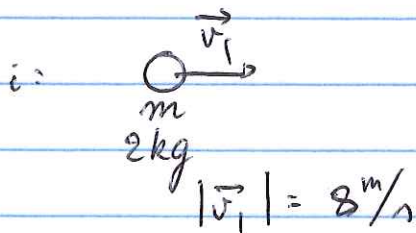


$$p_{\text{total}, i} = p_{1i} = 4 \text{ units}$$

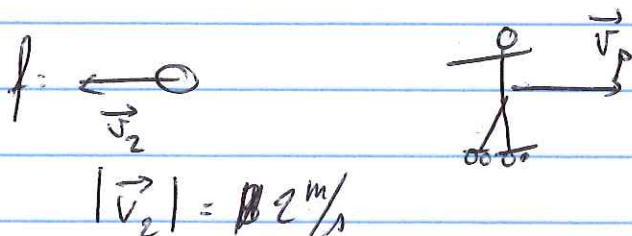


$$p_{\text{total}, f} = p_{2f} + p_{1f} = 5 - 1 = 4 \text{ units}$$

* Kinetic energy: catch & throw ball on roller skates



- 1) what is the recoil speed v_p of the person?
- 2) is the kinetic energy conserved/constant?



$$\begin{aligned}
 1) \quad \left. \begin{aligned} \vec{p}_{i, \text{total}} &= m \vec{v}_1 \\ \vec{p}_{f, \text{total}} &= m \vec{v}_2 + M \vec{v}_p \end{aligned} \right\} \quad \begin{aligned} m \vec{v}_1 &= m \vec{v}_2 + M \vec{v}_p \\ \downarrow \\ \vec{v}_p &= \frac{m}{M} (\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2) \\ &= \frac{2 \text{ kg}}{80 \text{ kg}} (+8 \text{ m/s} - (-2 \text{ m/s})) \\ &= +0.25 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}$$

2) kinetic energy:

$$KE_i = \frac{1}{2} m v_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2 \text{ kg}) (+8 \text{ m/s})^2 = 64 \text{ J}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 KE_f &= \frac{1}{2} m v_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} M v_p^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (2 \text{ kg}) (-2 \text{ m/s})^2 + \frac{1}{2} (80 \text{ kg}) (+0.25 \text{ m/s})^2 \\
 &= 4 \text{ J} + \cancel{2} 2.5 \text{ J} = 6.5 \text{ J}
 \end{aligned}$$

→ ~~with~~ nearly 60 J turned into OE_f

→ KE is not generally conserved

* Classification of collisions

$KE_i = KE_f$: elastic collision

$KE_i \neq KE_f$: inelastic collision

↳ ~~perfectly~~ perfectly inelastic collision: KE_f is as low as possible

* 1D elastic collisions

$$i: \begin{array}{cc} \text{---} \circ \text{---} & \text{---} \circ \text{---} \\ m_1, \vec{v}_1 & m_2, \vec{v}_2 \end{array} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} KE_i = KE_f \\ \vec{p}_i = \vec{p}_f \end{array} \right.$$

$$f: \begin{array}{cc} \text{---} \circ \text{---} & \text{---} \circ \text{---} \\ m_1, \vec{v}_1' & m_2, \vec{v}_2' \end{array}$$

If you know $m_1, m_2, \vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2 \rightarrow$ calculate \vec{v}_1' and \vec{v}_2'

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2} m_1 \vec{v}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 \vec{v}_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 \vec{v}_1'^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 \vec{v}_2'^2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2 = m_1 \vec{v}_1' + m_2 \vec{v}_2'$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} m_1 (v_1^2 - v_1'^2) = m_2 (v_2'^2 - v_2^2) \end{array} \right.$$

$$m_1 (v_1 - v_1') = m_2 (v_2' - v_2)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{m_1 (v_1 - v_1') (v_1 + v_1')} = \underline{m_2 (v_2' - v_2) (v_2' + v_2)} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\underline{m_1 (v_1 - v_1')} = \underline{m_2 (v_2' - v_2)}$$

$$v_1 + v_1' = v_2' + v_2$$

$$v_1 - v_2 = v_2' - v_1' \quad (\text{always true})$$

If m_2 is initially at rest: $v_2 = 0$

$$v_2 - v_1 = v_1' - v_2'$$

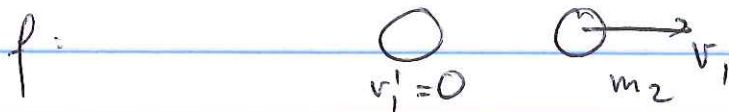
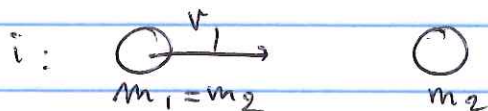
$$v_1 = v_2' - v_1' \rightarrow v_2' = v_1 + v_1'$$

momentum conservation: $m_1 v_1 = \cancel{m_1 v_1'} + m_2 v_2'$

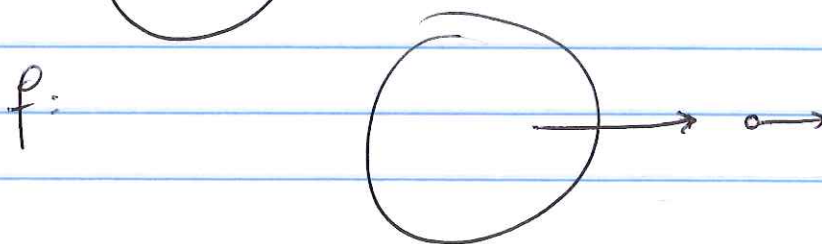
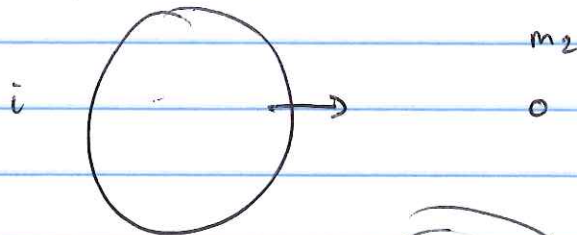
$$m_1 v_1 = m_1 v_1' + m_2 (v_1 + v_1')$$

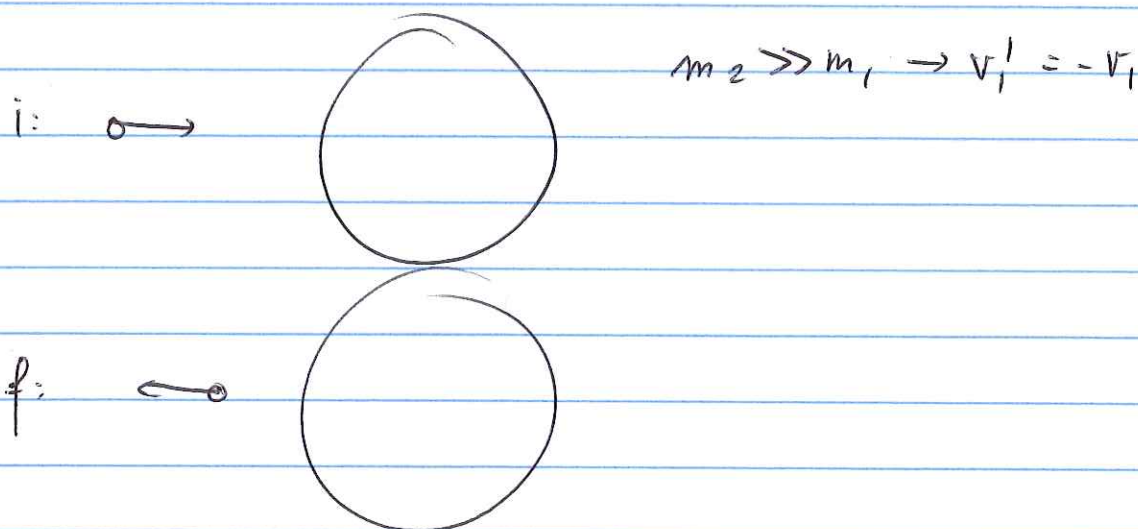
$$\boxed{v_1' = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_1} \quad \text{if } v_2 = 0$$

$$m_1 = m_2 : v_1' = 0$$



$$m_1 \gg m_2 \rightarrow v_1' = v_1$$





* Inelastic collisions

~~We can't use $KE_i = KE_f$~~

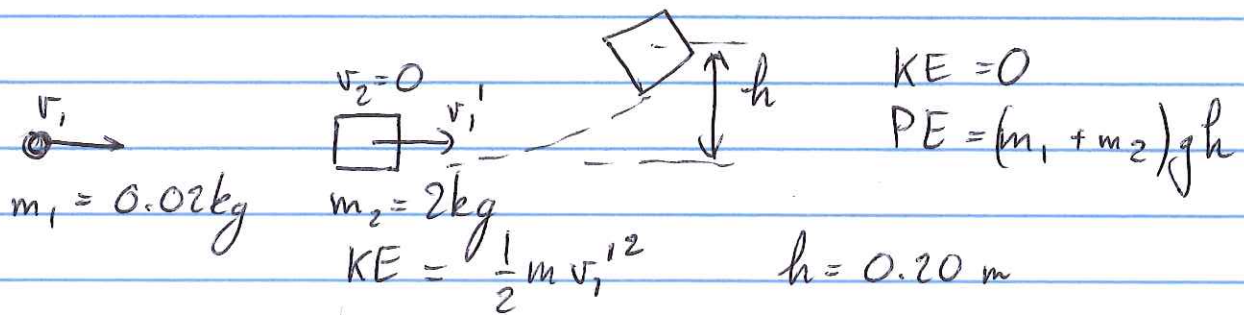
$$\begin{cases} v_1' = v_2' & (\text{sticking}) \\ m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2 = m_1 v_1' + m_2 v_2' \end{cases}$$

Special $v_2 = 0$:

$$\begin{cases} v_1' = v_2' \\ m_1 v_1 = m_1 v_1' + m_2 v_2' = (m_1 + m_2) v_1' \end{cases}$$

$$m_1 v_1 = (m_1 + m_2) v_1'$$

$$v_1' = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} v_1$$



$$KE = \frac{1}{2} m v_1'^2 \leftarrow PE = (2.02 \text{ kg}) (10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) (0.20 \text{ m})$$

$$\leftarrow (m_1 + m_2) \rightarrow v_1'^2 = \sqrt{2gh} = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} v_1 = \underline{2 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$v_1 = \left(\frac{m_2 + m_1}{m_1} \right) \sqrt{2gh} = \underline{200 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$\frac{2 \text{ kg}}{0.02 \text{ kg}} \approx 100$$

$$KE_i = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 \overset{200 \text{ m/s}}{=} 400 \text{ J}$$

$$KE_f = \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) v_1'^2 \overset{2 \text{ m/s}}{=} 4 \text{ J}$$