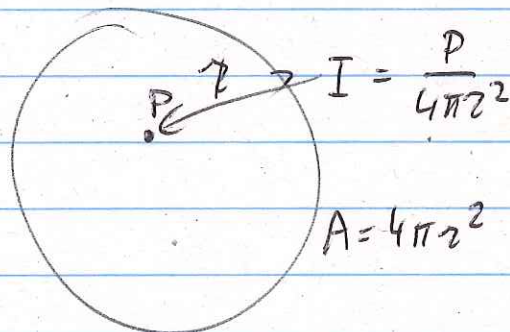


$$I = \frac{P}{4\pi r^2} \quad \text{in units } \frac{W}{m^2}$$



$$r \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} r \quad (10 \text{ times closer})$$

$$r^2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{100} r^2 \Rightarrow I \rightarrow 100 I, \quad 100 \times \text{larger intensity}$$

factor 10 \rightarrow 10 dB increase
 factor 100 \rightarrow 20 dB increase

$$40 \text{ dB} \rightarrow 60 \text{ dB}$$

$$E = P \Delta t = I A \Delta t = \left(10^{-8} \frac{W}{m^2} \right) \left(4\pi \left(\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{2} \right)^2 \right) (60 \text{ s})$$

$$= 4.7 \times 10^{-11} \text{ J}$$

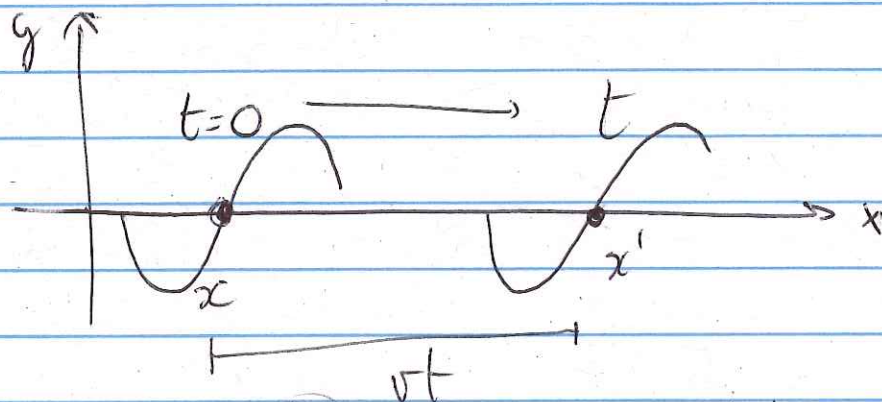
$$\log(A \cdot B) = \log A + \log B$$

$$\log\left(\frac{A}{B}\right) = \log A - \log B$$

$$\log A^n = n \log A$$

$$\log A^{-1} = -\log A$$

$${}_{10}\log 10^n = n$$



$$y(x, t)$$

$$x - vt = 0$$

$$y(x - vt)$$

$$y(x', t)$$

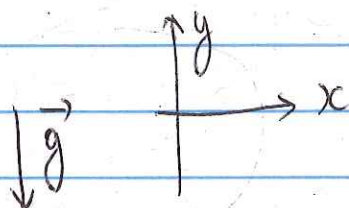
$$x' - vt$$

$$x' - vt$$

$$y(x' - vt)$$

$$\vec{g} \Rightarrow \text{magnitude} = \frac{10 \text{ m}}{\text{s}^2} \quad (\approx 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) = g$$

direction = downwards (to the center of earth)



$$\vec{g}(0, -g)$$

$$g = +9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \approx +10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

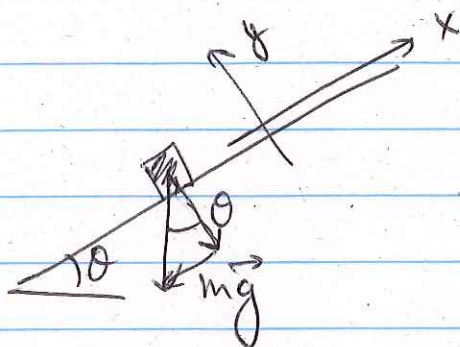
scalar, number

$$\vec{a} = \vec{g}(0, -g)$$

$$|\vec{g}| = g > 0$$

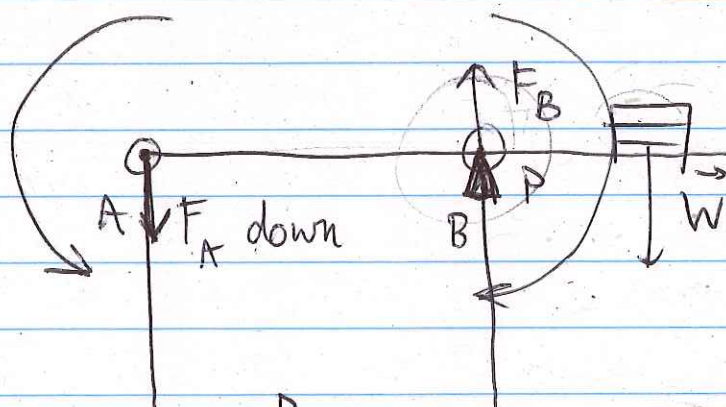
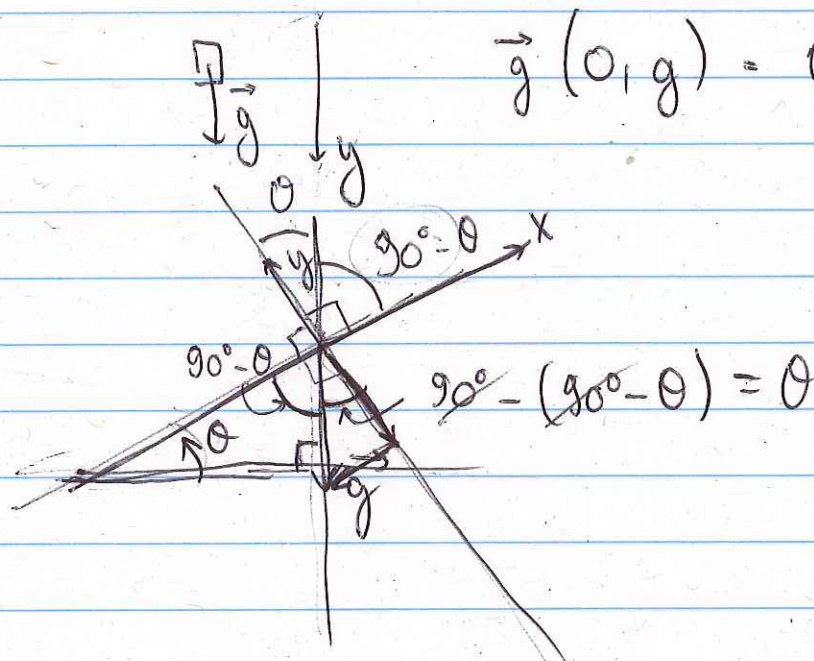
$$a_y = -g$$

$$y = y_0 + v_{0,y}t + \frac{1}{2}a_y t^2 = y_0 + v_{0,y}t + \frac{1}{2}(-g)t^2$$



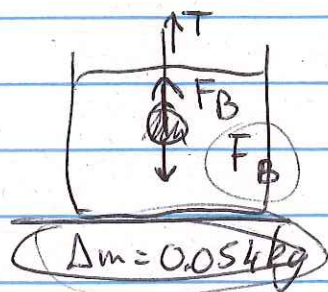
$$\vec{a} = \vec{g} (-g \sin \theta, -g \cos \theta)$$

$+9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$



$$\tau_{\text{net}}^P = 0 = \tau_W^{\text{negative}} + \tau_A^{\text{positive}}$$

$$F_{\text{net}} = 0 = F_A^{\text{negative}} + W^{\text{negative}} + F_B^{\text{positive}}$$



displaced liquid

$$F_B = \rho_{H_2O} V g \rightarrow \Delta m = \rho_{H_2O} V$$

$$V = \frac{\Delta m}{\rho_{H_2O}} = \frac{0.054}{10^3}$$

$$= 5.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3$$

$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = 0 = \vec{F}_B + \vec{T} + \vec{W}$$

positive positive negative

$$\rho_{H_2O} V g + T - \underset{\substack{\parallel \\ \rho_{AE} \downarrow}}{m} g = 0$$

$$T = \rho_{AE} V g - \rho_{H_2O} V g = 0.9 \text{ N}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{g}{l}} : \text{units: } \sqrt{\frac{\text{m/s}^2}{\text{m}}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\text{s}^2}} = \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$

$$\omega \text{ in units } \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$T \text{ in units } \text{s}$$

