

P. 452 #51-61 odd + P. 475 #5-9 odd +
#23-29 odd

Will Dunning

$$51. 2\cos x \sin x - \cos x = 0$$

$$\cos x (2\sin x - 1) = 0$$

$$\cos x = 0 \quad 2\sin x - 1 = 0$$

$$\cos^{-1}(0) = \theta \quad \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \theta$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6} \quad \theta = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$61. \cos(\sin x) = 1$$

$$\cos^{-1}(1) = \sin x$$

$$0 = \sin x$$

$$x = 0 + k\pi$$

$$55. \tan^2 x = 3$$

$$\tan x = \pm \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

~~$$63.$$~~

~~$$65.$$~~

~~$$67.$$~~

$$57. 4\cos^2 x - 4\cos x + 1 = 0$$

$$(2\cos x - 1)(2\cos x - 1) = 0$$

$$2\cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$2\cos x = 1$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi$$

$$59. \sin^2 \theta - 2\sin \theta = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x = 0$$

$$x(x-2) = 0$$

$$\sin(\sin \theta - 2) = 0$$

$$\sin \theta = 0 \quad \sin \theta - 2 = 0$$

$$0 + k\pi$$

$$\sin \theta = 2$$

No values

475 # 5-9 odd + 23-29 odd

$$\sin 2x = 2 \sin x$$

$$\sin 2x - 2 \sin x = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x - 2 \sin x = 0 \quad x = 0, \pi$$

$$2 \sin x (\cos x - 1) = 0$$

$$2 \sin x = 0 \quad \cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = 0 \quad \cos x = 1$$

$$7. \cos 2x = \sin x$$

$$\cos 2x - \sin x = 0$$

$$1 - 2 \sin^2 x - \sin x = 0$$

$$\sin^2 x - \sin x + 1 = 0$$

$$-(2x^2 + x - 1) = 0$$

$$-(2x - 1)(x + 1)$$

$$-(2 \sin x - 1)(\sin x + 1)$$

$$2 \sin x - 1 = 0 \quad \sin x + 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \sin x = -1$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$9. \sin 2x - \tan x = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = 0$$

$$\frac{2 \sin x \cos^2 x - \sin x}{\cos x} = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos^2 x - \sin x = 0$$

$$\sin x (2 \cos^2 x - 1) = 0$$

$$\sin x = 0 \quad \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x = 0, \pi, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$23. \cos 2x + \cos x = 0$$

$$2 \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos x = 0$$

$$2x^2 + x - 1 = 0$$

$$2x^2 + 2x - x - 1 = 0$$

$$2x(x+1) - 1(x+1) = 0$$

$$(2x-1)(x+1) = 0$$

$$2 \cos x - 1 = 0 \quad \cos x + 1 = 0$$

$$2 \cos x = 1$$

$$\cos x = -1$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos^{-1}(-1) = \theta$$

$$\cos^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}) = \theta$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}, \pi$$

$$25.$$

$$\cos x + \cos 3x = 0$$

$$\cos x + \cos(2x+x) = 0$$

$$\cos x + (\cos 2x \cos x - \sin 2x \sin x) = 0$$

$$\cos x + (2 \cos^2 x - 1)(\cos x) - (\sin 2x \cos x) \sin x = 0$$

$$\cos x + 2 \cos^3 x - \cos x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x = 0$$

$$2 \cos^3 x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x = 0$$

$$2 \cos x (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) = 0$$

$$2 \cos x = 0 \quad \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 0$$

$$\cos x = 0$$

$$\cos^2 x = \sin^2 x$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$27. \sin 2x + \sin 4x = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x + \sin(2x + 2x) = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x + \sin 2x \cos 2x + \cos 2x \sin 2x = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x + 2 \sin 2x \cos 2x = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x + 2(2 \sin x \cos x \cdot (2 \cos^2 x - 1)) = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x + 2(4 \sin x \cos^3 x - 2 \sin x \cos x) = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x + 8 \sin x \cos^3 x - 4 \sin x \cos x = 0$$

$$8 \sin x \cos^3 x - 2 \sin x \cos x = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x (4 \cos^2 x - 1) = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x (4 \cos^2 x - 1) = 0$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x = 0 \quad 4 \cos^2 x - 1 = 0$$

$$\cos^2 x = 1/4$$

$$\cos x = \pm 1/2$$

$$x = 0, \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

29. Use quadratic formula: